"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; unsettled, probable local rains to-morrow; moderate winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,623. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ASTOR LAND FORTUNE HERE $150,000,000

Estate Is Assessed for $107,000,000 on 700 Separate City Parcels.

FIRST COMPLETE LIST MADE

Doesn't Represent All That the First John Jacob Had, as Slices Went to the Chanlers, Jays, and Others.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has obtained an authoritative statement of the realty holdings of the Astor estate in this city. It shows that the total assessed valuation of the property on Manhattan Island owned by Col. John Jacob Astor, his cousin, William Waldorf Astor of England, and the estate of William Astor, the father of the present John Jacob, in which various members of the family hold interests, is $107,959,800. The Astor estate therefore is New York's largest taxpayer by a wide margin.

Of this enormous amount of realty scattered all over the city, William Waldorf Astor is the greatest holder, his possessions being assessed at $50,290,000. John Jacob Astor pays taxes, according to the present tax records, on $41,202,800, while the holdings of the William Astor estate are assessed at $16,466,500.

Despite the increased assessments in recent years, it is safe to say that the entire Astor holdings are not taxed on much more than 60 per cent of what the holdings would bring at private or public sale, so that the marketable value of this $107,000,000 worth of property would doubtless reach $150,000,000.

These figures and a complete list of the holdings of the immediate Astor family have never before been made public. Beyond a few well-known holdings, such as large hotels, some office buildings and the private residences, the general public has had little definite knowledge of the extent or taxable value of the Astor estate. The figures given below on each individual piece of property have been taken from the tax books of the city under the supervision of Tax Commissioner Lawson S. Purdy. Until the list of property was shown to Mr. Purdy he admitted that he had never seen any fairly definite statement in which the large holdings of the Astors were brought together.

700 Separate Parcels.

The list as now prepared shows nearly 700 parcels of real estate, much of it in the choicest parts of the city. It is difficult to say at first glance which is the more surprising, the magnitude and value of the holdings or the wide distribution of the properties. Every section of the city is represented, and in nearly every section a large part of the best properties bear the imprint, as it were, of the Astor name.

The Fifth Avenue holdings are enormously valuable, so are the Broadway portions, many of the latter being in the Times Square district, where values have jumped miraculously within the last few years. Then there are blocks in the best apartment house district on the west side, and the east side tenement house area contains whole rows of houses from which a steady income flows into the Astor coffers.

The Waldorf-Astoria Hotel stands out as the most valuable single piece of property held by the Astors on the tax books. The Thirty-fourth Street half, owned by John Jacob Astor, is assessed at $8,360,000, while the Thirty-third Street half, owned by William Waldorf, and which has just been transferred in trust for his son, Waldorf, is valued at $5,350,000, or a total of more than $13,000,000. The Hotel Astor, in Times Square, is assessed at $4,050,000.

The founder of the Astor fortune has been dead but sixty-three years, and the $20,000,000 which it was estimated he left has increased to many times that amount.

The figures from the tax books represent but a portion of the real Astor fortune. No estimate is made of the large holdings of the affiliated members of the family, the Chanlers, Van Alens, Jays, Draytons, Kanes, Langdons, Delanos, and others who inherited from time to time valuable portions of the old Astor estate.

The enormous growth of the estate is due in great measure to the marvelous growth of New York, and its business and residential expansion, which almost over night has made portions of the city hitherto deemed of little value worth millions.

How the First Astor Bought.

The first John Jacob Astor accumulated with wisdom and at a time when the city was in the infancy of its development. He bought large farms, on the east side, in the Greenwich district, and in Harlem. He was able to hold on to them, and what was worth a few hundred dollars an acre then is now valued at thousands for a city lot. The original John Jacob is said to have had a penchant for purchasing farms, and some of his friends, it is said, used to laugh at him for throwing away so much money on pasture land far from the actual city limits. When he began accumulating New York real estate a story is told which illustrates the reason and method of his financial success. He sold a lot near Wall Street for $8,000, and the buyer, thinking he had a bargain, told Astor so.

"Yes," replied Astor, "but while your lot is going up to the twelve-thousand-dollar mark I can buy eighty lots above Canal Street with the $8,000, and by that time they will be worth $80,000."

John Jacob Astor arrived in the city from Germany in 1784 without a cent in his pocket. His brother Henry, a substantial butcher on the east side, gave him some assistance. It was not long before Astor was embarked in the fur trade, and the great success he made led him, about 1800, to turn to New York real estate as the best opportunity for making more money.

He was always ready to loan money on good real estate security, and in the War of 1812 he reaped a harvest, as many of the mortgages were not paid and Astor acquired scores of valuable parcels at foreclosure for what would now be regarded as absurdly low prices. It is said that at one period he was the complainant in sixty different suits. This was the way in which he acquired about two-thirds of the valuable estate of Gov. Clinton in Greenwich Village. For $75,000 he bought half of the estate and later lent money on about half of the remainder. The debt was not paid and Astor got the land. A large portion of this old Greenwich estate is still owned by the Astors.

The leasehold on the Trinity Corporation farm that Astor bought from Aaron Burr in 1804 proved a regular mint for the Astor purse. Burr had leased about sixty acres on the old King's farm from Trinity, and when he fell in disrepute after the duel with Hamilton he was glad to turn it over to Astor, who paid about $60,000 for the lease, which ran until

Continued on Page 4.

CLUE TO MAINE EXPLOSION?

Report of Inquiry That Traces Wire and Dynamite to Weyler.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—A story came to light in this city to-day, and has been widely circulated throughout the country, which purports to supply evidence that the blowing up of the battleship Maine in Havana Harbor was the work of some person in the employ of Gen. Weyler, then in command of the Spanish forces in Cuba, or one of his subordinates.

It is declared that a man in the employ of the Dittmar Powder Company sold to Gen. Weyler through a go-between, in November, 1896,8,000 pounds of dynamite, 225 miles of insulated copper wire known as "Number 20," and an electric motor suitable for use in exploding mines.

The story goes on to say that within the last week it has been learned that a section of wire similar to that sold by this man has been found near the wreck of the Maine, and that the boxes which contained the dynamite have been traced to Weyler's camp.

The persons said to be back of the investigation which brought these facts to light are continuing their quest, it is declared, in an effort to trace the motor which it is alleged was sold to the Spanish General. One point in relation to the insulated wire was that it would melt under 110 volts of electricity, and it was thus expected to remove all trace of the origin of the explosion of the dynamite.

Mrs. Maria Dittmar, who in 1896 was in charge of the Dittmar Powder Company, a business formerly owned by her husband, said last night that she was sure that no shipment of dynamite had been made from the Dittmar factory to Cuba. If any consignment of dynamite had been sent out it was without the knowledge of the company.

An agent might, she said, have arranged a consignment to some one in Philadelphia. An order of 8,000 pounds of dynamite was not an unusual order. The company was doing a large business at the time, she declared, and orders for 20,000 and 30,000 pounds from Mexico and Central America were not infrequent. Mrs. Dittmar was positive that the Dittmar Company had never sent any dynamite to Havana during its existence.

If the shipment was made, as the Philadelphia story says, it was done without any report to her, she declares.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Naval Constructor Robinson, who has read all the reports that former Chief Constructor Capps has sent in regard to the work on the wreck of the Maine, says that nothing has been said of the finding of wire near the wreck.

CHLOROFORMED BY BURGLARS

They Get Rings Worth $1,000 Under Woman Sleeper's Pillow.

Detectives of the East 104th Street Station are searching for a gang of chloroform burglars who have committed one robbery in that precinct, and whose work is similar to that of the gang which operated so extensively a year ago in the streets in the East twenties. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Haberman, who live with their four children on the top floor of the apartment house at 22 West 113th Street, are the latest victims of the burglars.

Mr. Haberman was aroused about 1 o'clock last Tuesday morning by the crying of the baby, and, finding that his wife paid no attention, though she was accustomed to get up and feed the infant, Mr. Haberman arose himself and started for the kitchen to warm some milk.

As he stepped from his bedroom he saw signs that the house had been ransacked. Everything was disturbed, though nothing appeared to be missing. He hurried back to his wife's room and tried to arouse her. He could not do so, and, frightened at this, ran to the home of Dr. Spitzer at 35 West 113th Street. The physician returned with Haberman and worked over Mrs. Haberman for two hours before she regained consciousness. The physician said she had been chloroformed. Haberman had been chloroformed also, though the drug had not affected him as it had his wife.

It was found that a pair of diamond earrings, three diamond rings valued at $1,000, and $30 in cash had been taken from beneath Mrs. Haberman's pillow. The burglars entered the place by jimmying the door. No one saw them and the police consequently have no clue to work on

STRICKEN AT LUNCHEON.

Thomas King of Brokaw Brothers Paralyzed at the Brevoort.

Thomas King, a business partner of Isaac V. and Howard C. Brokaw, it was learned yesterday, has been confined to the Hotel Brevoort, Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street, since Friday with paralysis, which has rendered him speechless.

Mr. King was taking luncheon in a private dining room at the hotel with a friend on Friday, when suddenly his muscles stiffened. He had to be carried, seemingly lifeless, from the room. He was taken to Room 33 and Dr. Charles A. Wilson Prevost of 111 Broadway was called. Dr. Prevost could not get a word from Mr. King, and at first it was feared that death would result. Not until yesterday, in fact, was he able to use the muscles of his jaws.

Dr. Prevost said yesterday that his patient was recovering as well as could be expected, and that he expected to have him on his feet within a week. A blood vessel in the head, he said, had burst. John H. Armstrong, Treasurer of Brokaw Brothers, said last night that he expected Mr. King to be up and about within a few days.

Meantime Mrs. King has come from the family home in White Plains and is occupying a suite at the hotel.

BRITISH CABINET CHANGES.

Churchill Expected to Become Irish Secretary to Lead Home Rule Fight.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The Chronicle says there are persistent rumors in political circles that Winston Spencer Churchill, the Home Secretary, will succeed Augustin Birrell as Chief Secretary for Ireland. Mr. Birrell's health, it is understood, will not permit him to stand the strain of the Home Rule fight next year. He probably will be made a Lord of Appeal.

The paper also suggests that Lord Haldane, who is leaving the War Office to accept a judicial appointment, will be succeeded by J. B. Seely, Parliamentary Secretary to the Colonial Office.

LUNATIC ON A ROOF HOLDS POLICE AT BAY

Throws Off the First Man Up, Breaking His Arm and Leaving Him Senseless.

RESERVES TO SUBDUE HIM

Remarkable Battle in Fort Greene Park with a Powerful Maniac Armed with Stones.

Fort Greene Park, in Brooklyn, filled rapidly with folk of the neighborhood when the weather began to clear at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The benches were too wet to sit on, but men, women, and children promenaded in the walks until their attention was attracted by a heavily built man, who collected an armful of stones from the paths and then climbed to the roof of the shelter house, a single-story structure, about fifteen feet high, by a ladder, which laborers had left resting against it.

The crowd gathered about the shelter house as the man began to make a speech. Nobody could understand his harangue, and presently the crowd began to hoot him. For answer the speechmaker hurled a few handfuls of gravel at them, and then a few stones. The crowd ducked and ran to a safe distance. The man on the roof continued his speech, stopping now and then to emphasize his points by hurling stones at his audience.

Presidently Policeman Riedel of the Classon Avenue Station came along, sighted the man, and drew close to hear what he was saying. Satisfied after a moment that the man was out of his mind, Riedel invited him to come down and talk it over. Laughing his scorn at this proposal, the man on the roof threw a few stones toward Riedel. The policeman dodged, and again tried to persuade the man to come down. More stones followed this, so, while the crowd cheered him, Riedel prepared to climb the ladder.

On the roof the man waited patiently for the policeman. When Riedel's head was on a level with the roof, however, the man carefully tipped the ladder over, depositing Riedel on the ground. The crowd redoubled its cheering, and Riedel, thoroughly angry and shouting what he would do when he caught the man, raised the ladder again and recommenced his ascent.

This time the man let Riedel get on the roof and then grappled with him. The policeman is a big man, but his opponent was too strong for him. The couple wrestled over the roof while the crowd watched, breathlessly. At last the man dragged a length of lead pipe from his pocket and struck Riedel over the head with it. The blow knocked the policeman flat on the roof, though it failed to stun him, but before he could rise the man kicked him off the roof.

Riedel fell on his head and shoulders and lay unconscious where he had fallen. Several men in the crowd ventured near enough to pick the policeman up while the man on the roof pelted them with stones. Dr. Broadhurst came from the Cumberland Street Hospital and said that Riedel's right arm was broken, his back wrenched, and his head badly cut.

Meantime someone had telephoned for the reserves and presently a dozen policemen arrived at the park. The crowd explained the situation, and, after glancing over the man's stronghold on the roof, the policemen decided not to risk a single assault, but to get other ladders and storm the position from several sides.

The ladders were brought from a storehouse in the park nearby and with several policemen to each ladder they were rushed into position against the four sides of the building. The man on the roof watched these preparations unmoved, but as soon as the first policeman put a foot on the ladder he seemed imbued with redoubled vigor. He danced rapidly from side to side of the roof, kicking over the ladders as fast as the policemen could raise them, while he kept up a perfect fusillade with stones, of which he still had a large supply left.

Policeman after policeman was sent spinning from the toppling ladders as the man on the roof tossed their ends again and again out of position. Rapidly as he moved, however, the policemen, because of their numbers, were able to move faster. At last they got a ladder into place and held it there while others of their number made a sortie on one side, until half a dozen policemen had gained the roof.

Even then the man fought desperately. He grappled with the policemen, managed to upset one man and kick him off the roof, and kicked and bit every man who tried to grab him. At last he sank beneath superior numbers, however, and the weary reserves sat on him to hold him down until some one brought a rope. Then they tied his hands and feet and lowered him from the roof like a bag of meal.

The man had been pretty well used up by his fight, and Dr. Broadhurst was called back to attend to him. He took him to the hospital, saying that he might have a fractured skull.

In the hospital the man said he was Oscar Fischman of 95 Leonard Street, Williamsburg. He either could not or would not say anything else about himself. Dr. Broadhurst said there was no doubt that he was insane.

ATLANTIC CITY VERY DRY.

Not a Barroom Open for Business and All Exposed to View.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 15.—Not a single barroom was open for business today, and those who failed to make provision against the drought have gone about thirsty. There never was a time when the resort was so dry.

The law was complied with to the letter. Every saloon and hotel had its shutters open and blinds up, so that a clear view could be had of the barroom. They were all as barren of customers and attendants as a billiard ball of hair.

In barrooms so arranged that a full view could not be made otherwise the proprietors opened the doors and put two overturned chairs across the entrance, so that no one could get in.

When the Chief of Police gave the order last night for a dry Sunday he meant it. Not a single saloonkeeper cared to take a chance of defying his order. Every policeman had orders to arrest the first person he saw selling liquor, and supplemented the order with a threat of dismissal if the policeman failed to obey.

It was so painfully dry that a host of thirsty ones waited until midnight in order to quench their thirst between that time and 2 in the morning.

NO PRESIDENCY FOR BRYAN.

At Last Acknowledges He Can Never Occupy the White House.

ARAPAHOE, Neb., Oct. 15.—William Jennings Bryan has at last acknowledged that he will never be President of the United States. This statement, which is said to be Mr. Bryan's first direct acknowledgment to that effect, was made last night in a political speech at this place, when Mr. Bryan said:

"I shall never be President, but I would rather go to my grave with the consciousness that I have done right and that I have done all in my power to give to my country the best possible form of government than be President."

Autumn Book Number
The New York Times
Next Sunday
List of One Thousand New Books
Special Articles by
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Richard Le Gallienne
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TRAIN WRECK KILLS SEVEN IN THE WEST

Twenty-two Others Injured When Missouri Pacific Passenger Train Crashes Into Fast Freight.

SOLDIERS AID IN RESCUE

Gov. Gilchrist of Florida Aids Fellow-Passengers in Spite of Bruises—Accident Near Fort Crook.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 15.—Seven persons were killed and twenty-two injured, four of them seriously, in a collision between Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 105, north bound, and a fast freight train at Fort Crook at 10 o'clock this morning, ten miles south of this city. The accident is believed to have resulted from a misunderstanding of orders on the part of the freight crew.

A relief train was sent to the scene of the accident at once, carrying Dr. Klick, local surgeon for the Missouri Pacific Road, and a staff of Union Pacific surgeons. Shortly before noon the relief train returned to this city with the uninjured and several of those who were slightly injured. Of these all were sent on their way. The more seriously injured are being cared for at the Army Hospital at Fort Crook.

Gov. Gilchrist of Florida, who was on the train, worked more than an hour among the dead and injured. Although badly shaken up and bruised in a number of places, the Governor refused to accept aid for himself until all the injured were made comfortable. He then accepted the hospitality of the General in command at Fort Crook, near where the accident occurred, and was driven to that officer's quarters, later coming to Omaha, where he is to attend the American Prison Convention. The Governor was up and dressed when the collision came, and was one of the first to reach the chair cars, in which the casualties occurred.

The dead are:

KRONKA, Miss FRANCES LILLIAN, Washington, D. C.
PETRING, F. W., merchant, Nebraska City.
KEELER, O. W., passenger brakeman, Atchison, Kan.
ROWTTMANN, Mrs. FRED W., Nebraska City.
ROWTTMANN, WISTERIAN, 8 years old, daughter of Mrs. Rowttmann.
SPRAGUE, A. W., electrician, St. Joseph, Mo.
UNIDENTIFIED COLORED WOMAN.

The seriously injured include Fred W. Rowttmann, banker, Nebraska City, whose wife is among the killed, and John Scott, the passenger engineer. They may die.

The less seriously injured include two railway mail clerks and the passenger fireman. Most of them are from cities in Kansas and Nebraska.

At the point of collision the track makes a sharp curve, shutting off the view of the Fort Crooks station. It was at this point that Engineer Crawford of the freight train caught sight of No. 105, which was coming at high speed. He whistled and slackened speed.

When the passenger did not answer, he concluded it was a train on the adjoining Burlington tracks. When within a few car lengths of each other both crews realized the danger and reversed their engines. The momentum, however, was too great. The crews of both engines jumped.

The impact derailed both engines and telescoped the mail cars on the passenger coach, in which about forty people were riding. The coach was a mass of wreckage at the forward end.

The first man found was Rowttmann, who, blinded by blood, was calling for his wife and child, not realizing that they were dead.

The train crew and passengers worked under the direction of Dr. Colliver until the arrival of the army post Medical Corps under Major Dale and Lieut. Clark. A call was sent to Omaha for medical assistance, and the post operating room was turned over to the civilian doctors, who at once began to perform such emergency operations as were needed.

Two squads of soldiers established a guard about the mail cars, while the Hospital Corps pushed the work of rescue. As the last man was removed from the wreckage the special relief train from Omaha arrived with a corps of railroad surgeons and with more nurses.

John Scott, engineer of the passenger train, said he heard no whistle from the freight. Engineer Crawford of the freight train blamed Gross, his conductor, for the wreck. He said he had not received any orders concerning the on-coming passenger train.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 15.—"The accident can only be attributed to the fallibility of man, as the freight train crew seems to have had one of those mental lapses which sometimes occur, causing them to forget all about the passenger train, notwithstanding special notification was given them that it was due," is the explanation of the probable cause of the accident advanced by President B. F. Bush of the Missouri Pacific.

The freight train was in charge of Conductor Gross and Engineer Crawford. According to information received by President Bush, these two men, both of whom had been in the service of the Missouri Pacific for a number of years, seem to share responsibility for the accident.

"There is a train register maintained at South Omaha," said President Bush. "It is the rule that train crews must check these registers. Not only did this crew have access to this register, but Train Dispatcher Lane, at South Omaha, handed Conductor Gross, as an extra precaution, a message reading: 'No. 105, with no signals, reaches Gilmore Junction at 8:50 A. M.' For some unaccountable reason those men apparently forgot all about Passenger Train 105. All the freight train crew had to do was to wait at the junction until after the passenger train passed. Only a single track is maintained where the trains came together."

It was reported to President Bush that Col. William Lassiter, in command at Fort Crook, was on the scene of the wreck within a few minutes after it occurred, with his officers and men, including the Medical Corps of the fort, and rendered valuable services.

ROBBERS HOLD UP CAR NEAR FORT LEE

Shoot a Passenger Seriously, but Are Scared Off Without Their Plunder.

SOUGHT BY ARMED POSSES

Trolley Turns Back to Fort Lee with Whistle Shrieking for Help—Wounded Passenger to Hospital.

With its compressed air whistle sounding an alarm a Palisade trolley car which runs between Fort Lee, N. J., and Hoboken sped into Fort Lee shortly after 11 o'clock last night, running back on its own track to the terminal which it had left a half hour before. Within the car were a dozen excited men, and in a corner several women bent over Edward Sweike of Jersey City Heights, using their handkerchiefs and bits torn from their petticoats to stanch the blood flowing from a wound in his head.

Conductor John Sonntag sprang from the car as it drew into Main Street, Fort Lee, crying:

"We've been held up by three robbers and one of the passengers is shot."

In an instant a crowd gathered, among them most of Fort Lee's police force. Hasty details of the hold-up were given by the car crew and the passengers, and within a few moments after the car ran back into Fort Lee fifteen armed men, carrying rifles, shotguns, and revolvers, had started south through the woods on the trail of the hold-up men.

Sweike was placed in an ambulance summoned from the Englewood Hospital and hurried there. The doctors said he had a severe wound, but not necessarily a mortal one. The Englewood police joined those of Fort Lee, as did the police of Cliffside and Edgewater, and soon the woods and roads in all directions south of Fort Lee were filled with armed men.

According to Conductor Sonntag, the hold-up men chose a good place for their undertaking. They had boarded the car at Fort Lee, where most of the passengers got aboard, and sat by themselves quietly, doing nothing to attract attention to themselves until the car was bowling along the other side of Cella's Hotel, in the woods, opposite Palisades Park. It is a lonely stretch here, and the hotel, behind, is the last house which is passed by the car for some distance.

All told there were probably twenty persons in the car, about half of them women. The men were seated well forward. Suddenly one of them arose and strolled leisurely back through the car, as though to stand on the back platform and smoke. He stepped slowly enough till he reached the platform but then he jerked a revolver out of his pocket and presented it at Sonntag's head with the command:

"Throw up your hands! I want all the money you've got."

Within the car the other two men had drawn revolvers and stood at the head of the long aisle between the seats calmly cautioning the passengers against making a move to help Sonntag. But Sonntag didn't need any help.

He spun around at the robber's command, turning as swiftly as a snake and striking out at the robber's head with the same motion. The man jumped back and Sonntag's arm hit his hand which held the revolver. The weapon was flung up into the air just as the robber pulled the trigger. Instantly there was a cry from Sweike. Women shrieked, and there was a rush for the front door, despite the presence there of the other robbers. They seemed to be as much taken by surprise as were the passengers, and, making no effort to stem the rush to the door, they clambered over the seats to the rear door, and with their companion jumped off into the darkness just as the motorman flung open the door at his end of the car and demanded to know what had happened.

The more calm among the women made a cot for Shweike on one of the seats and began to nurse him, while the conductor and motorman, after a hasty consultation, decided to back into Fort Lee. None of the men in the car were armed, and none wanted to give chase to the robbers, who had showed themselves armed and had proved that they would shoot.

The run back was made in record time and the police were only a few seconds behind in taking up the chase. The countryside round about was alarmed by telephone and presently the report came in that three men had been seen in the woods near Morsemere, two and a half miles south of the point where the hold-up was attempted.

Posses started in this direction, but early this morning no further trace of the fugitives had been obtained. As every little hamlet between Fort Lee and Hoboken has been warned of the presence of the robbers, it is not believed that they can escape, and the police expect to discover them when daylight comes.

GIRL A SUICIDE FOR LOVE.

Avis Linnell Ends Life on Reading of Cambridge Minister's Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—Avis Linnell, a 19-year-old student at the Conservatory of Music, committed suicide by taking cyanide of potassium last night in her room at the Boston Young Women's Christian Association.

The Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, pastor of Immanuel Baptist Church, Cambridge, was informed of her death by telephone from the association rooms, as he was the only friend of the girl known to the authorities.

The dead girl was said to have been engaged to the minister. She is believed to have so told her friends and parents. On Saturday night at 7 o'clock she saw a copy of a Cambridge paper containing an announcement of the engagement of Mr. Richeson to Miss Violet Edmonds of Chestnut Hill. At 7:45 she was dead.

Yesterday Mr. Richeson preached to his congregation and spent last night at the house of his fiancée. He refused to discuss the case. He has been pastor of the Cambridge Church nearly two years, coming there from the pastorate of the Baptist Church of Hyannis, the home of Avis Linnell. Shortly after his coming it is stated that he announced his engagement to Avis Linnell and accepted the congratulations of his parishioners.

The mother of the dead girl said that she was in Boston to see her daughter on Friday and dined with her. Then she had appeared very happy, and said she saw the minister frequently and was preparing for her marriage.

She read the announcement of Mr. Richeson's engagement to Miss Edmonds at the supper table at the Young Women's Christian Association quarters, and then left the room. A few minutes later the other girls heard the sounds of groaning coming from her room, and informed the Superintendent. When the door was burst open the girl was found dead on the floor, with a copy of The Cambridge Chronicle, which contained the announcement, within a few feet of her body.

THREE-STORY HOUSE STOLEN

Three Men and a Woman Accused of Taking It by Installments.

Four Italians, three men and a woman, were arrested yesterday at Woodhaven, L. I., charged with carting away in sections a three-story frame house, said to be owned by a Polish priest who lives in Brooklyn. The house, which was vacant for some time, was boarded up to prevent boys from breaking the windows.

The prisoners are George Sorgini, George Neapolitano, Carmillo Cornzelli, and Rachel Coruzolli. They were found engaged in demolishing the building, which stands at the Old South Road and Ruby Street. They were arraigned before Magistrate Miller, at Jamaica, on a charge of grand larceny, and held in $500 bail each for a hearing to-day.

TIDE UPSETS BOATHOUSE.

Mishap Mars the Dauntless Rowing Club's Moving Day.

The boathouse of the Dauntless Rowing Club was moved yesterday from its moorings at 147th Street on the Manhattan side of the Harlem River about half a block north. It was the intention to move the house across the river to the foot of 148th Street, but it got dark and the laborers moored the house where it lay.

At flood tide last evening the boathouse was wrenched from its moorings and turned over on its side. Some one telephoned to President E. H. Anderson at his home, 660 St. Nicholas Avenue, and he notified Harbor Squad B, which sent a launch and anchored the boathouse for the night.

Mr. Anderson said there were many shells in the house which must have been damaged, but he could give no estimate of this.

EXPEL DR. SCHARF.

Dropped from Knights of Columbus for Contracting to Deliver Votes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Dr. E. L. Scharf, at one time a member of the Faculty of the Catholic University, it was announced officially to-night, has been expelled from the Knights of Columbus on the charge that he had contracted to deliver Catholic votes to Congressmen and politicians.

Dr. Scharf was attacked in Congress in the past session by Representative Ben Johnson of Kentucky, a Catholic and a Knight of Columbus. Acting on Mr. Johnson's testimony, the general officers of the Knights of Columbus took final action.

WOMAN SUICIDE IN SUBWAY.

Body Left for Nearly an Hour on Fourteenth Street Station Platform.

At 1:10 this morning a woman who had been pacing the platform of the Subway station at Fourteenth Street for more than an hour, suddenly leaped before a northbound express train that was drawing into the station. Three cars of the train ran over her before the emergency brakes took effect.

It was after 2 o'clock when the police removed the body. In the meantime it lay upon the station platform, to be seen there by swarms of persons. The woman was about thirty-five years old. She was rather poorly dressed, in black, and around the wrist of one arm a Chinese bracelet was clasped. In her pocketbook, besides a small sum of money, was a religious tract.

RAN AWAY TO SEE THE GIANTS

Little John Ward Walked in from Bloomfield, N. J., and Back Again.

Special to The New York Times.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., Oct. 15.—"If I didn't see de game, I see'd New York," said John Ward, the nine-year-old son of Herkimer Ward of Bloomfield, early to-day when he reached his home after tramping to and from the Polo Grounds in hope of witnessing the championship game yesterday. John is pitcher of the Liberty Street Juniors and a baseball enthusiast. He had saved up his pennies until he had a whole quarter, which he thought would gain admission to the grounds. With the quarter stowed away in his stocking to avoid pickpockets, he started early yesterday morning for New York unknown to his folks. Just as his father was leaving the house to continue the seemingly hopeless search he met John at the door.

The boy said he had no trouble to find the Polo Grounds, as everybody he asked sent him on the right road.

"But de man wouldn't let me in for a quarter," said the boy almost tearfully.

ROCKEFELLER LAKE GONE.

Vanishes in Oil Man's Absence and Uncovers a Skeleton.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 15.—Something has happened to John D. Rockefeller's lake. When he left Forest Hill for Tarrytown, N. Y., he had several acres of limpid water, forming an artificial lake, in the southeastern portion of his estate. To-day, with the exception of several small pools scattered here and there in the mud that once formed the bottom, the lake has vanished.

The lake had been there for years. Many a time has Mr. Rockefeller rowed himself about on its placid surface or angled in its shimmering depths. And now it is gone.

There was much speculation as to where the lake had gone. Some realists say the sun stole it; others say it was tapped by enterprising dairymen in the vicinity. The water uncovered a skeleton—the framework of an old-fashioned, long-snouted Standard Oil can. It had evidently been used at one time by Mr. Rockefeller as an anchor for his boat.

SEEK TO WIN 74 CITIES.

Men and Religion Forward Movement Plans Campaigns in All of Them.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 15.—The plans for the Men and Religion Forward Movement, which contemplate nation-wide activity, provide for eight-day campaigns in seventy-four large cities of the Union. This number does not include Minneapolis and South Bend, Ind., in both of which places campaigns have already taken place.

Three teams composed of specialists in Bible study, evangelism, social service, missions, boys' work, and community extension will be kept busy, the teams traveling from city to city on the schedule mapped out for the eight-day campaigns.

There is in addition a flying squadron for advance work and a dean who will be left behind in the cities to assist in the work of conservation. These campaigns will last all Winter, and they will be followed by a conservation congress to be held in Washington, probably, at which delegates from the cities which have been visited will be present. The cities to be campaigned are in Canada as well as the United States.

NO SUGAR TRUST, ACCOUNTANTS FIND

High Prices Due to a European Monopoly, Government Investigators Report.

NO SINGLE CONTROL HERE

Only 42 Per Cent. of Home Supply in Hands of So-Called Trust, Congress Committee Will Be Told.

It was learned yesterday that Government accountants who have been investigating the operations of the American Sugar Refining Company, the National Sugar Refining Company, the Federal Refining Company (Claus Spreckels' company,) and the Warner Sugar Refining Company, have completed their report, and that this report has been handed to Congressman William Sulzer, Chairman of the sub-committee of the full committee appointed by the House to investigate the so-called Sugar Trust.

The report will be read at a meeting of the sub-committee at 115 Broadway, this morning. It will be to the effect that there is no "Sugar Trust," and furthermore that what is popularly known as the "trust" controls not more than 42 per cent. of the sugar supply of the United States. The recent increases in the price of sugar are laid at the door of a European monopoly.

The Government is now proceeding against the American Sugar Refining Company in a dissolution suit, alleging that it is a "trust."

Congressman Sulzer, at his home, 175 Second Avenue, told a TIMES reporter last night that he must decline to discuss the report until it had been presented to the committee. He was told what THE TIMES had learned about its contents.

"I do not know where THE TIMES received its information," said Congressman Sulzer, "but you can see that I am not in a position either to confirm or deny this information."

Mr. Sulzer did not deny that he had received the report. He said also that it was true that the sub-committee would meet here to-day. The members of this committee, in addition to Mr. Sulzer, are George R. Malby of New York, Asher C. Hinds of Maine, and H. M. Jacoway, Jr., of Arkansas.

In adition to finding that the sugar refining companies being investigated control only 42 per cent. of the sugar supply of the United States, the accountants will report that the corporations named do not own an acre of sugar-producing land, and that their entire business is handled through brokerage firms under contract. The recent increases in the American prices of refined sugar are said to be the result of the speculative operations of a European monopoly. It is asserted that a group of men in Europe regulate the price of sugar in this country; that the representatives of this group hold monthly meetings in Brussels and agree upon prices for the following thirty days. Representatives from Germany, France, Italy, Switzerland, and Holland take part in these monthly meetings, the countries represented being known as the "convention countries."

The report sets forth that there is an embargo upon Russian sugar, which allows only 200,000 tons of that nation's enormous production of almost 1,500,000 tons every year to enter the territory of the "convention countries." It declares also that the beet crops of the "convention countries" have almost utterly failed this "campaign," as the selling season is known among sugar producers. According to the Government investigators, the difference in the price of a single cargo of cane sugar shipped from Java, (one of Holland's dependencies,) to Brooklyn, within the last two months, was more than 110 per cent. This, it is said, was accomplished by the European monopoly, by reason of the fact that the Cuban crop, as well as that of Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippine Islands, was far below normal owing to a bad season.

The raw sugar which comes to this country from Cuba has maintained an annual volume of 2,000,000 tons in the past, while this year it will only reach 1,500,000 tons. The United States, under a preferential duty system, buys all of the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican, and Philippine Islands sugar cane production free of duty, and yet at the end of each "campaign" America must and does buy annually from 200,000 to 500,000 tons of cane sugar abroad.

Germany, Austria, and France, the leading beet producers of Europe, the investigators will report, have also failed to produce their normal crops, but nevertheless they have controlled American prices. Raw sugar, centrifugal, has gone up since March 1 of this year more than 100 per cent., and this despite the fact that Russia has more than 1,000,000 tons of raw sugar in her storage houses that the "convention countries" refuse to accept. On Sept. 21 of this year refined sugar at Hamburg, Germany; Amsterdam, Holland, and London was at the highest figure it had reached since 1898. In 1898, it is asserted, it sold in those markets at an average price of 19s. 6½d. per hundredweight, while in September of this year it sold for 29s. per cwt.

The effect of this condition in Europe on the American prices of sugar is explained as follows: Despite the fact that we are the greatest consumers of sugar in the world, we are the smallest growers of the sugar beets. This, taken in conjunction with the fact that our Cuban supply has fallen short, as well as all the other crops raised in our own territories, creates a world-wide shortage of 2,000,000 tons, which condition permits the European monopoly to fix and maintain prices.

A partial remedy is suggested for this condition of affairs by the extension of certain tariff privileges over Russian sugar imports. While Russia pays a bounty to her native sugar producers, this country has in effect a countervailing duty which practically prohibits the importation of Russian sugar. The tariff on sugar imports into this country is the regular tax, plus the amount of the bounty paid to foreign producers by their Governments. It is set forth, however, that a more practical remedy would be for the Department of Agriculture to establish nursery farms for the purpose of raising or cultivating the sugar beet seed which our American sugar beet growers in Michigan, Idaho, California, and Utah may buy at a reasonable rate, and which they are unable to do at present because no seed is produced in this country.

Furthermore, it will be shown that the sugar beet crops of the great European producing countries have turned out a product this year that contains a smaller percentage of saccharine matter than ever before. It will also be shown that about the only country where there is a normal sugar crop this year is the island of Java.

FIGHT ON FREE SUGAR SOON.

Arbuckle's Coming Appeal to Congress to Start It, Says Hamlin.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Oct. 15.—The statement of John Arbuckle, New York sugar refiner, that he will go before Congress next Winter to fight for free sugar, is the beginning of the first genuine battle between the beet-sugar manufacturers and the cane-sugar refiners, according to Clarence C. Hamlin, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the United States Beet Sugar Industry, in a statement made public here to-day.

Mr. Hamlin states that while the condition of the sugar market this year has been bad, it would have been "infinitely worse but for the 500,000 tons of beet sugar America produces."

"It is this great industry, the one which Senator Bristow said was the best justification for a protective tariff, that the cane-sugar refiners are seeking to destroy," he said.

DRAWS PISTOL ON BOYS.

Father Gets Excited When Two Skate Into His Baby Carriage.

Two boys on roller skates ran last night into a baby carriage at 146th Street and Third Avenue, in charge of a man who later said he was Morris L. Perlman, a Custom House watchman, living at 347 Beekman Avenue, the Bronx. In the baby carriage was Perlman's nine-month-old son, and Mrs. Perlman was by his side.

Perlman became enraged at the boys, Thomas Monahan, 15 years old, and Edward Monahan, his 13-year-old brother, both of 457 East 138th Street. Other boys gathered around, and, according to Perlman, called him names.

According to the police, Perlman then drew a loaded revolver, whereat the boys, except the Monahans, fled. Robert Pollitz, a photographer, of 577 Eagle Avenue, the Bronx, fearing that Perlman meant to shoot at the boys, tackled him. They were wrestling when Patrolman Carmody took the two men and two boys to the Morrisania Station. Mrs. Perlman, pushing the baby carriage, followed, but the police would not allow her in the station. She struggled to get in but was eventually persuaded to go away.

Perlman said he was on his way to work and his wife was accompanying him to the elevated station. He said he had the revolver in connection with his duties as a watchman at the Custom House, and produced it only to scare the boys. He made a charge of assault against Pollitz, and on his complaint the Monahan boys were sent to the Children's Society, charged with juvenile delinquency. The boys said that they were skating so fast the collision was unavoidable.

Patrolman Carmody made a charge of carrying a revolver against Perlman, who was also locked up.

FUNK CALLS SUIT A PLOT.

Says Lorimer's Friends Seek to Ruin His Reputation.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Clarence S. Funk, General Manager of the International Harvester Company, who was made the defendant in a $25,000 alienation suit filed yesterday in behalf of John Henning, asserted to-day that detectives in his employment have unearthed evidence to support his charge that the suit is part of a plot to besmirch his character.

"In proof that the suit is a plot engineered by Lorimer's friends, I learn that the fact the suit was to be filed was known to Lorimer's friends Friday, the day before it was filed," said Mr. Funk. "I have known for some time that I was to be pictured as a homewrecker and a man of the lowest type.

"I have wracked by brain trying to remember a man or woman by the name of Henning with whom I ever had any dealings, but I can remember no such persons. I am positive that the man and the woman in Mobile, Ala., who are said to have started the suit are only figureheads."

A conference between John H. Marble, attorney for the Senatorial Investigating Committee, and Edgar A. Bancroft, attorney representing Mr. Funk, was held during the day.

MURDER IN STATEN ISLAND.

Shot in the Dark Kills Italian Contractor—No Clue to His Slayer.

Luigi Naturi, who lives in Gun Factory Road, Willow Brook, S. I., while lingering over his supper last night heard the report of a pistol shot which sounded as though it had been fired in his front yard. Naturi ran out of the house and almost fell over the body of Frank Pullane, a well-to-do contractor whose home is a few rods from Naturi's in the same road.

In the darkness Naturi made out the figure of a man running away at full speed. Naturi put after him, but the fugitive distanced him quickly and disappeared. Naturi then gave up the chase and hunted up a policeman.

In the yard they found Pullane dead. A bullet had plowed through his heart. A physician who came from the neighborhood said that death must have been instantaneous.

Coroner Jackson began an investigation, but could learn nothing which threw any light on the murder. Naturi gave the police the name of a boarder of his who, he said, was the man he had seen running away. There is not known ever to have been any trouble, however, between this man and Pullane, who lived with his wife and six children and was respected and liked in the neighborhood.

A general alarm was sent out for Naturi's boarder, but up to midnight no trace of him had been found.

CALIFORNIA WOMEN REGISTER

Hastening to Enroll as Voters to Prevent Loss of Ballot by Special Election

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.—Under the direction of their aggressive leaders, the women of California are making haste to get enrolled as voters in order that they may be in position to combat any attempt of the belligerent anti-suffragists to take away the ballot which was given to women at the recent election. Yesterday, when it became known that practically complete unofficial returns from all parts of the State assured woman's suffrage of a majority of over 2,400, demands for the enrollment of women on the voters' register were made. In Oakland, San José, Marysville, and a score of other places in the northern part of the State and in many places in the South women were registered without question. In some counties, where County Clerks were opposed to suffrage, women who applied for registration were informed that they must wait until the official returns were received at the office of the Secretary of State, and he had duly certified to the County Clerks that the suffrage amendment had been passed.

Suffrage leaders declare that these technicalities cannot bring about the defeat of suffrage even if the proposed special election is held, as it will require many weeks to complete a petition of some forty thousand voters in order to call the special election on the suffrage question under the new law. Women will thus have plenty of time to register.

NAVAL SEAMAN AN AVIATOR.

D. H. Mackney Builds Hydro-Aeroplane at Newport Training Station.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 15.—Naval Apprentice Seaman Daniel H. Mackney, attached to the Naval Training Station, who comes from Terrysville, L. I., has perfected a hydro-aeroplane. He hopes to begin flights next Spring. Mackney began his aviation experiments at Mineola and Bridgeport. He weighs 123 pounds and is 23 years old.

Hugh L. Willoughby, who completed his hydro-aeroplane here recently, which has been shipped to Sewall's Point, Fla., for Capt. Willoughby's Winter flights, gave the young naval aviator considerable help.

Mackney has been at the station nine months. He is now on special duty, and hopes to be detailed to the Naval Aviation School. Mackney will be the first naval aviator from the ranks. He has perfected a working model of his machine.

FIGHT TOBACCO PLAN AS NOT ENDING TRUST

Ownership Isn't Changed and an Outlaw Monopoly Is Legalized, Say Opponents.

WOULD OUST THE INSIDERS

They Must Be Made to Sell Out Their Holdings, Lawyer Declares—Attack Within and Without.

The publication yesterday of the American Tobacco Company's summary of its reorganization plan, to be filed in the United States Circuit Court to-day, called forth fresh denunciation from the organized elements of opposition which have been making ready for the last two weeks to contest its approval by that tribunal and by the United States Supreme Court. The general objection voiced by them was that while the business and property of the trust would be separated into a number of corporations, the ownership of these corporations would be the same as the present ownership of the entire combination. This, they argued, would be a change in form but not in fact. They also declared that in the breaking up process everything that was distributed would go to the common stockholders of the American Tobacco Company, consisting chiefly of those who created the trust.

In this organized opposition there are two elements. One is composed of independent manufacturers, leaf dealers, retailers and salesmen, who declare that the trust has been driving them out of business, and under the reorganization plan would have not less but more power to prevent them from continuing in business. The other element is one of internal opposition. This consists of R. P. Richardson, Jr., & Co., Incorporated, an unwilling subsidiary of the trust, which has been trying for four years to have the bonds dissolved through litigation which is still pending.

The Richardson company contends that it was brought to the brink of ruin by the unfair competition of the American Tobacco Company and forced to enter into a contract under which 60 per cent. of its stock was delivered to the trust but was never transferred on the books. The Richardson company, through its attorney, Charles R. Carruth, filed with the Circuit Court two weeks ago a vigorous protest against the proposed reorganization plan.

This protest was again emphasized yesterday by Mr. Carruth, in the light of the published summary. He said that instead of creating four great companies, which would be controlled by the same men who control the present one, the plan should be such as to prevent any of these men from having any interest whatever in more than one of the companies. He was asked if it would be legal to strip individuals of their property rights.

Believes Court Has the Power.

"It is quite within the power of the court," he said. "You must remember that the twenty-nine individual defendants have been found guilty of conspiracy. They have been convicted, along with the trust, in a criminal as well as in a civil sense, for the Sherman law is a criminal statute. These men are really criminals, and are within the jurisdiction of the court. The court has simply given them an opportunity to purge themselves of their guilt on terms fixed by the Supreme Court. This they might do by bringing in a plan that would carry out the spirit of the decision. If not the court certainly has power to compel such a solution."

"How could that be done?"

"By compelling this coterie of insiders to dispose of their stock to others not in any way connected with themselves, and by perpetually enjoining them from re-acquiring it or from resuming control of any of the companies or from interfering with the tobacco industry. The illegal conspiracy, and the conspirators as well, must be enjoined in such a way that there can be no secret control of the different companies by the same interests. Just so long as the dominant interest is allowed to own the stock which will really control the several companies we shall have the same illegal combination, the same monopoly. What has been carried on by them directly will be carried on by them through dummies.

"The entire scheme is that the common stockholders of the American Tobacco Company shall own and control everything. They say that a majority of the stock in each concern will not be owned by the twenty-nine individual defendants, but everybody who has ever had anything to do with large corporations knows that the small stockholders and investors never try to control, and are perfectly satisfied as long as the dividends continue. I have no doubt that 40 or even 30 per cent. of the stock in the hands of these allied interests will practically control the different companies just as effectively as 55 per cent., the outside stock being held mainly by investors and small stockholders. An indication of this is the fact that, while it takes now the holdings of twenty-nine men to constitute a majority of the stock, the real control is exercised by six or eight among them, and this would be equally the case under the proposed plan.

"Take the United Cigar Stores Company. Under this plan it would be kept absolutely intact and would be in the control of the common stockholders of the American Tobacco Company. They propose to leave it with full power to go ahead and put a cigar store in every town, and it would still be controlled by exactly the same interests that control the other branches of the tobacco monopoly.

Just as Much a Monopoly.

"Four or fourteen companies under the same control would be just as much a monopoly as one company would be. I don't believe the court will ever allow these men to retain control of every phase of the tobacco business. That would not restore competitive conditions, which is what the decree calls for specifically. A man does not compete with himself just for the fun of it. If these people are allowed to continue in the tobacco business at all, they should be interested in only one of the companies and the others should be absolutely independent so that they would really compete.

"The Richardson Company, which I represent, is vitally interested in this plan because if the spirit of the Supreme Court decision is carried out and we are allowed to resume business independently we could not hope to exist as an independent organization for any length of time if the absolute control of the tobacco business, from the leaf to the cigar handed over the counter in the retail store, is to remain with these interests. This grouping together of companies, giving each one a dominant interest in all the different branches of the industry, would produce a condition really worse for the independent and more dangerous to our institutions than that which has previously existed.

"The American Tobacco Company claims a controlling interest in the Richardson company. Under this scheme 60 per cent. of our stock would be held in the treasury of either the American Tobacco Company or that of one of the other concerns. It would still be one of the units controlled. It would become part of a new legalized trust. The present trust is an outlaw, but if this plan were approved the new trust would bear the stamp of approval of the United States Supreme Court and be entitled to all the protection of the law and the backing of the Government. That is one of the reasons why it would be more dangerous than it is now.

"If these men are continued in control of the tobacco industry, as their plan proposes, the present officers of the Richardson company, who created its business and who are the only people who have really fought the trust until other independents recently stepped in, evidently encouraged by our attitude, would be thrown out of their own concern and dummies would be put in to make the Richardson company fit into the plan to control the entire tobacco industry, wholesale and retail.

"So far as property interests are concerned, I do not believe the Supreme Court, when it spoke of innocent investors and the owners of private property, had in mind any great consideration for those individuals and interests which it has practically pronounced to be unlawful conspirators and industrial criminals."

Conference of the Independents.

Representatives of independent organizations in the various branches of the tobacco industry were in conference at the Bar Association practically all day. Among these were the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco Association, the Cigar Manufacturers' Association of America, and the Independent Tobacco Salesmen's Association. Felix H. Levy, who is counsel for all of them, presented an analysis of the reorganization plan, as set forth in the summary made public by the American Tobacco Company, and this was discussed in all its bearings. At the conclusion of the conference the committee representing the leaf dealers gave out this statement:

"It is a matter of public record that the Supreme Court in its decree said:

> The combination in and of itself, as well as each and all of the elements composing it, whether corporate or individual, whether considered collectively or separately, be decreed to be in restraint of trade.

"And President Taft said in his recent address at Detroit, with reference to the Tobacco case:

> It will be necessary to separate the properties owned by single companies and to distribute these plants into different and differing ownerships in order to create competition between them and maintain that competition by the power of a continuing injunction against any future union, or any agreement to avoid future competition.

"It is evident, therefore, that both the Supreme Court and President Taft have given the country the right to believe that no plan should be adopted which would leave the effective working control in the hands of the same group of individuals who were named by the Supreme Court in its decree as constituting in themselves a restraint of trade. It is obviously unimportant from a practical standpoint whether such control is absolute, to the extent of involving an actual majority of stock ownership, or equally effective through the exercise of the power which is always available by the largest group of stock ownership, even if a minority. We assume that control of a business naturally rests with the largest joint interest in a corporation if it contains the elements that by their experience and knowledge of the business are at least as well suited as any one else to enable them to conduct that business in an effective and profitable way.

"All of the above seems to make it plain that it will be necessary to dissolve the combination in a genuine and real sense so that actual freedom of competition shall be restored and maintained by recreating 'out of the elements now composing it, a new condition which shall be honestly in harmony with, and not repugnant to, the law.' Any plan of dissolution which leaves the effective control of the separate parts of the combination in the hands of the same small group of individuals who now control the present solidified combination cannot bring about a restoration of competition. The result would be that the last condition would be worse than the first, because after such a dissolution the same control would continue to be exercised as before, with the added advantage that it would have (if indeed any such plan will be approved) the sanction of the courts as against its present situation, which has been condemned by the courts."

"Infinitesimal Compliance."

One of those present, who is a member of the cigar manufacturers' organization, said:

"The Supreme Court has held that the tobacco combination must be dissolved and competition recreated. The present plan of the American Tobacco Company conforms to this order in only an infinitesimal degree. It reshapes the combination without dissolving it, and apparently passes over the recreation of competition, which is the vital point in the entire matter.

"Competition can never be restored among four or fourteen or one hundred units, however physically separate, unless ownership is, as President Taft said of this very case, different and differing ownership. Ownership is the vital thing that regulates the future of these companies, and that point the proposed plan has speciously passed over. The group of ten or a dozen men who now control the American Tobacco Company will possess the same properties as before. Whether they possess them in the shape of one stock certificate or in the shape of twenty is of very little moment."

Ira Morris, President of the Independent Tobacco Salesmen's Association, referred to statements in the report of Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith that "the bulk of the earnings of this great combination, increased by monopolistic power, have gone more and more to a very small group of individuals."

"With such a rich prize in their hands," said Mr. Morris, "can any one doubt that just as, in the language of the report, 'in the reorganization of 1904 the control of the insiders was perpetuated,' so in this momentous reorganization of 1911, now in progress, the insiders will leave no effort untried to perpetuate again, and perhaps for good and all, the advantage which they now possess and which they have so selfishly exercised."

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Suites consisting of Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $10.00 upward; larger Suites in proportion.
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R. M. HAAN.

FIND MRS. BELMONT'S ANNOYER IS DEAD

Body of Dr. Jackola Discovered in Woods Near Duluth—Missing Since June 21.

SEEMS A CASE OF SUICIDE

Mrs. Belmont Had Summoned Him for Paying Her Uninvited Attentions—Lectured Here on Suffrage.

Special to The New York Times.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 15.—The dead body of Dr. Jolin Jackola, the Duluth physician who has been missing since June 21, was found in the woods a short distance east of here this afternoon. The discovery was accidental, but clears up a mystery which has confronted Duluth for months. Many searches had been made without success. Friends were of the opinion that the doctor was alive, but no word had been received from him since his disappearance. He had not left any message, and his affairs were in good order.

Dr. Jackola was a Finn, and had established a large practice here, becoming one of the city's leading doctors. He was known to be eccentric. Of late years he had supported women's suffrage, and this Spring gave several lectures to clubs in New York and Brooklyn.

While in the East he acquired public notice because of his uninvited attentions to Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who caused his arrest because of his persistence, and objected to his sending her sentimental poetry. Upon his promise to desist he was released. Soon after he returned to Duluth, and admitted frankly that the stories which had come from the East were true.

He neglected his practice and appeared moody at times. He left his quarters at the Kitchi Gammi Club on the evening of June 21.

Dr. Jackola had no relatives in this country. The authorities have taken charge of his body, which is now but a skeleton, and will investigate his death to-morrow. That he committed suicide is the popular theory. Being familiar with the use of drugs, he probably ended his life by poison.

He was about 35 years of age. He had written several volumes in the Finnish language, and was one of the best known Finns in this country.

James McMahon, secretary to Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, obtained a summons against Dr. Jolin Jackola last April, charging him with annoying Mrs. Belmont for some time. Dr. Jackola, in response to the summons, appeared in the West Side Court on April 26, when Mr. McMahon told the Magistrate that Mrs. Belmont was very anxious that the physician cease his attentions.

Mr. McMahon said that Dr. Jackola had crossed the ocean on the same steamship as Mrs. Belmont two years ago.

Since that time he had been following Mrs. Belmont wherever she went. He had also sent her flowers, poetry, and letters, and was not discouraged by any rebuffs. He had spoken to Mrs. Belmont in front of her office and in elevators, the Secretary said. Mrs. Belmont merely wished to compel him to promise not to bother her, the Secretary said.

When the Magistrate asked Dr. Jackola whether the charge against him was true the physician, who seemed a meek, mild-mannered man, hung his head and admitted in a low voice that it was. He promised the Magistrate he would discontinue his attentions and was allowed to leave the court.

Mrs. Belmont was present in court when her admirer was arraigned, but she did not testify.

It came out that Dr. Jackola was a graduate of the University of Washington and of Chicago University. He lived for a time at the Hotel Marseille, here.

VANDERBILTS INSPECT FARM.

Alfred G. and Reginald Look Over the Stock at Oakland.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 15.—Alfred G. Vanderbilt, accompanied by his brother, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, and Frederick M. Davies, passed the afternoon inspecting his extensive breeding stables at Oakland Farm, where he saw numerous colts which had arrived since his absence in Europe. The stock was closely inspected by Mr. Vanderbilt, who later visited the cattle barns.

Mr. Vanderbilt expressed pleasure over the success of his public coaching venture in England, which was more extensive than upon previous occasions. He found floral tributes at the farm to-day, in his coaching colors, red and white, from friends in Newport and Portsmouth.

Gotch Throws Beell Quickly.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 15.—Frank Gotch, world's champion wrestler, last night won from Fred Beell, former champion, in straight falls here. Gotch won the first fall in 11 minutes and 30 seconds and the second in 10 minutes and 8 seconds.

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SAVE LANDS FOR INDIANS.

Court Holds They Had No Right to Sell $1,000,000 Zinc Property.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 15.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals in a decision handed down yesterday in St. Paul, upholds the contention of the Government in the Indian land fraud cases in Oklahoma that the aborigines or their heirs have no right to dispose of valuable zinc lands in that territory, thereby saving to the Indians lands valued at $1,000,000, which they would sell for a few thousand.

The case was argued last May, Paul A. Ewert, formerly of St. Paul, now Special Attorney General, appearing for the Government on behalf of the Indians. At that time it was contended that the Indians were being fraudulently deprived of their lands by speculators, who would pay a few thousands for allotments that were rich in zinc and other metals.

Judge Marshall wrote the opinion upholding the Circuit Court of the Eastern District of Oklahoma, and said: "If the Indians are allowed to dispose of their lands they will be returned back to the Nation pauperized and discontented, and possibly belligerent, people."

The judgment of the higher court followed an appeal from the lower court by G. E. Bowling and the Miami Investment Company, who contended that the heirs of one William Wea, an Indian, were not subject to the restrictions placed on the Indians who received allotments of land in 1889, and, therefore, could dispose of these lands as they saw fit.

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TOE AND HEEL

The old fashioned machines must knit socks apart and other machines must sew the parts together. The result is *seams.*

Our new patented machines knit Interwoven Socks to shape *without seams* to give 'way or hurt the feet.

No other *seamless* socks can have the perfect ankle hug produced by the Interwoven machines—

Just as no other *light-weight* socks can be wear-proofed at *every* point of wear.

This will interest you: It took us 50 years to perfect the Interwoven process—to make *light-weight* socks that will wear as well as or better than heavy, clumsy ones. Being knit to form, the shape and fit of Interwoven Socks are permanent. Ten million pairs of Interwoven Socks were sold the past year—more than of any other mill brand. Try one pair—that will convince you. 25c, 35c, 50c—at your dealer's. *In green boxes only.*

INTERWOVEN STOCKING COMPANY
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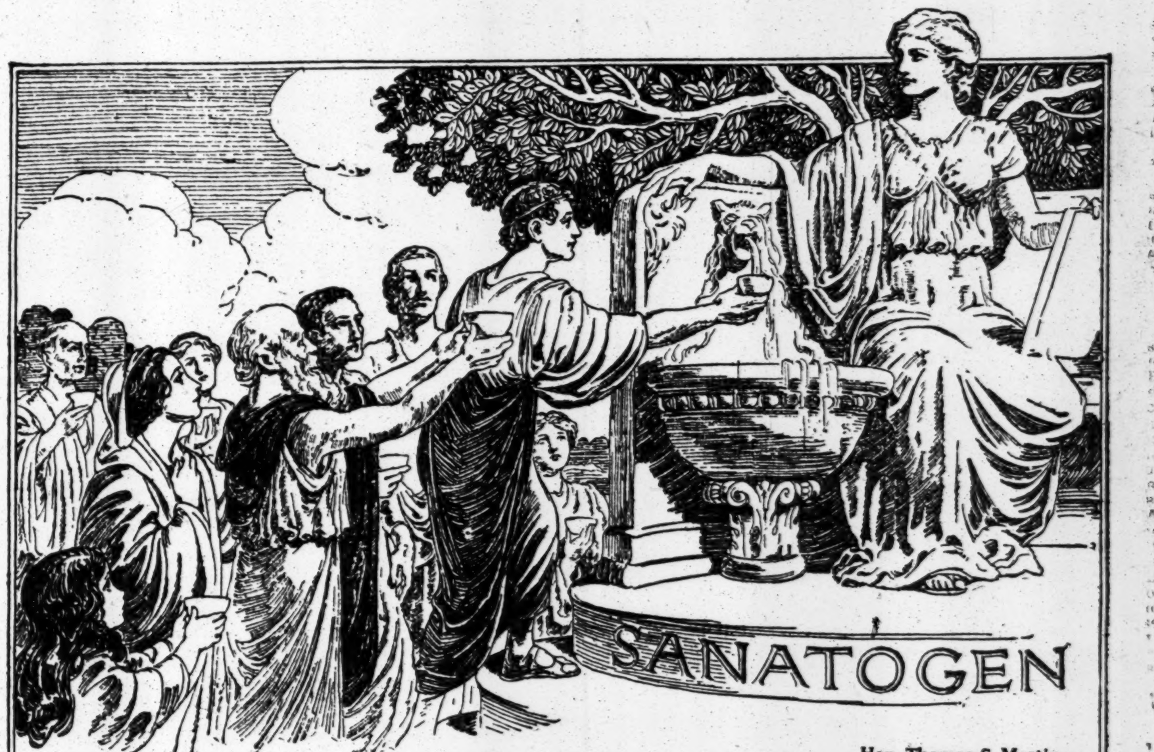

Nerve Sufferers Find Sanatogen A Source of Renewed Strength

NO physical suffering is more distressing in its beginnings, more dangerous in its aggravated forms, than suffering brought about by impaired nerve health.

Sleep, appetite, energy, all suffer from nerve loss and all combine to depress the mind, and to weaken the foundation of the entire system.

Impoverished nerves have their own peculiar and imperative needs—*food* needs that are specifically recognized and *naturally* helped by Sanatogen.

Nerves cannot be repaired by drugs—by *goading,* or any form of mere stimulation. They need the tonic help of a *food—their own food.* Sanatogen combines in concentrated form the precise nourishment demanded by the exhaustion.

This *reconstructive* power of Sanatogen, this regenerative force, feeding and *sustaining* the delicate nervous network, and infusing its rejuvenating energy into every part of the system, is recognized by the 15,000 practising physicians who have written hearty endorsements of this greatest of food-tonics.

Does not such a record of achievement suggest that Sanatogen will help you?

We ask you earnestly to get acquainted with Sanatogen. Investigate our claims first if you like and we are only too glad to have you do so. Ask your doctor about it, and in any case write at once for our book "Our Nerves of Tomorrow," written in an absorbingly interesting style, beautifully illustrated and containing facts and information of vital interest to you. This book also contains evidence of the value of Sanatogen which is as remarkable as it is conclusive.

Sanatogen is sold in three sizes, $1.00, $1.90, $3.60

Get Sanatogen from your druggist—if not obtainable from him, sent upon receipt of price

THE BAUER CHEMICAL CO. 506 Everett Building, Union Sq., New York

Hon. Thomas S. Martin
U. S. Senator from Virginia, writes:
"I thoroughly believe in Sanatogen, since I have had occasion to test its beneficial effects."

Harrison Fisher
The well-known artist, writes:
"I have used Sanatogen from the first of the year and find it a wonderful tonic. I am recommending it to my overworked friends."

Prof. Thomas B. Stillman, M.S., Ph.D.
The well-known research chemist of Stevens' Institute, writes:
"The chemical union of the constituents of Sanatogen is a true one, representative of the highest skill in the formation of a product containing phosphorus in the organic phosphate condition, and so combined that digestion and assimilation of Sanatogen are rendered complete with the greatest ease."

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The distinguished naturalist and author, writes:
"I am sure I have been greatly benefited by Sanatogen. My sleep is fifty per cent. better than it was one year ago, and my mind and strength are much improved."

David Belasco
The eminent dramatic author, writes:
"It gives me pleasure to let you know the wonderfully beneficial results I have experienced from the use of your Sanatogen. It has a most invigorating effect upon the nerves, and I heartily recommend it to all who, like myself, are obliged to overwork. After my personal experience I can readily vouch for its recuperative qualities."

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If you buy a Player Piano be sure to get a good one, because you will use it more than the average piano. Pease Player-Pianos fully maintain the record for durability set by this firm for 67 years. Prices $475 to $750; easy payments if you wish.

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MRS. C. MACALESTER SUICIDE BY SHOOTING

Despondent Because of Continued Ill Health at Her Home in Wytheville, Va.

TRAGEDY RECALLS ROMANCE

As Olive Wilkinson She Wed the Man Whose Divorced Wife Married Her Brother.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 15.—News of the suicide of Mrs. Charles MacAlester at her country home at Wytheville, Va., came as a shock to-day to that part of Baltimore society which remembers her as the beautiful Miss Olive L. Wilkinson, who was prominent in the younger set here in the early nineties. Despondency over ill-health is said to have prompted the act. According to the dispatches from Lynchburg, Va., she shot herself through the head, almost on the eve of taking a trip abroad.

Her suicide recalls her marriage about fifteen years ago to Charles MacAlester of Philadelphia. He was renowned as a crack shot, and from Torresdale on the Delaware River north of Philadelphia to the Chesapeake flats his skill with the shotgun had few equals. His first wife was Miss Wyce Strong, and they made their home at Torresdale. Then they met Miss Olive Wilkinson and her brother, John Walter Wilkinson, generally known as Walter Wilkinson.

After that the accounts of their friends vary. The fact remains that Charles MacAlester and his wife were divorced, and that Mrs. MacAlester married Walter Wilkinson, while her husband married Miss Wilkinson.

According to those who remember the circumstances Mrs. MacAlester and Mr. Wilkinson were married in Paris as soon as a cable message announcing the fact of the divorce reached them, while almost at the same time Miss Wilkinson and Mr. MacAlester became man and wife in this country.

Their many friends in Baltimore and Philadelphia did not look kindly on the marriages. Finally, Charles MacAlester and his wife decided to take up their abode in Virginia. After that they seldom visited their old haunts, spending much of their time abroad. Their plan was followed by the Wilkinsons, who visited only old friends.

Mrs. MacAlester was known to be in poor health by those who kept in touch with her in Baltimore, but no one suspected that she was contemplating suicide. As a matter of fact, it was understood she was soon to join her mother abroad in an attempt to recover her health and spirits. Mrs. MacAlester was a member of the Daughters of the Revolution at Wytheville, having recently been made a Regent of the chapter there.

WIFE ON TRIAL AS POISONER.

Mrs. Stannard Accused of Killing Her Husband with Strychnine.

HANCOCK, Mich., Oct. 15.—Mrs. Laura Stannard, charged with the murder of her husband, Charles A. Stannard, by administernig strychnine in his coffee, will be placed on trial in the Ontonagon County Circuit Court to-morrow morning. Owing to Judge Samuel S. Cooper's declining to try the case because of his friendship for the families involved, Judge R. C. Flannigan of the Iron County Court will sit.

Stannard, wealthy and socially prominent, died on March 26, 1911, after sipping a cup of coffee which he declared, according to the evidence of a servant at the inquest, had been poisoned. After his death the viscera was sent to Ann Arbor for examination, and it is reported traces of strychnine were found.

Mrs. Stannard was arrested after the Coroner's jury found that her husband came to his death from strychnine poisoning administered by her. She is the daughter of the late Richard Chynoweth, a pioneer mining man. Stannard was a brother of former Representative Will S. Stannard. It is not probable that the taking of testimony will begin before Wednesday.

UNFIT MEAT IN TRENTON.

Inspectors Say Much Is Being Sold—Two Carcasses Seized.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 15.—The carcasses of a tubercular hog and cow found in a butcher's shop here has stirred the city and State health officials into more strenuous action against unfit food. It is feared that the sale of diseased meat is spreading in this city, and the authorities are putting forth extra efforts for inspection.

It is charged that the butchers slaughter infected animals at night and dispose of them before morning, thus escaping the vigilance of the Inspectors. Harry Olisky, on whose premises the unfit meat was found, will be prosecuted by both the State and city authorities. The law demands a $50 fine upon conviction.

ARGENTINE OFFICIAL HERE FOR A BRIDE

To Wed Miss Catlin, Western Girl, Whom He Met at the Hudson-Fulton Jubilee.

HER FATHER NOT TOLD OF IT

He Has Opposed the Marriage, but the Bride-to-be Thinks He Will Relent.

A romance that had its beginning back in the days of the Hudson-Fulton celebration will reach a new chapter this evening with a wedding to be held at the Café Boulevard, when Ethel Catlin will become the wife of Capt. Carlos Echevarria, attached to the War Office of the Argentine Republic.

Her brother, Herbert Catlin, will give her away, and, while the Captain and Miss Catlin do not want to bother with bridesmaids and best man and all that sort of thing, some seven or eight of her friends and his will be present both for the ceremony and for the supper that is to follow.

All these arrangements have been made with an eye to their being carried out without reaching the ear of her father, Herbert Catlin, a Western business man of large means. She would like to tell him about it, and she wants him to learn to approve her course in time, but she wants to be Mrs. Echevarria when he first gets the news.

When the Hudson-Fulton festivities began in New York hundreds of thousands of visitors came to town for the week from all over the country. Among these were Mr. Catlin and his daughter, and they attended a luncheon given on board the Argentine training ship Presidente de Sacramente, sent to share in the celebration as representing the South American republic. Capt. Echevarria was at the luncheon, and that is where Miss Catlin met him.

"I knew I liked him and I was pretty sure he liked me," she said, smiling as she told about it yesterday. Capt. Echevarria sought permission to write. The permission was granted and the correspondence began.

"But have you seen him since?" Miss Catlin was asked.

"I most certainly have," she replied.

The Captain is attached to the War Office, and his duties have brought him to New York every year. He has also been North on leaves of absence, and it is on one of these that he is in town to-day. One of his expeditions was for the inspection of a battleship under construction here and destined for the Argentine Navy.

The romance grew apace, but Mr. Catlin was vigorously opposed to the match. His sole objection, according to his daughter, is because of the difference in religion. Capt. Echevarria was reared in the Catholic Church, and Mr. Catlin did not wish his daughter to marry a Catholic. For her own part, she does not understand such opposition. She said that while she was not a Catholic herself, and would never become one, it was not because of any devotion to some other church.

"Simply to do what one believes to be right is my religion," she said, with the faintest perceptible squaring of her shoulders that had not a little pride in it. She intimated that her fiancé is equally liberal in matters of faith, and the marriage to-night is not to be performed by a priest.

When it was decided that the wedding was to be, Miss Catlin came East with her brother, Herbert Catlin, who was headed for New York on a business trip. They have been visiting with friends for the last three weeks, but on Saturday the brother went out of town and Miss Catlin took rooms at the Martha Washington. The brother has shared in all her plans, and it was he who attended to the arrangements for the wedding to-night. The bride will remain at the Martha Washington for several days, but soon she and the Captain will sail for Argentina. Whether they will make his country their permanent home they have not decided.

DENY SHOECUTTERS' DEMAND

Lynn Manufacturers Refuse Again to Grant Eight-Hour Day.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 15.—For the second time within a week the shoe manufacturers of Lynn adopted a resolution to-night rejecting the proposition of the Knights of Labor Shoe Cutters for an eight-hour day. The resolution says that the eight-hour day "would impose too great a hardship on the manufacturers and would involve them in disadvantageous competition with the rest of the shoe manufacturing world."

One of the largest firms has agreed to the cutters' terms, but practically all the other manufacturers were represented at the meeting which adopted the resolution against the proposition.

Much uncertainty was expressed to-night regarding the outcome of the situation. According to the announcement which the cutters sent to the manufacturers last week, they proposed to enter to-morrow on the eight-hour schedule, reporting for work at 7 in the morning, taking an hour off at noon, and quitting work for the day at 4 o'clock. Representatives of one large firm said to-night if the plans were carried out the cutters would be notified Tuesday that their services were not required and a lockout would follow.

WATERWAYS TALK BY GAYNOR

Mayor and Commissioner Tomkins Will Address Richmond Convention on Wednesday.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 15.—Every State on the Atlantic seaboard will be represented at the fourth annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, which will open here on Wednesday. The convention will make plans for furthering the links of intra-coastal waterways stretching along the Atlantic Coast from Maine to Florida.

Gov. William Hodges Mann of Virginia will make an address of welcome at the opening session. The first afternoon will be devoted to addresses by Mayors Gaynor of New York City, Reyburn of Philadelphia, Donnelly of Trenton, Preston of Baltimore, and Fitzgerald of Boston, and Dock Commissioner Tomkins of New York City.

Among the expected speakers is Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

McMANIGAL DENIES CHARGES.

Not Cruel to Wife, He Says, and Gave Her Money Received for Dynamiting Job.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 15.—Mrs. Ortie McManigal as a possible factor in the trial of James B. McNamara, has been eliminated for good. At least that is the belief of the District Attorney's forces, who are inclined to feel rather glum about it. The attorneys for the defense, however, are jubilant over the woman's suit for divorce filed yesterday in Chicago.

McManigal in an interview at the County Jail this afternoon, denied Mrs. McManigal's charges of cruelty. He said:

"I do not know yet whether I shall attempt to fight that suit. April 7 last I was paid $400 by J. J. McNamara after I told him that I needed the money for my wife. That was for a dynomiting job, of which I expect to tell on the witness stand. My wife and I deposited this to our joint account in the Hibernian Bank in Chicago. She had already deposited money I had given her in the bank of Graham & Sons of Chicago. When I was in custody I gave her $90 that I got from McNamara also. Of that she gave me back $2. Does that look like I treated her cruelly?

"I care nothing for my wife now. When she came here from the East and tried to persuade me to repudiate my signed confession I decided that she would not stick by me."

The District Attorney's office to-day denied that immunity had been offered to McManigal for testifying against the McNamaras.

"We are not dependent upon McManigal, save to back up circumstantial evidence we already had," said the District Attorney.

Judge Walter Bordwell occupied himself to-day with the study of the answers made by Talesman Z. T. Nelson when examined on the subject of labor warfare. The court will decide to-morrow upon the challenge of the defense that Nelson is biased against the man on trial.

PHYSICIAN ATTACKS WIFE.

Sent to Asylum After Trying to Tie Her to a Telephone Pole.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Oct. 15.—Dr. William Charles Willis, a practicing physician here, was committed to-day to the State Hospital for the Insane at Central Islip. Dr. Willis figured in an abduction case a year ago last June, when he ran away with Jennie Dayton, a fifteen-year-old girl of this place. Willis was indicted, but when his case was called in court he and the girl appeared with a marriage certificate and the charge against the physician was dropped. He and his wife have since been living here.

Early this morning residents of Bayport were aroused by a woman's screams, and the first arrivals at the spot from which the cries came found a man tying a young woman to a telephone pole. The couple proved to be Dr. Willis and his wife. They had driven to Bayport in an auto, and the physician had dragged his wife from the car out into the road.

Dr. Willis was arrested and his wife, who was hysterical, was taken to a near-by hotel. Dr. Ross of Sayville was called to treat Mrs. Willis, and after an examination said she appeared to be suffering from drugs. A vial of morphine was found in her possession.

Dr. Willis was brought here and was examined by Drs. Overton and Terry, who advised that he be sent to an asylum. Mrs. Willis was later taken to her parents' home. Her condition is said to be serious. In Dr. Willis's home was found the following note:

"Dr. Willis and his wife, having both been ill in bed for several days, have gone to Lake George for a few days' rest. Address General Delivery, Caldwell."

Dr. Willis came to Patchogue about four years ago. He was well recommended, and soon established a good practice. A sensation was caused by his elopement with young Jennie Dayton, whose parents are in modest circumstances.

AUTO DEATH CLEARED UP.

Lawyer Says Harry Cort Ran Into His Car with Motor Cycle.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Oct. 15.—The auto that struck and killed Harry Cort near his home at Norwood on Sunday evening, Oct. 8, was owned and driven by J. C. T. Rowe of Branch Brook, N. J., associated with Blandy, Mooney & Shipman, lawyers, at 41 Wall Street, Manhattan. No report was made of Cort's death in the Englewood Hospital to Coroner Tracy until the body had been removed to the dead man's home, and Dr. Phillips, who took Cort to the hospital in his automobile, could not tell whose automobile struck the young man.

Mr. Rowe has explained that Cort, who was riding a motor cycle at the time of the accident, was mortally injured saving a group of children in the roadway. In dodging them he ran into the Rowe auto and sustained a fracture of the skull. Mr. Rowe's auto was damaged, and fearing he might not be able to reach the hospital, he prevailed upon a passing car to take the injured man to Englewood. This auto was stalled on a hill, and when Dr. Phillips came along in his car and learned of the acident he took Cort to the hospital. There he died the following morning.

WOMAN KILLED BY AUTO.

Car Goes Over an Embankment—Daughter Badly Injured.

WOODSVILLE, N. H., Oct. 15.—Mrs. R. B. McIntyre of Randolph, Vt., was instantly killed to-day when an automobile in which she was riding went over a twenty-foot embankment near Upper Lisbon village. Miss Alice McIntyre, her daughter, was severely injured. The other occupants of the car, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest A. Sargent and their three children, escaped with minor injuries.

Mr. Sargent, son-in-law of Mrs. McIntyre, was driving his machine at a moderate speed, when he lost control, and it went over the embankment. He and Mrs. McIntyre were pinned beneath the car, which overturned. He had little difficulty in extricating himself, but when the wreckage was lifted from the woman she was dead.

One Killed, Six Hurt in Auto Upset.

BRADFORD, Penn., Oct. 15.—Charles Weinez, a chauffeur of Toledo, Ohio, was instantly killed to-day, and six other persons were seriously hurt when a large automobile went over an embankment five miles from Port Allegheny, McKean County. The injured are Miss Agnes Wharton, Bradford; Mrs. E. E. Hall, Bradford; Miss May Hall, John G. Wharton, and Beth Wharton, all of Bradford, and Agnes Day of Buffalo, N. Y. The car belonged to Mrs. R. F. Day of Buffalo, who was visiting in Bradford, and the party was on its way to see the flood ruins at Austin.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
Special Train
Account
GIANTS---ATHLETICS
World's Championship Baseball
SHIBE PARK
American League Grounds
near NORTH PHILADELPHIA STATION
MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1911
Leave NEW YORK Pennsylvania Station 10.50 A. M.
Hudson Terminal 10.50 A. M.
Returning, leave North Philadelphia 30 minutes after game.
Dining Cars and Coaches
GAME CALLED AT 2:00 P. M.

SAY HORSE THIEVES ARE BUSY IN TOWN

Grocers Will Appeal to Waldo for Protection from Their Raids on Them.

LOSSES HEAVY RECENTLY

Want the Ferries and Bridges Watched for Stolen Horses—Eight Taken from One Man.

Thefts of horses and wagons from small grocers and other retail dealers of this city have become so frequent that the New York Retail Grocers' Association will appeal to Police Commissioner Waldo for protection. Three or four wagons stolen in a week is getting to be a common thing, and the thieves have become so bold that they seem to give little heed to the police.

The association is convinced that in many cases the stolen wagons have been driven directly to New Jersey or Long Island. They are also convinced that prompt action on the part of the police would result in arrests and recoveries. The matter will come up at a meeting of the association, to be held to-night in Vienna Hall, Fifty-eighth Street, near Lexington Avenue.

The plan in which they seek the co-operation of Commissioner Waldo is to have a system put into operation by which a grocer losing a horse and wagon can immediately telephone the police, and have men stationed promptly at every ferry and bridge in the city to keep a watch for the stolen wagon. Such a plan, the members believe, would bring quick results.

"It is surprising to know how widespread the stealing of horses and wagons is in this city," said Charles A. Haslop of 537 West Forty-sixth Street, Chairman of the committee having the matter in charge, yesterday. "There seem to be organized gangs of wagon and horse stealers, and there seems to be little risk once the rigs come into their possession. One grocer in Harlem had horses and wagons stolen eight times. Each theft means a loss of $400 or $500. Recently a horse left on a chain in front of a place in a crowded street was stolen. The thief simply picked up one end of the chain and walked the horse along for two blocks. Hundreds passed, but no one questioned him. In this case, however, the grocer was in time to have the man arrested. In some cases the horses are driven into New Jersey, and the wagons repainted and sold to peddlers here."

To-night the association will present a gold watch to Harry Kahn, an eighteen-year-old boy of 538 West 133d Street, who caused the arrest of a man stealing a wagon from Ritterhoff & Block, 3,600 Broadway. The boy was at the Staten Island Ferry on Sept. 8, when he saw two men driving a horse and wagon he knew had been stolen. The boy called a policeman, and one of the men was arrested. The other escaped.

Young Kahn had to make eight visits to court. In this matter of going to court some of the members of the association believe that no great judgment is used. Much useless time is spent going to court, where delay seems to be the practice. Not long ago, it was pointed out, the keeper of a small grocery store and his chief clerk were summoned to appear in court on Saturday morning, the busiest day in the grocer's week. The case could have been set down for another day, but it was not and in consequence this grocer lost so much money that he viewed with no great enthusiasm the conviction of the thief. He was glad to get out of the affair.

DEPLORES SUNDAY REVELS.

The Rev. Cortland Myers Surprised Earthquake Missed Newport.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—"I wonder Almighty God didn't shift the earthquake from San Francisco to the Atlantic Coast and bury Newport, the place of infamy and irreverence," the Rev. Cortland Myers told the crowded congregation in Tremont Temple to-night, in ending a denunciation of Sunday revels at the Rhode Island Summer resort.

"In that resort, Pompeii, Sodom, or Gomorrah, called Newport," he declared, "last Summer the revelry was on Saturday night, and it lasted until Monday morning. The men would come down Saturday night and the dances, pow-wows, and revels started then. They marched the streets Sunday morning at 3 o'clock in their paraphernalia of dancing, and there were women smoking cigarettes and drinking.

"The reverential spirit is fundamental to what is best in human life, yet it is lost in America and here in Boston. There are more people in Boston to-night worshipping the devil than God. As sure as I live something will happen to Boston if this doesn't stop.

"I don't know how much Canada lost when she refused reciprocity with this country, but there is one thing Canada has which I wish she would give America, and that is reverence to God's day and His sacred things.

"Until last Spring they kept Christ off our stage until they brought that infamous thing 'La Samaritan' here and chose an irreligious, immoral specimen to act as Christ. Philadelphia drove it away, but New York received it. God forbid that it may ever live on American soil."

LONG WAIT FOR A LEGACY.

Sea Captain Is Going to Get It Now Because He Had a Dream.

The freight steamship Reigate arrived yesterday with a load of sugar from Iloilo. Although he had been following the sea for twenty years this is the first visit of Capt. J. J. Ormond, her commander, to America. Capt. Ormond expects to go to Chicago to look after a legacy left him seven years ago by his aunt, Mrs. Bridget Clarke.

Mrs. Clarke died, leaving $500,000. She was his father's sister, but had quarreled with her brother. Shortly after her death Capt. Ormond received a letter from a Chicago lawyer, asking him to come out, as there was a legacy coming to him. Capt. Ormond was on a sea trip and did not go.

When the Reigate was off Luzon, in the Philippine group, she ran into a typhoon. After four days of watch on the bridge the Captain went to bed and slept long. Capt. Ormond says that his father appeared to him in a dream, and he understood the dream to mean that his father wanted him to go to Chicago and get the legacy.

Fishermen's Train to Run All Winter.

The Winter schedule of the Long Island Railroad, which goes into effect to-day, keeps up the Sunday fishermen's train to Wreck Lead and Long Beach. More than 300 ardent followers of the deep sea line took the train yesterday morning at 5:25 o'clock. Three large electric cars, seating seventy-two persons each, were filled, and other persons stood on the platform and in the aisles.

Decorator's Manager a Suicide.

Eugene de Montigney, manager of a decorating business at 712 Fifth Avenue, shot and killed himself last night in his home, 7 Manhattan Avenue, because of despondency over the illness of his wife. Mrs. de Montigney returned from a year's visit in Paris only three weeks ago, and since then has been ill.

TAFT OFF TO LOS ANGELES.

Spends Two Active Days in San Francisco—No Sunday Speeches.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.—After two days' activity President Taft left San Francisco to-night for Los Angeles.

Mr. Taft was the guest to-day of the officials of the 1915 Exposition. He visited the Y. M. C. A. this morning and attended private worship at the First Unitarian Church. After luncheon he was driven to the site of the exposition, inspected several regiments of infantry and companies of coast artillery at the Presidio, and wound up the day with a call on Rear Admiral Thomas on the cruiser California, the flagship of the Pacific fleet, now assembled in San Francisco Bay.

There was no speechmaking. The President was called upon only once to respond by a talk, and he then declined to enter into a Sunday discussion.

From the cruiser California, where the ranking officers of the fleet paid their respects to him, he returned to his hotel, took dinner in his apartments, and then boarded his private car, which left for the south at 8 o'clock.

TAFTS LEAVE BEVERLY SOON.

President's Wife and Daughter to Go to Hot Springs Oct. 28.

BEVERLY, Mass., Oct. 15.—Mrs. Taft and Miss Helen Taft are to remain at their Summer home here, Paramatta, until Saturday, Oct. 28, when they will go to Hot Springs, Va., for a time before returning to Washington to inaugurate the social season at the capital.

Mrs. Taft's life has been very quiet since the President left for the West, only her most intimate friends, including the families of John Hays Hammond and George von L. Meyer, being seen at Paramatta. The Taft family expects to returns to Beverly as early as June 1 next year.

HEIRESS ASKS ACCOUNTING.

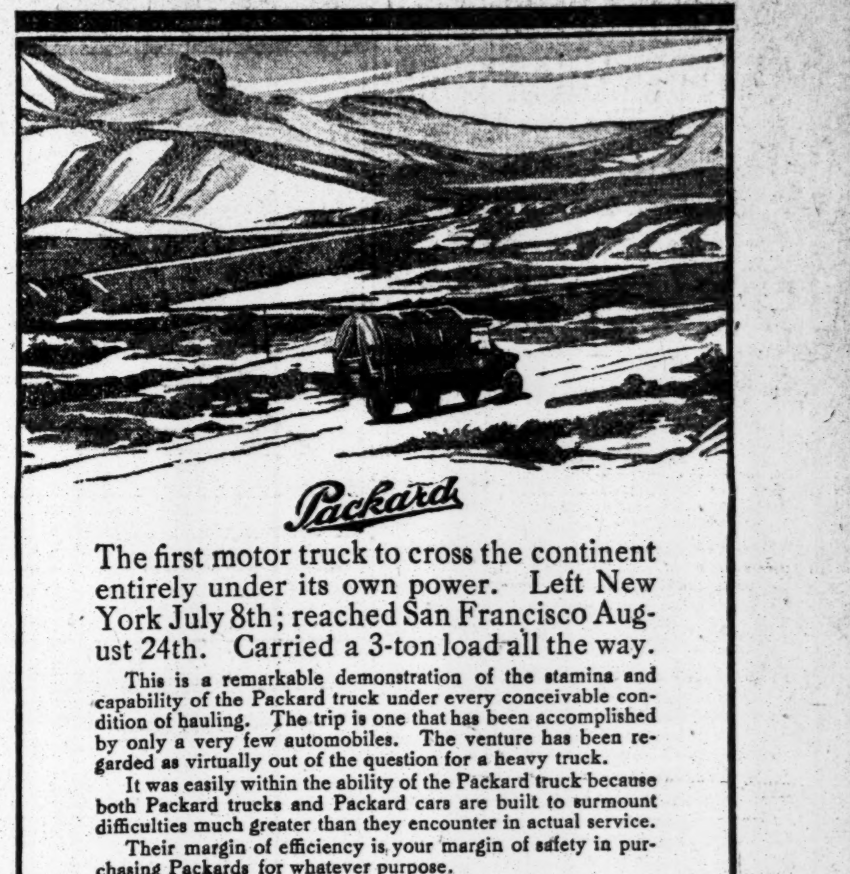
Miss Heath Says Her Guardian Has Refused It, Also to Speak to Her.

Judge William P. Martin will hear testimony in the Orphans' Court on Tuesday in Newark on the petition of Charlotte Heath for the removal of her guardian, Frederick R. Maddock, and also for an accounting of his administration of two estates to which she is heir.

When Edward F. Heath, grandfather of the petitioner, died he left her $20,000, and by the death of her grandmother she inherited $125,000.

Maddock and his ward, who lived with him at 300 Roseville Avenue, did not get along well together, and the petitioner avers that neither he nor his wife would speak to her. She says Maddock has refused to give any information concerning her estate, that he has not filed any accounting, and that he has invested a portion of the funds of the estate for "the personal advantage of the trustee," instead of in her interests.

Maddock admits that he has not filed any accounting of the Mary Heath estate, but says no demand had been made for one. Concerning her statement that he would not speak to her, Maddock says that strained relations were provoked by "her unkind and impudent manner and her insubordination and failure to render him the respect which his years entitled him to receive from her."



The first motor truck to cross the continent entirely under its own power. Left New York July 8th; reached San Francisco August 24th. Carried a 3-ton load all the way.

This is a remarkable demonstration of the stamina and capability of the Packard truck under every conceivable condition of hauling. The trip is one that has been accomplished by only a very few automobiles. The venture has been regarded as virtually out of the question for a heavy truck.

It was easily within the ability of the Packard truck because both Packard trucks and Packard cars are built to surmount difficulties much greater than they encounter in actual service.

Their margin of efficiency is your margin of safety in purchasing Packards for whatever purpose.

Packard Motor Car Company of New York
1861 Broadway

WHOLESALE IS OUR MOTTO

We thereby save you at least one-third on your clothes. Style and tailoring perfect. We make everything on the premises. Suit or overcoat to measure from $20.00 to $50.00. Full Dress suit $40.00. Tuxedo $35.00, made of imported drape, silk lined throughout. Samples and Portfolio of Fashion for the asking.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Buffalo Limited
Lackawanna Railroad
Leaves New York 8:45 P. M. daily for Syracuse, Utica, Ithaca, Buffalo.
The Road of Anthracite

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

Saks & Company—Cranks on Men's Clothes

¶ If we are unusually fastidious on the subject of clothes, it is because the problem of selling satisfying clothes to men is not so easy as it seems.

¶ We state it as a fact that, as a general rule, it is twice as hard to sell a man a suit of clothes as it is to sell his wife a frock. A man has to be cajoled into buying clothes, but a woman cannot be cajoled out of it. But that is not the only reason.

¶ Women are born merchandisers. They take hold of a dress material, hold it to the light, feel its wearing qualities, make a guess as to its worth, and then ask the price, just to see whether the store knows its business.

¶ But the average man knows little about textures, fabrics, wearing qualities or workmanship, until he has worn a suit six months. Then he *knows*, and if he is satisfied, he will drift into that store again just as surely as the memory of a succulent steak will take him back to a restaurant a mile out of his way.

¶ It is not style alone that brings men back to us. It is style that brings them to us in the first place. They know as much about style as we do. But it is the quality of the goods, the workmanship, the distinctiveness both in detail and of the whole that make them permanent customers. Saks garments "stay put." There you have it in a nutshell.

Suits and Overcoats..........15.00 to 50.00

A $5.00 Dress Shirt of Chesterfieldian deportment

¶ We know all about the average dress shirt and its propensity for climbing outside the waistcoat in an effort to see what's going on up stage. But we ourselves no longer wear that sort of shirt. The dress shirt we wear is a model of deportment. It is a white striped Madras, with soft pleated bosom and double cuffs. Body is made of white China silk. Comfortable, stylish and unobtrusive. Obtainable only at Saks' and made ready-for-service.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

$3,498,154 DECREASE IN FEDERAL PENSIONS

$157,325,160 Paid Last Year, Making $4,230,381,730 Since They Started.

28,985 FEWER PENSIONERS

892,098 in All—New System of Payment Will Save Them $1,000,000 a Year in Expenses.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—A saving, estimated at $1,000,000 annually to the pensioners of the United States and eventually about $180,000 a year to the Government, is contemplated by a simplified plan for the payment of pensions without vouchers which J. L. Davenport, Commissioner of Pensions, submitted to the Secretary of the Interior in his annual report, made public to-day.

During the year $157,325,160 was paid as pensions, a decrease of $3,498,154 from last year, making the total amount paid in pensions since the foundation of the Government $4,230,381,730. There were 55,185 names dropped from the roll and 26,200 added, leaving a net loss of 28,985 pensioners. The total number at the end of the year was 892,098, the smallest since 1892. Methods of economy resulted in a decrease of the cost of administration by $140,546, the amount being $2,517,127, the lowest since 1882.

Commissioner Davenport's plan, which was devised at the request of Congress and which will require the passage of a law, would greatly simplify the methods of paying pensions, resulting in the mailing of pension checks on the date upon which the pension falls due, eliminate the cost to the pensioners in a large majority of cases of the execution of pension vouchers, which varies from $1 to $3 yearly; decrease to a considerable extent the work in the drawing and mailing of pension checks, and eliminate the sending of 4,000,000 letters yearly through the mails, saving about $80,000 thereby.

The plan contemplates payment direct by checks mailed to the last address of the pensioner. Besides the indorsement on the back of these checks the Government would require certification by two witnesses as to identity. In a few instances, Commissioner Davenport said, vouchers still would be required.

Commissioner Davenport told of his efforts to ascertain the truthfulness of reports in the press and elsewhere that the pension roll was honeycombed with fraud. He sent field men from pensioner to pensioner in the Washington agency, and is now doing the same in the Knoxville agency, with a view to probing fraud. Out of a total of 47,181 pensioners seen and questioned, only 26 cases of improper pensioning were revealed. The Commissioner said he believed the check system would put an end to any fraud that may now exist.

The number of soldiers and sailors on the pension roll at the close of the fiscal year was 570,050; dependents and widows, 321,642, and army nurses, 406. There were 529,884 survivors of the civil war, 35,243 having died during the year. It is believed that only about 25 per cent. of the estimated 2,213,365 individuals in the United States service during the civil war are now living, the death rate of the survivors being now slightly in excess of 6 per cent. yearly. The average age of survivors is now about 70 years.

The last pensioner of the Revolutionary War, Mrs. Phoebe M. Palmeter, daughter of Jonathan Wooley, who served in a New Hampshire company, died at Brookfield, N. Y., on April 25, 1911, aged 90 years.

Mrs. Britannia W. Kennon of Washington, D. C., a great-granddaughter of Martha Washington, and who died during the year, drew a pension as a widow longer, probably, than any other person in the history of the Pension Office, having received $50 a month almost sixty-seven years. Mrs. Kennon was the widow of the Captain of the United States ship Princeton, who was killed on Feb. 28, 1844, by the bursting of a cannon on that vessel, on which occasion two members of President Tyler's Cabinet were killed.

ANSWERS CRITICS OF RECALL

Bourne Resents Catholic Prelate's Reference to Mob Rule.

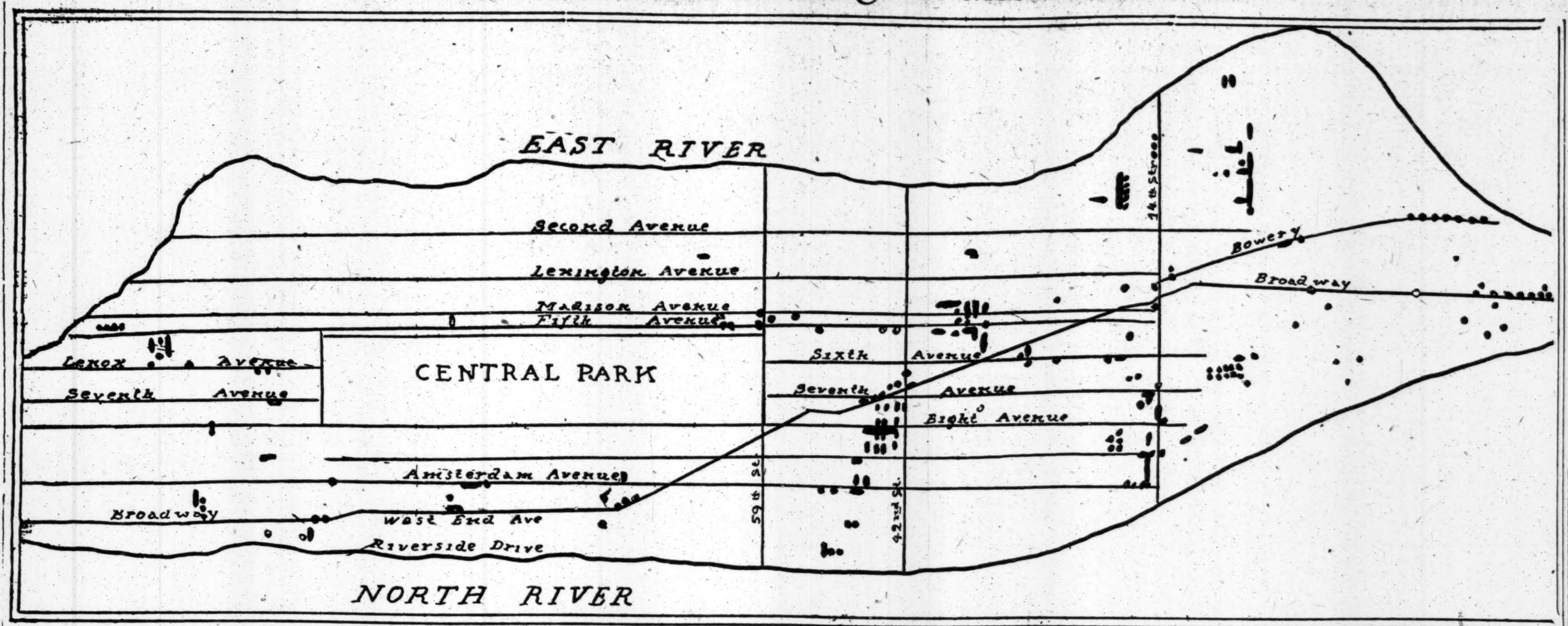
WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—"Both reason and experience are ignored by Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ireland when they use the words 'mob law' and 'mobocracy' in describing the initiative, referendum, and recall," said Senator Jonathan Bourne, Jr., President of the National Progressive Republican League, in a statement issued to-day. Here is the statement:

"Mobs act under the sudden impulse of anger, fear, or hatred, and without time for thought or careful consideration. Mob action is absolutely impossible under the initiative or referendum, because there is not less than four months of discussion before a vote can be taken. It is also impossible under the recall because the recall cannot be invoked until petitions have been circulated and signed by at least 25 per cent. of the voters. It takes weeks to secure this number of signatures and the widest possible publicity. Then the recall election cannot be held within less than twenty days after filing the petition. Voting under such circumstances cannot be mob action.

"Analysis of the forces controlling all human action proves, and nine years' experience in Oregon demonstrates that the initiative, referendum and recall are not injurious to any personal right or legitimate property interest. Our political campaigns were never before so free from fraud, our government was never before so free from graft, industrial development was never more rapid, large capitalists were never more willing to invest in Oregon property.

"I repeat that men who use 'mob law' and 'mobocracy' to describe the Oregon system ignore both reason and experience."

The Astor Estate Holdings in Manhattan.



ASTOR LAND FORTUNE HERE $150,000,000

Continued from Page 1.

1866. For every year up to that time all that Trinity got out of the property was a few hundred dollars on the original lease, while, with the increasing population, Mr. Astor, before he died, was making several hundred thousands of dollars a year.

From $20,000 to $8,000,000.

Most of the east side possessions of the Astor estate come from the old Samler farm, which John Jacob bought from John Samler and his wife Catherine for about $20,000 soon after 1800. It is now worth about $8,000,000.

The Broadway properties on which the Knickerbocker and Astor Hotels stand were acquired from the Medcef Eden and the Cozine farms.

The Eden farm extended from the old Bloomingdale Road, now Broadway, from Forty-second to Forty-sixth Street, in a diagonal line, and west to the Hudson. Medcef Eden got into financial difficulties. Astor bought a one-third interest in the property, and finally bought in the whole farm for $25,000.

Just above this was the Cozine farm, extending from Fifty-third to Fifty-sixth Street and from Broadway to the river. John Cozine inherited it in 1809, but for years it was tied up in the courts with judgments and mortgages. Astor held the mortgage at the critical time, and he bought in this valuable piece for about $23,000. The marketable value of the properties comprised in these two farms to-day would probably be between $20,000,000 and $25,000,000. A large part of the old Cozine farm is now owned by the Chanler heirs.

The Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and all of the near-by Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue property once comprised the old Thompson farm. Half of the estate was bought by John Jacob's son, William B. Astor, in 1826 for $26,000, and when one lot in Fifth Avenue, near Thirty-fourth Street, was sold for $1,200 in 1841 it was regarded as a ridiculous price.

Mr. Astor also bought early in life a thirteen-acre farm overlooking Hell Gate, and there he had a handsome country residence near Eighty-eighth Street and Second Avenue, where the greater part of his closing days were spent and where Washington Irving lived while writing "Astoria," which related Astor's experiences in starting the fur business in the Far West.

William Waldorf Astor, writing a few years ago in the Pall Mall Magazine of the investments of the first John Jacob, says:

"These purchases were made with such judgment in the line of approaching expansion as frequently to be sold again after a few years for double or treble what he paid for them. One of these farms purchased in 1811 for $900 is now worth, with its improvements, $1,400,000."

The Astor Holdings.

The Astor holdings and their assessed valuation in detail follow:

J. J. Astor—	
313 West 14th St.	$26,000
504 Third Av.	306,000
844 Fifth Av.	275,000
101-5 Seventh Av.	33,000
718-0 Tenth Av.	29,000
416 Broome St.	350,000
24 Dey St.	230,000
67-9 Gansevoort St.	26,000
140 Grand St.	250,000
32-6 Little West 12th St.	26,500
55-9 Little West 12th St.	28,000
93 Prince St.	240,000
10 Stanton St.	35,000
12 Vesey St.	130,000
6 Wall St.	800,000
821 Washington St.	45,000
193 East 4th St.	25,000
205-11 East 4th St.	75,000
505 East 5th St.	23,000
506 East 5th St.	25,000
441 East 6th St.	23,000
502 East 6th St.	25,000
503 East 6th St.	24,000
309-13 West 14th St.	25,000
343-9 West 14th St.	92,000
439-5 West 14th St.	60,000
244 West 15th St.	12,500
403 West 14th St.	21,000
333 West 15th St.	14,000
402 West 15th St.	13,000
409 West 15th St.	200,000
412-8 West 15th St.	44,000
432 West 15th St.	11,000
452-4 West 15th St.	22,000
143 West 16th St.	34,000
242 West 16th St.	59,000
142 West 17th St.	30,000
55 West 25th St.	66,000
21-7 West 26th St.	370,000
52 West 26th St.	41,000
20 West 27th St.	100,000
1 East 33d St.	73,000
18 West 34th St.	650,000
241 West 34th St.	58,000
3 West 35th St.	114,000
234 West 35th St.	39,000
611 West 50th St.	22,000
602 West 51st St.	22,000
610 West 51st St.	8,000
626-48 West 51st St.	8,000
2 East 55th St.	2,450,000
7 East 58th St and 8 East 59th St.	485,000
5 East 65th St.	140,000
266 West 95th St.	17,000
559-1 West 111th St.	925,000
569 West 112th St.	310,000
1-25 West 129th St.	184,500
4 West 130th St.	16,000
42 West 130th St.	16,000
58-76 Avenue A	292,000
94 Avenue A	22,000
189 Bowery	50,000
89-93 Avenue A	48,000
94 Bowery	40,000
277-9 Bowery	59,000
52-6 Broadway	3,150,000
96 Broadway	700,000
211 Broadway	3,500,000
842-6 Broadway	1,250,000
2,141 Broadway	885,000
2,201 Broadway	3,050,000
2,523 Broadway	85,000
2,550-6 Broadway	185,000
2,802 Broadway	700,000
2,858 Broadway	115,000
378-84 Lenox Av.	81,500
27 Park Row	235,000
401 Riverside Drive	425,000
44 Union Square	106,000
498-504 Third Av.	306,000
1,130-48 Third Av.	329,000
344 Fifth Av.	8,360,000
386 Fifth Av.	1,670,000
697-703 Fifth Av.	2,675,000
840 Fifth Av.	1,700,000
304 Sixth Av.	665,000
414 Sixth Av.	115,000
74-8 Sixth Av.	72,500
91-101 Eighth Av.	88,000
47 Ninth Av.	34,000
59-75 Ninth Av.	81,000
62-76 Tenth Av.	154,000
718-20 Tenth Av.	29,000
724 Tenth Av.	18,000
693 Eleventh Av.	4,500
703 Eleventh Av.	165,000
Total John Jacob Astor	$41,202,800
William Waldorf Astor—	
435 Broome St.	$50,000
14-16 Vesey St.	300,000
8 Wall St.	2,000,000
304-6 West 15th St.	19,000
50-62 West 17th St.	43,000
4-8 East 33d St.	286,000
15 East 33d St.	97,000
19 East 33d St.	120,000
2-22 East 34th St.	1,757,000
3 East 35th St.	109,000
7-17 East 35th St.	637,500
8 East 35th St., and 12-16 East 35th St.	8,050,000
12-8 East 36th St.	325,000
4 West 36th St.	1,670,000
721 5th Av.	1,675,000
201-13 West 43d St.	2,531,000
200-28 West 44th St.	602,000
207-57 West 44th St.	2,271,000
230-48 West 44th St.	352,000
208-48 West 45th St.	4,353,000
207-25 West 45th St.	1,146,000
239-67 West 45th St.	387,500
305-47 West 45th St.	402,000
250-342 West 45th St.	569,000
226-62 West 46th St.	454,000
229-41 West 46th St.	236,000
247-309 West 46th St.	506,000
304-50 West 46th St.	396,000
358-72 West 46th St.	106,000
315-41 West 46th St.	265,000
517-21 West 47th St.	233,000
504-18 West 48th St.	46,500
526-42 West 48th St.	136,500
612 West 51st St.	93,000
622-4 West 51st St.	10,000
232-40 West 76th St.	132,000
145 West 116th St.	36,000
148 West 117th St.	26,000
375 West 123d St.	20,000
660-74 Amsterdam Av.	187,000
311 Broadway	210,000
484-6 Broadway	215,000
575 Broadway	775,000
1,491 1-2 Broadway, and 1,493-1,505 Broadway	2,285,000
1,507-21 Broadway	4,050,000
1,531-7 Broadway	800,000
2,153-7 Broadway	120,000
2,549 Broadway	47,000
190-8 Madison Av.	1,062,000
200-14 Madison Av.	1,020,000
103-105 Morningside Av. E	26,000
383 West End Av.	20,500
23-5 Park Row	570,000
323 Fifth Av	450,000
327-9 Fifth Av.	582,000
388-90 Fifth Av.	1,650,000
258-66 Sixth Av.	452,000
1,921-37 Seventh Av.	1,200,000
700-18 Eighth Av.	899,500
709-15 Eighth Av.	250,000
717-39 Eighth Av.	665,500
724-42 Eighth Av.	373,500
750 Eighth Av.	190,000
650-8 Ninth Av.	106,000
689-703 Tenth Av.	234,000
Total W. Waldorf Astor	$50,290,000
William Astor Estate—	
6 Barclay St.	105,000
42 Cooper Square	35,000
90 Crosby St.	35,000
260-4 Elizabeth St.	47,500
268-72 Elizabeth St.	76,500
145 Greene St.	200,000
104-40 East Third St.	410,000
157-9 East Third St.	38,000
194-6 East Fourth St.	44,000
44 East 14th St.	865,000
407-13 East 14th St.	88,000
400-20 East 15th St.	212,000
415-23 East 15th St.	110,000
343-7 West 18th St.	39,000
344 West 19th St.	17,000
348 West 19th St.	15,000
21-31 West 33d St.	1,081,000
147 West 42d St.	210,000
9 East 58th St.	480,000
10-16 East 95th St.	123,000
317-9 West 124th St.	56,000
306-9 West 125th St.	126,000
4-6 West 130th St.	31,500
29-41 Avenue A	206,000
52-56 Avenue A	214,000
980 Amsterdam Av.	240,000
276-84 Bowery	152,000
402 Bowery	35,000
552-4 Broadway	230,000
1,472-80 Broadway	1,697,000
2,812 Broadway	285,000
386 Lenox Av.	18,000
42-6 First Av.	96,000
240-54 First Av.	196,000
336 Fifth Av.	5,350,000
781 Fifth Av.	2,050,000
2,108-18 Fifth Av.	113,000
295 Sixth Av.	1,010,000
2,309 Eighth Av.	300,000
2,365-9 First Av.	225,000
10 Ninth Av.	175,000
Total William Astor estate	$16,466,500
Grand total	107,959,300

16 PASTORS IN 225 YEARS.

Names of All on a Tablet Given to Hackensack's First Reformed Church.

The presentation of a tablet to the First Reformed Church of Hackensack bearing the names of the sixteen pastors who have served it since its organization in 1686 was a feature yesterday of the celebration of the church's two hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary. The presentation was made at the morning service by Abram S. Demarest, Chairman of the Executive Committee. The pastor, the Rev. Albert von Schlieder, responded on behalf of the congregation. The tablet was placed in the wall near the pulpit.

Silver medals were presented to Griffith Bertholf, a descendant of the Rev. Guilliam Bertholf, pastor in 1694; Mrs. Helen Culbertson Kipp, a great-great-granddaughter of the Rev. Antorius Curtenius, 1730; Herbert B. Goetschuis, a great-great-grandson of the Rev. J. H. Goetschuis, 1748; Mrs. Arabella B. Conover, a granddaughter of the Rev. Solomon Froelich, 1786; James A. Romeyn, a descendant of three of the pastors; Augusta Wool, a granddaughter of the Rev. Alexander H. Warner, 1837; Willis Vanderwart, the son of the Rev. Herman Vanderwart, 1886-1910, and Karl von Schlieder, infant son of the present pastor.

The historical sermon delivered by the Rev. Mr. von Schlieder was interesting. Until a hundred years ago pastors for this church were sent from Holland and the sermons were preached in the Dutch language, and even up to date all of the pastors have been of Dutch descent. Even the weathercock on the spire was brought from Holland.

The Rev. Dr. Everston Cobb of the West End Collegiate Reformed Church, New York, preached the evening sermon. The celebration began last Thursday evening when Gov. Wilson made a brief address, and will continue until next Thursday evening.

SAY NEW RIFLE RANGE IS A MENACE TO LIFE

Rockland County Folk Fear Stray Bullets and Want Work on It Stopped.

TO ASK LEGISLATURE TO ACT

Assemblyman Cuvillier Prepares Bill to Transfer It to Peekskill—Cost $400,000 and Only Half Done.

Efforts looking to the removal of the new National Guard rifle range at Blauvelt, N. Y., to some other place have already been begun. Almost $400,000 has been spent on the range, which is only about half finished, and some National Guard officers assert that the selection of the site will prove one of the most costly blunders in the history of the State.

Protests have been made that the lives of citizens will be endangered by stray bullets. Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier has received a letter from Samuel Broadbent of the Board of Health of Grand View, just back of the range, protesting against the shooting ground. He says:

> The Village Trustees of South Nyack and Grand View have sent in protests from residents concerning the danger to life and property caused by the steel-clad rifle bullets from the range. The firing line faces the lowest part of South Mountain, scores of bullets falling around the residents in the Boulevard and Shadyside Avenue in Grand View.
>
> While walking on the road in front of my house on the Boulevard a bullet from the range whistled over my head not more than three feet above me. Two neighbors living across the road frome me have had narrow escapes from being hit, the hired man on the place of George Stagen refusing to remain there any longer. Mr. Bishop, another neighbor, has taken two bullets from the range out of the roof of his house and barn.
>
> The slightest kick of a rifle in the hands of a novice will send a bullet almost straight up in the air, and shields behind the targets are no protection. Everybody here knows that a big mistake has been made in laying out the range. Human life is in danger, and it is impossible to shoot with any degree of accuracy owing to the sun's rays.
>
> Unless the firing line is changed it will be a shameful waste of public funds to spend another dollar on the Blauvelt rifle range. Another thing, to the north the hill is at least 100 feet higher than the east.
>
> But the range should never have come here. There is not enough room. It is too close to habitations. The Village of Grand View has been considering suing out an injunction. If the range is abandoned it could form a part of the State park.

In view of the protests from citizens and criticisms by National Guardsmen, Mr. Cuvillier prepared a bill for the abandonment of the range, and for the establishment of a new one in the State reservation near Peekskill.

"Many officers who have used the half-finished range at Blauvelt," said Mr. Cuvillier recently, "are utterly disgusted with it. Not only because of its inaccessibility, but because the targets are so placed that the sun is in the eyes of the shooters. Then again, the ground used for the longer ranges, on which skirmishing has to be done, is totally unfitted for such practice, and it is dangerous to guardsmen to use it under the circumstances."

How Can I Instantly Have Music In My Home?

This question is of interest to many people. THE ANSWER IS—

Own a Player Piano

We offer the best quality values in the city, because we sell from our own factory.

Fischer Players $650 upward; worth $850.00.
Franklin Players $430 upward; worth $550.00.
Easy Terms. Pianos Taken in Exchange.

J. & C. Fischer
Factory Salesroom, 417 West 28th Street, near 9th Avenue.
Oldest Piano Makers in New York

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Fall Suits and Coats Now Underprice

Fall Suits and Coats that are standard 20.00 and 22.50 values, 15.50
Fall Suits and Coats that are standard 22.50 and 25.00 values, 18.50
Fall Suits and Coats that are standard 27.50 and 30.00 values, 22.50
Fall Suits and Coats that are standard 32.50 and 35.00 values, 27.50
Silk Lined to Edge Fall Overcoats, a very special value............. 20.00

FAIR consideration of what these values mean to you is possible only when it is borne in mind that:

The tailoring of every Smith Gray & Co. garment is just alike, and is the conceded standard of ready-for-service tailoring in high-grade clothes. No other concern tailors all its garments alike—fine tailoring occurring only in fine garments—in lower grades the tailoring being graded to the price.

Every Smith Gray & Co. fabric is a standard fabric—all from the world's best mills—all are subjected to the most gruelling mechanical, chemical and weather tests for tensile strength, cotton, fastness of color; all are thoroughly cold water shrunk and steam table dried (the severest shrinking process known), and the fabrics in every respect maintain the same high standard as is found in the completed Smith Gray & Co. garment.

Every Smith Gray & Co. garment is alike on the inside. The interiors are all built of the finest, thoroughly shrunk canvas, hair cloth, wiggins, tapes, etc. All are hand assembled in a manner that makes loss of shape practically a physical impossibility in Smith Gray & Co. garments.

The styles of Smith Gray & Co. clothes are absolutely correct, and embrace a greater assortment than is to be found in the product of any other concern; models adopted from the English and Continental ideas—models that are essentially metropolitan—and models for those who, by reason of locality or climate, possess ideas that differ more or less from those of the New Yorker—for the scope of the Smith Gray & Co. designing organization is so all-embracing as to make possible a choice by men of all climates, conditions and style ideas.

These extreme values are made possible by and are the result of two conditions, which together are not found outside the Smith Gray & Co. organization. First, the Smith Gray & Co. tailoring plant attains a maximum efficiency and produces at a minimum cost because of its complete efficiency, and consequently is enabled to sell at prices that continuously promote greater volume, and in consequence make possible an ever increasing higher ratio of value. Come in now while the assortments are complete.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Light can't spoil

Schlitz in Brown Bottles

It is not enough to *make pure beer*, it must be *kept pure* until it is poured into your glass.

Beer is a saccharine product. The slightest taint of impurity injures its healthfulness. Light starts decay even in pure beer. Dark glass, the scientists say, gives protection against light.

Purity above everything else distinguishes Schlitz beer from common beer.

We use the costliest materials—we age Schlitz for months to prevent biliousness—it will not ferment in your stomach.

Schlitz is sent to you in Brown Bottles, thus protecting Schlitz purity from the brewery to your glass.

Without all these precautions no beer can be healthful, and who knowingly would drink beer that was not?

If you knew what we know about beer, you would say, "Schlitz—Schlitz in Brown Bottles."

Schlitz
The Beer
That Made Milwaukee Famous

See that crown or cork is branded "Schlitz."

Phones 163 & 164 Spring
P. M. Ohmeis & CO.
534-540 Greenwich St.,
New York, N. Y.

8

A Revolution In Piano Selling

—and a Revolutionary Piano Advertisement in Which for the First Time in the History of this Industry the Public is Given Something Besides "Prestige," "Reputation" and "Past Glories" on Which to Base the Selection of a Piano

A REVIEW of twenty different piano advertisements clipped from recent issues of the daily newspapers shows that although the prices of the instruments range from $175. to $600., the advertisements themselves are almost identical in that they are confined exclusively to mere claims of superiority.

A review of thirty years of piano advertising brings to light the amazing fact that this has always been the case. The public has never, so far as this Company can discover, been given any practical information that would assist them in choosing an instrument wisely or in guarding against getting one that is unsound in its hidden parts.

Obviously there must be a difference between a piano selling at $175. and one selling at $600. And yet from the nature of these advertisements, the intending purchaser would be justified in concluding that the cheapest was in every way equal to the most expensive. Indeed, as a matter of fact, the cheaper the instrument the stronger the claims usually made for it.

Such advertising is obviously misleading and its results are most unfortunate.

It is not so likely to be the wealthy purchaser who suffers—the one who buys an expensive instrument and can afford to sacrifice it if it proves unsatisfactory.

It is the purchaser whose means are limited who is most hurt by such misrepresentation—the purchaser who can least afford to make a mistake, and whose purchase must serve for a lifetime.

How Is One To Know A Good Piano From A Poor One?

The ethics of present-day advertising and selling demand that people shall be given all the essential facts —freely, frankly and fully.

It is the belief of this Company that certain abuses which have crept into the piano business are directly traceable to the public's lack of information about pianos.

In making any other expensive purchase, such, for example, as an automobile, the purchaser has had the benefit of a great volume of really informative advertising. He is thoroughly educated in all the essential parts of the machine and bases his selection on this knowledge.

In buying a piano, on the other hand, the purchaser approaches the problem of selection with no definite facts in mind, such as might have been—and ought to have been—supplied him by sincere, fact-giving advertising.

In visiting the different piano warerooms, he has had to be content hitherto with hearing a few chords struck on the instrument by an expert demonstrator. Almost any piano, even the cheapest makeshift, can be so tone-regulated that when new it sounds, to the average person, like a good instrument.

Naturally, however, such a demonstration fails utterly to answer the vital question—is the piano durable and will its tone last?

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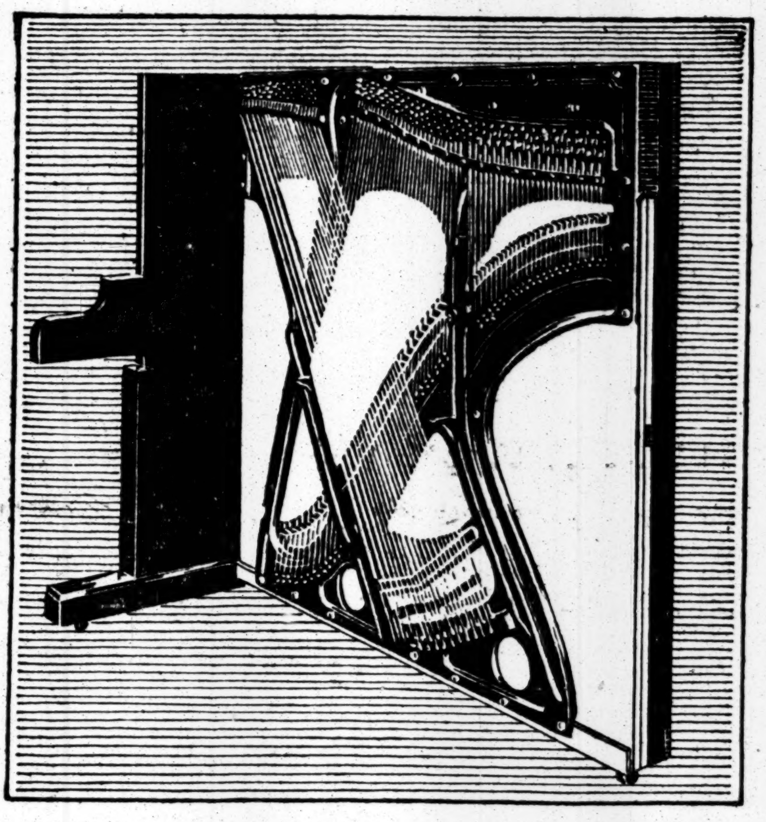
You hear them by the hundreds, these pianos that have failed in the test of time—their owners always apologize for them by saying they "need tuning." But no tuning will ever bring back the lost vibrancy or the beautiful singing tone that ought to have lasted a quarter of a century.

There are seven vital parts in a pianoforte, each one of which has a specific part in the production, the quality and the permanence of the instrument's tone. By the peculiar nature of piano construction they are called upon to perform their duties under stresses that test the endurance of wood and metal to the utmost.

For example—when all the strings of a piano are drawn up to proper pitch, the back, wrest-plank and plate must stand the tremendous strain of 36,000 pounds, year in and year out—a strain that is intensified and aggravated by every change of temperature and moisture. No cheaply built or unsoundly built piano can possibly stand this strain for long and hold its tone.



The back of an upright piano, fully strung, showing how the back-frame, wrest-plank, sounding board and plate are constructed to carry the 36,000-pound strain: from the exhibit at Aeolian Hall

After a year or so of service the plate buckles, the tuning pins sag in their sockets or the sounding board cracks or loses its tension—and the resonance or depth of tone is gone forever.

It is therefore plain that in order to make an intelligent selection of an instrument, to really understand the difference between a good piano and a poor one, the purchaser must have definite, positive knowledge about these different vital parts—the functions they are called upon to perform and what constitutes really sound construction.

A Permanent Exhibition of Piano Construction

The Aeolian Company, has completed the expansion of the four famous piano factories it bought eight years ago. It now operates nine factories in America and Europe, and is at last in a position to present a complete line of regular pianos at all prices from $250. upward.

It has provided an innovation that puts piano mystery forever in the past and enables any man or woman of average comprehension to select an instrument, of high cost or low, as intelligently as an expert.

This innovation consists of a complete, permanent exhibition, now installed at Aeolian Hall and ready for inspection, showing all the parts of the modern piano in their relation to each other.

This exhibition is under the charge of a thoroughly competent expert, who is prepared to explain every detail in piano construction, showing why one piano costs $250, another $500; showing what to look for and what to guard against; showing why some pianos will stay good for thirty years, while others become tuneless, toneless mockeries in as many months.

It makes no difference whether you intend to purchase a piano now or at some future date—whether you wish to purchase at Aeolian Hall or elsewhere—this exhibition is dedicated to the public and you are invited to make use of it freely, without obligation of any kind whatever.

You will be surprised to find what a simple matter it is to tell a piano's quality and whether it will last or not —*when you have been shown how.*

The Principles of Modern Manufacture Applied To Pianos

Building five famous pianos—the WEBER, STECK, WHEELOCK, STUYVESANT AND STROUD—two of them enjoying a world-wide reputation, this Company is able to exemplify in this exhibit the results of the largest and most resourceful organization ever conceived in the piano industry.

The combination of these plants—each of which retains its distinctive character—under one head, and the expansion of Aeolian building activities, until they include nine immense factories in America, England and Germany, have brought about piano improvements, refinements and economies almost undreamed-of six years ago.

They have resulted in concentrating in one group a staff of experts greater than that of any five single manufacturers combined.

They have made possible the creation of great departments which devote their whole time and effort to the individual parts of a piano—giving to the low-priced instruments the benefit of the highest-priced skill and machinery, and giving the high-priced grades such specialization as has never before been attempted. For instance—this organization now has as many men employed making hammers and keys alone as many manufacturers employ in their entire output.

They have resulted in wide economies, which permit the use of more costly material and the allotment of more hours of labor to each instrument than has ever before been possible.

In a word, the pianos manufactured by this great organization present a perfect example of the MODERN GROUP PRINCIPLE OF MANUFACTURING, in which the well-known advantages of concentration and specialization are manifested in the highest degree.

IT cannot be too strongly emphasized that the Exhibition of Piano Construction, referred to above, is not merely for the benefit of those wishing to purchase at Aeolian Hall, but is free to everyone. It is simply another notable feature added to this Company's many merchandising innovations in its twenty-five years of progressive endeavor to really serve the music-loving public. It should be recognized, however, that those who do purchase pianos at Aeolian Hall have certain distinct advantages. They are buying directly from the manufacturer—paying absolutely but one profit. They are buying from a house whose immense capital enables it to extend longer credits—allow the lowest possible terms considering the value of the instruments. They are buying from a house whose enormous purchasing power and manufacturing resources enable it to give unequalled values. They are buying from a house which has but one price for any given article—there is no uncertainty as to the true value, or the lowest price.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL, 362 FIFTH AVENUE
Near 34th Street New York

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN THE WORLD

INSISTS ON REFORM BEFORE SAVING CHINA

Yuan Shi Kai Will Accept Task of Dealing with Rebels if Constitution Is Enforced.

REBELS SEEK SAME ENDS

They Issue Proclamation of Plans for Republic—Troop Trains Block Lines from Peking.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A Shanghai dispatch to a London news agency says that Yuan Shi Kai, who has been recalled by the Government and appointed Viceroy of Hu-Peh and Hunan Provinces, has declined to accept the appointment unless it is accompanied by imperial guarantees of immediate effective reforms and the enforcement of constitutional measures, such as are demanded by the leaders of the present agitation. The insurgents disclaim the character of revolutionaries. They have styled themselves the "Constitutional Party," contending that the constitution granted by the late Emperor has been violated under the existing régime.

The insurgents, says the dispatch, are well organized and the leaders have their forces thoroughly in hand. All looting and lawlessness are mercilessly repressed. The shortness of coin reported from Hankow is due to the rich residents having handed over their wealth to the insurgents, who have also commandeered all the specie in the banks, for which they have given receipts.

Another dispatch received here from Hankow, purporting to bear the date Sunday, 11 A. M., says: "Perfect order is still being maintained here, and the foreign concessions are respected by the rebels who occupy the city."

A copy of the proclamation of the Chinese rebel leaders is published here. After appealing to every one who has blood in his veins to follow the example of his ancestors and drive the Manchus out of the country, the proclamation sets forth the object of the revolt, which is "to expel the Manchus and restore China to the Chinese; to establish a republic and restore the land to the people on the basis of social equality."

It proposes to carry out these changes in three periods, the first period, of three years, in which a military Government will preside over the nation and wipe out all national disgraces; the second period, of six years, in which the military Government will furnish the people with the privilege of self-government and take general superintendence over national affairs; the third period in which the military Government will relinquish its powers and the constitutional laws will become the basis of administration for all the affairs of the nation.

CENSOR STOPS REVOLT NEWS.

Troops Moving South, but Number Concealed—Train Service Reduced.

PEKING, Oct. 15.—The Chinese Government has placed severe restrictions on the telegraph lines, evidently for the purpose of preventing communication between the rebels. The telegraph administration refuses to transmit messages either to or from the Provinces of Hu-Peh, Hu-Nan, Kiang-Si, Sze-Chuan, Kwei-Chow, and Yu-Nan. On this account Hankow, where the revolution is at its height, is cut off. It is not considered possible that the wires have been cut throughout these six provinces. Until lately the revolutionaries, having free use of the wires, received and disseminated information concerning the progress of their plans in all quarters.

The Government refuses to reveal the number or the destination of the troops which are being sent southward. Beginning to-morrow, only a single first-class train will be run daily between Peking and Tien-Tsing-Fu, about seventy miles to the southeast of the capital. This is due to the heavy troop traffic and for the purpose of preventing any great number of rebels from coming into Peking. Passenger and freight traffic has been entirely suspended between Peking and Hankow.

So far the Government has refused to permit correspondents to accompany the army. Both sides are anxious to favor foreigners, and it is believed that the Government will reconsider this refusal should the imperialists meet with initial success.

The last dispatch received from Hankow said that the revolutionaries had organized a Red Cross society and had invited the co-operation of the American Episcopal Mission. This invitation was accepted provisionally.

The Chinese press and public are without any information regarding the situation in the disaffected areas owing to the censorship. The constant movement of troops, however, and the suspension of passenger traffic on the railways is causing considerable excitement here.

An edict issued to-day ordered the transfer of Gen. Chao Erh-Feng to his old post as Imperial Resident at Lhassa, Tibet. Gen. Chao yesterday was superseded by Tsen Chun Suan as commander of the military forces in Sze-Chuan.

All the theatres are closed and the entire Imperial Guards division has returned here. The railways are working at high pressure, as the troops are being rapidly entrained.

WOMEN TO VOTE IN CHINA.

From Kansas City Comes That Promise on Behalf of the Revolutionists.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 14.—Chinese women will have full suffrage if the Chinese revolution is successful, according to statements made here by K. S. Wong of San Francisco, C. S. Yook, and O. W. Jang of Berkeley, Cal. They are traveling through this country with Dr. Sun Yat Sen, said to be the leader of the revolution.

They departed to-night for St. Louis, and will later join Dr. Sun in Chicago.

C. S. Yook, who is Secretary of the Young China Association in this country, said:

"We want to make China a republic along Socialist lines."

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Announcement was made to-day by the Young China Society that at the midnight meeting last night, which was addressed by Dr. Sun Yat San, prospective President of the republic the revolutionary Chinese hope to establish, a large sum of money was pledged by local Chinese business men to help carry on the revolution. Dr. Sun, however, had nothing to say. Following the meeting he disappeared, and a search of Chinatown failed to reveal his hiding place.

The elusive leader was to have been the chief speaker at a meeting held this afternoon, but he did not attend. Members of the Young China Society said that they did not know how long Dr. Sun would remain in Chicago.

At the offices of the Young China Association, in Mott Street, C. S. Gunn, the Treasurer of the New York organization, said that Dr. Sun was expected in New York some time within the next two weeks. He said he received a letter from Dr. Sun to that effect recently.

POWERS CONFER ON CHINA.

Unofficial Exchanges as to Situation, but No Plan to Interfere.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The rapid spread of the revolution in China has led to an informal exchange of views on the situation among the powers. Representatives at the Embassies and Legations here have talked the matter over in a preliminary fashion, and while no action is expected the European and American nations interested in Chinese development and having Nationals in the danger zone will keep in touch with each other.

No idea is entertained, of course, of intervention. It is realized fully that there is no warrant for any such action, as the revolutionists have been as scrupulous as the Imperial Government to avoid offending foreigners or injuring foreign property. If the insurrection spreads further it would not be unnatural for China to seek some foreign aid, but so far she has not done so.

The request of the revolutionary leaders for recognition at the hands of foreign Consuls is, of course, regarded as premature, though it is usual in such cases for Consuls to be instructed to deal unofficially with the insurrectionists for the protection of lives and property and the facilitation of trade. It is expected that in the near future Consuls will be so instructed, unless their general orders cover contingencies of this nature.

RUSSIAN GUNBOAT FOR HANKOW.

Ordered from Vladivostok to Scene of Revolutionary Activity.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 15.—The Russian gunboat Mandour has been ordered to proceed from Vladivostok for Hankow. The Russian Consul at Hankow has ordered the departure of the women and children from that city, and they are being conveyed by a German firm to Shanghai.

REBELS WARN FOREIGNERS.

Will Protect Them and Theirs if They Do Not Aid Imperials.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Responsibility for foreigners and their property has been assumed by Commander in Chief Li of the Hu-Peh army of the people's government, according to a dispatch received to-day by the Department of State from the American Legation in Peking. Commander in Chief Li's declaration was reported to the legation by the American Consul General at Hankow.

While declaring that existing treaties will be respected and existing rights of foreigners protected, the leader serves notice that all articles supplied by foreigners to the Imperial Government will be confiscated and treaties that may in future be negotiated with Imperial Government officials will be repudiated. It is further declared that foreigners will be considered as enemies if they assist the Government.

Commander in Chief Li's statement was communicated to the foreign Consuls at Hankow, who made no reply.

It is announced that the Chinese army will hold no Autumn manoeuvres. The Chinese press is under strict censorship. One telegraph line is open to the region around Hankow, but train service from Hankow to the Yellow River was suspended yesterday.

FLOODS THAT AIDED REVOLT.

News of Death and Starvation in China Brought by Steamer.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 15.—News was brought by the steamer Empress of Japan that thousands are dying of starvation in Kiang-Su, along the Yang-tse, following the floods, and the situation was expected to augment greatly the spread of the rebellion.

The whole of the country was under water, according to refugees. Corpses were floating everywhere and famine-stricken refugees were dying daily from disease.

In places the Yang-tse was thirty-five miles broad, and floating bodies, on which starving dogs were feeding, were seen in numbers. An officer of one of the river gunboats tells of seeing a number of mutilated corpses in uniform, indicating the fate of some imperial soldiers at the hands of the starving peasantry.

Between 60,000 and 70,000 refugees, probably from Anhui, were gathered at Nanking. Their condition was appalling, owing principally to the ravages of disease. Cholera was raging among them, and typhus was said to be equally bad, besides other forms of pestilence. The death rate was reported to be between 200 and 300 a day. Food has been sent to them, but it was almost impossible for medical aid to effect any relief.

STEAMSHIP MEN IN PARIS.

Directors of Big Transatlantic Lines to Hold Rate Conference.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—Bruce Ismay, Chairman and Managing Director of the White Star Company, and three other Directors of that company, Baron von Plattenberg and Herr Heineken of the North German Lloyd, Jonkheer O. Reuchlin and G. H. Reuchlin of the Holland-America Line, and representatives of the Hamburg-American and Cunard Lines have arrived in Paris. The purpose of the gathering is a conference of transatlantic steamship lines to fix rates for the next three years. The conference is scheduled for Oct. 18.

SPANISH GENERAL KILLED.

Shot in Action with Moors, Who Are Defeated with Great Loss.

MELILLA, Morocco, Oct. 15.—The Moorish tribes, who recently have made several attacks upon the Spaniards, to-day assaulted the positions at Izhafen and Ymarufen, but were finally beaten off with severe loss.

Gen. Ordenez, the Spanish commander, was shot through the chest as he was mounting his horse. He died on the way to the Melilla Hospital. A Captain, a Lieutenant, and sixteen soldiers were wounded.

TURKS WON'T STIR UP STRIFE IN BALKANS

The Porte Will So Tell Deputies To-day—Nevertheless Bulgaria Causes Apprehension.

MONEY FOR FLEET POURS IN

Young Turks Bent on Resisting Italy to the Last—Tripoli's Deputies Want Late Cabinet Impeached.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 15.—The Porte is without news concerning the pourparlers of the powers on the question of mediation. The Government will make a statement of its policy at a secret meeting of the Chamber of Deputies on Monday. It will declare that the Government will undertake no measures of a nature calculated to disturb peace in the Balkans. At the same time, the Government will pursue a firm and just policy in defense of Turkish rights in Tripoli and oppose any solution contrary to the interests of national dignity.

The Tripolitan Deputies have addressed a request to the President of the Chamber for the impeachment of the late Cabinet on account of its conduct regarding Tripoli. The Unionist majority in the chamber have decided to elect the Arab Deputy for Hama, Abdul Hamid Zuhravi, who is a member of the Opposition, as First Vice President of the Chamber, and Emmanuel Idia, Greek Deputy for Smyrna, as Second Vice President, the object being to conciliate the Opposition, particularly the Arab element.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Chronicle's Constantinople correspondent sends the following dispatch:

"The nation's division of opinion as to the best attitude to be adopted in connection with the war continues as sharp as ever. The Committee of Union and Progress has now declared for a policy of resistance to the last. A big sum of money has already been subscribed for a fleet, and subscriptions are coming in rapidly.

"The outlook with respect to Bulgaria is causing serious uneasiness. Bulgaria regards her mobilization acts as justified in view of the concentration of Turkish troops on the frontier. The Ministers are holding constant conferences and messages are frequently passing between the Turkish Minister of War and the Bulgarian administration."

ROME (via The Frontier), Oct. 15.—News of the attack of the Turkish infantry upon the Italian outposts at Tripoli yesterday has been received with great interest here, because it was the Italian soldiers' baptism of fire after fifteen years of peace. Official advices say that the young soldiers behaved with bravery, and that they were with difficulty prevented from pursuing the enemy. The officers, however, feared a trap in the darkness and would permit no pursuit.

Wounded Turks, who are now being cared for in the Italian hospital tents, say that conditions under Munir Pasha are the cause of much dissatisfaction. The Turkish supplies are short and there are about 200 wounded soldiers in the Turkish encampment.

It is expected that the last twenty transports with the expeditionary force aboard will arrive at Tripoli late to-night. This expedition includes 15,000 men, members of the general staff, 200 carabineers to reinforce the gendarmerie, seven aeroplanes, chaplains' automobile vans, constructed for work in the desert, and a large sum of money. A hospital ship is with the transports. It is capable of accommodating 250 patients, and is under the charge of Prince Colonna, ex-Mayor of Rome.

Industrial centres are beginning to feel the Turkish boycott against Italian products. Grain merchants, cotton and silk exporters and manufacturers of wax matches are particularly affected. The boycott also is causing the suspension of considerable work, and labor troubles are feared.

A dispatch from Malta says the American yacht Utowana, with the American archaeological mission aboard, will proceed soon to Benghazi, where, notwithstanding the Italian occupation, the work of excavating will be resumed. The dispatch adds that Commander Benton C. Decker of the United States cruiser Chester gave a reception aboard his ship to the Malta authorities and Consuls, at which the American officers expressed regret that the Italians had been unable to inflict a deserved lesson on the murderers of Herbert F. de Cou, a member of the archaeological mission, near Benghazi.

CHOLERA THE REAL ENEMY.

Attacks Both Italian and Turkish Troops—Diminishing in Peninsula.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHIASSO, Oct. 15.—In the unexampled Turco-Italian war, in which all encounters so far have been made practically without bloodshed, both sides have a common enemy in the cholera.

How the infection got to Tripoli is a disputed question. The Turks say it was imported by the Italians. The Italians retort that they found it there on their arrival. Either may be right, as there is cholera in both countries.

Latest reports state that the disease is rife among the troops under Munir Pasha who retired into the interior, while several cases have occurred among 500 Turkish prisoners which Italy secluded in the barracks near Caserta.

The cholera in the peninsula is much diminished and approaching complete cessation, so that there is now little danger to tourists, the number of cases being much less than those of other epidemic diseases prevailing permanently in all countries.

ITALIAN COLONY'S PLIGHT.

Many of 10,000 in Smyrna Discharged, Boycotted, and Destitute.

ROME, Oct. 15.—A dispatch from Smyrna to the Corriere d'Italia says that the colony of 10,000 Italians there is in a precarious position. All Italian railroad employes have been discharged and the Italian port workers are being boycotted.

Neapolitan fishing boats in the harbor have been seized, and numerous families are destitute. A worse fate is feared for large numbers of Italian workmen in the interior of Anatolia.

KAISER SEES ITALIAN ENVOY.

German Chancellor Also Attends Conference on Turco-Italian War.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—The Emperor, who is at his hunting lodge near Eberswalde, Prussia, to-day invited Signor Alberto Pansa, the Italian Ambassador, to a conference on the political situation. The German Imperial Chancellor also attended.

The Italian Ambassador had arranged to meet the German Foreign Minister, Herr von Kiderlen Waechter, at the Foreign Office to discuss matters connected with the Turco-Italian war, but hastily canceled this engagement upon receiving the Emperor's message.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS MANY.

Probably Through Collapse of Catania Buildings—Twenty Bodies Recovered.

CATANIA, Oct. 15.—Late reports from the districts affected by the earthquake indicate that many persons were killed, probably by the collapse of buildings.

Troops were dispatched to the work of rescue and succeeded in removing twenty bodies. Eighty persons are known to have been injured.

Five Die from Gas in a Hotel.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 15.—Five laborers were asphyxiated by gas in a hotel here early to-day. The men had come in after midnight, and four of them had not even removed their clothing. When they were found this morning gas was escaping from a jet and from a small heater as well. Four were sleeping in one room, where the open gas jet was found, and the fifth occupied an adjacent room, where a coal oil lamp was burning.

ROYALISTS STILL ACTIVE.

Movements Belie Official Statements That the Rising Is Suppressed.

LISBON, Oct. 15.—While official advices say that the Royalist movement has been broken, news from other sources indicates that the Royalists are displaying increased activity. Capt. Couceire, the Royalist leader, was seen yesterday on both sides of the frontier. Royalist bands are now advancing west, apparently with the object of reaching the sea. The Spanish authorities have sent cavalry from Corunna to protect the frontier.

An official note states that eighty members of Couceire's column applied to the Portuguese Consulate at Verin, Spain, for passports to re-enter Portugal. The note adds that a Royalist column under Comacho is moving on Olimba and that Couceire's column, which was expelled from Terroso by the Spanish civil guards, has arived at Verin, where a detachment of Spanish cavalry was waiting to intern the conspirators.

SUAREZ MADERO'S AID.

Both Carry Electoral Vote in Federal Districts—Their Election Certain.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 15.—In the Federal districts Madero and Pino Suarez have carried by an overwhelming majority the electoral vote for President and Vice President, and returns from the interior indicate beyond doubt that they have been elected.

The only discordant note is the criticism leveled at Pino Suarez, who as Governor of Yucatan has permitted the imprisonment of Antonio Mediz Bolio, editor of The Revista Merida, for attacks on the local administration. The critics declare that this action follows exactly the methods of the old régime. Friends of Pino Suarez say that while he personally is indifferent to newspaper attacks, he felt compelled to defend the dignity of his administration by imprisoning the editor.

Italy's Fourth Dreadnought Launched.

GENOA, Oct. 15.—Italy's fourth dreadnought, the Giulio Cesare, was successfully launched to-day.

Capt. MacKay Gets License to Fly.

MINEOLA, L. I., Oct. 15.—Capt. George MacKay of Ypsilanti, Mich., of the Signal Corps of that State, received his pilot's license to-day from officials of the Aero Club of America.

Capt. MacKay was delegated by Gov. Chase Osborn to take up flying at the Moisant School here, and is the first National guardsman in the United States to win a license. He was chosen from a long list of applicants by Gen. Cox of the Michigan National Guard.

Fast Flight by Atwood.

MIDDLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 14.—Harry N. Atwood, the Boston aviator, flew the twenty-one miles from New Bedford to this town early to-day in twenty minutes, carrying as a passenger in his Burgess-Wright biplane Edwin C. Cotton of Lynn. Atwood gave a free exhibition in this section of Plymouth County, where his father formerly lived.

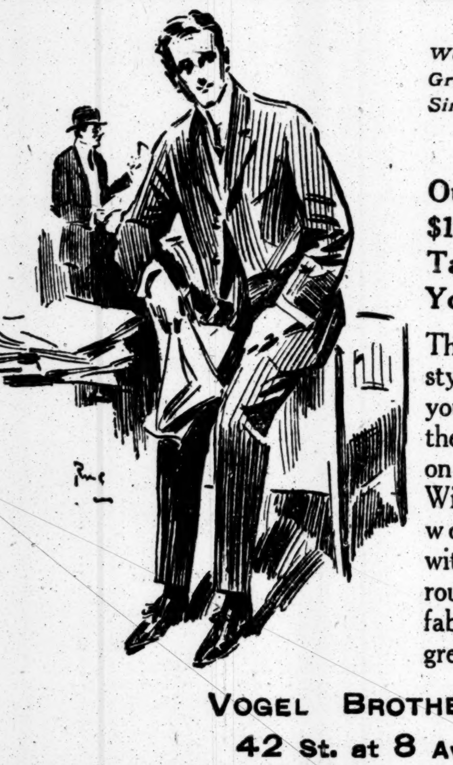
URGES A MARRIAGE STRIKE.

Emma Goldman Tells East Side Girls to Wait for Better Times.

Emma Goldman, the anarchist leader, started the first of a series of "talks" to east siders in Yiddish yesterday at Terrace Lycem, 206 East Broadway. They are to be continued, she says, every Sunday until December. She discussed the subject of marriage and the lot of children among the poor. She said poor girls should strike against marrying until times improve. At least half of her audience was made up of women and girls.

"The children of the poor," said Miss Goldman, "had nothing but suffering in store for them under the capitalistic system. They were born in poverty-stricken surroundings, and their descendants liable to be weaklings. Men who were earning low wages were liable to be the victims of alcohol and take to drink to forget their troubles and cares, and their children were likely to inherit a craving for liquor. There is no help for this under a capitalistic system," she said, "and the question what was to become of the children of the poor was a serious one."

In conclusion she advised that the women in the poorer districts should go on a general strike against marying anyone until the men they marry are able to provide better conditions for them.



We Give Double "S. & H." Green Stamps until noon—Single Stamps in the afternoon.

Our New Suits at $16.50—the Most Talked About in New York.

Those sticklers for good style—the New York young men—have placed their stamp of approval on our $16.50 Fall and Winter Suits. And they're worthy of it—sparkling with crisp style—made of rough or smooth surface fabrics in elegant brown, grey and blue tones.

VOGEL BROTHERS,
42 St. at 8 Ave.

CROWN LAVENDER SALTS

Should Be In Every Household Because—

Crown Lavender Salts will soothe your nerves—revive your spirits—clears and cools your head. Crown Lavender Salts brings to you a restful sense of ease when traveling—shopping—in the midst of housework—or after strenuous social duties. Crown Lavender Salts relieves faintness, fatigue, and freshens the atmosphere of your room. Take a bottle with you when you travel on ocean or land.

Crown Lavender COLORED Salts in Cut Glass bottles and with silver tops make splendid gifts.

For Sale Everywhere

Send 10c for bijou bottle of Lune de Miel perfume and sachet of Bathodora.

THE CROWN PERFUMERY CO. OF LONDON
Dept. C, 30 East 20th St., New York City

Playerpiano Problems Easily Solved

The Sterling Playerpiano is not the combination of two instruments made by two different manufacturers, but the building of one instrument into a complete and harmonious unit, every part of which is conceived and made by the Sterling Co.

The great fascination about the Sterling Playerpiano is the fact that it enables anyone, without technical knowledge, to play the piano.

But this fascination is not confined to those who are not pianists, for the best musicians find even more extended uses for it.

Perfect execution by hand means a constant practice not far short of real labor. The Sterling Playerpiano furnishes an execution not only absolutely perfect but tireless.

The musician can study parts of any music, difficult or otherwise, play and replay to catch the sentiment and bring out individuality in expression.

In the hands of the piano pupil, the teacher can point out uses of the Sterling Playerpiano that are invaluable aids to the study of finger technique.

We are human enough to be very much encouraged by every sale we make. But more than that, there is real pride in adding a new name to our list of satisfied customers.

It isn't the sale of one that effects us so much as the number of sales that each sale is certain to bring.

Sterling Playerpiano

A safe price to pay for a Playerpiano is only that, which is not lower, than it is possible to make an instrument good enough to solve your Playerpiano problems for years to come.

It costs in the end a great deal more to buy something cheap that will not live up to your expectations than to pay a little more to those whose reputation is an absolute insurance of satisfaction.

Every Playerpiano we manufacture is backed by our experience of over half a century.

We have them at $475, $485, $575, $625 and the Sterling at $725 than which there is no other Playerpiano comparable.

We make easy monthly payments whenever desired and absolutely protect your interests in every way.

Music Rolls at 25c Each

We have a number of 65 note Music Rolls that have been used in our circulating library—all in perfect order—and offer them, to sell quickly, at 25c a roll.

Music Rolls at 50c Each

Also 500 absolutely new 88 Note Music Rolls, which are sold regularly at $1.00 to $1.75, we will sell to-morrow at 50c each.

The **Sterling Piano** Co.
Sterling Building
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October the 16th and 17th

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

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Famous over Half a Century.

Ten Thousand yards of Imported Dress Satin. Double width. White or black. 1.75 per yard
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BLANKET DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Blankets and Comfortables, below usual prices.

White California Wool Blankets. Full Size. 3.75 and 5.50 per pair

Comfortables, cotton filled. Attractive patterns. 3.75 each

LINEN DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Unusual values in Decorative and Household Linens.

Scalloped Satin Damask Round Table Cloths. 7.50, 9.00 and 11.50 each

Scalloped Napkins to match........ 6.00 and 12.00 per dozen

Madeira Hand-embroidered Tea Napkins. 4.50, 6.00 and 7.00 per dozen

Hemstitched Huckaback Towels, with white embroidered letters. 3.75 per dozen

A complete assortment of Lace trimmed and Madeira embroidered Luncheon Sets, at attractive prices.

RUG DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums.

Commencing Monday, October the 16th.

Extra quality Persian Mahal Rugs. Average size, 13 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 3 in. 115.00
former price 185.00

9 x 12 ft. extra Persian Mahal Rugs, soft colors and small figures. 87.50
former price 135.00

Carpets in various weaves,—Wilton, Axminster, Wilton Velvet and Body Brussels, at reasonable prices.

Inlaid Linoleum in a complete line of Tile and Hardwood patterns. 1.00 to 1.50 per square yard

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street *34th Street*

ATTACK ON KINGS DISTRICT ATTORNEYS

Brooklyn Young Republican Club Says They Improperly Carry on Outside Law Practices.

ELDER NAMED AMONG THEM

Even Clarke Is Accused of Taking Private Cases—Breach of Legal Etiquette, Says the Committee.

Following an investigation made by the Committee on Municipal Politics of the Brooklyn Young Republican Club, it was said yesterday that most of the assistants in the District Attorney's office of Kings County have a private law practice on the side, by which they get large fees.

According to the committee, Assistant District Attorney Elder, who receives $7,000 a year from the city, maintains a suite of offices at 2 Rector Street, Manhattan, and is retained at present in nine different actions in the Supreme Court.

Assistant District Attorney McCaffrey, it is also set forth, has no less than fourteen actions on the Supreme Court calendar, and within the last year has had many cases in the Appellate Division and Special Term of the Supreme Court. One of his clients, says the committee, is the Long Island Railroad, and another is Louis Stauch. Assistant District Attorney McCaffrey receives $6,000 a year from the city.

Assistant District Attorney May, also receiving $6,000 a year from the city, has no less than seven cases now pending in the Supreme Court, according to the committee, which says that the records show that he had at least one case before the Appellate Division within the year.

The committee goes even further in its charges and says that the name of District Attorney Clarke himself appeared as representing a plaintiff in the County Court in the December term of 1910.

Other Assistant District Attorneys who, it is alleged, enjoy a profitable private practice while drawing big salaries from the city are Mr. Martin, with five cases on hand; Mr. Smith, with three; Mr. Terry, with three; Mr. Ross, with three, and Mr. Van Wyck, with one.

Fees They Receive.

"Now these figures look small," says the committee's report, "but cases on these calendars are not small ones. They involve over $2,000; they take anywhere from a day to a week, and sometimes more, of a man's time in court, while the attorney trying them is entitled, if of the same experience as some of these assistants, to anywhere from $500 to $1,000 for his services.

"Each case means the interviewing of many witnesses and the drawing of pleading and motion papers. To say that each of these cases would probably require a solid week of a man's time to prepare for trial is to be very conservative. Many of them take more. To say that the total time spent by an assistant on each of these cases would total a solid two weeks, is to say what any attorney would tell you is true.

"The aggregate of Elder's time devoted to private practice, then, would appear to be about four months; of McCaffrey's time, six months; of May's time, three months. As we stated before, these cases only represent a small portion of an average attorney's business. Where does the City of New York come in?

"When men enter the employ of the city or State, people have a right to expect that they will devote all their time to the work of the city or State. And yet Mr Clarke boldly makes the assertion, and apparently intends to continue to make it, that his twelve assistants, drawing from $5,000 to $7,000 each from the city in salaries, must have the right to attend to their own private practice of law. He claims that he cannot get good lawyers unless he permits them to so practice.

"To any one familiar with the overcrowding of the law profession in New York City such a statement must seem ridiculous; it is almost an insult to the intelligence of the average citizen to ask him to believe such a thing. That good men can be had is proved by the fact that such men are in the District Attorney's office, Manhattan, as well as the Corporation Counsel's office, and none of the lawyers in these offices, who number a great many able men, is permitted to engage in the private practice of law on their own account. All their time is the city's. Many of the men in these offices receive less than the men in the Kings County District Attorney's office, the salaries ranging, for the most part, from $1,500 to $4,000 a year.

Question of Salaries.

"In the short time so far allowed, the committee has only been able to make an examination of the calendars of civil cases of the Supreme and County courts in this district. The large calendar in Manhattan has not been investigated at all. And it should here be stated that there are many prominent attorneys in Brooklyn and New York, whose incomes amount to probably $10,000 per year, who do not have more than three or four cases on the calendar above mentioned. And we are here to state that when an attorney has between six and a dozen cases coming up for trial in these courts it is a good indication to most attorneys that his law business is above the average of New York lawyers. Probably not 10 per cent. of the business of most lawyers is represented by cases which actually appear on the trial calendars of this county.

"It is a breach of all the rules of legal etiquette for a single attorney to represent adverse interests. An attorney who swears he will represent the people of the State of New York as a prosecutor should not represent clients whom those people might be called upon any day to prosecute for a crime against the community.

"How easy it would be for a wealthy malefactor to retain an Assistant District Attorney as his general counsel, and, so shielded, commit unlawful acts. We have no knowledge that this has ever been the case, but the District Attorney should prohibit his assistants from accepting retainers from any citizen during their term of office.

"All of these assistants are associated with other lawyers in business. Would it not be possible for a man guilty of a criminal act to retain one of these associates of an Assistant District Attorney? The District Attorney of this county has the entire say as to when cases shall come up on the calendars for trial. How easy it would be for the case to be postponed until all the witnesses were dead or had removed.

"These things are only possibilities. But they should not be. The District Attorney of Kings County should make rules that will absolutely safeguard the integrity of his office. If he refuses to do this, and to prohibit his assistants from engaging in their own practice while in his employ, some other man should be elected by the people this Fall to succeed him."

District Attorney Clarke, who was renominated by the Democratic Party of Kings, is also being attacked because of his failure to prosecute the wreckers of the Union Bank.

Assistants Make Denials.

Mr. Elder denies some of the charges made against him.

"As a matter of fact, I have no office at 2 Rector Street at all," he said. "For a time I had my name on the door, but that was so people might send mail there. At present I have no private office. In the majority of cases in which the name of an assistant appears on court papers as an attorney of record the man himself does practically nothing and only allows his name to be used to hold together the nucleus of a practice, and he oftentimes receives no fee. Some day we will be retired or resign from the District Attorney's office."

"What I actually do," said Assistant District Attorney May, "is to keep my old clients and have my associates try the cases. I never allow anything to interfere with my work for the city. It is said that my name appears on the papers of six cases now on the Supreme Court calendar. I cannot recall them, but I am going to look them up. I believe it will be found that these are old actions started before I entered the District Attorney's office. Perhaps it is true that the Assistants have outside practice, but there is a lot of difference between having one's name appear in the case and handling the case."

Leroy W. Ross, another of the assistants, said he had not been in his office for a long time, and that he devoted practically all his time to the interests of the city.

"I am not making any effort to obtain new business," he said, "but my relations have been simply with the people with whom I have been doing business for years. In almost all instances where my name appears at all, the cases are handled by my father, J. Stewart Ross."

QUITS DEMOCRAT LEAGUE.

Saxe Resigns—Says Party Has Not Betrayed Its Pledges.

Senator John G. Saxe has resigned his membership and Directorship in the Democratic League, explaining in a letter addressed to S. Stanwood Menken, Chairman of the league, that he has been put to a choice between the Democratic League and the County Committee by resolutions adopted by the Democratic League charging the local Democratic organization with "gross betrayal" of the party's promises. Senator Saxe declares in his letter that there has been no gross betrayal of promises.

"If I were to select the most important pledge made by our party," says the letter, "it would be retrenchment and reform and the economical administration of public affairs. We have fully performed this pledge."

Instead of a deficit, continues Mr. Saxe, the year's end will probably find a surplus in the treasury. Other promises of the platform that have been fulfilled are the resolutions favoring the direct election of Senators and the income tax. The direct nominations bill and the Levy election bill, Senator Saxe says, he voted against, but does not consider them in any way betrayals. In the matter of constructive work by the Legislature, Mr. Saxe points to the Highway Commission, the Conservation Commission, the repeal of the inheritance tax law of 1910, and a new enactment, the Preservation of Game bill and the amendment to the educational laws. "Such is our record," concludes the letter, "and we have worked for eight months at our own expense to make it. We are prepared to stand on it."

FOR CROPSEY AND GOLDSTEIN

Union Bank Depositors Plan a Campaign of Their Own.

Union Bank depositors are conducting a campaign of their own for the election of James C. Cropsey for District Attorney of Brooklyn and the re-election of Assemblyman Goldstein, who have been conducting the investigation at the bank hearings. Headquarters have been opened at 1,554 Fulton Street, and the movement will be managed by the Executive Committee of the Depositors' Association, with William S. Woodenbury as Secretary. This committee consists of fifty-four members, and they will be aided in their work by various sub-committees.

The campaign is to be non-partisan. Mr. Cropsey is on the Republican ticket and Mr. Goldstein is the nominee of the Democrats in the Twenty-third Assembly District. The first meeting will be held on Wednesday evening at Eckford Hall, Greenpoint, and after that meetings will be held in various parts of the borough.

Although the bank hearings have been stopped by order of Superintendent of Banks Van Tuyl until after election, the Grand Jury investigation will go on with Mr. Goldstein as Assistant District Attorney, helping District Attorney Clarke.

MACK TO SUCCEED HUPPUCH.

Is Selected as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 15.—It is stated that Norman E. Mack is scheduled to succeed Winfield A. Huppuch as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. There will be a meeting of the committee on Wednesday to act upon the resignation of Mr. Huppuch, and it is understood that Mr. Mack will then be elected.

Since the period to be tided over extends only until the State Convention next Spring, when delegates will be chosen to the National Convention, party leaders desire to avoid a contest at this time, and Mr. Mack was selected as a candidate who would be satisfactory to all elements. From information obtained here yesterday there will be no opposition to his selection, and he will accept.

If the tentative programme is carried out on Wednesday Norman E. Mack will be in the anomalous position of being both National and State Chairman.

Republicans in the 29th Busy.

The Republican organization of the Twenty-ninth District has begun an active campaign for its candidates for the Assembly and Board of Aldermen. A campaign committee has been organized, of which the leader, William Chilvers, is chairman. The members are Otto T. Bannard, Herbert Parsons, Newbold Morris, Howard Conkling, Robert C. Morris, Charles L. Bernheimer, William Bondy, Lindon Bates, Jr., Nathan A. Elsborg, Alexander T. Mason, Marcus M. Marks, Lucien L. Bonheur, Charles H. Strong, and Frank Bulkley.

EAST SIDE YEARNS FOR ALDERMAN LOUIE

"Wireless" Zeltner Says So Himself, and if He Doesn't Know, Who Does?

EVEN BABIES CRY FOR HIM

Three-Cent Fares and a Grand Street Ferry Restoration Two Things He Will Fight For.

"Wireless" Louie Zeltner, fact manufacturer and tipster extraordinary to metropolitan newspapers concerning the happenings, near-happenings, and ne'er-happenings on the east side, hid his plump shoulders and shirtsleeves behind a cloud of smoke from one of his best Ridge Street "guest" cigars yesterday at his home, 55 Pitt Street, while he outlined to a TIMES reporter the plan of campaign by which he hopes to defeat James J. Smith, time-honored Tammany lessee of the Aldermanship for the Fourth District, and the reforms which he, as Alderman Zeltner (he drew in a big whiff of Ridge Street nicotine) hopes to institute for the glory of the east side.

"In the first place," said Louie, "put down that all parties, regardless of party, are for me—Republicans, Independent Leaguers, and Democrats. Everybody is for Zeltner. Say, you better not go strong on that about the Democrats just yet," he added, on sober and modest afterthought; "just say that everybody's for Zeltner. They'll all come over.

"And for why? Because Zeltner's district contains the very heart of the east side, and every man, woman, and child knows that Zeltner is near the heart of the east side every day in his life. You newspaper fellows call me 'Wireless' Zeltner; and why? Everybody on the east side likes Zeltner, and brings him his news like wireless—I don't care what happens and what doesn't happen."

Zeltner added that the east side liked him also because of his work in 1902, when two Jewish parents in the town of Dumbrowa, Galicia, who had sent their son secretly to this country to prevent his marrying a Christian girl, were accused of having murdered the boy, and were sentenced, with eight other Jews, to death. After a worldwide search had been started, Zeltner chanced upon the boy in Attorney Street, grabbed him, and took him back to his native town, just a week before the date set for the death of his parents.

Finder of Sholom Schnur.

"For that heroic rescue, which I made of ten lives," said Louie yesterday, "the east side has never forgotten me. In Galicia 5,000 Jews turned out in my honor, and every synagogue has set up a tablet in my name as the finder of Sholom Schnur. That," he added soulfully, "began to make me famous on the east side. I became famouser still when a couple of years ago I managed District Attorney Whitman's campaign on the east side and won it for him, just a little before Mr. Whitman made me county detective.

"And now, when both the Republican organization and the Independence League have nominated me for Alderman, Zeltner's name is in every mouth. You should see that convention stampeded at 2 Pitt Street last Monday night! Everybody yelled 'Leben Zeltner' 'Mir willen Zeltner!' And like wildfire it runs through Grand Street: 'Zeltner ist nominirt! Masseltoff!'

"And on Wednesday night, when the Independence League also nominated me, my name was greeted with the greatest éclatch that was ever heard on the east side.

"Everybody is calling at the house; they want photographs of myself," he continued. "I'm having them made in big lithographs, only a few, you understand, for my close personal friends—about two or three thousand altogether.

"Besides these pictures, which will be hanged in every window nearly in the east side," he said, "I am going to make a personal appeal myself, taking the stump in Yiddish and English every night, beginning next week. The east side is expecting it. I can hear them yell, 'Hoch, Zeltner!' already.

"The women and children are going to be enlisted to take the stump for me, too. There's my son, Isidor, who's only 10 years old. He goes to Public School 34 in Broome Street, where I learned too, when I was a boy. That boy is already saying in school to the other children:

"'My papa went to this school, and tell your papa to vote for him.'

"Isidor is going to take the stump for his papa, and half a dozen boys with whom he's been getting sticky with candy and soda water in the last few days are going to take the stump for me, too. All the kids have been enlisted.

Mothers Are for Him.

"You see, why I stand so solid with the mothers and children is because in the Essex Market Court, before the Domestic Relations Court was established, Zeltner was known for his good work in reuniting many families through his efforts. I don't want to praise myself, but many a time Magistrates like O'Connor have said to me in cases where husband and wife wanted to get a divorce or to have each other locked up:

"'Zeltner, mach sholom,' (make peace,) and Zeltner did. And many a dollar did he collect for them in court, too."

In case he should be elected Alderman, Zeltner said, he would see to it that the east side got its share of the blessings and enjoyments of life. In the first place, he said, he would urge the reopening of the discontinued Grand Street ferry across the East River. Residents of Grand Street desire this greatly, he said, inasmuch as drivers and others who formerly passed their shops (and often did not quite pass them) on their way to the ferry are now obliged to slight the inviting commerce of that thoroughfare and go over the Williamsburg Bridge, where there isn't a single storekeeper to profit by their passing. Moreover, Zeltner said, women and children who used to ride back and forth on the ferries all night in the heat of Summer can't do so now.

"And, anyhow, Alderman Zeltner will right away recommend to the Public Service Commission that all car lines should have to give a 3-cent fare during the rush hours," he announced. "It's much more important that the poor people should make a saving than that the companies should pay big dividends. The 3-cent fare has proved successful in other cities."

But the project dearest of all to Zeltner's Aldermanic anticipation is that of protecting the thousands of pushcart peddlers of the east side.

"They ain't no criminals," he declared, resentfully, "to be chased and hounded through the streets. Why, you know, I ask a man on Grand Street who won the scholarships at City College, and almost every time he tells me it was the son of one of them pushcart pedlers in Rivington or Delancey or some other street. There ought to be some system devised to protect the pushcart peddlers. For example, if a license is granted it ought to be granted not to one but to all."

"Not by discrimination as now," put in Leader Alexander Wolf, who had entered the room in the course of the interview; "not by graft."

No Mud Slinging.

"Hush," interposed Zeltner, raising aloft his cigar hand. "I don't want to throw mud at my opponents. I am going to conduct my campaign like a gentleman."

He continued:

"And I am going to recommend that the city should put back two lampposts in front of every synagogue and church like formerly. You see my Krakauer synagogue just across the street? They took away the two light that used to be in front of it."

"They haven't removed the lamp posts in front of the churches, though," interrupted Wolf.

"Wolf," Zeltner solemnly rebuked him, "shteegen! [Hush.] I will have no mud slinging in my campaign. I am not going to say anything bad about my opponent."

Instead of talking Smith, Zeltner declared, it is going to be his policy to talk Zeltner exclusively—to him a preferable subject for conversation. He sniffs the smoke of battle, but it has inspired him rather to the heights of poesy than to the depths of mud slinging. As a result of his pilgrimmage on Pegasus he produced tunefully this war chant, which, with several others dipped from the same Pierian spring, in a few days may adorn the election posters and cards bearing Zeltner's photograph:

The story grew;
The wonder flew,
When Louie Zeltner's nomination came.
For from the River to Clinton and back again
Runs Louie Zeltner's fame.

Or, more pithily, this one:

From Clinton to the River the tidings ran:
Louie Zeltner is our man.

He admitted that his district in the past has been a Democratic stronghold. Smith, his opponent, who has been renominated, polled in the last election 2,323 votes as against 648 of his opponent. But then, as Louie pointed out yesterday, Zeltner wasn't running against him.

A Chronic Alderman.

"Without wishing to say anything mean," he declared, "I may say that Mr. Smith has been a sort of chronic Alderman of the district because there was never before a good man against him. Everybody has been clamoring for Zeltner all these years. Men of all parties are now happy to have Zeltner on the ticket."

Asked concerning the wherewithal for the management of his campaign Zeltner, in the face of a bristling deskful of newspaper clippings which have netted him anywhere from $5 to $15 a column in the last year, declared:

"Believe me, Zeltner is as poor as a churchmouse. Why, look at here: Here's Sadie, 13 years old; Julia, 12; Isidorleben, 10; Paul, 8; Henry, 6; Edward, 3; Harold, 19 months; and then there's—but you better wait a few days. Believe me, those children eat up a lot of stories, and I haven't got anything left over. But then," he added with a wink, "I've got friends who'll help me along all right."

On the way to the door, Zeltner assured the reporter that, whether he became Alderman or no, he would still remain at heart primarily a newspaper man, and he hoped the newspapers would always treat him as such.

"My biggest asset is my nose for news," he said.

And he rubbed his asset.

LEADERS PLANNING TO FOOL GOV. WILSON

Talk Now of Holding New Jersey Conventions to "Suggest" Candidates.

THUS EVADE GERAN LAW

Object That No Machinery Is Provided to Present Suitable Candidates to Voters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Oct. 15.—Leaders high up in both parties believe they have found a way to circumvent Gov. Wilson's plan to do away with the old-time party conventions by having all candidates named at the primaries, as provided for by the Geran law. The leaders say that there is no legislation that can prevent the assembling of citizens—as, for instance, the Republican leaders of all parts of the State—to consult as to whom they regard as most suitable for a pending State nomination, and of making their selection known to the people, and they have no doubt that the knowledge that they had picked out some one fitted to be a Governor or Senator would be equivalent to a nomination, as it would consolidate the Republican vote in the primaries.

It is even urged that these State conferences may be made up of representatives of the County Committees. The argument is that the men who make up the County Committees have a right to get together and consult about the Governorship, and send one or more of their members to confer with other men from other parts of the State. The United States Constitution's guarantee to the citizens of the right of peaceful assemblage is the foundation stone on which all these speculations are built.

One Republican leader said that the weakness of the new direct primary system is that it provides no machinery for the presentation to the voters of suitable names for the places to be filled. In the primaries of September last only a lot of men who had nominated themselves were in the poll. The people, it is contended, knew nothing of their fitness and voted for one or the other as Hobson's choice.

"The masses of the voters," to quote one of the leaders, "are not in close enough touch with public affairs, and are so without acquaintance with public men that, unless they have the benefit of the suggestion of those who are in the swim and who know what the requirements of an office are and where to look for the men fitted to fill it, they are all at sea. They would be glad to have the men whom they recognize as posted in affairs suggest the names of suitable men.

"So, as the Federal Constitution especially protects the right of assemblage, the leaders may get together and help them out. How these conferences shall be made up—who will sit in them and in what manner they will be called to the consultations—are matters of detail that have not yet been canvassed. But I see no reason why the County Committees cannot get together, and request selected citizens to go out among the public men and to find out about it for them. The conclusions reached by the conferrees would not be given out to the public as nominations. The public would only be given to understand that the informed men of the party have concluded that they will themselves vote for so and so for such and such a State officer, and it won't be their fault if the less informed masses of their party agreed with them and voted with them at the primaries.

"I don't see why that method of suggesting names to the voters may not be followed in local as well as in State affairs. That system would put an end to the scramble of a lot of self-selected Toms, Dicks, and Harrys for nominations for places they may not be fitted to fill, and put before the party voters the names of really qualified men."

URGE LA FOLLETTE'S NAME.

Progressives May Choose Him as Presidential Candidate To-day.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Friends of Senator La Follette became active to-day with the arrival in this city of delegates from many States to attend the conference of the National Republican Progressive League, which opens to-morrow, and asserted that they would begin an aggressive movement at the opening of the conference to bring about his nomination for President. No antagonism had developed as yet, they said.

The conference will be opened without a set programme. Senator Moses E. Clapp, who heads the Minnesota delegation, is to be the chief speaker at this session. Senator Clapp is known to be in favor of the announcement of La Follette's candidacy without any delay, and is expected to open the campaign in his first address. He is to be followed by Representative I. L. Lenroot of Wisconsin.

Congressman John M. Nelson and A. H. Dahl, both of the Wisconsin delegation, arrived during the day. Senator Crawford of South Dakota arrived this morning with other delegates from the Western States. Twenty-five States are to be represented in the conference.

It was stated late to-night that Senator La Follette does not expect to attend.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

We've taken the custom-tailor's measure!

The perfect style and fit of our Men's Fall Suits and Overcoats, and the splendid quality of our woolens, unite in presenting a strong argument against the extravagance of having your Clothes made to order.

Fall Suits ....$18 to $50
Light-weight Overcoats $18 to $42
Winter Overcoats ....$18 to $75

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

$50,000 STOCK
UPHOLSTERY FABRICS, PORTIERES AND LACE CURTAINS
TO BE DISPOSED OF AT ABOUT HALF ACTUAL VALUE

We have decided to discontinue the carrying of large stocks in our upholstery department, and hereafter will conduct it on a strictly decorative plan for special order and contract work only.

It is impossible to describe in detail the magnitude of this offering; our reputation is a guarantee that the values and qualities offered are standard in every particular.

$2.50 to $3.50 IMPORTED TAPESTRIES, in verdure effects, suitable for wall decoration and coverings for living room furniture, at, yd... $1.45 TO $2.00
BEST FRENCH LINEN VELOUR, in all popular shades, regularly sold at $2.45 yd. $1.75
BEST QUALITY SILK VELOUR, regularly sold for $3.50, at, yd. $2.60
$6.00 to $30.00 MARIE ANTOINETTE, LACET, and RENAISSANCE CURTAINS, at, pair $4.00 TO $20.00
IMPORTED DOUBLE-FACED VELOUR PORTIERES, in various designs, regularly priced $42.50, at, pair $27.50
$5.50 to $15.00 TAPESTRY PORTIERES, various colors, at, pair $4.00 TO $9.50

To the capacity of our workrooms we will make up all goods sold at this sale into Portieres, Hangings, and Upholstered Furniture at a very nominal charge.

SHEPPARD KNAPP & CO.
39-41 West 23d Street

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MISSES' DRESSES, COATS, SUITS AND WAISTS AT MODERATE PRICES

AFTERNOON DRESSES OF NOVELTY CLOTHS, VELVETEENS, SERGES AND CHARMEUSE; EVENING GOWNS OF SOFT SATINS, TAFFETAS, CHIFFON AND SPANGLED NETS; COATS FOR STREET AND EVENING WEAR OF TWEED, VELVETEEN, ETC., TAILOR-MADE SUITS IN THE NEWEST DESIGNS; SEPARATE WAISTS OF SATINS, EMBROIDERED CHIFFONS, ETC.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Overcoats—Fall and winter weights; big, rough, shaggy, bear-like brutes and some less rough, but just as brutal in breaking wintry blasts. Then there's the smooth, well-groomed kind, also able to put one over on Jack Frost. Domestic and imported fabrics and makes. From $15 to $55.

For Men and Young Men, Ready-to-Wear

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125TH ST., at Third Av.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., West of Broadway.
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.

This GIMBEL Monday-Morning Announcement
Is particularly one that you, for your own interest, will be wise to read all the way through.

For It Brings News of So Many Uncommon
events that affect your own comfort, that of your family, and of your home, for this coming Winter.

And All at the Most Emphatic Economies
that you will be minded to start for GIMBELS as soon after breakfast as you possibly can.

WHAT PARIS IS PROUDEST OF
in the way of Fashions in Women's Tailored Suits, is admirably set forth in an extraordinary group of 2,000 Tailored Suits at $25, $35 and $45, that are close reproductions, even to the fabrics, of new models from the most famous Paris tailors. Third Floor

VERITABLE VISIONS OF LOVELINESS
are rife among the new Chiffon Blouses at $18.75, copied from $100 originals by Agnes and other Parisian designers. French Lingerie Blouses have arrived to sell at $5 to $14.75, instead of $8.75 to $22.50. Third Floor

6,500 FINISHING TOUCHES
to as many smart Autumn costumes will be found in this sale of $3.50 to $7.50 Silk Petticoats at $1.95 to $5.95. Main and Second Floors

TEN DISTINCT RAINBOWS
could be constructed out of the seventy different shades in the extraordinary offering of Imported $2.50 Broadcloth at $1.35 a yard that forms the chief feature of the first Autumn Sale of Dress Goods. Main and Second Floors

SUCH QUANTITIES OF RUGS
as came to us as a result of buying the bankrupt stock of the Fries-Harley Company, makers of fine Wilton and Kashmir Rugs, and Saranac and Gloucester Bath Rugs, have produced the most extraordinary offering of floor-coverings that we have ever known. Main and Sixth Floors and Subway Store

THE BRIDGE-PLAYING HOSTESS
also the foresighted gift-giver who's thinking of Christmas, will be delighted with the sale of Sterling Silver Deposit Ware, at less than half price, and of Sheffield plate reproductions at a third less. Main Floor

THE TURKEY IS ON HIS WAY
which reminds one that such offerings as these of Table Damasks, China Dinner Sets and Cut Glass are very timely: Lace Curtains and Portieres, too, to put the home in hospitable garb. Second, Fifth and Sixth Floors

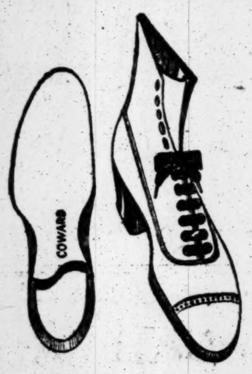
THE SOUL FOR MUSIC
is encouraged by a remarkable disposal, in the Subway Store, of 104 Pianos and Piano-players at the lowest prices they have ever borne.

ALTOGETHER, THE TIME IS RIGHT
for a most profitable trip to GIMBELS this morning.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF."

Straight Inner Line Last
For Women
(with Coward Extension Heel)



WEAKNESS in the foot structure causes falling arch and "flat-foot" conditions.

The helpful, scientific support of this Coward Shoe, relieves and remedies these prevalent foot ailments.

A shoe so sensible, beneficial and efficient, that orthopedic surgeons accept it as the correct shoe, and recommend its wearing.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Department for over 30 years.

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Our stock, while the largest in the city, is so assorted that a selection which meets the specifications as to price, quality and finish is quickly and easily made.

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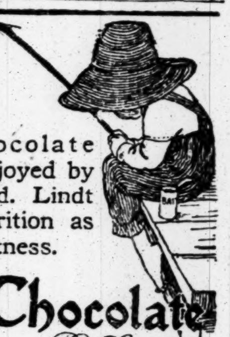

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Rod. Lindt fils

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Imported in Cakes and Wafers at $1. per pound at the best stores everywhere.
All Sizes, 5c.—$1.
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$1,000—$500—$100
Offered at par and interest.
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Assets, $10,000,000
Capital, $3,950,000
Write for Information—Circular "5"

¶Fall Brides will find our Wedding Invitations beautifully executed and in the correct form of present social usage. Samples free.

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ESTABLISHED 1857
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STORE: 40 John Street
FACTORY: 441 Pearl Street

WANTS A MEMORIAL TO OUR FIRST MAYOR

City Club Would Mark Thomas Willett's Grave Near Providence, R. I.

NO PICTURE OF HIM FOUND

Member Has Sought One Vainly Both in This Country and Europe for Several Months.

Charles H. Strong, President of the City Club, happened recently to be in Riverside, a suburb of Providence, where the neglected grave of Thomas Willett, the first Mayor of New York, was pointed out to him. It is marked only by small weathered bits of slate, upon which the inscriptions grow more illegible with every passing season. There is no fence about the plot, but the grave is on a fine knoll at the head of Bullock's Cove, and there is a view of tide water near at hand. On the headstone the chance passer-by finds this inscription:

> 1674. Here lyes ye body of wor. Thomas Willett, Esq., who died August 4 in 64th yr. of his age.

But on the foot-piece there is this further record of the man:

> Who was the first Mayor of New York and twice did sustain ye place.

Feeling it a pity that this spot should be overlooked, and that the City Club might fittingly interest itself in the matter of its preservation, Mr. Strong brought about the appointment of a committee to see the Mayor about it. Of this ex-Surrogate Ransom was made Chairman, but before the committee had met Mr. Strong learned that the question was not a new one, and that Mayor Gaynor months ago had appointed Alexander H. Spencer a committee of one to find some picture of Willett, or at least to consider the best way to establish some memorial for the Colonial official.

Although no picture of Mayor Willett was known to exist, it was hoped that a diligent search would be rewarded by something from which a portrait could be painted to hang among the canvases in City Hall. Mr. Spencer, himself a City Club member, has scoured the country for some likeness of the man, and has even pursued a clue through Holland, but so far without success. When Mr. Strong learned of Mr. Spencer's authority, he held up the club's committee until such time as its members could confer with him. They proposed to lend him their assistance and to back any suitable plan to establish a Willett memorial.

This year marks the three hundredth anniversary of Willett's birth. He was an Englishman who came over from Leyden in 1630 to labor as trader and sea captain in the Plymouth colony, where at one time he was a Magistrate. But Willett spent much of his time in New Amsterdam, and it is recorded of him that he was the first to break to Peter Stuyvesant the news of the coming of the hostile English fleet in 1664.

After the surrender Willett accompanied the officers who went to take possession of Albany as a mediator with the Indians, and, the chronicle runs, he, being a "sagacious and politique" man, became the first Mayor of New York. This was in 1665, and he had his appointment at the hands of Gov. Nicolls. He was Mayor again two years later.

When the Dutch retook the colony in 1673 Willett's property in New York was confiscated, and he retired to New England. He seems to have been a robust, picturesque pioneer and very devout. It is told of him that while he was governing at Penobscot, Me., Indians were scheming to pounce on his settlement with intent to massacre. Advance scouts of the savages peering from among the trees found Willett reading the Bible and looking so solemn and sombre withal that they gathered from his face that their project had been discovered. They promptly abandoned it.

His great-grandson, Marinus Willett, served in the Revolution from beginning to end, and as second in command at Fort Stanwix, in August, 1777, he led a sally against the main force of Col. Barry St. Leger which gave the victory to the militia at Oriskany. This descendant of Mayor Willett served this city in the same capacity, being appointed when De Witt Clinton was removed from the office, in 1807. Marinus Willett died here in 1830. His son, who bore his name, was a learned theologian, who taught Hebrew and Biblical literature at Wesleyan University in the forties, producing considerable Biblical literature himself.

WONDERS HOW PASTORS LIVE

Low Pay Forces Them to Take Funeral Fees, Says Dr. Moore.

Taking his text from St. Luke, "The Laborer is Worthy of His Hire," the Rev. Dr. Addison Moore, associate pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, preaching last night on "When Clergymen Accept Fees for Funerals, is the Clergymen, the Church, or the Community to be Criticised?" blamed both the Church and the public.

"Clergymen," he said, "are liable to suffer from the criticism of friends and foes alike. If he spends more time in study than in the homes of his people he is not social. If he devotes himself to outside affairs of the Church it is said often that he spends too little time on his sermons. And so it goes with the acceptance of fees.

"The astounding thing is not in the acceptance of fees, but that so many ministers are able to exist as well as they do on the little they get paid. Yet many a clergyman turns over his fees from funerals and weddings to the poor of the parish. And many refuse fees for such service.

"Yet if all did accept them," said the preacher, "I believe the criticism would lie with the Church which makes it necessary for them to do so, which makes them dependent in so many ways. The laborer is indeed worthy of his hire, and he should be paid enough so that when called upon he may give his service freely for the edification and benefit of those to whom he ministers. Then if fees are given they might be turned over to the poor."

DEAN HURLBURT SPEAKS UP.

Rebukes Reply to Crane on College Morals Made by Harvard Editor.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—Dean Byron S. Hurlburt of Harvard in an article written for The Harvard Crimson, pronounces false the statements regarding lax morality at Harvard made by R. T. Crane of Chicago. He also severely criticises the reply to Mr. Crane made by Editor H. K. Moderwell, Harvard, '12, in The Harvard Monthly. Speaking of Moderwell's article, Dean Hurlburt writes:

"In the sections which he heads "The Core of the Problem" and "The Pressure of Sex" he is strangely blind—utterly oblivious to man's better nature, and this blindess is the more unfortunate because the unthinking reader outside the college, the reader who does not know college men, will believe that here again he has the whole truth about them, when in reality he has but a very little part, and that the lowest in the scale.

"The injury here done colleges by the reply is far greater than that wrought by the attack. To the thoughtful no such harm accrues; for him the forgetfulness of the greater truth that for so many has outweighed the lesser and swung them to virtue's side, makes not merely this part but the whole ring untrue. It is more than jejune and sophomoric; it sinks to the depths (the word level should not be debased) of the expository advertisement of a quack physician."

"Is chivalry quite dead! Is there no place for that dear recollection of so many men, young and old alike, of companionship at home, of love and noble living that have developed the little child's blind faith that father and mother can do no wrong into the young man's strong resolve that for his father's sake there shall be no stain on his integrity, and for the sake of her who bore him all women shall for him be pure?

"What of the quick response to the clear call of duty 'that has made college authorities who have been in the business two hundred years' (surely not all of these men have been liars) firm in their faith? Certainly of all college teachers, those who administer discipline see the seamiest of whatever seamy side there is in college life. Why is it that all of these men are optimists! Why is their faith in the innate nobility of American youth so strong?

RAPS CARNEGIE FUND RULES.

Tufts Says They Have Not Improved Quality of Its Medical Students.

MEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 15.—The application of the Carnegie Foundation's recommendations on medical education in the last year at the Tufts Medical School has resulted in "a marked decrease in numbers without any perceptible improvement in the quality of the men admitted," according to President Frederick W. Hamilton of Tufts College in his annual report to the trustees, made public to-night.

President Hamilton declares that "the schools which have prospered since the publication of the Carnegie Foundation report on medical education are the poorest and least scrupulous." He reports that Tufts Medical School adopted the Carnegie Foundation suggestions restricting applicants for admission, but in general he finds that the suggestions, when practically worked out, do not secure better men or a higher standard of scholarship.

"No set of purely mechanical tests can ever determine the student's ability to do college work," said President Hamilton. "Our colleges are in some danger of yielding too far to the standardizing pressure and forbidding entrance to, or actually casting out, some of the really best and most promising youth of our country.

"In every doubtful instance the real test of a man's moral right to be in college is his ability to do the work, not his ability to satisfy entrance requirements."

TAILORS PLAN A BIG STRIKE.

General Walk-Out in a Few Months to Enforce Garment Workers' Demands.

The second day's session of a convention called by the United Tailors' Council of the United States and Canada, which was organized for the purpose of arranging for a national strike of garment workers next year in all the cities, was held yesterday in the Forsyth Building, 79 and 81 Forsyth Street. The convention was attended by delegates from New York, Philadelphia, Rochester, Chicago, Cleveland, Minneapolis, and Baltimore.

A committee from the Women's Trades Union League, representing the organizations of the women workers appeared at the meeting and promised the assistance of the league in organizing the women in the various garment-working trades so as to be in readiness for the proposed strike. A committee was appointed to call at the headquarters of the United Garment Workers of America to ask the co-operation of the unions represented in that body in organizing for the strike.

Arrangements will be made to-day to call meetings throughout the country in preparation for the general strike, which may begin in January.

CAUGHT ON MORGAN'S FARM.

Alleged Firebug Hiding There Had Just Been Warned to Flee.

Joe Sylvester, a poolroom proprietor of Passaic, N. J., who was indicted for an incendiary fire in Carlstadt, was arrested yesterday on J. P. Morgan's farm at Highland Falls just after he had received a telegram advising him to change his hiding place. He is now in the Hackensack Jail.

Sylvester and his brother hired a house in Carlstadt and moved there two months ago. Their furniture, valued at $100, was said to have been insured for $1,000 when on Sept. 19 fire destroyed part of the house. Bags containing oil were found hanging on the walls when firemen got in.

Paupers to Visit the New Cathedral.

Several hundred Episcopalian inmates of the city homes on Blackwell's Island will make their first visit to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on Morningside Heights to-morrow afternoon at the invitation of the Right Rev. David H. Greer, Bishop of New York. They will be taken aboard the steamer Lowell at 1 P. M., and will be carried down the East River to the bay and up the North River to the pier at the foot of West 11th Street, where they will be carried by special conveyances to the Cathedral.

CARDINAL GIBBONS CELEBRATES JUBILEE

His Fiftieth Year as a Priest and Twenty-fifth as a Prince of the Church.

PRELATES COME FROM AFAR

Pontifical Delegate and Nine of America's Twelve Archbishops at Baltimore Cathedral Ceremony.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 15.—Nearly all the prelates of the American Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church of which Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop of Baltimore, is the primate, took part to-day in the spectacular ceremony in the Baltimore Cathedral in honor of the Cardinal's golden jubilee as priest and his silver jubilee as a prince of the Church. The vast edifice was packed with prominent laymen from this city, Washington, and many from other cities. The procession was from Calvert Hall around the Cathedral Square to the main entrance.

In the ranks were men notable in the Catholic Church and in public affairs. There were nine of America's twelve Archbishops in violet with the golden pectoral cross—such men as Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, Archbishop Farley of New York, Archbishop Blenk of New Orleans, and Archbishop Glennon of St. Louis, each attended by his chaplain. Among the Archbishops were Diomede Falconio, the Apostolic Delegate, and Paul Bruchesi of Montreal. Among the thirty Bishops was Hugh MacSherry of South Africa.

And there were the mitred Abbots, venerable heads of monasteries, an extended line of priests, among them members of the various religious communities. There were the representatives of the monastic orders in their cowls and cassocks, the bearded Capuchins, the brown Franciscans, the Dominicans, all in white; the Passionists, and the Jesuits.

There were three civilians in the line. They were W. E. Mankins of New York, who received the decoration of Knighthood in the Order of St. Gregory, at the hands of the Pope. He wore a scarlet waistcoat, in which gleamed a number of jeweled decorations which he has received. The other two civilians were Aristides Leonardi of Rome and Edward du Mee of Philadelphia, both of whom wore the scarlet coat apostolic chancellor and marched beside the apostolic delegate.

All passed to the sanctuary, crowding it in every part and overflowing to the aisles, and when each had found his place the sacred rite began.

The Cardinal stood under the red canopy on the Gospel side, while a subdued melody came from the strings of a harp. When all was ready he moved with his throng of attendants to the foot of the great marble altar, and the mass began. It was celebrated by the Cardinal, with the Rev. Dr. William A. Fletcher, rector of the cathedral, as deacon and the Rev. P. C. Gavan, Chancellor of the archdiocese, as sub-deacon. Archbishop John J. Glennon of St. Louis delivered the sermon, which was an eloquent tribute to the head of the American Church.

The music was chiefly Gregorian, though there were intervals of figured music, and orchestral instruments were employed in the choir, relieving to a certain extent the sombre color of the palestrina harmonies.

The decorations were confined to the sanctuary. The main altar was ablaze with hundreds of candles and radiant with thousands of Bermuda lilies. Over the altar were the arms of the Church, with the dates of the jubilee—1861, 1886, and 1911. Under them was the Latin motto "Jubilemus deo, Salutari Nostro"—"Let us rejoice unto God, our Saviour."

Following the mass, dinner was served to the visiting clergy at St. Mary's Seminary. In response to a toast proposed for Pope Pius, Archbishop Falconio, the Papal Delegate, thanked the American Catholics for their "well-known loyalty to the Holy See," and offered to Cardinal Gibbons his fecilitations on the occasion of his two-fold jubilee, giving him high praise for his "glorious career."

Archbishop John M. Farley of New York in lauding the Cardinal for what he had accomplished for the Catholic faith in America expressed the hope that eventually he would be seated upon the throne of the Vatican.

In response to the toast to the President of the United States, Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul said that President Taft had not discriminated against Catholics, and that while he had given them no more than their due, they were grateful to him.

The Cardinal, rising at the end of the dinner, said that the prejudices which formerly existed against Catholicism in this country were almost exterminated. He charged the Bishops and Archbishops around with the command to garner by the end of another fifty years 100,000,000 souls for the Catholic Church in this country.

Announcement was made by Bishop Mass of Kentucky that the Cardinal had been made a Doctor of Theology by the Belgian University of Lourain.

Archbishop Falconio presided at the vespers in the cathedral to-night, and the sermon was delivered by Archbishop James H. Blenk of New Orleans.

Archbishop Blenk's sermon was a comprehensive and eulogistic review of the Cardinal's priestly life, treating of his Eminence's personality, his influence, his American spirit, the Cardinal on church and state, on political morality; his books and his attitude on liberalism.

"God meant him for a leader," said the Archbishop of Cardinal Gibbons. "He could not speak as your pastor only, O Catholic people of Maryland; as Cardinal, as primate of the American hierarchy, as Bishop of the National capital, he belongs to the whole country. Many, indeed, listen to him as to the voice of religion, for prejudice disarms when the Cardinal speaks. He, more than any other among us, has directed the course of Catholicism in our land. But above all he has expressed most truly and clearly the Catholic thought and sentiment of America, and thereby crystallized them."

After the vesper services the Cardinal and the visiting dignitaries and clergy of the Church rested for the rather strenuous exercises attending the opening of the convention of the Holy Name Society to-morrow. This will be one of the greatest gatherings of Catholics ever assembled in America, and will be a glowing tribute to the esteem in which Cardinal Gibbons is held by members of the Church throughout the land.

There will be in attendance members of the society from all over the land. A conservative estimate places the number at 35,000.

SUICIDE OF ROUGH RIDER.

John Steinlein III, Shoots Himself—Extols Roosevelt's Bravery.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 15.—John Steinlein, a Michigan attorney, who removed to Idaho not long ago, shot and killed himself some time last night at his new home at Sand Point, Idaho. He was afflicted with an incurable cancer. Steinlein, who was a rough rider in the Spanish War under Col. Theodore Roosevelt, left a note which was found with his body and in which he declared:

"With all the courage of my one-time leader, I kill myself rather than suffer longer."

Mrs. Steinlein, in the next room, heard the shot, but thought it was fired outside the house. Steinlein was 63 years old. He was admitted to the bar at Saginaw, Mich., in 1884. He was one time prosecuting attorney of Chippewa County, Michigan, and prominent in politics. He was a great admirer of former President Roosevelt.

YOUTH KILLS HIS FATHER.

City Islander Shot During Their Struggle for a Revolver.

Daniel McCarren ran up to Policeman Laughman in Pelham Bay Park last night, and said he had shot his father, William B. McCarren, a retired fireman. Laughman telephoned a Fordham Hospital ambulance, and then ran with McCarren to his home in the old Abbe Mansion, at Marshall's Corner. He found Mrs. McCarren, her two sons, and her brother, Joseph Kearns, trying to revive McCarren, who was shot through the right breast. He died before Dr. Sheridan arrived.

According to the family McCarren was teasing his brother-in-law. Daniel remonstrated with his father, and finally ran into his room and returned with his revolver. His father and brothers tried to wrest it from him, and in the struggle McCarren was shot.

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(Pronounced Sheris)

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Pure Olive Oil Insures A Sound Digestion

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Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our book of 75 Delicious Salad Recipes. Where dealers cannot supply Chiris order direct.

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METAL LINED. GLASS LINED. ENAMELED STEEL LINED.
The Perfection of Cleanliness and Economy
130 & 132 WEST 42D STREET, NEW YORK.

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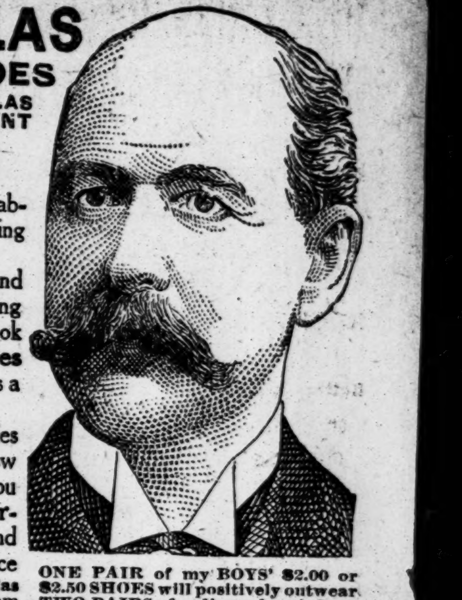
Men's Brighton Bluchers
Tan Grained Leather
Full double soles clear to the heels. Extra strong stitching. Mighty good shoes for cold or wet days $7

SIXTH AVENUE, AT NINETEENTH STREET.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES
MEN WHO WEAR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES MAKE NO EXPERIMENT
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS



The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying W. L. Douglas shoes.

Look in my store windows and inspect all the latest shapes, including Short Vamps which make the foot look smaller, also the Conservative Styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2.00 or $2.50 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:

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NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.—"Uneeda Biscuit." | NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.—"Uneeda Biscuit."

Why is the soda cracker to-day such a universal food?

People ate soda crackers in the old days, it is true—but they bought them from a barrel or box and took them home in a paper bag, their crispness and flavor all gone.

To-day there is a soda cracker which is *the recognized staple* — Uneeda Biscuit.

Uneeda Biscuit are the most nutritious food made from flour and should be eaten every day by every member of the family from the youngest to the oldest.

Uneeda Biscuit—soda crackers better than any ever made before—made in the greatest bakeries in the world—baked to perfection—packed to perfection—kept to perfection until you take them, oven-fresh and crisp, from their protecting package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

HILL LINES HIT HARD BY POOR GRAIN CROP

Freight and Passenger Receipts in 1910 Show a Decrease of $4,186,000.

NO TROUBLE ABOUT DIVIDENDS

Better Harvest This Year Brightens the Outlook, Says L. W. Hill, President of the Great Northern.

James J. Hill's Great Northern Railway was hard hit by the light grain crop of 1910. Its freight traffic for the year, the report for which has just been issued, decreased $3,296,000 and its passenger revenues $890,000. Increase in mail and express receipts extinguished part of this loss, so that the total decrease in gross earnings was kept down to $3,207,000.

In spite of the poor business the company had no difficulty in earning the 7 per cent. dividend on its $210,00,000 stock. Its surplus after charges was $17,517,000, equivalent to 8.3 per cent., a margin of $2,818,000 over requirements.

On May 1 last the Great Northern executed a mortgage for $600,000,000, the largest mortgage ever placed upon a railway property. To date, only $45,000,000 bonds under this have been issued, of which $35,000,000 have been sold, while $10,000,000 remain in the treasury. More than half the authorized issue is reserved to refund prior mortgage bonds and the Great Northern-Northern Pacific, C., B. & Q. collateral 4 per cent. bonds. Another $100,000,000 has been reserved to be issued at a rate not exceeding $3,000,000 a year to cover cost of construction and the acquisition of additional railways and equipment. The total amount of Great Northern bonds in the hands of the public on June 30 last was $144,331,000.

The Great Northern expended during the year $6,251,000 for additions and betterments, of which $4,078,000 was supplied by the fund for permanent improvements. In return for the large advances made for the construction of the new Spokane, Portland & Seattle line the Great Northern has received $20,000,000 in stock and $30,500,000 in 4 per cent. bonds.

L. W. Hill, President of the Great Northern, explains that the decrease in freight revenue was caused by the small grain crop and the resulting falling off in merchandise traffic and the general business depression. Earnings from the transportation of wheat, rye, oats, barley, and flax seed were $3,411,000 less than in the preceding year. There was also a large decrease in lumber traffic. The smaller volume of high-grade tonnage caused a decline in the ton-mile rate to 8.096 mills. The decrease in passenger traffic was due to the same cause as the loss in freight revenue.

The report says that the grain crops in the Great Northern's territory in Minnesota and the Dakotas this year will probably be a little less than a fair average. The crop in Montana is large and that in Washington above the average for several years. Local business conditions along the company's lines are better than last year.

STOPS FLEEING AUTOIST.

Witness Jumps on Running Board and Halts Car That Hit a Man.

On the complaint of Gustav Lukatis of 781 St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx, a young man who said he was Frederick Thoman of 369 East 159th Street, was locked up in the Alexander Avenue Station yesterday afternoon charged with speeding away after his automobile had knocked down and seriously injured Frederick Gerhard of 22 Hamilton Avenue, White Plains.

At 146th Street Gerhard was crossing Third Avenue when the machine struck him and hurled him several feet. Lukatis was by the side of Gerhard at the time, and he jumped on the running board of the automobile, he says, as it flashed by. Lukatis said he got his hand on the steering gear of the car, and the machine was brought to a stop.

Patrolman Luspiel of the Alexander Avenue Station was called, and he summoned Dr. Freestone from Lincoln Hospital to attend to Gerhard. The ambulance surgeon found that Gerhard had received internal injuries and numerous abrasions and contusions. He took him to the hospital.

While waiting for the ambulance two young women who were in the car got out and disappeared. Thoman said that the automobile belonged to his father, the police assert.

DIPLOMAT'S DAUGHTER DIES.

Miss Mentufar's Brother Won't Say Delay in Operating Was to Blame.

Mercedes Montufar, daughter of Dr. Lorenzo Montufar, former Minister to this country from Guatemala, died last Friday in the Flower Hospital following an operation for cancer of the stomach. Miss Montufar, who was 32 years old, was brought to this country several weeks ago by her brother Rafael, a lawyer, of Ridgewood, N. J., and placed in the care of Dr. E. Guernsey Rankin of 226 East Fifty-ninth Street.

It was reported that Mr. Montufar, at the time of his sister's death, charged the administration of President Estrada Cabrera of Guatemala with delaying his bringing his sister from Guatemala to this country, and of thus being responsible indirectly for her death. Mr. Montufar would neither deny nor discuss the charge.

Dr. Lorenzo Montufar, father of the girl, became a close friend of James G. Blaine while in this country. He lives in Guatemala, and is prominent as a lawyer, and in politics is opposed to President Cabrera.

SINGS FOR THE "DORMITES."

Hartley Hall, Columbia, Has a Concert When Messenger Boy Appears.

It was just after dinner and the lobby of Hartley Hall, Columbia University, was crowded when a small messenger boy appeared with a message.

While waiting he turned to one of the groups and asked: "Want ter hear me sing?"

They did, and in a moment the hall was singing with the latest song hit. To show his versatility the youngster interspersed his songs with monologue.

The singing attracted other "dormites," and soon he had a full-sized audience. After the hat was passed he departed with his pockets bulging.

PARDON CAME TOO LATE.

Wrench Does Not Get Home in Time to See His Son Alive.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Though Gov. Dix wrote and signed his pardon while riding on a New York limited train, Bernard L. Wrench, sent to Auburn Prison for misappropriating monel of the Town of Whitestown, Oneida County, of which he was Supervisor, reached home too late last night to see his son alive.

The pitiful cries of the lad on Friday caused friends to intercede with Gov. Dix, and he was found on the Twentieth Century Limited while en route to Chicago shortly after the train left Utica. He drew up the pardon after hearing the story, and Wrench was released from Auburn on Saturday afternoon. He left at once for Utica, was met here with an automobile and hurried home, but the boy had died a few moments before.

ALL CHILDREN LIE, HE SAYS.

Felix Adler Thinks There Is a Popular Retrogression of Morals.

Dr. Felix Adler, addressing the Ethical Culture Society at its morning services yesterday, said that the human race was sliding backward in its morals, that petty stealing was common among children and falsehood universal among them.

He began by saying that everywhere there was an uprising against Sunday schools. He added that the Society for Ethical Culture since its inception had tabooed the Sunday school, believing that the child should be taught daily in order that it should have a proper moral standard. He declared that the mystery of the Trinity—three persons in one God—could not be taught to children and that the whole method of teaching in the Sunday schools was wrong.

"Humanity," said Dr. Adler, "is always losing ground as well as gaining it—morally. There is a slipping back, a retrogresion. Mankind of the twentieth century is losing the moral virtues that mankind of the fifteenth century possessed. I refer particularly to the loss of reverence toward old people. The tendency of the present day is to encourage the young to cease to reverence their parents and the aged. It is nothing less than teaching them the grossest ingratitude."

Then he deplored the "overrating of sports." He said he looked in his morning papers for some news of the uprising in China, but found nothing there but baseball.

WOMAN ESCAPES FROM NURSE

Husband Fears Mrs. Cotta May Have Killed Herself.

Mrs. Caroline Cotta, 60 years old, left her home, at 566 West 182d Street, on Saturday evening and has not returned. The woman was suffering from a nervous breakdown, and her husband, Charles Cotta, a Custom House employe, is fearful that she may have committed suicide, as she had threatened to do for a week back.

Cotta's fear is redoubled by the fact that he traced his wife to the Speedway, whence she could have jumped into the river. She has been under the care of a trained nurse, and slipped out of the house when the nurse went to a drug store for some medicine and her husband, left alone with her, dropped into a doze.

Cotta and the trained nurse scoured the neighborhood for trace of her. A woman answering her description had been seen to go down the stairs from Washington Bridge to the Speedway, and Cotta reported this to the police of the West 152d Street Station. A mounted policeman rode all over the Speedway, but found no trace of Mrs. Cotta.

A general alarm has been sent out for her.

CHILD ATTACKS TEACHER.

Boy of Seven, in a Fury, Beats Young Woman with a Chair.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Oct. 15.—Miss Edith Chase, a teacher in the Montclair outdoor school for children of tuberculous tendencies, has been removed to her home in New York City suffering from serious injuries resulting from an attack made upon her by Benedict Annello, a seven-year-old pupil.

Annello had been a disturbing factor in the school since the reopening of the present term, and Miss Chase had found it necessary to reprove him on several occasions. On Friday he was especially noisy, and when Miss Chase corrected him he flew at her, biting and scratching. Miss Chase's hands and arms were torn, and she retreated before the attack. Annello then picked up a chair, which he brought down with great force on Miss Chase's bosom. Miss Chase almost fell from the force of the blow, but she tried to seize the chair. Annello again raised the chair, however, and hurled it at the teacher. The chair hit Miss Chase in the abdomen, and she fell to the floor crying with pain.

The twenty-two pupils in the school ran screaming from the tent, which forms the shelter for the class. The janitor at the Maple Avenue School, near by, heard the cries of the children, and hurried up. He was just in time to prevent Miss Chase from receiving another blow with the chair. The janitor seized Annello.

The outdoor school will be reopened to-morrow in charge of another teacher. Annello will be sent to the school for delinquent boys.

Blind Poor Get City Money To-day.

Blind poor to the number of 544 will receive this morning their annual allowance from the Department of Public Charities, at Twenty-sixth Street and East River. Commissioner Michael J. Drummond has eliminated about 50 of those who received help last year, and the share each will receive to-day will be increased by about $10.

MOST OF OLD STATE BANKNOTES HERE

Of the $27,706 Out Against National Banks $16,516 Are New York Issues.

WORTH FULL FACE VALUE

National Bank Law Holds Old Issues as Liabilities Without Regard to Time Limit.

There remained among the liabilities of the 7,301 National banks reporting to the Controller of the Currency at the time of the latest report, that of Spet. 1 last, the small item of $27,706 "State banknotes outstanding." No other item among the more than ten billions of either liabilities or assets requires less than seven figures for its expression, and the smallness of the State banknote liability, as well as the circumstance that it has shrunk by one dollar this year, led to some curiosity as to the status of the old notes and the institutions to which they belong. There are, of course, many thousands and millions of dollars' worth, face value, of the notes issued under the old State banking system before the Federal banking law of 1863 put a prohibitive tax on them, but most of these old notes which turn up from time to time in old safes and out of the way corners are the obligations of defunct institutions and in most instances valueless, as many have found to their disappointment, but besides the $27,706 outstanding against present National banks there are perhaps hundreds of thousands of State banknotes outstanding against State institutions which are still good for their face value and which would be gladly redeemed on presentation.

In New York State, according to the report of the State Banking Department, there are some $146,211 such notes out against five institutions. The Bank of the Manhattan Company, for instance, had $44,721 of its old notes still out at the first of last year. The Onondaga County Bank had the largest number of all, amounting to $77,979, and the Delaware & Hudson Canal Bank the smallest amount, $705.

The National banks against which, in the Controller of the Currency's list, appear the item "State banknotes outstanding," are, of course, institutions which were originally State banks. It is interesting to note that $16,516 of the total of $27,706 are against banks in New York, and that Chicago and St. Louis institutions have none, while those of the other reserve cities have only $468, the remaining $10,723 being scattered among the country banks. The latest report of the Controller, which included a detailed statements of the National banks, was that of 1904, and in that year it is shown that the Chemical National Bank and the Importers and Traders National Bank had $16,531 in old State currency outstanding. They were the only two in New York City against which the item appeared.

The provisions of the New York State law as to the redemption of State banknotes and the release of the bank if the notes are not presented within six years, does not apply to State banks converted into National banks. Neither do whatever laws exist in other States exempt institutions converted into National banks from their original obligations, but an old-timer in the banking business in New York explained last week that it had been his experience in dealing with many hundreds of thousands of old State banknotes that outside of those issued by existing New York State or New England institutions, and banks which had joined the National banking system, few of the old notes were redeemable. He cited an instance of a dozen years back, when a package of old State banknotes containing nearly $100,000 in face value was found in an unused corner of his safe. The package was a relic of the days after the civil war, when speculation in State banknotes was a recognized activity in Wall Street. Of the lot, he said, the only notes on which recovery was made were those of the Chemical Bank, now the Chemical National, and two other banks, one in New Orleans and the other in Boston. Unfortunately, the Chemical notes and those of the other two institutions amounted to only a few dollars.

The old State banknotes are constantly turning up among dealers in obsolete securities, but so little hope for their redemption is held out, unless they are obligations of some existing Eastern institution, many of which will redeem the note, even where they are not legally liable, that they are bulked as worthless.

Smythe's work on obsolete securities says this of the old State notes:

"These come to hand constantly. In some cases they can be recovered. The laws of the different States vary, but, as a general rule, when a State bank goes out of business, a period is allowed during which the old bank bills can be presented for redemption. This is generally six or eight years after the date of failure. After this time has expired, the bank is relieved from further responsibility for the payment of its notes, and they become worthless except as curiosities. If a bank dissolves and continues business under a different title, this does not always relieve it of responsibility for its old notes, even if it advertises a time limit for their presentation."

In 1863, when the issuance of notes by the State banks was made prohibitive by the imposition of a 10 per cent. tax, there were $238,700,000, or 35.37 per cent. of the entire money of the country, outstanding in State banknotes. In 1837, when the old United States Bank lost its Federal charter, there was $149,185,890, or 67.14 per cent., of the country's money in this form. Up to 1837 the Bank of the United States, by refusing notes of doubtful concerns and requiring redemption of others, had been a check on the circulation of the State banks, which was removed when the bank lost its Federal charter and was operated under the authority of the State of Pennsylvania. In that year after the suspension of specie payments, the notes of State banks were quoted at various rates of discount, and domestic exchange fluctuated violently, bills on Southern points running to as much as 25 per cent. discount.

During the period of wild-cat banking which followed, knowledge of the varying worth of State banknotes was as much a part of tellers' equipment as certainty about signatures. In New England the Boston banks evolved a system of requiring banks to redeem their notes at Boston agencies, which had some effect in stabilizing the system and made the New England and New York notes the safest in the country.

FOR RENAMING THE "ISLAND."

R. W. De Forest Says Drummond's Desire to Do So Is Reason Enough.

Robert W. De Forest, President of the Charity Organization Society, has added his vote at the budget exhibit in favor of the changing of the name of Blackwell's Island to Hospital Park or some other which will remove the stigma which the long association of the island with the County Prison has created.

The vote at the Budget Exhibition now stands more than 30,000 in favor of the change and about 600 against. Mr. De Forest says in a letter:

> I see no objection to changing the name of Blackwell's Island to Hospital Park, as proposed by Commissioner Drummond. The fact that he proposes it, with his knowledge of the situation and of the sensitive feelings of many people who go there, would seem to me a sufficient reason for action.

Commissioner Drummond has received letters from many prominent persons favoring the change. Charity workers and educators especially have been for it. Ex-Mayor Low, Jacob H. Schiff, Mgr. M. J. Lavelle, and George W. Loft, President of the Columbus Day Committee, are among those who have approved.

Mr. Schiff wrote that the change was badly needed, and that "some such name as Hospital Park would, to a considerable degree, eliminate the prejudices of the worthy poor against going there."

Boys' Y. M. C. A. Opens Labor Bureau.

An employment bureau has been opened by the boys' department of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, Eighth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. A. S. Reed, who is in charge of the bureau, says that the demand for boys is far greater than the supply. They have more requests for boys than they can fill. Boys employed in an office, generally speaking, get a better salary than boys who work in mills and stores, and their chance of advancement is better.

The bureau is operated in conjuction with the recently opened school which trains boys for better positions.

BIG BUILDINGS FOR QUEENS.

Two Will Be Built in the Queensboro Bridge Plaza.

Two important moves have been made in the last week looking toward the development of the section in Long Island City surrounding the Queensboro Bridge Plaza. A syndicate has bought a plot at Bridge Plaza South and Prospect Street for $70,000. The purchasers intend to put up an office building. Plans are being drawn and work will be begun in the Spring. It is said that the purchasers are negotiating for other plots in the vicinity.

Plans have been filed also for a big office building to be erected between Radde and Academy Streets on the north side of the plaza. This building will cost $400,000 and will be the finest office building in Queens. The owners of the building, the Queens Plaza Court, Incorporated, announce that they have rented the ground floor to a trust company and a bank.

BOGUS FOOTBALL TICKETS.

Counterfeit Pasteboards Fool Gate Keepers at a High School Game.

The managers of the Erasmus Hall High School Football Association have asked the police to help them find the guilty persons responsible for counterfeiting football tickets for the game with De Witt Clinton High School team on Saturday.

It was found that 175 pale blue tickets, perfect imitations of the genuine pasteboards for the game, were received at the entrance gate.

The only clue that the detectives have in the case is a rumor that several young men, not students of the high school, were seen selling tickets on a corner not far from the football grounds before the game.

TRIBUTE TO SUFFRAGE LEADER

Memorial Services at Auburn, N. Y., to the Late Eliza Wright Osborne.

AUBURN, Oct. 15.—Memorial services for the late Eliza Wright Osborne, one of the recent suffrage leaders of the country and founder of Auburn's $250,000 Woman's Educational and Industrial Union, were held here to-day.

One of the speakers was the Rev. Anna Shaw, President of the National Women's Suffrage Association, who paid tribute to Mrs. Osborne, and named her, with Susan B. Anthony, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, and Elizabeth Smith Miller, as the leaders through whose efforts the suffrage cause to-day has begun to achieve notable triumphs, especially in adding California to the list of suffrage States.

Mrs. Rockefeller's Health Improves.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller attended the First Baptist Church this morning. It was the first time Mrs. Rockefeller had been at church since she returned from Cleveland. She appeared to be in good health and looked well.

While riding in the automobile she was heavily veiled and well bundled in blankets.

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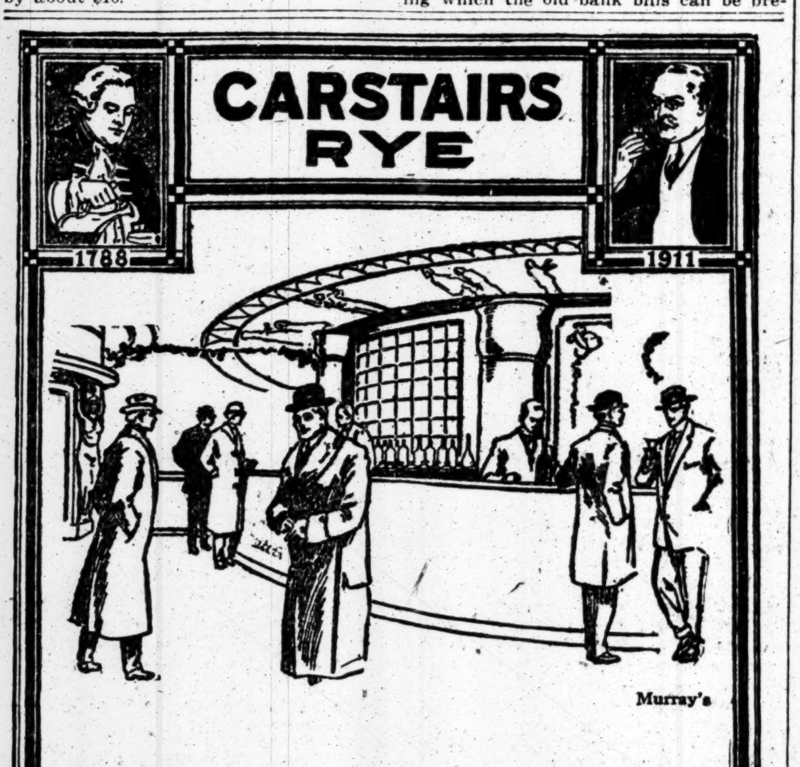

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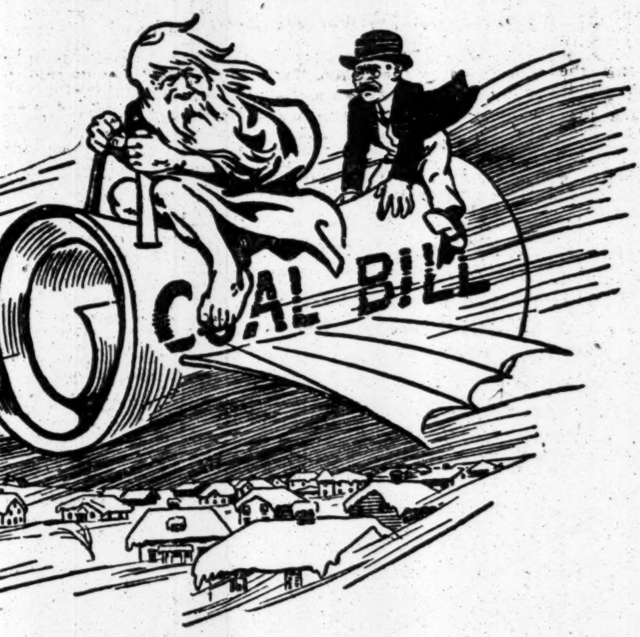

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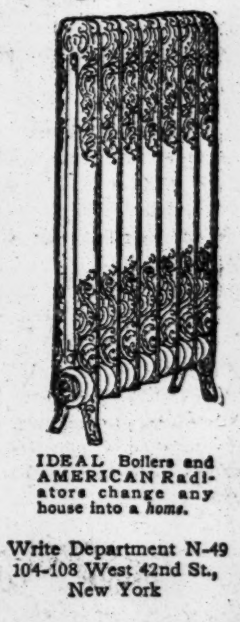

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CONNAUGHT AND CANADA.

In order to appreciate the significance of the Duke of Connaught's taking up the Governor Generalship of the Dominion just at this time it is necessary to think of him not by his title, but as the son of Victoria, the brother of Edward, and the uncle of George. That his rank is higher than that of preceding Governors is less significant than that he is royal by blood, and that never before has the empire commissioned a royal Prince to duty over seas. Hitherto the British dynasty has thought too much of itself, and perhaps too little of the dominions, to risk the complications which would result. The colonies have been considered as dependents to be ruled rather than as partners in the empire. There has been so little disposition to defer to the colonies that they have resented the patronage which they experienced when they went "home," and the reigning family has always thought it prudent to preserve a certain aloofness as a necessity of the case. At any time the home Government might legislate unacceptably to the colonies, and in that case the prestige of a royal Governor abroad might suffer. It was for this reason that Victoria and Edward felt free to avail themselves of the conspicuous fitness of Connaught for this duty. The affectionate attachment of all British subjects for the Crown has been the strongest link binding the colonies to the motherland, and was too precious an asset to be risked against the advantages of the innovation.

That the Duke nevertheless comes to Canada just now results rather from the aloofness of several colonies than the old-time aloofness of Britain. One and all are advancing demands for home rule which must be stemmed if the empire is to be held together. Ireland has long been demanding home rule, and latterly it has been demanding home rule of the Canadian pattern. Redmond has declared that the Nationalists want nothing more, and will take nothing less, and expect to get it in fewer months from now than it required years to erect the monument to Parnell which was unveiled the other day. Canadian home rule means a separate navy under an individual flag, a tariff with discrimination against British products in favor of Canadian products, although, it is true, at a lower rate than similar discrimination against other nations' products, and freedom to abstain from any British wars of which Canada may disapprove. Australia's idea of home rule is even more drastic, her officials having declared that they would resist forcibly immigration of the subjects of the empire's ally, whose unwelcome arrival not even Canada has threatened to go to war about. So little is the empire an entity that one of the subjects which occupied the attention of the Imperial Conference was the standardizing of the conditions of citizenship in its various component parts. The United States could hardly think themselves truly united if the citizens of the States were not equally citizens of the Nation, and if each State felt free to enact tariffs and arrange treaties without control at Washington.

Canada's flirting with the United States regarding reciprocity inspired perception of the necessity for stemming this disintegrating tendency, and the rejection of reciprocity indicated the psychological moment for risking all by arraying affection for royalty against the insidious influence of selfish interest, which had been allowed free play too long. There are other signs of the same thing. The Right Hon. Alfred Lyttelton within a week has declared that he soon would have ready a detailed plan for the union of Britain and Canada by which they would have a union of interests as well as of race and policy. And Balfour has declared that the empire must abandon free trade, since the colonies would not abandon protection. He shivered long on the brink, but on Saturday week plumply declared for the concession to the colonies of what they would not concede to the motherland. This is pretty close to an admission by a considerable section of British opinion that the daughter is something like mistress in the mother's house. The coming of the Duke is a sign of the same sort. The motherland is seeking the colonies as never before.

The Duke is the very man for the errand. He is no mere Prince. He is a man of affairs who has seen responsible duty in many lands in the course of his military career. He has been in Canada in this capacity, and went with his corps to repel what the Canadians call "the frontier raid of 1870." He has declined petty thrones to which he might have succeeded, preferring citizenship in the empire. He has won decorations conferred only for personal accomplishment. Perhaps his most singular distinction is that Victoria allowed him to be toasted in the only speech which tradition records as having been attempted or accomplished by anybody at the Sovereign's dinner table. Lord Wolseley ventured because he knew that Connaught was the good Queen's favorite son. In that capacity his assumption of his delicate task will be welcome to the neighbors of his viceroyalty. Americans wish well both to him and to Canada. The Earl who preceded him had a different task in improving the relations between Canada and the United States. No remnant of that duty remains for Connaught to undertake, but it is not a less task to reduce the rough points in the relation between colony and motherland. The good feeling between all three branches of the Anglo-Saxon family is too deep and sincere for Americans not to wish him all success. Nothing which improves the relation of any one of the three to any other can be harmful to any other. The unity of the three in interest is as plain as the less important difference in political organizations. We have indicated our preference for a nearer commercial relation rather in the manner of the motherland than of the colony, but Canada has dissented. We have accommodated ourselves to the situation as gracefully as we may, in full confidence that the progress of events will show that the motherland is more nearly right than the colony.

CHINESE FIGURES.

Chinese politicians, when they come to this country, do not lose the fertile and picturesque imagination that pervades their national literature. When Mr. C. S. Gunn of the Young China Association informs the readers of The Times that "400,000,000 of the 426,000,000 people in China are in sympathy with the movement" of which the elusive Mr. Sun Yat Sen is the reputed leader, he puts a fine touch of statistical impartiality upon his figures by saying that "advices received show" them to be "probably correct."

The most trustworthy estimate of the population of the Chinese Empire was made by one American Minister, about five years ago, after careful study of all the data, official or other, that were available. It fixed the approximate total at 270,000,000. This estimate agreed substantially with that made about fifteen years since by French scientists connected with the Government of Tonquin in the South. Chinese official estimates have been in the neighborhood of 400,000,000, an increase of some 50 per cent. over any figures for which trustworthy support has been found by foreign investigators. The size of the population does not, however, affect the merits of the insurrectionary or reform movement. If that commands the active sympathy of even one-half the people of China, the Manchu Dynasty will be overthrown, though what may happen afterward it would be rash to try to predict.

DISINTEGRATING A TRUST.

The summary of the American Tobacco Company's plan of disintegration, under the order of the Supreme Court, which is to be filed in the United States Circuit Court to-day, indicates that all the requirements of the law specified in the higher court's decision will be fairly met. The five "accessory companies" which were held to constitute combinations in restraint of trade are to be broken up, and not one of the newly formed organizations will hold a monopoly in any branch of the tobacco trade. Inevitably all the new companies will have many stockholders in common at the outset, but the stock is all marketable and in course of time may be largely redistributed. The order of the court as to complete disintegration, therefore, is probably carried out in all essential matters, though the publication of the complete plan is likely to make certain points of it clearer to the public intelligence.

If the courts are satsfied by the proposed new arrangement, probably the public will be equally satisfied. The relationships between the wholesale and retail trade, between the manufacturers of the various tobacco products and the distributers, will be readjusted according to both the spirit and the letter of the anti-trust law. There will be no further restraint of trade, and competition will be free. The public mind, so far as it has been concerned by the doings of the trust which is now broken, will be relieved. With most of the holders of American Tobacco securities the same thing is true. The treatment or holders of bonds and preferred stock will be considered perfectly satisfactory in the circumstances.

The holders of common stock of the American Tobacco Company, inevitably, must suffer. Their estimated money losses will be heavy, as they must pay the cost of disintegration and reorganization. But this stock has never been widely distributed, and has been very profitable. It has been quoted at 500, and its price on the eve of disintegration is 400. The twenty-nine individual defendants in the Government's suit hold 56 per cent. of this stock. The holders must purchase the stock of the new companies for cash at par, which represents an assessment of nearly $37,000,000 on their holdings of common stock, and they will lose also $22,000,000 as the cost of the changes, such as the redemption of bonds at above par, the increased interest, and the preferred dividend charges. The comparatively few outside holders of common stock, therefore, may utter complaints.

As for the reception of the summary of the plan by the independent tobacco interests, it is not likely that any plan whatever that would tend to conserve the right of investors in any of the trust's securities, and, so far as possible, preserve the various branches of that huge business from ruin, would meet with their cordial approval. More will be known of the proposals, their effect on the public, and the attitude of the court toward them, within a few days. The various stages of this first effort to disintegrate a trust, under the law, while protecting and reorganizing its various branches, will form an important chapter in the history of modern finance.

BASEBALL FINANCE.

Of course it is not restraint of trade, but it is "high finance." With 38,281 spectators who had paid for admission and seats $77,359, and as much more as the speculators demanded, the first game of the World's Series of 1911 shows that grand opera is no fit competitor with the National game. How much money was spent to see the Giants beat the Athletics by one run on Saturday will never be known. But the official receipts were large enough to justify the distribution of $41,773 among the players of the two clubs, while each club received $13,924 and the National Baseball Commission took $7,736. Everybody was well paid for his day's work.

As for the scandal caused by the mismanagement in the sale of tickets, obviously that is to be set aside as a trivial matter. A high authority declares that "all the kicking" has been done by a "few soreheads" who "have never seen a game of baseball." Anyhow, he has no time for investigation now, and he has discovered no facts to warrant one. He and his fellows are too busy counting their money. And, as he does not care for the money of people who have "never seen a game of baseball," it may be surmised that he has all the money he wants. Happy man! Happy National Baseball Commission! But if they keep on the way they are going the managers of the Major League will manage to decrease the profits of their enterprise by killing the goose that lays the golden eggs.

SPOILS?

Apparently Mr. Murphy has not complete confidence in the friendliness of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, of which Mr. James Creelman is President, and prefers the temper of the State Commission. We can account in no other way for the fact, reported in The Tribune, that the State Commission "has notified the Municipal Civil Service Commission to strike from its regulations all reference to the Board of Elections, and has stated that it (the State Commission) has decided to place in the exempt class the twenty-five places in the Board of Elections that are now competitive."

It is fair to assume that the exemption of these places from the tests of examination and the turning of them into political spoils would have been just as welcome to Mr. Murphy from the City Commission as from the State Commission, and that the State Commission was chosen for the job because the City Commission would not perform it. The choice is a tribute to the honesty and good sense of the City Commission in the performance of its duty.

But the City Commission has no notion of submitting to the scheme to deprive it of the functions allotted to it by law. President Creelman, after securing legal advice from the Corporation Counsel, Mr. Watson, has asked the Controller to refuse to certify the payrolls for the positions with which the State Commission has undertaken to meddle. This will compel the State Commission to resort to a mandamus to give effect to its action, and the question will be settled by the courts. Our impression is that the courts will sustain the course of the City Comission. In any case it is worth while pointing out that the exemption of these places from proper tests of merit and fitness in the appointees is another instance of the influence of Mr. Murphy at Albany and of the recklessness with which he employs it.

THE WINGDALE PRISON.

It is not yet clearly known what are the grounds of Gov. Dix's action in requesting the resignation of the State Prison Commission, but so far as it is based on his opposition to the completion of the new prison at Wingdale in the town of Dover, Dutchess County, which the commission urge, all accessible information indicates that he is making a serious mistake.

The offical reports show that the Wingdale Prison site is ample in area, extremely healthy, convenient of access, with excellent facilities for practicable prison industries, well supplied with good water; that the plans for the buildings are comprehensive and adapted to the economical and efficient administration of the prison; and that the contracts for construction have been let at a low figure to parties who have given adequate security for their work. The completion of the prison is imperatively demanded by the condition of the prisons now used, especially that at Sing Sing, which is the only structure in the southeastern part of the State.

That prison is a disgrace to the State. A sentence of confinement in it for five years is practically, for a considerable proportion of the inmates, a sentence of slow death by tuberculosis while in the prison or after release. The prison, moreover, is a pest-breeding centre, from which prisoners carry the seeds of fatal or disabling disease to the communities among which they are scattered. And these conditions are practically beyond remedy. The only possible measure of relief is the erection of a proper prison on a suitable site in this section of the State, and that can be done soonest, best, and cheapest at Wingdale.

We do not know the facts as to the reports that the contractors who have undertaken the work at Wingdale are dissatisfied with their job and wish to withdraw; that the plan for abandoning the work allows these contractors a payment of $120,000; and that they are able to bring to bear the influence of Mr. Murphy to aid that plan. There have been so many instances in which that influence has seemed to prevail at the Executive Mansion, to the serious injury of the public interests and the sad impairment of the Governor's reputation for ability and sound judgment, that these reports cannot be dismissed as on their face altogether incredible. As we have said, the evidence accessible indicates that a grave error and a grave wrong are involved in abandoning the Wingdale Prison. That plan should not be carried out without the fullest explanation to the public.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Intelligence Put at a Discount. That our revered jury system has imperfections is, of course, no reason in itself for condemning that system, for perfection is unattainable in terrestrial affairs, and in this as in everything else judgment must be reached after a balancing of merits and demerits. Thus considered, trial by jury holds its own more than fairly well against every substitute that has been proposed for it, including the one oftenest suggested, a board of Judges who would be in effect professional jurymen, sitting permanently.

Because the jury system has many virtues is no reason, however, why its vices, which are chiefly peculiarities once admirable, but no longer in harmony with existing conditions, should not be recognized and at least to some extent remedied. One has only to observe what is happening out in Los Angeles to see illustrated the very worst feature of the system—the exclusion from the jury box of men who have already formed opinions, not only as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoners, but as to related matters like unionism and capitalism, which have an oblique bearing on it.

Surely every one in that whole region who can be credited with ordinary human intelligence has realized the importance and interest of the case, has read what the papers have had to say about it, and has talked over its details with his neighbors. Inevitably he has formed opinions, and any man who has not is either an out-and-out imbecile or grossly and contentedly ignorant.

Theoretically, a man is not an incompetent juror merely because he keeps himself decently well posted as to the happenings in his neighborhood and exercises his reasoning faculty upon them; to be eligible he need only profess his ability to give a verdict based solely on the facts as he hears them in court and on the law as the Judge gives it to him. But admission on his part that he has formed opinions invariably makes him objectionable to the lawyers on one side or the other, and one side or the other is going to keep him off the jury, if possible by persuading the Judge to exclude him and if necessary by the exercise of a peremptory challenge. The unconfessed desire of each side is to get jurors already inclined to favor that side; the vigorously expressed determination of each is to prevent the other from gaining this advantage.

The result everybody knows. It is, on the whole, surprisingly good; that is, jurymen are not as dull as from the method of selection logical expectation would make them; but certainly they are not what they ought to be or might be.

Discipline Changed, Not Lost. According to The Army and Navy Journal, the training received by the Boy Scouts is especially needed at this time, and is therefore especially to be commended, because it is, among other things, a training in the recognition of and obedience to competent authority. Such discipline, the military critic declares, is neglected or abandoned by parents who have adopted what it calls bizarre systems based on modern educational fads, and he tells a truly dreadful tale of a boy growing up in the shadow of Columbia University whose loving father and mother, for fear of "breaking his spirit of independence," never give him any orders and never reprove, much less punish, him for anything he may do.

They expect thus to develop in the boy a character that will carry him far and high in the world, but The Army and Navy Journal believes that they are simply insuring for him some of the soundest whippings that ever a boy got, to be inflicted by his playmates or school companions as soon as he displays toward them the sort of independence he is learning at home. There is no doubt of that, for boys among themselves are the most conservative of conservatives, with a fixed rank and place for each and a firm determination to keep him in it, and when opinions differ they invariably resort to force as the conclusive argument.

There cannot, however, be many parents whom revulsion from the cruelties and brutalities that marked the treatment of children a few generations ago has carried as far as the parents of this tale are said to have gone. Just possibly, too, even these particular parents have not gone as far as their critic, misled by one or several manifestations of leniency deemed by him excessive or undeserved, thinks they have gone. The great majority of parents are still at least as arbitrary and coercive as the superiority of their wisdom warrants.

It is hardly a cause for sorrow that children are not beaten as much as they used to be—that their right to be treated with justice and some respect is now rather more generally admitted than formerly. If any great number of boys were being brought up in the fashion described by The Army and Navy Journal, recruiting for the Scouts would have to be by conscription, not by the eagerly welcomed invitation that suffices to fill the ranks so promptly. The widespread appreciation of Scout principles is creditable to parents and children alike, and it says a little something for the "educational fads" of the day, since the Scout movement is one of them and almost the latest.

They Want Higher Commissions. Now it is the farmers, assembled in National Congress out in Ohio, who are conspiring against the poor middleman and preparing for that elimination of him that has been so often advised, in spite of its absolute impossibility. There is, say the farmers, no remedy for high prices except direct dealings between producers and consumers. They forget that they themselves, in a last analysis, are not producers, but hired middlemen, standing between the consumer and the real source of his food, which is the ground. The service they perform is strictly analogous to that of the railways, the commission merchants, and the retailers, and no more than any other middlemen have they ever shown compunction about making the consumer pay for the work they do for him every cent that circumstances permit them to extort.

That is balanced, however, by the fact that the consumer pays not a cent more than he has to pay. For good reason the farmer never raises or joins in the cry of "Back to the land!" He knows that every one who heeds that cry becomes his business rival for the trade of a diminished number of consumers. He doesn't want to be eliminated any more than do the rest of us, we being all middlemen of one sort or another—and all producers, too, if it comes to that.

WEST POINTERS' SERVICES.

They Are Not Confined to Times of War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What is your opinion of the practicability and usefulness of a preparatory school for the United States Military Academy, to be founded and conducted by our Federal Government? According to the opinions of a number of officers of our army, the principal reason why so many young men fail to pass at West Point is because they are victims of the pernicious political system under which venal bosses have the power to place as teachers in schools men and women who could not pass an examination for entrance to the lower grades of a primary school in a community in which there is no political corruption.

It is an everyday remark among business men that it is difficult to find office boys and minor clerks who can write a good hand, do small sums, and write messages and short notes in good English. In an adjacent State a very large employing corporation which is engaged in an uplift movement for the whole community engaged several competent men and women to make a report upon the public and some other schools within the zones in which the concern manufactures. The report showed that only 26 per cent. of the public school teachers were fit for their work and that none of the teachers in the sectarian schools was qualified to teach. In that State the public and sectarian schools are so debased in the cities under venal boss government that parents of means are sending their children to private schools and many parents in poor circumstances are depriving themselves of comforts in order to be able to send their children to good private schools.

Ever since the civil war what are termed military schools for boys and young men have been many and successful. To-day the number is four times what it was thirty years ago. In all parts of the Union there are about 175,000 boys and young men in academies that are modeled, in large part, upon the United States Military Academy. Even before the civil war there were many well kept military academies. In a recent address Major Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, C. E., of Gen. Sherman's staff, and afterward Chief Engineer of the Union Pacific Railroad, said that upward of 600 graduates of his Alma Mater, Norwich Academy, Vermont, served in the army between 1861 and 1865. That academy, like all of its kind, was modeled in part upon West Point, and nearly always had West Pointers among its teachers.

Every true American has a high opinion of our Federal Military Academy and wants to see it kept up to the highest standard. After all is said and done, what has been done in war time by West Pointers, while it is greatly to their credit, is but a small part of what they have accomplished for us all in designing, constructing, and operating great public works. First and last, pensions included, the civil war has cost our taxpayers about $10,000,000,000—which sum is a great deal more than the total "in sight" wealth of our country at the end of the Mexican war. Now, if you will go over the list of inventions, improvements, and discoveries in the industrial arts that have been made by West Pointers since the end of the civil war, you will find that the total value thereof, which has so far accrued, comes to more than the cost of the civil war from the day Sumter was fired on until this day.

Think of the work of West Pointers in railroads, canals, rivers, and harbors! West Pointers designed, built, and operated the first flour mill near what is now Minneapolis; West Pointers first mapped and worked the great copper deposits in the Lake Superior region; they blazed all the way from the East to the West for all the Pacific roads; they made the creation of our enormous cereal and meat interests possible; they surveyed nearly all the important mineral zones of the West and laid the foundations of many places which are to-day prosperous cities.

G. WILFRED PEARCE, C. E.
New York, Oct. 15, 1911.

Unconsidering Leadership.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I feel impelled to write a line of appreciation with respect to The Times's editorial article entitled "On the 'Direct Government Delusion.'" It not only does service in calling attention to Mr. McCall's article in The Atlantic Monthly, but it strikes the real key in what many of us as students of economics and sociology deplore, namely, the unconsidered following by many right-minded people of a leadership which is itself unconsidering.

The plans for direct government are widespread, but not on that account dependable. All workers with the public know that the psychology of the multitude is not coincident with the right-mindedness of the trained. Those of us who have the greatest desire to join in democratic reform are persuaded that the reform can only be accomplished by practical and wise leadership. Just now it is extremely easy to ride the avalanche of popular causes rather than to suspend judgment and give time for deliberate acquaintance with the causes themselves. It seems to me that in the social reform inaccuracy is a crime, and it is not a crime relieved at all in its effects by the plea that the inaccurate thinker and leader is well-intentioned. This is only meant to add my humble voice to your own statement calling a halt in favor of truly representative government. It ought not to be necessary at a time so vital as this to choose between the devices of the designing and the rule of the incompetent.

THOMAS R. SLICER.
New York, Oct. 15, 1911. All Souls' Church.

FINDS HARVARD EXCLUSIVE.

Kin of John Harvard Thinks His Ancestral Relative Would Be Surprised.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 15.—Lionel de Jersey Harvard, kin of John Harvard, finds university circles very exclusive. He is a member of the class of 1915.

"John Harvard," he says, "would be surprised could he see the university that I have seen, for he intended a far simpler institution, I think. I miss the quaint old-world aspect of our English colleges, but find much that is interesting about the 'yard' of Harvard, and expect to profit as much by my studies here as in an institution at home.

"I am not willing, however, to say that the changes that have been made would be disapproved of by John Harvard. Instead, I think he would be pleased to find that the college has grown into so great an institution, and would be proud that his name is so much honored.

"The first week here has been interesting to me, because I did not expect to find so elaborate an institution, and because I had always heard that the things in which my ancestral cousin was likely to be interested, would be very simple and democratic, instead of dignified and in some respects, exclusive, as I have found Harvard. Of course conditions have changed since John Harvard gave his money toward founding this seat of learning, and that acounts for much, but nevertheless I think he, too, would be surprised. In England the universities have remained unchanged for centuries in many of their customs, and consequently I expected the same conditions here.

"I fear I shall not find as marked a spirit of comradeship as in England. In the colleges at home, the student usually finds a home within the grounds, and of the simplest kind, where he may pursue his studies in the college environment. At Harvard a number of students reside in fashionable apartments away from the university. A student should be more interested in his books than in finding a room in society circles.

"Perhaps when I have been here longer, I shall change my ideas of American universities, and be ready to agree that the methods pursued here are superior to those of English schools."

FOR GOVERNMENT PENSIONS.

Head of the U. S. Retirement Association Tells What Employes Want.

Andrew W. McKee, President of the United States Civil Service Retirement Association, which is trying to obtain legislation whereby all Government employes may receive pensions, told a meeting of Branch 2 of the association yesterday in the Harlem Masonic Temple, about the work the association is doing, and spoke against the contributary pension system now being advocated in Washington and elsewhere.

He said the meetings were being held to educate Government employes and the public to the kind of pension most approved by his association. To bring the matter fully before the public the association, it was anounced, would hold a mass meeting at the Hippodrome on Sunday, Nov. 19.

Mr. McKee said that among Government employes the straight-out pension as provided in the bill of Congressman James A. Hamill of New Jersey was almost universally favored. This bill provides for employes who have reached the age of 60, after thirty or more years of service, a straight-out pension; the pension to be 50 per cent. of the average annual pay received during the five years just before retirement. This form of pension, he declared, was in favor everywhere. On the other hand, he said, there was little if any sentiment for the contributary form of pension, and he could not find that Government employes were working for it or advocating it in any part of the United States.

SACCHARIN MEN PROTEST.

Ask That Government Supervise Use of Sweetener, Not Bar It.

Manufacturers of saccharin have combined in a protest against the recent ruling of the Department of Agriculture forbidding the use of saccharin in the manufacture of food products after Jan. 1, 1912. The Heyden Chemical Works, the Verona Chemical Company, the Fahlberg Saccharin Company, Harman, Delaire & Schaffer, and the Monsanto Chemical Works, as the chief producers of saccharin in this country, have appealed from the decision of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture. Instead of barring the product the manufacturers ask that it be put among those the use of which is supervised by Government Inspectors.

Francis E. Hamilton, counsel for the manufacturers, in a brief, which he has submitted to Secretary Wilson, declares that the Remsen Board, after its investigation, reported that the continued use of saccharin in quanities of more than three-tenths of a gramme a day was likely to impair digestion. Mr. Hamilton continues:

"At present the use of saccharin is chiefly confined to sweetening beverages, such as pop, soda water and similar so-called soft drinks. The average quantity of saccharin used in beverages is about fifteen-one-hundredth of a grain of saccharin to a bottle containing ten ounces of water. A person, therefore, would have to consume thirty bottles of soda water daily in order to get three-tenths of a gramme of saccharin."

BACKWARD CHILDREN.

State and City Would Save Millions by Segregating Them Properly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reference to the Binet test for defective children, as demonstrated the other day in the case of Andrew Bianco by Dr. Schlapp of Cornell Medical School, permit me to ask why, if the child cannot be disposed of by sending him to the idiot asylum at Randall's Island—why, I ask, has not the State some other institution bearing no such social stigma in its name where children proved to be defective and not idiotic can be housed and trained according to proper, scientific rules?

An officer of the Children's Society expressed himself at the examination of the Bianco boy as feeling certain that 75 per cent. of the defectives could be intellectually developed under proper training. I agree with him. Many people will also coincide with such a view. And yet nothing is done by the State, the custodian of the people, of the people's children; the State, into whose coffers flow the annually increasing revenues of the people. New roads are planned for the cultivation of pleasure and commercial enterprises, free public libraries are built for the edification of the already trained individual, free public bathhouses are built for the physical well-being of the people, as are beautiful parks, and yet for the benefit of the healthy physically but defective mentally we have no institution to which we can send such children for proper training.

Defective children cannot be taught in the same classroom with healthy, normal-minded pupils. They are, in the first place, an enormous expense to the education department directly and the taxpayer indirectly, and, in the second place, it means that the curriculum cannot be covered in the allotted time, if the teacher is to spend more than the normal amount of time on an individual pupil. The brighter child is retarded thus because a duller child cannot advance. As a matter of statistics, according to Dr. Darlington in the October "Items of Interest," it costs in round numbers $50 a year to educate a child in the City of New York. If 50,000 children were not promoted it means $50 more a year for each one of those children. That would make about $3,000,000 additional expense, which comes ultimately from the people's pockets.

Now, then, why cannot a central school for defective children be established on the expense saved by segregating the pupils as above? The advanced child will be the more ready for the further reception of knowledge, while the backward child will be enabled to receive expert individual attention and saved from the sneers and slurs of associates and school teachers, as "You are very stupid," &c.

In conclusion, I would urge upon those in whose care should be intrusted such problems that the earliest possible efforts be made toward instituting this much needed reform in our educational system.

M. HILLEL FELDMAN.
New York, Oct. 15, 1911.

ISIDOR STRAUS URGES NEW BANKING PLAN

Replies to J. J. Hill's Attack on the National Reserve Association Scheme.

CALLS FOR SPEEDY ACTION

Citizens' League He Represents Isn't Committed Yet, and Wants the Best from All Suggestions.

Isidor Straus, who was recently elected Treasurer of the New York branch of the National Citizens' League for the Promotion of a Sound Banking System, replied yesterday to the attack James J. Hill, Chairman of the Great Northern Directorate, made last Thursday before the Illinois Bankers' Association on the National reserve plan which banking and currency reformers have been advocating. Mr. Hill said the plan was not a good one, because it was too liable to be controlled by sinister political or financial interests.

In his statement Mr. Straus said that under our present currency system we were always suffering from "either a currency famine as in 1907 or from a plethora of money as at the present time." Some agency, some co-operating banking system was needed at once. Under the proposed co-operative system, said Mr. Straus, all the National, State, and savings banks would co-operate to make the assets of every bank liquid by uniting the reserves of all the banks in the country and issuing banknotes against them. His statement says further:

"Mr Hill says that the bankers themselves ought to originate and execute a scheme of reform. I contend that the matter of a good banking system is of more vital interest to the people at large—to merchants, manufacturers, farmers, laborers, and all businesses and occupations. All should have a hand in it. If a plan has some good features let us accept these and eliminate or correct the doubtful ones. Only free discussion by all will accomplish this.

"This country, with its wonderful resources, its tremendous developments, its men and brains, ought to be the credit exchange centre of the world. Instead, we have an archaic banking and currency system that is in disrepute abroad and that handicaps seriously our everyday prosperity and growth.

"We are either stifled by a currency famine, as in 1907, or overburdened with a plethora of money, as to-day. A good banking system would relieve either situation. Nothing else will.

"In the last few weeks the Bank of Germany increased its loans and banknotes by $400,000,000 and decreased its cash by $60,000,000. If such a condition should be forced upon the banks of this country New York City would be almost instantly plunged into a panic so severe that business would be shaken to its foundations from one end of the country to another. We have no agency to prevent such a catastrophe. As it was, in Germany, after three days business was normal again. Not a single failure happened.

"All admit that such conditions as we witnessed in 1907—when it was impossible to drag money into circulation with any kind of security, and when as a result all businesses were stagnated and hundreds of thousands of men were thrown out of employment—must not occur again.

"We must act at once.

"Personally, and speaking for the National Citizens' League, I am glad of Mr. Hill's criticism. We welcome open discussion of every proposed scheme of reform. More than this, we plead for it.

"The National Citizens' League recognizes that at present there is no plan that all will be willing to accept. We stand committed to no plan. Like Mr. Hill—and this belief is unanimous—we believe in the basic principles of the National Reserve Association, as proposed by the National Monetary Commission.

"We are organized to keep this problem out of politics, and see that the final plan shall be absolutely free from dangerous control by ambitious financial interests.

"Further than this, we leave the matter open. And we want suggestions from all—from all businesses, all occupations, all sections, to the end that the final plan adopted by Congress shall reflect the democratic spirit and sound common sense of the Nation.

"Now is the time to discuss and perfect a plan, when the disastrous results of the panic of four years ago, the worst in our history, are still well remembered and still keenly felt by every business and by every one."

PASTOR SEES DANGER AHEAD.

Dr. Eaton Fears We Are Nearing the Day of the Lord's Wrath.

"We have been trying to sing ourselves on to a 'Beautiful Isle of Somewhere,' instead of fighting like soldiers," said the Rev. Charles A. Eaton at the Madison Avenue Baptist Church yesterday morning in the course of a sermon on "The great and terrible day of the Lord—Is it near at hand in America?"

He likened conditions here to those against which the Prophet Amos inveighed to the Jewish people, and cited the McNamara trial as an incident tending to show that we have had false conceptions of religion and life.

"Business men know," said he, "that the entire fabric of our institutions is close to what looks like almost ruin. Industrial conditions have divided us into classes which have developed such demoniacal hatred for each other that today men are on trial charged with fiendish murders in attempting to rescue a great group of their fellows from the oppression of employers.

"Not since the beginning of our history have the validity and integrity of our political institutions seemed in such danger as to-day.

"It seems to me we are near the harvest time. I saw that crop put in the ground—it was sown within my short life. It dates no further back than when we began to teach our children only the niceties and pleasant things of life and woman went out into what we called the 'field of usefulness' from the places she had honored and adorned.

"It is drawing near to harvest time, but it looks mighty likely to me that we will get a frost before we get a crop."

TO TALK ON IRISH ART.

Miss O'Reilly Has Been Attending Gaelic League Festivities.

Gertrude M. O'Reilly, who is to lecture here on Irish Art and kindred subjects, was a passenger in the Anchor liner Cameronia, which got in yesterday from Glasgow. Miss O'Reilly said she was opposed to the play, "The Playboy of the Western World," now being presented in Boston by Irish players, as, she said, it does not represent Irish sentiment, Irish life, history, or tradition.

The lecturer is interested in the awakening of Ireland, and she has been attending the festivities of the Gaelic League in Ireland.

The Cameronia brought a large number of passengers, among them forty novices of the Sister of Charity from the convents of Ireland, who are on their way to San Antonio, Texas.

JOSEPH H. CHOATE, 80, MARRIED 50 YEARS

Celebrates Golden Wedding with Mrs. Choate and Relatives at Naumkeag in Berkshires.

SELECTS HYMNS TO BE SUNG

Church Services, Luncheon, Tea, and Dinner Parties Bring Together More Than 100 Guests.

Special to The New York Times.

STOCKBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate are celebrating their golden wedding at Naumkeag, their beautiful country seat on a hillside overlooking Stockbridge. The whole region round about is ablaze with the yellow and gold of Autumn. A hundred guests have arrived for the anniversary dinner and reception.

Joseph Hodges Choate and Miss Caroline D. Sterling were married in All Souls' Unitarian Church, Twentieth Street and Fourth Avenue, New York, Oct. 16, 1861, by the Rev. Samuel Osgood. Therefore the anniversary of their wedding occurs to-morrow, but to entertain their relatives and friends who have arrived in Stockbridge and Lenox, there were three large entertainments at Naumkeag to-uay, a luncheon this afternoon for twenty guests; tea this afternoon when Ambassador and Mrs. James Bryce of England and ex-Ambassador and Mrs. Henry White were among the callers, and to-night a family dinner, which was served by Sherry of New York, to fifty relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Choate attended service this morning at 11 o'clock in St. Paul's Episcopal Church. They are of the Unitarian belief, but worship in the Episcopal Church while in Stockbridge.

Mr. Choate walked the half mile down Fields Hill to the church. He stopped on his way at Heaton Hall, where he was surrounded by scores of his relatives, who had gathered there for the anniversary, and accompanied him to St. Paul's Church. Mrs. Choate drove to the church with Miss Mabel Choate. The altar at St. Paul's was decorated with golden chrysanthemums in honor of the approaching anniversary. Mr. Choate had selected the hymns of the day, including "The King of Love My Shepherd Is" rial Salem Rise." Miss Mabel Choate rial Salem Rise." Mis Mabel Choate was one of the choir.

All the decorations for the luncheon were from the Choate greenhouses. They were orchids and cut flowers. For the tea the house was decorated with yellow chrysanthemums, American Beauty roses in vases, and wreathes of laurel and pine.

To accommodate fifty guests at the anniversary dinner to-night the front entrance of the house was closed and the wide hall was turned into a dining room where small tables seated eight guests. The dining room was also in use for the dinner. American Beauty roses were on all the tables. The health of Mr. and Mrs. Choate was proposed by guests. After dinner there was on view in one of the upper rooms some of the many presents received, among which was one from J. Pierpont Morgan. Many of the gifts were gold plate.

At the dinner to-night were Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Sterling of Cleveland, Ohio, Mrs. Choate's brother and sister-in-law; Mrs. George C. S. Choate, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph K. Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur O. Choate of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Choate, Charles F. Choate, Jr., of Boston; Joseph B. Choate, Miss Elizabeth Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan C. Bowditch, Dr. and Mrs. W. T. Porter of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Sterling, Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. De Gersdorf, Misses Josephine and Alma Caspar De Gorsdorf, Miss Margaret Choate, Miss Mary K. Choate of New York, Miss Margaret Wright of Pleasantville, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Miss Mabel Choate, George Choate, Mr. and Mrs. George B. De Gersdorf, Thomas McKittrick, Jr., Theodore Simon of St. Louis, Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, Miss Helen Sears of Boston, Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Brusie of Ossining, N. Y.; Dr. and Mrs. Charles Currier, Allen W. Evarts, Charles S. Butler, Mrs. Prescott Hall Butler, Mrs. C. C. Beaman, Mrs. H. M. Purdy, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Whitridge, Miss Helen Pitman, Mrs. Eugene Howard, Elliot Tuckerman, Francis W. Crowninshield, and Charles F. Choate, 3d.

To-morrow, from 3 to 6 in the afternoon, will occur the general reception, to which every one of the Berkshire countryside has been asked. Mr. and Mrs. Choate will receive alone, and with good weather the reception will be the largest that has ever taken place in Stockbridge.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Choate are in very good health. Mr. Choate rises early and is about his estate at 8:30 every morning. His principal recreations are walking and motoring. He is very fond of an automobile and travels about the Berkshires extensively.

Since Mr. Choate's return from England it has been his delight to go to his Summer home among the Berkshire Hills at Stockbridge for rest. Mr. Choate will be 80 years old in January, but is still engaged actively in his law practice.

Naumkeag means "Haven of Rest." It is an old Essex Indian name. This estate shows a great variety of landscape effects, while the residence built under his own supervision in 1885 is a charming specimen of cottage architecture and the central feature of the grounds.

One enters the ground under vineclad stone portals, bordered on either side with wide stretches of lawn, beds of shrubbery, and pines. Passing through the massive doorway of the mansion, one finds himself in a wide hallway, and, turning to the right, he enters the workshop of the master, a room fitted with books, not of fiction, but of reference, constantly used by the busy man.

The library at the left of the hallway is a favorite resort of Mr. Choate. This faces the hill, and from the windows are fine views. The grounds are most attractive. A winding walk leads from the veranda to the garden, lined with decorative trees, a feature of the estate.

At the right is a Dutch garden and at the left is the English garden, laid out with fountains, beds of plants, and surrounded with yew trees. Mr. Choate calls it all his plantation. His meadows run down to the winding Housatonic River, and he has leased some twenty acres to the Stockbridge Golf Club.

"Rebellion" to Open in Chicago.

Johnston Forbes-Robertson went to Chicago yesterday with Gertrude Elliott, who is Mrs. Forbes-Robertson, to be present at her opening there in "Rebellion" to-night. He will spend a week in Chicago and return to New York in time for his own opening in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back" in Brooklyn on Oct. 23.

"Gypsy Love" Postponed a Day.

Marguerita Sylva's appearance in "Gypsy Love," scheduled for to-night in the Globe Theatre, has been postponed until to-morrow night because of the many other openings. This postponement will leave only three "first nights" to attract theatregoers: Fritzi Scheff in "The Duchess," in the Lyric; Mme. Simone's American début in "The Thief," in Daly's, and "The Only Son," in the Gaiety. Several members of the French Legation are coming from Washington to be present at Mme. Simone's first appearance.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Members of the Friars will give a dinner at the Hotel Astor on Sunday evening, Nov. 19, in honor of Sam H. Harris, of the firm of Cohan & Harris.

Rehearsals of Viola Allen's new play by Louis N. Parker, "The Lady of Coventry," will begin immediately, with an early production in view. Liebler & Co. have engaged Charles Waldron for the role of Leofric.

At the close of Harry Lauder's performance at the Manhattan Theatre on Saturday night William Morris, manager of his American tour, was called upon the stage to receive a chest of silver, the gift of his friends and associates in the vaudeville business. The presentation speech was made by Lauder. Mr. Morris said a few words of thanks.

ARAB TROUPE EVICTED.

Landlord Fears for His Windows When Boys Pelt Them with Stones.

The Century Theatre has been forced to become a Berber encampment and to assume the atmosphere of the desert a whole week before the general public is to have a chance to see "The Garden of Allah." It came about because the small boys of West Sixtieth Street did not appreciate the importance of having in their midst sheiks, priests, merchants, and other consequential Orientals brought here by Hassen Ben Ali to lend local color to George Tyler's production. The boys threw stones, and a landlord, fearful for the safety of his windows, evicted the turbaned foreigners.

The Berbers arrived in New York Friday and were taken to 103 West Sixtieth Street, where apartments had been engaged for them. The boys of the neighborhood became interested at once, and the dignity of the Easterners got the better of the lads' discretion.

On Saturday a crowd of lads spent most of the day before the house trying to persuade the Berbers to come to the windows, or following them to and from the theatre. Their curiosity was attended by stone throwing, until the landlord stepped in—or out. He ordered the boys away, but, as they would not go, to save his windows he put his lodgers into the street.

Agents of Liebler & Co. tried to find other lodgings for the men, but, being unsuccessful, did the only thing left—they got a supply of cots, cleared out one of the big rooms at the theatre, and established an encampment, of which the Berbers took possession with apparent pleasure.

So far the Berbers do not like America.

A LISZT CONCERT.

The Season Opened by the People's Symphony Orchestra.

The People's Symphony concert given yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall was the first of very many concerts that will be given this season in commemoration of the 100th birthday of Liszt, which falls on Oct. 22. It is the beginning of the twelfth year of this series of popular orchestral concerts, and the fact that the entire programme could be given up to compositions of Liszt, some of them not the most easily intelligible, indicates either somewhat of a shifting of the original purposes of the People's concerts, or a remarkable advance in the comprehension of its audiences, or both. At any rate, the audience was very large yesterday afternoon, and full of applause. The hall was given a festal appearance by the display of Hungarian flags beneath the boxes, in which sat guests of honor, the Austro-Hungarian Chargé d'Affaires at Washington, and the Consul General. A portrait of Liszt, engaged in composing his second Hungarian rhapsody, in which he seemed to have had supernatural assistance, hung at the back of the stage.

Mr. Arens, as he always does, made some preliminary explanations. On such an occasion these were naturally more extended and pitched in a higher key than usual. He spoke of Liszt's activity as a virtuoso, as a composer and inventor of new forms, as a disinterested helper of other and less fortunate musicians, especially of Wagner, and a dispenser of charity. He told of the opposition to his music and his musical ideas; and he made various rather sweeping statements; thus Liszt was "the most remarkable, the most adorable, the most lovable musician that ever lived." And again the second movement from the "Faust" symphony, the character sketch of Gretchen, was "the most beautiful piece of music Liszt ever wrote, and one of the most beautiful that had even been written." But it was Liszt's day.

A programme made wholly of Liszt's music is not easy to digest, especially when it is protracted by spoken comment. The audience listened patiently and applauded much. The symphonic poem, "The Battle of the Huns," after Kaulbach's painting, which began the concert, is one of the less known of this series of compositions; the "Gretchen" movement from the "Faust" symphony, the third Hungarian Rhapsody, arranged for orchestra with an obbligato for the national Hungarian instrument, the czimbalom, and an arrangement for orchestra of the Second Polonaise were the orchestral numbers. Mr. Arens conducted with evident enthusiasm and an anxious desire to present the music in the right spirit, especially in the "Gretchen" movement; but the orchestra was sometimes uncertain, notably so in the character of an improvisation as this movement; and the wind instruments did not always play in tune.

Carl Morris disclosed a remarkably sympathetic and powerful baritone voice, intelligence, and excellent diction in two Hungarian songs that were introduced to show how Liszt made use of folk-song material in the "Hungarian Fantasy." This and a group of solos were played by Leo Ornstein, who was heard last season. He has talent, but is not yet wholly master of all the resources that are required for this music; as in the quality of his tone and his rhythm. He is not yet a remarkable enough artist to warrant so many elaborate mannerisms as he displays; and when he becomes one, as he well may, he may very likely find the mannerisms superfluous.

SAVAGE'S CORNELL OFFER.

Will Stage Plays by Amateurs if Approved by the Dramatic Club.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Amateur playwrights at Cornell have been told by a representative of Henry W. Savage that the latter would produce any play written by a Cornell undergraduate which had been approved by the Cornell Dramatic Club and had been staged by that organization. No limit has been placed on the choice of subjects.

Mr. Savage is said to believe that playwriting by college men will become more successful if they are encouraged. Prof. Martin W. Simpson, who has superintended the presentations of the Cornell Dramatic Club, believes that Mr. Savage's offer will prove an incentive to Cornell playwrights.

Sothern and Marlowe in Rehearsal.

The company to support Sothern and Marlowe in their Shakespearen season will assemble in the Lyric Theatre this morning for rehearsal under the direction of Frederick Kaufman. New members of the company this year are V. G. Granville, Maynne Lynnton, W. J. Connelly, Alice Breese, and Ina Goldsmith. The members of last season's company to be retained include Frederick Lewis, Roland Buckstone, William Harris, Thomas Coleman, John Taylor, France Bendsten, Vida Steele, Katherine Wilson, and Norah Lamison.

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IRISH DEMAND CREDIT FOR 69TH REGIMENT

Historical Society Finds That School Books Misrepresent Civil War History.

CORRECTED BY PUBLISHERS

Loss of the Regiment at Antietam Heaviest of Any in Any Battle in History, Says Dr. McMahon.

Following an attack made before the Board of Education by Commissioner Patrick F. McGowan, the American Irish Historical Society has taken up the fight for a proper recognition of the work of the Irish Brigade, and the Sixty-ninth Regiment in particular, in the civil war by the writers of school textbooks.

In the journal of the society, which has just been published, much space is devoted to the record of the Irish regiments, and several pages are filled with criticism of "Barnes's Brief School History of the United States."

This textbook is published by the American Book Company of 100 Washington Square and was written by Joel Dorman Steele and Esther Baker Steele of Elmira, N. Y. Mr. McGowan, who is Secretary General of the society and compiled and edited the report, calls attention to differences "between the first and subsequent editions" of the book and presents a parallel to show how the Irish regiment was deprived of credit. The matter presented is from a footnote in the history descriptive of the battle of Fredericksburg:

EARLY EDITION.	LATER EDITION.
This solid stone wall, four feet high, completely sheltered the troops while they poured a murderous fire upon the attacking party. In the assault, Meagher's Irish troops especially distinguished themselves, leaving two-thirds of their number on the field of their heroic action. The London Times's correspondent, who watched the battle from the Heights, speaking of their desperate valor, says:	This solid stone wall, four feet high, completely sheltered the troops while they poured a murderous fire upon the attacking party. In the assault the six brigades of French and Hancock's divisions especially distinguished themselves, leaving two-thirds of their number on the field of their heroic action. The London Times's correspondent, who watched the battle from the Heights, speaking of their desperate valor, says:
"Never at Fontenoy, Albuera, nor at Waterloo, was more undoubted courage displayed by the sons of Erin than during those six frantic dashes which they directed against the almost impregnable position of the foe.	"Never at Fontenoy, Albuera, nor at Waterloo was more undoubted courage displayed than during these six frantic dashes directed against the almost impregnable position of the foe.
"That any mortal man could have carried the position, defended as it was, it seems idle for a moment to believe. But the bodies which lie in dense masses within forty-eight yards of the muzzles of Col. Walton's guns are the best evidence what manner of men they were who pressed on to death with the dauntlessness of a race which has gained glory on a thousand battlefields, and never more richly deserved it than at the foot of Marye's Heights on the 13th day of December, 1862."	"That any mortal man could have carried the position, defended as it was, it seems idle for a moment to believe. But the bodies which lie in dense masses within forty-eight yards of the muzzles of Col. Walton's guns are the best evidence of what manner of men they were who pressed on to death with the dauntlessness of a race which has gained glory on a thousand battlefields, and never more richly deserved it than at the foot of Marye's Heights on the 13th day of December, 1862."

The elision of the credit to Meagher and the "Sons of Erin" was called to the attention of the American Book Company before the journal went to press, by Mr. McGowan, who said that any explanation would be thankfully received. In reply S. A. Torrance, for the company, wrote that the "erroneous wording of pages 243-244 of 'Barnes' Brief History of the United States,' had been corrected as soon as the matter was called to the attention of the company." The newest edition of the history, he said, now presented the incident in dispute, in this manner:

> Sheltered behind this stone wall at the base of Marye's Heights the Confederates poured a withering fire on their assailants. Six brigades of Federals, Hancock's and French's divisions, made the assault with heroic valor, winning much glory even in defeat. Under Hancock, the brigades of Zook, Meagher, and Caldwell achieved equal distinction with cruel losses. Of the charge of Meagher's Irish Brigade, the London Times's correspondent, an eye-witness, wrote:
>
> "Never at Fontenoy, at Albuera, or at Waterloo, was more undoubted courage displayed by the sons of Erin than during those six frantic dashes which they directed against the almost impregnable position of their foe. That any mortal men could have carried the position, defended as it was, seems idle to believe. But the bodies which lie in dense masses within forty yards of the muzzles of Col. Walton's guns are the best evidence what manner of men they were who pressed on to death with the dauntlessness of a race which has gained glory on a thousand battlefields, and never more richly deserved it than at the foot of Marye's Heights, Dec. 13, 1862."

In substantiation of its protest against the ignoring of the part played by the Irish regiments, quotations are made from the forthcoming "Story of the Work of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry," by the Rev. Dr. Joseph H. McMahon. The author says that this regiment, from 1861 to 1865, lost in action or from wounds or in prison 401 men, while 877 were wounded—more than "any infantry regiment from New York State"; and the percentage of killed in battle and died from wounds to the number enrolled "was greater than that of any regiment of New York State troops," being 17.1.

"The Irish Brigade, of which this regiment was a part," says Dr. McMahon, "lost over 4,000 men in killed and wounded, being more men than ever belonged to the brigade at any one time.

"The greatest loss sustained by a German regiment during the Franco-Prussian war at any one battle was 49.2 per cent. The charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava resulted in a loss of 37.7 per cent. of those engaged in it, while the loss of the Sixty-ninth New York Volunteer Infantry, Meagher's Irish Brigade, at the battle of Antietam in killed and wounded, of the number engaged was 61.8 per cent.

"The gallant deeds of the German and British regiments are illustrated in song and story, and the entire people of these countries are familiar with them, while the Sixty-ninth Regiment of New York Volunteer Infantry has no monument or memorial to perpetuate their memory for the gallant deeds they performed or the frightful suffering they sustained in the service of the United States and the State and city they honored."

In a note closing the demand for credit to the Sixty-ninth Mr. McGowan says that the society will deal "at even greater length with the 'Barnes School History' and with school histories and textbooks in general in future issues."

FOLK HAS A MONEY PLAN.

Would Have Full Control in the Government's Hands.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—A National department of finance, as a part of the Treasury system of the United States, with power to issue currency and to control the money of the country, is proposed by ex-Gov. Joseph W. Folk of Missouri in place of the National Reserve Association suggested by ex-United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island.

Mr. Folk's suggestion differs radically from the Aldrich plan in that it would vest in the Government the power that Senator Aldrich would bestow upon private interests through the medium of the proposed National Reserve Association.

W. A. Brady to Rest.

William A. Brady will leave to-day for French Lick Springs, Ind., to take a short vacation. Last week he went to Cincinnati to see the final rehearsals of Grace George's company in "The Earth," which was produced there Saturday evening, and he returned here last night in time for the rehearsal of Cyril Scott in "A Gentleman of Leisure."

JAN KUBELIK REAPPEARS.

Vast Audience Hears the Bohemian Violinist in the Hippodrome.

Mr. Jan Kubelik, one of the most widely exploited as well as one of the most remarkable violinists of the present time, returns to this country after an absence of four years. He made his first appearance last evening in the Hippodrome as he did at his last visit; and now, as then, the vast auditorium was crowded to its utmost capacity. Even the great stage, so much of it as was not required for the seats of Nahan Franko's not very numerous orchestra, and the pit for the regular theatre orchestra, were densely packed with spectators and listeners. It might be made the subject of curious speculation why this assemblage gathered itself together to hear this artist in the programme that he presented last evening. It was, after all, a little out of proportion. For, though Mr. Kubelik is unquestionably in many ways a great artist, there are greater who could not pack the Hippodrome, even if they would. It would be difficult to imagine a more inartistic thing tnan ror a solo violinist to play in such an audience-room as the Hippodrome.

However good its acoustics may be, many of the finer and subtler qualities of violin playing must needs be lost, and were lost last night, in its vast and vacuous reaches. Probably for both the player and his managers the final and conclusive answer to any such finicking considerations was to be found in the sight of the serried thousands that sat and listened and applauded till the end, and in the $8,100 which, by the managers' own confession, was the sum of the evening's receipts.

Mr. Kubelik's programme made few concessions to the place and the circumstances. He played the concertos by Tschaikowsky and Mendelssohn; a caprice by Paganini for violin unaccompanied, and Wieniawski's "Carneval Russe"; a serious task for both the player and his listeners. Mr. Kubelik himself hardly registers in his personal appearance the passage of four years since he last presented himself before the New York public, nor does his playing.

There is the same wonderful facility, the clearness and precision of passage work, the sweet limpidity of tone, the elegance and ease of bowing and definition of phrase. It is alluring in its brilliancy and bravura and in its sheer beauty of sound. But it has hardly advanced in maturity or depth. It does not move the listener profoundly. Mr. Kubelik stirs no emotional depths. He challenges admiration by his polish, his clarity, his certainty; and he gives a deal of pleasure to the intelligent listener. His playing of Tschaikowsky's concerto was interesting; it had abundance of energy, yet the work has been delivered with more fire and more eloquence than he put into it.

There was a propulsive force, too, in his performance of Mendelssohn's concerto, and much beauty of a kind; and yet the poetry in it, that has survived where so much of Mendelssohn's work has withered, was in too many places only hinted at.

Mr. Franko's accompaniments were in general of an al fresco nature, and refinement, precision, and rhythmic certainty did not distinguish them.

The orchestral numbers were Mozart's overture to "The Magic Flute" and the waltzes that have been so much heard of from Richard Strauss's "Rosenkavalier." It seemed obvious that Richard had helped himself to a good deal from Johann; and yet with all his dexterity in the orchestra and in the manipulation of musical material he has been unable to put real distinction into these waltz movements or give them the insinuating charm that should be a reason for their existence.

"DEAD" MAN CAME TO LIFE.

Was on the Way to Morgue After Being Shot by Brother.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 15.—Blasius Latin and his brother George had a quarrel at their home in Heidelberg, a suburb of this city, to-night over a girl for whose hand they were rival suitors. George shot his brother Blasius in the head. A physician pronounced Blasius dead. The police arrived and George was taken to jail on the charge of murder.

The ambulance from the Allegheny County Morgue was called to get the body of the dead man. A "dead" basket was taken into the Latin home, and the body placed in it. Then it was placed in the morgue ambulance, and the trip to the morgue was started. Latin's father and two brothers, Charles and John, rode in the ambulance and two Deputy Coroners were seated with the driver. While passing over a lonely stretch of country the supposed dead man arose and uttered a terrifying groan of agony. His father and brothers jumped into the road, and the two Deputy Coroners ran over the hill. The horses became frightened, and started to run toward Pittsburgh, but were caught a mile down the road.

Latin was found rolling around in the wagon. He was rushed to Mercy Hospital. Surgeons believe he will recover, as the bullet flattened on his skull, and did not even fracture it.

HELD AS CHURCH THIEF.

Police Say Prisoner Admitted Robbing Altar While Women Knelt in Prayer.

After he admitted, according to the police, that he crept to the altar of the Church of Corpus Christi, a chapel of the Church of the Transfiguration at 221 West Sixty-ninth Street, and stole a gold-plated chalice while a woman knelt in prayer in the auditorium late yesterday afternoon, James Brady, 29 years old, of 223 West Fifty-second Street, was locked up last night in the Elizabeth Street Station.

Brady, the police say, is a professional church thief, and was arrested in the basement of the Church of the Transfiguration at 26 Mott Street. At the time of his arrest he had in his possession a gold-plated chalice which was identified as that taken from the West Sixty-ninth Street church by the Rev. Lawson Rich, the pastor, who appeared at the station as complainant.

NURSED HER FUTURE FIANCE.

President Seeley's Daughter Engaged to Prof. Gray of Smith College.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 15.—An engagement which originated in a sickroom came to light to-day when Miss Harriet Seeley, only daughter of President Emeritus Seeley of Smith College, announced her betrothal to Dr. William D. Gray, Professor of Greek and Roman History at the college.

The couple were well acquainted at the college, where Dr. Gray has been for the past five years. Early this Summer Dr. Gray accepted Dr. Seeley's invitation to visit the Seeley Summer home, where the former fell ill, and Miss Seeley became his nurse.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH WATSON SIMS, who had been connected for the last twelve years with a pump concern in Harrison, N. J., died yesterday in his home, 553 Springdale Avenue, East Orange, of heart disease. He was forty-four years old and until six years ago was a resident of Brooklyn. He will be buried to-morrow in Cincinnati.

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HARLAN'S FUNERAL FIXED FOR TUESDAY

Last Honors to Late Supreme Court Justice at His Own Church in Washington.

JUSTICES AS PALL BEARERS

Friends in Capital Remember Many Anecdotes of the Dead Jurist's Long Life There.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The funeral of the late Justice John Marshall Harlan of the United States Supreme Court will be held here Tuesday afternoon from the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, with which Justice Harlan had been long and prominently identified. The family issued the announcement to-night. The pastor, the Rev. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe, will officiate at the services, and the pallbearers will be the eight surviving members of the United States Supreme Court. The interment, which will be private, will be in Rock Creek Cemetery.

At the morning service at the church to-day Dr. Radcliffe paid a warm tribute to the dead jurist. After speaking of Justice Harlan's long and prominent membership in the church Dr. Radcliffe said:

"The Nation mourns one of its greatest citizens, the judiciary one of its strongest pillars, the church of Christ, and the Presbyterian Church especially, one of its most honored names, this congregation a tower of strength, and all of us one of our best and most devoted friends."

Many anecdotes of Justice Harlan are recalled by those who knew him. He had a keen sense of humor. Even when struggling with complex legal problems this appreciation of the humorous flashed out to illumine the situation, and he dearly relished a joke to the end.

Justice Harlan was very fond of the late Justice Peckham. The latter twitted him about his Presbyterian predilections, and in turn was twitted about being a Democrat. On one occasion Justice Harlan was explaining to his brethren on the bench that he would be forced to absent himself from court on the following day to attend a Presbyterian Conference.

"You are such a good Presbyterian, Harlan," said Justice Peckham, "that I don't see why you are afraid to die."

"I would not be afraid," responded Justice Harlan, "if I were sure that in the next world I would not turn up at Democratic headquarters."

Justice Harlan resented a story that he was in the habit of borrowing tobacco from Chief Justice White.

"I never borrowed a chew from White in my life," said Justice Harlan, "White always borrows from me."

Once a disorderly individual was creating a disturbance on the car on which the late Justice was a passenger.

"Why don't you put that man off?" inquired Justice Harlan of the conductor with some heat.

"It would be against the law," answered the conductor.

Judge Harlan chewed tobacco all his life. In the course of the hearing of the "Tobacco Trust" case before the Supreme Court last Spring, Justice Harlan told one of the "Tobacco Trust" lawyers who was addressing the court that all the tobacco he bought these days was either spoiled or adulterated. The story was published, and the Justice received samples of chewing tobacco for many weeks.

His favorite exercise was golf. One hole on the Chevy Chase links is known as the Harlan hole, because the Justice made the hole one day in one stroke. He often played with Dr. J. McBride Sterritt, a retired clergyman. One day Dr. Sterritt prepared to tee off, but missed the ball entirely. He looked at the sphere for a moment in disgust without saying a word.

"Doctor, that is the most profane silence I ever heard," remarked Justice Harlan.

REGRET HARLAN'S DEATH.

President Taft and Col. Roosevelt Send Messages of Condolence.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Scores of messages of condolence were received at the Harlan home in this city to-day. In a telegram to Mrs. Harlan President Taft said:

> The country loses a great Judge and jurist and a most patriotic and valuable servant. May the memory of the service he has rendered and the high place he has held in the hearts of his countrymen help to mitigate the blow to you and your family.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt in his tribute said:

> All American citizens are his debtors, and we are better men because he lived.

Among others who sent condolences were William J. Bryan, Col. Henry Watterson, former Vice President Fairbanks and Mrs. Fairbanks, and Attorney General Wickersham.

MOTOR CYCLE HITS A BUGGY.

Rider and Driver Both Severely Injured in the Collision.

Special to The New York Times.

EGG HARBOR, N. J., Oct. 15.—Going about forty miles an hour in a motor cycle, L. Klennon of this place crashed into a buggy belonging to J. Wesley Weeks of Weekstown, N. J., to-day, hurling him about twenty feet through the top of the buggy. The accident occurred about half a mile from town.

Klennon was returning home from a run, and had just turned out for an automobile when he crashed, head on, into the buggy. Weeks and Klennon were picked up about twenty feet from the spot.

Klennon was terribly cut about the head and probably received internal injuries, while Weeks was not so badly injured.

HELD FOR THREATENING OLDS

E. E. Knox Accused of Demanding $2,000 from Auto Manufacturer.

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 15.—The Lansing police have under arrest Emory E. Knox, who, the officers allege, has confessed to an attempt to extort $2,000 from R. E. Olds, head of an automobile company of this city.

Knox is said to have sent two Black Hand letters to Mr. Olds, threatening to destroy his life and property unless he placed the money at a point in this city by a certain hour Saturday afternoon.

A package was deposited at the spot, and Knox was arrested shortly after he had taken it from its hiding place. The police say Knox admitted having written the letters to Mr. Olds, giving as an excuse that he has been out of work for six weeks and had to have money or starve. Knox is about 33 years old, and says he is a traveling man.

Miss Flint to be a Bride.

Mr. and Mrs. George Huntington Flint of Brookline, Mass., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Ruth Huntington, to William S. Seamans, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. William S. Seamans of this city. Mr. Seamans is a graduate of Harvard, class of '11. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Klauder to Wed.

Mrs. Charles W. Klauder of Philadelphia has announced the engagement of her daughter, Jeannette Cascaden Klauder, to Lieut. Thomas C. Spencer, First United States Infantry, now stationed in Vancouver, Wash.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DAUB.—Oct. 9, Lebanon Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. William Daub, a son.
NUTALL.—Oct. 10, Woodycrest Court, Highbridge, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Nutall, a son.
PINCUS.—Oct. 12, 301 West 108th St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pincus, a daughter.
SCHWARZCHILD.—Oct. 11, 1,395 51st St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Schwarzchild, a daughter.
SHEAR.—Oct. 11, 350 East 166th St., to Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Shear, a daughter.

Married.

PRENTICE—KNUTTI.—On Saturday, Oct. 14, 1911, in the Episcopal Church, Ridgefield Park, N. J., by the Rev. Hugh B. McC. Jamison, Ethel Laura, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Theophile Knutti, and John Fowler Prentice of Englewood, N. J.

SHAFFER—CLAPP.—At Lime Rock, Conn., Saturday, Oct. 14, 1911, by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires, assisted by the Rev. George W. Griffith, Marjorie Clapp, daughter of Mrs. Howard S. Clapp, to Newton Melman Shaffer, Jr., of New York.

DAVID—STERN.—Oct. 12, Rose Stern to Charles J. David.
DOBBS—DURYEE.—Oct. 12, Florence E. Duryee to Charles F. Dobbs.
HURWITZ—WHITCUP.—Oct. 11, Sadie Whitcup to Max Z. Hurwitz.
LEVY—AMPOLSK.—Oct. 11, Bloomah Ampolsk to Solomon Levy.
ROTH—NIBUR.—Oct. 11, Lenore Nibur to Max Roth.
SAALMAN—LECUYER.—Oct. 10, Eunice Lecuyer to Lester Saalman.

Brooklyn.

HERBST—TILLOTSON.—Oct. 12, Edith Tillotson to Edwin B. Herbst.
HUMMEL—DALTON.—Oct. 12, Genevieve Dalton to Edward E. Hummel.
KAISER—SINDEL.—Oct. 11, Pearl Sindel to Simon Kaiser.
ROLLASON—LUDDINGTON.—Oct. 12, Mary Luddington to Isaac Rollason.
SPENCER—WESSBERG.—Oct. 7, Ellen Wessberg to Herbert A. Spencer.
WINANT—SCHMITT.—Oct. 10, Elfreda Schmitt to Daniel Winant, Jr.

New York State.

CALDWELL—SIEFERT.—Oct. 10, Yonkers, Hedwige Siefert to William J. Caldwell.

Died.

BOWEN.—In Providence, R. I., on the 14th inst., suddenly, Holden Borden Bowen, in the 68th year of his age. Solemn high mass of requiem at the Providence Cathedral Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

CARR.—On Oct. 15, Jeannette, daughter of the late William and Caroline Blanchard Carr, at the residence of her brother, Joseph Carr, Avenue U and Homecrest Ave. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GIESE.—James Giese. Funeral at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

HERRMAN.—On Saturday, Oct. 14, Abraham, beloved husband of Sarah Wolff Herrman. Funeral from the residence of his brother, Daniel W. Herrman, 85 East 79th St., at convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers. Paris and London papers please copy.

JOHNSTONE.—At the Sherman Square Hotel, Oct. 15, Arthur Johnstone, M. D., in his 65th year, beloved husband of Ruth A. Johnstone. Notice of funeral hereafter. European and California papers please copy.

MARTIN.—Suddenly, on Friday, Oct. 13, at her home, Ridgewood, N. J., Margaret Anna, beloved wife of Clinton S. Martin. Funeral services from her late residence, 264 Godwin Av., at 10:30 o'clock on Monday, Oct. 16. Carriages will await the arrival of train leaving Erie R. R., Chambers St., at 9:20 A. M. Interment private.

NEFF.—At Stamford, Conn., Sunday, Oct. 15, 1911, Adelaide Leeds, widow of George G. Neff. Funeral will be held at 88 South St., Stamford, Tuesday, 12 o'clock. Interment New Haven, Conn. Carriages waiting on arrival of 11 A. M. train from New York.

NESBITT.—Elizabeth Irene, daughter of William and Gretta Nesbitt. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d St., (Campbell Building.)

PARKIN.—On Sunday, Oct. 15, at the Hotel Wellington, Mary W., daughter of the late Dr. J. S. W. and Sarah E. Parkin. Notice of funeral hereafter.

POMEROY.—William L. Pomeroy, aged 84, at Atlantic City, N. J., on Oct. 13. Funeral services at Church of the Heavenly Rest, 45th St. and 5th Av., on Monday, the 16th inst., at 2 P. M. Interment private.

REYNOLDS.—On Sunday, Oct. 15, Catherine, beloved wife of Frank Reynolds. Funeral from her residence, 172 East 88th St., on Tuesday, Oct. 17, at 9:30 A. M., thence to Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Ave. and 84th St. Interment, Calvary Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

SAVOYE.—On Friday, Oct. 13, Elise Savoye, daughter of the late Ulysse Savoye. Funeral services from the residence of her sister, Mrs. W. T. Eddy, 19 West 34th St., Bayonne, N. J., on Monday evening, Oct. 16, at 8 o'clock.

SAWYER.—Suddenly, Oct. 14, 1911, Francis M. Sawyer. Services private. Boston papers please copy.

SMITH.—On Oct. 14, Beatrice, beloved daughter of Catherine Maud and G. Waldo Smith, Jr., aged 6 years. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

SMITH.—On Oct. 14, Beatrice, beloved daughter of G. Waldo, Jr., and Katherine Maude Smith, aged 6 years. Funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 8th Ave. and 19th St., on Tuesday at 1 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

TOWNSEND.—On Sunday, Oct. 15, at his late residence, 65 Lockwood Av., New Rochelle, George Townsend. Funeral services Tuesday, Oct. 17. Noon train Grand Central Station, 10:03 A. M. Boston and Lynn papers please copy.

WARREN.—On Oct. 14, Mary A. Warren, beloved wife of Thomas J. Warren, in her 46th year. Funeral service Tuesday, 2 P. M., from her late residence, 1,060 Tinton Ave., Bronx.

WELCH.—On Saturday, Oct. 14, Sarah Welch, daughter of John D. and Caroline. The funeral services will take place at her Summer residence, Huntington, L. I., Monday, Oct. 16, at 1 o'clock. Carriages will be at depot on arrival of 12.17 train. Interment at convenience of family.

BATTENHAUSER.—Magdelena, 82 Stanton St., Oct. 14, aged 60. Funeral to-day.
BEHAN.—Margaret, 214 West 102d St., Oct. 13. Funeral to-day.
BOEHM.—Eugene, 2,656 8th Av., Oct. 13.
CARLIN.—Phillip, 323 East 26th St., Oct. 13.
CONLIN.—George 2,412 8th Av., Oct. 14.
CORCORAN.—James, 429 East 142d St., Oct. 14.
DAVIS.—Richard, 166 East 78th St., Oct. 14.
DUNCAN.—Walter F., 85 East 55th St., Oct. 14. Funeral notice later.
ELKAN.—Phebe, 699 Eagle Av., Bronx, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
HEIL.—Anna, 402 East 23d St., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HEUMANN.—Adolph C., 34 Jane St., Oct. 14, aged 58. Funeral service to-day.
HURLEY.—Charles J., 351 East 136th St., Oct. 14, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
JESKE.—Michael, 224 West 141st St., Oct. 13.
KURTZ.—Antonie, 727 Courtlandt Av., Bronx, Oct. 14, aged 79
LEWINSON.—Albert, 414 St. Nicholas Av., Oct. 13, aged 90.
McARDLE.—James, 644 Lexington Av., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
McDONOUGH.—Martin W., 57 Leroy St., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
McGEE.—Rosanna, 1,562 3d Av., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M
McGOVERN.—Bernard, 184 East 55th St., Oct. 13.
MALONEY.—Delia T., 527 West 133d St., Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.
MANGIN.—Margaret, 3,180 Broadway, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
MATTHEWS.—Margaret, 529 East 88th St., Oct. 13.
MULLIGAN.—Maria, 345 West 18th St., Oct. 13
MURPHY.—Rose, 400 West 41st St., Oct. 13.
NEITKE.—Carrie, 245 Brook Av., Bronx, Oct. 14
Bronx, Oct. 13.
POSTERA.—Christopher, 542 West 150th St., Oct. 14, aged 65. Funeral services to-day.
RENNE.—William H., 697 Columbus Av., Oct. 13.
RUSSELL.—Dudley J., Oct. 13, aged 44. Funeral 241 West 23d St.
RYAN.—David, Oct. 14. Funeral 123 East 13th St.
SCULLY.—Daniel, 174 East 112th St., Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M
SHANAHAN.—Lizzie, 170 West 109th St., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
SMITH.—William C., 184 West End Av., Oct. 13
STEWART.—Margaret, 2,418 Cambreling Av., Bronx, Oct. 13.
STRIKER.—John, 243 West 66th St., Oct. 13.
STURZ.—Dina, Mount Sinai Hospital, Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M
VAN AKEN.—Mary, Jamesburg, Oct. 14. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.
VANDERHOFF.—Alfred P., 459 East 148th St., Oct. 13.
WALSH.—Dorothy, 1,837 3d Av., Oct. 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BATES.—John J., 119 Montgomery St., Oct. 14. Funeral to-morrow
BILLUPS.—Frank, 933 Decatur Av., Oct. 13.
BROWN.—Edward J., Benson Av. and Bay 14th St., Oct. 14. Funeral to-morrow.
CARMODY.—Denis, 1,316 7th Av., Oct. 13.
DEISSING.—Ignatz, 1,118 Madison St., Oct. 13.
DONOVAN.—Thomas, 138 Wythe Av., Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
EINER.—Philip, 407 Stanhope St., Oct. 13.
FAY.—Katie, 78 Sanford St., Oct. 14.
HAMMERSCHLAG.—Jonas, 226 North Henry St., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HASTINGS.—Mildred G., 214 Clinton St., Oct. 14.
JENNINGS.—Mary T., 457 7th St., Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M
KING.—Theresa, 150 Walworth St., Oct. 14.
KOCH.—Elizabeth K., 1,085 Dean St., Oct. 14. Funeral private.

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Died.

MOUNTCASTLE.—William, 1,566 Pacific St., Oct. 13.
O'MARA.—William T., 273 St. Mark's Av., Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
OSCOLI.—Francesco, 342 Chauncey St., Oct. 14.
REUSS.—Ottilie, 277 Linden Av., Oct. 13, aged 24. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.
RUSSELL.—Minnie T., 132 7th Av., Oct. 14.
SAVAGE.—James H., 326 75th St., Oct. 13.
SCHELAND.—Anna M., 249 Prospect Place, Oct. 14.
SHEA.—Bridget, 23 Pine St., Oct. 13.
STEVENS.—Winfield S., Oct. 14. Funeral service 249 Ralph Av. to-day.
VINCENT.—Mary T., 132 7th Av., Oct. 14, aged 47. Funeral to-morrow.
VOSE.—James B., 273 Albany Av., Oct. 14, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WALLACE.—Mary L., 624 Ocean Av., Oct. 13.

Long Island.

BARTLEY.—James J., 35 Stevens St., Astoria, Oct. 14. Funeral to-morrow.
HUBNER.—Albert A., Jamacia, Oct. 13, aged 63.

New Jersey.

ARMSTRONG.—Robert, Vailsburg, Oct. 13, aged 11 months. Funeral to-day.
AHCENMACKER.—Martha, 229 Washington St., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
BIASO.—Frances, Secaucus, Oct. 13.
BLOND.—Josephine P., 105 Sackett St., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
AUMICK.—Frank, 355 Halsey St., Newark, Oct. 13.
CHANDLER.—Howard M., Orange, Oct. 14. Funeral private.
CONROY.—John, 938 Hudson St., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
DETTBORN.—Erich, 510 Park Av., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
DICKESON.—George C., 125 Grand St., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
FERRIS.—Margaret, 728 Willow Av., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
FLAHERTY.—Bridget, 115 Ferry St., Newark, Oct. 14. Funeral to-morrow.
FRANKEL.—Eleanor, 200 Amherst St., East Orange, Oct. 14, aged 4 months.
FREEMAN.—Charles, Newark, Oct. 14, aged 73.
FRIEDERICK.—Jacob, Pleasantville, Oct. 13, aged 58.
GRAHAM.—Thomas, West Englewood, Oct. 13.
GROGAN.—Mary L., 286 Forrest St., Jersey City, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day.
JEANNERET.—Juliette S., 58 10th St., Hoboken, Oct. 14.
KISTNER.—William D., Newark, Oct. 14.
KING.—Georgiana, 683 Ocean Av., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
KOEPPL.—Karl V., Union Hill, Oct. 14.
LEGROM.—Frank, 610 John St., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
McCORMICK.—Donald, 193 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
McNICHOL.—Sarah, 10 East St., Newark, Oct. 13, aged 31. Funeral to-day.
MURPHY.—Edward, 139 8th St., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
PATTERSON.—Samuel P., 52 Fulton Av., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
PENDY.—William J., 68 Park Av., Hoboken, Oct. 14.
SCANLON.—Thomas, Jersey City, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
SCHMITT.—Mary B., Newark, Oct. 14, aged 57. Funeral to-day, 7:15 A. M.
SCHOLZ.—Otto W., Newark, Oct. 14, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.
SULLIVAN.—Margaret, Jersey City, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day.
TALL.—Edna J., Union Hill, Oct. 14.
TALMAGE.—Willa E., 1,124 Hudson St., Hoboken, Oct. 13.
TAMPELTON.—Robert J., 393 Wayne St., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
TEETSEL.—Milton A., New Durham, Oct. 14.
VALKENBURG.—Charles B., 183 3d St., Jersey City, Oct. 13.
VERSOY.—Charles V., South Orange, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.
WALTER.—Alice C., Bergen Pike, Oct. 14.
WARD.—Edward, 16 Farley Av., Newark, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.
WILKE.—Edna C., Linden, Oct. 13.
YORK.—Annie, 188 Washington St., Jersey City, Oct. 13.

New York State.

HAHNEL.—Mary, Crown Point, Oct. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
SAMUELS.—Bertha, Yonkers, Oct. 14. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
SMITH.—Mack S., Corning, Oct. 13, aged 58.

In Memoriam.

BAUM.—Levi W., unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, Oct. 22, 3 P. M.
BERTRAM.—Rosina, in memory of, died Oct. 17, 1908.
BROWN.—Mitchel, in memory of, died Oct. 18, 1910.
BUCHENBACHER.—Sarah, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, Oct. 22, 1:30 P. M.
COHN.—Sigmund, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, Oct. 22, 2 P. M.
COYNE.—John J., mass St. Patrick's Church, Brooklyn, Oct. 16, to-day, 8 A. M.
DECKELMAN.—Martha, in memory of; died Oct. 19, 1908.
FLEISHAUER.—Hannah, unveiling monument Machpelah Cemetery, Oct. 22, 2:30 P. M.
FRANK.—Jacob, unveiling monument, Linden Hill Cemetery, Oct. 22, 3 P. M.
GILMORE.—Edith R., mass Church of St. Francis Xavier, Brooklyn, to-day, 9 A. M.
HALLORAN.—John, mass St. Paul's Church, Oct. 17, 9 A. M.
HANAUER.—Gustave, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, Oct. 22, 3:30 P. M.
HOROWITZ.—Leopold, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, Oct. 22, 3 P. M.
ISAASEN.—Celia, unveiling monument, Rodeph Sholom Cemetery, Oct. 22, 2:30 P. M.
KAHN.—Henrietta, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, Oct. 22, 3 P. M.
LICHTENSTEIN.—Bertha, in memory of; died Oct. 16, 1908.
MARKS.—Bertha, unveiling monument Machpelah Cemetery, Oct. 22, 2:30 P. M.
O'CONNOR.—Katharine, mass St. Patrick's Cathedral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
PEYSER.—Ray, unveiling monument Washington Cemetery, Oct. 22, 2 P. M.
WOYTHALER.—Bernhard, in memory of; died Oct. 19, 1910.

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NEW YORK FANS HONOR THE GIANTS

Rube Marquard Gets a Rousing Greeting at Testimonial in New York Theatre.

McGRAW TALKS FOR HIS BOYS

Manager Hopes to Wrest World's Championship from Athletics—Mathewson Too Modest to Appear.

The Giants dressed up in their party clothes last night and were the headliners at an admiration convention at the New York Theatre. The testimonial was given by New York fans, and included two-score vaudeville performers. The theatre was packed and hundreds who wanted to get in and applaud the pennant winners were turned away because there were no more tickets.

After the actors and actresses had entertained for a few hours, the Giants' part of the show was staged. The scene was a beautiful rolling landscape, with green grass, life-sized trees and a brook. In the centre of the stage was a flagpole. Joe Humphreys introduced the Giants, one by one. The players were disguised as gay youths such as you see in any of the Broadway restaurants after the theatres. They all wore Tuxedos except "Rube" Marquard, who was clothed in a regular clawhammer.

The real big part of the show which everybody was anxious for was missing, because Mathewson, the winner of Saturday's game, was too modest to appear. So were Becker, Fletcher, and "Red" Murray. The others were very much present. "Rube" Marquard got a greeting which resembled Polo Ground noise, and Manager McGraw got a flattering reception and made a speech. He thanked the public for its appreciation of "his boys," and he said that he hoped that they would bring the world's championship back from Philadelphia this week.

Manager McGraw was presented with a gold watch and a diamond-studded watch fob. Also a set of resolutions five feet high, telling Mac how tickled everybody was that the Giants won the National League pennant. Each of the players was presented with a silver trophy eleven inches high, representing a baseball set upon crossed bats and an ornamental base. Timothy D. Sullivan, who was to make the presentations, was unable to be present, and William Fox, the vaudeville manager, who, with Pat Casey, arranged the affair, did the speech making.

For the first time in his life Charley Faust donned evening clothes, and didn't know just where to put his hands. He contributed his little piece, saying how sure he was that New York was going to beat the Athletics. Almost everybody believed him.

A boy in the upper gallery made the final speech of the evening, yelling to Rube Marquard to be sure and beat the Athletics when he went against them in Philadelphia to-day. Rube said he would.

The climax of the evening's excitement came when Jim Corbett pulled the rope on the flag staff and raised the National League pennant, a large streamer of red and blue, with white letters.

GIANTS TO START EARLY.

Will Leave Here This Morning at 9 o'Clock—Merkle in Good Shape.

After the Giants had been publicly thanked at the New York Theatre last night for winning the pennant, they hurried back to rest, and this morning at 9 o'clock will go to Philadelphia on a Pennsylvania train for the second game of the world's series. The team will be quartered at the Majestic Hotel. Fred Merkle, whose leg was slightly injured in Saturday's game, says that the twist was not serious and it gave him but little trouble yesterday.

Manager McGraw said that he would not make his final selection of pitcher of to-day's game until the last minute, but will warm up his whole staff. Rube Marquard is likely to be the selection, however, and is in excellent physical condition for the test, as he has had several days' rest.

If Marquard starts and shows any signs of "cracking," it is probable that Matty will be sent in to hold the Athletics back. Jack Coombs or Eddie Plank will do the pitching for the Athletics.

The injury to McInnis's wrist is so serious that it is stated by Philadelphians that he may not be able to play in the series at all, although Manager Mack is very anxious to have him play. When practicing here Saturday McInnis was unable to throw the ball overhand.

ATHLETICS CONFIDENT.

All Quite Sure That They Will Retain World's Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Undaunted by their defeat in the first battle of the series to decide the world's baseball championship, the Athletics will face the New York Giants at Shibe Park to-morrow afternoon with all the confidence that the title of world's champions implies.

Manager Mack and the players fully realize that in the New York team they have a different aggregation from the Chicago Cubs, from whom they won the world's title last year with consummate ease, but at the same time they also take into consideration the fact that Saturday's defeat was primarily the result of a trifling incident, ordinarily, but all important in a close contest. There was not a player in the Athletic camp Saturday who is not as confident now as before the first game that the ultimate crown of victory will be captured by the American League representatives.

To the great army of Philadelphia baseball enthusiasts Saturday's defeat is of the dead past. The game to-morrow is the all-important consideration. All roads will lead to Shibe Park, with its imposing structure of concrete and steel. It is estimated that 30,000 persons will see to-morrow's contest. Every reserved seat has been sold, but this portion of the seating capacity represents only about one-third of the number of persons that can be accommodated by the Athletics' management. The huge bleachers will seat approximately 15,000 persons, while provision has been made to accommodate 5,000 more on the field. These seats will be sold at the gates of the park. Two hundred or more men and boys are in line at the bleacher entrance to Shibe Park before 11 o'clock to-night, some of whom had occupied their places since early in the evening, determined to hold out until the big gates swing open at noon to-day and allow them to pay over $1 and take their place back of first base.

Boxes and baskets were in great demand and were bringing good prices from the determined fans, who, after standing for hours, were glad to purchase one of the improvised grand-stand seats for use during the long night and early hours of the morning.

The speculative instinct, which has made such a farce of the distribution of tickets, is in evidence in this early gathering of the baseball clans. Boys who had secured the coveted places next the gates were announcing to the hundreds of spectators who had gathered that they would gladly sell their place for $1, or hold it until to-morrow for $5. Down the line the price for immediate possession of a place was much lower, even sinking to the insignificant sum of one dime, as a boy grew tired of waiting.

The places of honor next to the door had been secured by two men from Chicago, who had then hired boys to stand in the line until morning, but tiring of the long prospect these traitors had taken the proffered bribe of eager fans and sold the Chicago men out.

Rain fell here to-day from 8:48 A. M. until 2:15 P. M. During that time, according to the official report at the local Weather Bureau, there was a precipitation of thirty-six hundredths of an inch.

George M. Bliss, the local weather forecaster, made a special observation to-night and reported that the indications are that to-morrow will be clear and slightly warmer. He said that showers are headed this way, but that he does not expect any rain until the game is over.

The injury to Third Baseman Baker which was caused by Snodgrass's spikes is not serious. He will be in the game to-morrow. McInnes, however, is not expected to play, and Capt. Davis will again cover the initial sack.

It was announced to-night that Coombs will be Manager Mack's selection for the second game of the series.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

Saturday's Results Nearly Like Game Played Oct. 14, 1905.

History repeated itself not once but many times in the game between the Giants and Athletics at the Polo Grounds on Saturday afternoon. Six years ago to the day, on Oct. 14, 1905, the same teams clashed on the same field in one of the games to decide the world's championship. The same pitchers faced each other Mathewson vs. Bender. The hits were the same as in Saturday's game, the Athletics getting six off Mathewson and the Giants five off Bender. The Giants scored two runs off the Indian, as in Saturday's game, and defeated the Athletics, but six years ago the Mack men failed to score on Matty. However, the Athletics did not "earn" their run on Saturday. Connie Mack and John McGraw, the rival leaders in the present series, were leaders then, and it is significant that there is but one other club in the major leagues that is still managed by the leader of 1905, that being Pittsburgh. Bender's supporting cast on Saturday contained three of the players who took part in the 1905 game—Harry Davis, Dan Murphy, and Briscoe Lord. Mathewson was the only Giant of 1905 who figured in this year's game.

The receipts for Saturday's game—$77,359—total $8,924 more than was taken in during the entire series of 1905, which lasted five days. Saturday's receipts lacked only $6,410 of doubling the high-water mark previously recorded in a world's series game. The greatest amount previously taken in was $41,884.50, at the second Detroit-Pittsburgh game in 1909. This mark was surpassed by $35,474.50 on Saturday. That same game furnished the top figure in attendance up to this year—30,915. Saturday's crowd was 38,281, or 7,266 above the best previous mark.

A glance at the figures for the receipts of the first game cannot fail to make one wonder what the two Arthurs—Raymond and Shafer—were thinking of on Saturday night. Both would have figured in the juicy melon soon to be cut had they chosen to remain under the McGraw standard. Shafer, perhaps, will not worry much, as he is independently wealthy, but Raymond could probably stand the strain of an increased bank roll.

Previous "dope" was badly shattered on Saturday. Harry Davis, pictured as about "all in," who has no place with the youngsters of to-day, drove in the only run which the Athletics scored. Eddie Collins, the star of the White Elephants and the best second baseman in the game to-day, made the blunder which cost his team the victory. Lord, the visiting left fielder, whose season's record with the stick made Josh Devore appear weak in comparison, went through the game without a hit, and Josh batted in the deciding run with a double. The Giants were pictured as likely to run wild on Ira Thomas, but Ira's throws were perfect on two of the three occasions that he was called upon. He broke up one double steal and had Snodgrass thrown out at third base when Baker dropped the ball, Larry Doyle alone getting away with a successful pilfer. Merkle, Snodgrass, and Fletcher, who rank as the most reliable stickers on the Giants' team, were Bender's easiest prey, each fanning twice.

Furthermore, the reputed capacity of the Polo Grounds proved to be a huge myth, and the stands, closely jammed with spectators, held only 40,000 people—a considerable shrinkage from the 55,000 which the stands were popularly supposed to accommodate.

The average fan's idea of nothing to do until to-morrow is summed up in the duties of Umpires Brennan and Connolly, who are designated to look after the outfield. Last year, and in all previous series, field umpires were needed, as crowds were allowed to stand in the outfield, but this year such a condition is expressly prohibited.

Last year the Cubs and Athletics divided $79,071.93 as their share of the first four games. The players' share of Saturday's game was more than the two best figures reached last year. It will be a great melon to cut.

THIRTY SPECULATORS FINED.

Magistrate House Makes Them Pay for Activity at Polo Grounds.

The last batch of the 100 speculators who sought wealth from selling tickets to the first game of the world's series at the Polo Grounds on Saturday found their way into the Harlem Court yesterday morning, where they were haled by the diligent members of the Central Office Squad. There were thirty in the lot.

Magistrate House, before fining each of them $10, except in a few instances, was very emphatic as to his stand and the attitude he will take toward those who violate the ordinance prohibiting speculating and who are brought before him for plying their business at the ball park.

Those who were fined $10 were Charles Betts of 117 West 116th Street, Harry Stern of 222 Lenox Avenue, David Owens of 16 Stuyvesant Street, Arnold Schwartz of 540 West 124th Street, David Neufuill of 59 West 112th Street, Harry Lumberg of 507 West 113th Street, John Lyons of 333 East Thirty-third Street, Samuel Blau of 536 West 114th Street, Charles Brown of 346 West Forty-eighth Street, Nathan Raphael of 230 West 122d Street, Charles Forsey of 40 East Forty-third Street, Morris Lester of 238 Seventh Avenue, and Max Zimmon, who said he lived in Boston.

FORMER GIANTS LOSE.

All Stars of American League Victorious at Lenox Oval, 3—0.

A team of American League players, all of whom were members of Jimmy McAleer's All-Star team, which furnished the Athletics with practice before the World's Series began, defeated a team composed principally of former Giants at Lenox Oval yesterday afternoon, 3 to 0. The All-Stars were without the services of Walter Johnson, Charley Street, and Ty Cobb, who figured in the practice games, these three being engaged in games at other local parks. The American Leaguers found considerable difficulty with Joe McGinnity's underhand delivery, and with the proper kind of support the Iron Man would have held his opponents to fewer runs.

The All-Stars had Collins of Boston and Henry of Washington as the battery, with Chase of New York, Schaefer and McBride of Washington, and Larry Gardner of Boston on the infield. The outfield was made up of Doc Gessler of Washington, Joe Wood of Boston, and George Mullin of Detroit.

Former Giants who took part in the game were Joe McGinnity and Jack Warner in the points, Mike Donlin at first base, Billy Gilbert at second base, Cy Seymour in left field, and George Browne in right field. Martin Walsh, a brother of Ed Walsh, played the other outfield position for the ex-Giants, and two New York semi-profesional players, Damara and Taguer, played shortstop and third base, respectively.

The All-Stars picked up a run in the second inning, another in the fifth, and the third run in the eighth. Charley Herzog of the Giants umpired the game, and there was no kicking at his decisions. A crowd of about 2,000 saw the game.

36,308 SEE WHITE SOX WIN.

Thousands of Fans Turned Away from Chicago Championship Game.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 15.—The largest crowd that ever witnessed a baseball game in Chicago saw the Chicago American League team win its third successive game from the local National League Club in the city championship series to-day, 4 to 2.

Official figures announced by representatives of the National Baseball Commission, under the auspices of which the series is being played, gave the attendance as 36,308 and the receipts as $24,552.50. Thousands were refused admission to the park. The sale of tickets was stopped at 1:15 o'clock, more than an hour before the game began.

Doc White, who yesterday opposed the Nationals and was driven from the box in less than an inning, pitched splendidly to-day, holding the National Leaguers to six hits, while the Americans hammered Cole and McIntire for ten hits, four of which were doubles.

The Americans started the scoring in the third inning, when White singled after Sullavan had fanned, and went to third base on McConnell's double. Lord singled to right, scoring White, McConnell going to third and scoring on a passed ball.

One run was scored by the Nationals in the fourth inning. Schulte was passed and Doyle fouled out. McConnell booted Saier's grounder and Schulte raced to third base. Hofman flied to Callahan and Archer singled to right, scoring Schulte. Graham, batting for Cole, flied to Lord.

In the sixth inning the Americans scored another run when Bodie walked, went to second base on Callahan's sacrifice, and counted on Tannehill's double. Singles by White, McConnell, and Bodie gave the Americans another score in the seventh inning. The Nationals scored their final tally in the eighth inning.

The teams are scheduled to play the fourth, and perhaps the final, game of the series at the National League Park to-morrow. The score:

WHITE SOX.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CUBS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Con'l, 2b.	4	1	3	3	3	Evers, 2b.	4	0	0	1	1
Lord, 3b.	3	1	1	2	0	Sheck'd, lf.	3	1	2	0	0
M'Intyre, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	Tinker, ss.	4	0	1	2	5
Bodie, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	Schulte, rf.	3	1	0	1	1
Callahan, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	Doyle, 3b.	3	0	1	3	4
Tanneh'l, ss.	4	0	2	2	5	Saier, 1b.	2	0	0	8	1
Zeider, 1b.	4	0	1	10	1	Hofman, cf.	4	0	1	3	1
Sullivan, c.	3	0	0	6	1	Archer, c.	4	0	1	4	3
White, p.	3	1	2	1	3	Cole, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						*Graham	1	0	0	0	0
						Zimm'n, 1b.	1	0	0	1	0
						†Bransf'd	1	0	0	0	0
						M'Intire, p.	1	0	0	1	0
Total	31	4	10	27	13	Total	32	2	6	24	17

*Batted for Cole in fourth inning.
†Batted for McIntire in ninth inning.

Errors—McConnell, (2.)

White Sox ....0 0 2 0 0 1 1 0 ..—4
Cubs ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—2

Two-base hits—Sheckard, McConnell, (2.) Tannehill, (2.) Hits—Off Cole, 4 in three innings; off McIntire, 6 in five innings. Sacrifice hits—Lord, Callahan. Stolen bases—Zeider, Sheckard. Struck out—By Cole, Bodie and Sullivan; by McIntire, Callahan; by White, Schulte, Saier, Archer, McIntire, and Tinker. Bases on balls—Off McIntire, 3; off White, 4. Left on bases—Cubs, 7; White Sox, 8. Wild pitch—McIntire. Passed ball—Archer. Time of game—Two hours and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and O'Day.

Reds Win Ohio Championship.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 15.—Cincinnati won the interleague series to decide the championship of Ohio here to-day by defeating Cleveland in the second game of the double-header 7 to 0. Cleveland won the first game, 4 to 2.

Six games were played to decide the supremacy of the teams, one at Cincinnati and five at Cleveland. Cincinnati won the first three, dropped the next two, and then captured the sixth.

Cleveland won the first game to-day because of the effectiveness of Pitcher Kaler. Keefe, who started for Cincinnati, was hit freely, but Fromme, who succeeded him, had the American Leaguers under his thumb. The National Leaguers jumped on Blanding for four runs in the first inning of the second game. They batted three other pitchers—Mitchell, James, and Baskette—hard, too. Suggs in the meantime pitched shut-out ball for Cincinnati. It was his second shutout victory of the series. Scores by innings:

R.H.E.
Cleveland ......0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—4 8 3
Cincinnati ......0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 5 3

Batteries—Kaler and O'Neill; Keefe, Fromme, and Clarke. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Rigler.

R.H.E.
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 0
Cincinnati ....4 0 2 0 0 0 1 0—7 5 0

Batteries—Blanding, Mitchell, James, Baskette, and O'Neill; Suggs and Clarke. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Rigler.

Browns Defeat Cardinals Twice.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 15.—The Americans won two games to-day from the Nationals in the major league series for the city championship by scores of 6 to 2 and 10 to 8. The second game was called in the fifth inning on account of darkness. The scores:

R.H.E.
Americans ....0 1 4 0 1 0 0 0 x—6 [illegible]
Nationals ....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 [illegible]

Batteries—Lake and Stephens; Steele, Harmon, and Bliss. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Perrine.

R.H.E.
Americans ....1 1 5 0 3—10 [illegible]
Nationals ....4 2 0 0 2—8 [illegible]

Batteries—Hamilton, Mitchell, Kritchell, and Stephens; L. Laudermilk, Geyer, and Bliss. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Johnstone. Called in fifth inning, darkness.

GLIDDEN TOURISTS RUN IN RAIN AND MUD

Bad Roads Encountered Between Philadelphia and Gettysburg, Penn.

Special to The New York Times.

GETTYSBURG, Penn., Oct. 15.—The perfect score string of the Glidden automobile tour, which finished the second day's run here to-night, was a bit knotted when the officials went out of business, or, in other words, announced the expiration of the time limit. There were two defections from the original sixty-four cars which started away from Thirty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue in New York yesterday, and they are on the road between Lancaster and Gettysburg, the only place which is making a profit out of the late "unpleasantness."

The entry from Albany, Ga., was hung up high and dry with a differential on the blink, and a Studebaker entry from Detroit, driven by Peter Kuntz, went out of the running about thirty miles below here with a twisted crank shaft.

Excepting this, everything is lovely so far, and it looks as though there would have to be some flipping of coins for the various trophies, so nearly perfect will the scores be.

A cold, steady rain ushered Gliddenites out of Philadelphia this morning, and the downpour was without a letup until the tour reached about ten miles below here early this evening. The run into town made famous by a memorable battle was under the most pleasant auspices, except that the roads were bad. Evidently Gettysburg intends that there shall be no more invasions unless they come by the air route. As the road conditions constitute the principal reason for Glidden tours or any tours, in fact, it might be timely to suggest to those contemplating jaunts of this character to cut out the Lancaster Pike, and unless one has a personal conductor to eliminate Philadelphia, for it is one of the toughest jobs imaginable to find one's way over good roads out of the Quaker City. The way the Lancaster Pike has been boosted, especially by Philadelphians, led every one to expect a prize bit of road construction, scientifically drained, crowned, and all that sort of thing, but the said pike is a bunk, and the Hoffman Boulevard at its worst has it beaten.

Another physical peculiarity of this peculiar State which was marveled at all along the line to-day was the great number of fool horses. Horses that have had opportunities to see and learn about things for their own benefit and then don't learn are called fool horses, devoid of the proverbial horse sense, so to speak. Well, Pennsylvania is full of these crazy equines, especially along the Lancaster Pike. The day being Sunday probably accounted for the large number of horses on the roads. The sects in this section are keen observers of the Sabbath, and little roadside churches are always filled. Every time a horse saw a car coming toward him he would back and gee and prance around to the complete consternation of the occupants of the carriages.

Below Downingtown a horse pulling a top buggy, in which were seated an elderly farmer and his wife, shied at an automobile that was absolutely still. It made a dash for a barn on the roadside and tried to climb it. The old man pulled and sawed on the lines, but the horse wasn't satisfied until it had dumped the buggy and the farmer and his wife into a ditch, after which the animal stood perfectly still and allowed the automobilists to right the buggy and unravel the harness. The old gentleman and lady did not seem to be a bit vexed at their crazy nag.

The daily feature of having two Governors on the trip was carried out again to-day, as it was yesterday, when Gov. Hoke Smith of Georgia, who is a participant in the run to Jacksonville, Fla., and Gov. Wilson jogged their dusty way across New Jersey. So Gov. Tener of Pennsylvania accompanied Gov. Smith to-day from Philadelphia to Lancaster. Gov. Tener might have gone further, but the Georgian roasted the Lancaster Pike so hard that the old ball player who guides the destinies of the Keystone State decided to quit at Lancaster, the noon control of the tourists.

It was a poor day, anyway, for Governors or any one else to have a fine time, but the weather was not the only thing put up to Gov. Smith to-day. While he rode in Gov. Tener's car from Philadelphia a couple of newspaper men, who had got to the checking-out station in Philadelphia late, took possession of the Southerner's car for the ride to Lancaster, and but for this bit of usurpation Gov. Smith would be minus a couple of suit cases to-day. About twenty miles east of Lancaster one of the occupants of the tonneau heard a peculiar swishing sound in the rear of the car. On investigation it was found that the lashings on the end had become loosened and the suit cases were distributed over the road about one hundred yards back.

The noon control to-morrow will be at Winchester, Va., and the day's run will end at Staunton, Va.

Rochester Club Fined $1,400.

Charles T. Chapin, President of the Rochester Club of the Eastern League, has been fined $1,400 by the league Directors for his action in disbanding the Rochester champions and thereby ending the series between the champions and an all-star team of Eastern League players, after four games had been played. The schedule which had been agreed upon called for seven games, but the Rochester Club owner called it off after four games had been played, refusing the use of the Rochester grounds for the fifth game. Those who attended the meeting here Saturday night were D. T. Little of Rochester, Jack Dunn of Baltimore, Joe McGinnity of Newark, Jack Ryan of Jersey City, J. J. McCaffrey of Toronto, J. J. Stein of Buffalo, and S. Lichtenstein of Montreal. President Edward Barrows presided. The vote in favor of the fine was 6 to 2. It is expected that Mr. Chapin will appeal from the decision at the annual meeting of the league in December.

Johnson Stars at Olympic Field.

A team called the All Stars, with Walter Johnson and Charley Street of Washington as the battery, defeated the Lincoln Giants before a large crowd at Olympic Field yesterday afternoon, 5 to 3. Johnson was easily the star of the game. He fanned fourteen of the Lincolns and allowed only six hits. Johnson's team procured twelve hits, of which number the big pitcher got three and Street four. Johnson's three hits included a pair of doubles, and he scored two of the five runs made by his team.

World's Game on Electric Board.

To-day's game between the Giants and Athletics at Philadelphia will be shown on an electric scoreboard in The New York Times Theatre Roof Garden. All the plays are flashed immediately.

Vanderbilt Wins $8,000 Stake.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Montrose II. to-day won the Grand Criterium at the Longchamps course. The stake was valued at $8,000, and was for two-year-olds, at one mile. Achille Fould's Romagny was second and M. C. Vagliano's Mongolie third.

BOATS RACE ON HUDSON.

New York Club's Members and Guests Close Carnival by Singing Anthem.

The voices of 200 men and women singing "The Star-Spangled Banner" as they stood on the east shore of the Hudson River at sundown last evening attracted the attention of thousands along the driveway at 147th Street. It was the closing scene in the carnival of the New York Motor Boat Club, in which the members and their wives and families took part. The presentation by Vice Commodore E. E. Barney of prizes to the winners in the club's various races this year followed. The prizes consisted of silver and bronze cups as first prizes and shields for the others.

Six interesting contests were decided yesterday. The first was a 100-yard dash for motor boats, which was won by E. L. Finch's Eastern Star, with H. J. Leek's Ariel second. In the quarter-mile dinghy race for men M. Kellogg was the winner, with R. Martine second. The women's race was won by Mrs. E. E. Barney by five seconds over Mrs. W. R. Fleming. The Kid II. was the winner in the "slow" race. She finished one second behind the Louisa D.

A close contest was the signal race, in which the fastest boat, the Monreve, started first and at a given point signaled for the others to start. The course was three miles up the river and return. The success of the handicap was evident, for the first four boats finished within four seconds of each other. The Alma, owned by R. F. Swazey, was the winner by one second from the Kid II.

Fifteen boats started in the relay race. There were five teams of three boats each. The winning team proved to be the Rex, owned by H. J. Allen; the Alma, R. F. Swazey, and the Ariel, H. J. Leek, known as the "red" team. The yellow, blue, white and black teams finished in that order.

CLOSE SOCCER CONTESTS.

Jersey A. C. Defeats Brooklyn—Clan McDonalds Victors.

Encountering the strong Jersey A. C. champions of the National League, the Brooklyn Football Club went down to defeat by the score of 2 goals to 1 yesterday afternoon at Marquette Oval, Brooklyn, and a large crowd of soccer enthusiasts were on hand to witness the game. Although the Brooklyns lost they made a splendid showing, and with a better break of luck would have won the game.

Van der Weghe, at outside right for the home team, started the scoring after dribbling the ball a considerable distance. The equalizing tally was scored by Kettles at inside right for the visitors. This goal was the result of a penalty charged against Watts of the home team for handling the ball at the Jerseymen's goal-mouth. Waldron sent in a sizzling shot for the visitors, which proved to be the winning goal of the day.

In the second period the Brooklyns played a much better game, but owing to the grand defensive work of their antagonists, they were unable to score again. Milne was the star of the game, and he was helped greatly by Gillette and Williams. Smith and Stuart worked hard for the winners. The line-up:

Brooklyn	Position.	Jersey A. C.
Halliwell	Goal	Leibert
Milne	Right back	Rosner
Williams	Left back	Rosenbauer
Gillette	Right half	Smith
Watts	Centre half	Stuart
Matthews	Left half	E. Zehnbauer
Van der Weghe	Outside right	Best
McConville	Inside right	Waldron
Adamson	Centre	A. Zehnbauer
McNeli	Inside left	Kettles
McKenzie	Outside left	Barber

Referee—A. Laurie. Linesmen—Hull, Brooklyn; MacGregor, Jersey A. C. Goals—Kettles, Waldron, Jersey A. C.; Watts, Brooklyn. Time—Halves of forty-five minutes.

At Blatt's Oval, Brooklyn, the Clan McDonalds disposed of the Yonkers F. C. by the score of 3 goals to 1. Two minutes after play started Porter tallied for the Yonkers eleven, but before the half ended Bell evened up matters. The second half was decidedly in favor of the McDonalds. Peters received the ball on a pass from Thompson, thereby putting the McDonalds in the lead. Working the ball through from a scrimmage, Thompson was credited with the final goal of the day.

The Critchleys, champions of the New York State League, received an unexpected setback at the hands of the Camerons at Van Cortlandt Park, by the score of 3 goals to 2. The first half, however, was the Critchleys', as they scored the only count in this period. I. Agar caught the Cameron goal keeper out of his territory, and easily tallied a goal. Soon after the second half opened Welsh scored the tying goal for the Camerons. Through an infraction of the rules in which a Critchley player fouled C. Pickford in the penalty area the Camerons were granted a free kick. Welsh took it and converted it into a score. Seven minutes before the call of time E. Pickford added another point.

BOXING BOUTS THIS WEEK.

All Clubs to Hold Shows, but No Big Bouts Are Carded.

Boxing bouts of unusual prominence are not included in New York's fistic calendar this week. All the clubs will hold their usual shows, but no champions or near-champions will perform. Close contests may be expected in a number of the star bouts arranged for this week, but in no case will the result have any effect on the class to which the contenders belong.

The Empire Athletic Club will stage a baseball show Tuesday night, following the third game of the world's series at the Polo Grounds, and the members of the Giants and Athletics have been invited to attend. The principals in the star bout will be Jim Smith of Westchester and Tom McMahon of Pittsburgh. The pair clashed in Philadelphia six months ago, and McMahon won in less than a round, flooring Smith three times before the bout was stopped. Since that time Smith has been more successful than the Pittsburgher and is looked upon as likely to get the verdict. The men are middleweights, and each carries a terrific punch.

The only other bout which sizes up at all noteworthy is the ten-round affair between Phil Brock of Cleveland and Tommy Murphy of this city at the National Sporting Club Thursday night. This is also a return bout, as the two came together at Cleveland a year ago. On that occasion the bout went the full distance and the newspaper writers differed on the verdict. Brock has not fought in this city in more than two years. Brock is training at Woodlawn Inn.

At the Sharkey A. C. Wednesday night Bert Keyes of this city will hook up with Walter Little of Chicago in the main bout. Little is a stranger to local boxing enthusiasts, but is said to be a clever boy.

Jack Goodney, the fighting newsboy, and Billy Sherman, the former navy boxer, will clash in the star event at the Long Acre Wednesday night.

Walter Coffey, the California welterweight, and Jack Denning of New York are scheduled for the main bout at the Fordon A. C., Grand and Orchard Streets, Wednesday night.

The Houston A. C. will hold forth Thursday night with a bout between Young Cohen, the English featherweight, and Young Brown of the east side, as the star attraction.

The Fairmont, Sharkey, Long Acre, and Olympic Clubs will hold their usual weekend stage Saturday night.

RACING ON SPEEDWAY RUNS INTO DARKNESS

Thomas G. Hinds's Borelli Wins Best Brush, Class A. A. A. Pacing, in Fast Heats.

The long-drawn-out programme of fourteen events with split heats in the majority of the contests carried the fourth Fall matinée of the New York Road Drivers' Association, which was contested yesterday on the Harlem Speedway, into darkness and the last even was decided under the light of the arc lights along the Speedway. In addition to the length of the card, it was delayed by accidents such as the pulling of shoes, loss of boots, and blowing out of tires.

The Class A. A. A. pacing furnished the best sport, with two of the old members, Thomas G. Hinds and Christopher Hackett, showing for the first time this season with their favorite horses. Mr. Hinds was finally vitorious with his bay gelding Borelli, which, after being placed last in the opening brush, came on in the two succeeding heats and carried off the blue ribbon. The times for the three heats were the fastest recorded during the afternoon—1:02, 1:02½, and 1:03½, respectively.

In the first heat Princess Direct, driven by Trainer Samuel Goldsmith, which was the favorite in the event, showed her true form and came under the wire first by a comfortable margin, but in the two succeeding heats she lost her stride about the quarter-mile post each time, finishing third, with Who Knows taking second place in each heat.

In Class A. A. A. trotting for the fastest horses of the class, Charles Weiland, with his bay gelding De Witt, and James A. Murphy behind his favorite chestnut gelding Brother Milroi, were the only contenders, and the race was decided in straight heats, with the Weiland entry getting home first by safe margins in the two heats.

In the Class A. A. pacing, Hugh Reilly's consistent performing bay gelding B. Ontime, after capturing the opening heat, experienced trouble when scoring for the second brush by blowing out a tire of the wagon and was withdrawn, leaving the battle to be fought out by Geraldine and Clover Patch. Geraldine took the second brush with ease from his opponent, but lost the third after a hard fight, and a fourth heat was necessary before the victor could be ascertained.

In the final heat Clover Patch showed the effect of the hard work and had to be content with second place after Geraldine reached the wire first and captured the race.

Motorcycle Races Postponed.

The motor-cycle race meet that was scheduled to be held at the Guttenberg Motordrome yesterday under the auspices of the Metropolitan Motor Racing Association was postponed until next Sunday at 2 P. M., because of the threatening weather. More than 3,000 motorcycle enthusiasts were present when the postponement was announced, but to relieve their disappointment no admission fee was charged, and they were entertained by exhibitions by Ralph de Palmer in a Mercer car and by J. U. Constant, the ten-mile amateur champion, and J. J. Cox on their motor cycles. "Happy Days" Pitman, the referee, decided on the postponement after conferring with the drivers.

United Cyclists to Meet.

In order to forward cycling interests, both bicycling and motor cycling, a new organization has been formed for the promotion of the game. There will be a big meeting to-night at 1,213 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, at which officers will be elected, after which there will be a smoker and entertainment. The title of the new organization is the United Cyclists' Association, of which W. R. Stroud is the Acting Secretary. Every one is invited. Future plans provide for entertainments and lectures, dates of which will be announced to-night.

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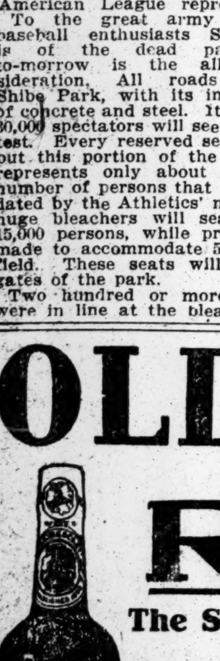

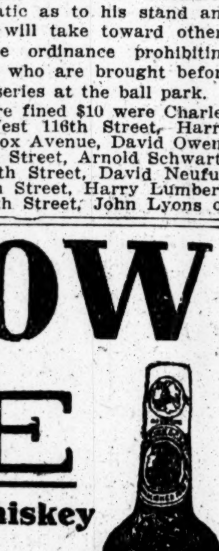

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BILLY QUEAL IN FORM IN ROAD RACE

Professional Champion Breaks Record of Morris Course and Loses Amateurs.

Billy Queal, the world's premier distance-running champion, showed prominent amateurs some pace yesterday at the regular weekly chase of the Morris A. A., incidentally lowering by a considerable margin the record for the course, 22:45, made by Harry McGinn of the New York A. C. Queal's time for the course, slightly over four and a quarter miles, was 21:41 1-5, which, when considering the conditions, is wonderfully fast.

The professional champion was handicapped by not being acquainted with the course, having to rely on checkers stationed along the route. Therefore his speed was curbed to a considerable degree and resulted in him only striking his right pace during the latter part of the journey.

After the event Queal admitted that he thought he could shave another minute from the time he established yesterday, and that he would attempt such a performance next Sunday.

Opposed to Queal at the start were John J. Daly, the former five-mile amateur champion of America and a member of the Irish-American A. C.; Frankie Joyce of the Mohawks, Harry Hellawell of the New York A. C., and many other good cross-country runners. These stars so far outshone the others in point of competitive prominence that attention was immediately centred on the work of these men.

The order of finish:

William Queal, New York, 21:41 1-5; John Daly, Irish-American A. C., 22:30; Frank Joyce, Mohawk A. C., 22:59; H. Hellawell, New York A. C., 23:18; T. Porpora, Mohawk A. C., 23:32; Jim O'Connor, Morris A. A., 24:24; H. Brooks, Morris A. A., 24:32; S. Ost, Morris A. A., 24:45; S. Crosby, unattached, 25:27; H. Christ, Pennant A. C., 25:42; J. Freund, Pastime A. C., 25:43; I. Feinberg, Morris A. A., 26:23; M. Redlich, Morris A. A., 29:24; H. Sussman, unattached, 30:27; F. Cunningham, Morris A. A., 33:55.

PASTIME RUNNERS LEAD.

Capt. Harry Smith Makes New Record for Course of Bradhurst Field Club.

Cross-country runners of the Pastime A. C. carried off the lion's share of the honors in the weekly cross-country run of the Bradhurst Field Club, decided over the Harlem course yesterday, with their Captain, Harry Smith, taking first place from a field of thirty-five harriers.

The colors of the Brazilian Cross Association were prominent throughout the chase, and after Eddie Jordan of the Xavier Club, who finished second to Smith, two other Pastime athletes, F. Ruggerio and J. J. Stack, came in for third place in a dead heat. J. Scully, the fourth member of the Pastime Club, finished in sixth place, and two of his club mates, T. Larkin and E. Erickson, were placed eleventh and twelfth, respectively.

The Pastime Captain was in fine shape and ran a remarkable race from start to finish, and by covering the course in 0:17:59, established a new figure for the distance. At the start Smith allowed the more anxious of the pack to set the pace, he following in the rear of the first division, which was made up of about eight runners.

After passing the first mile Smith increased his speed, and went to the front, with Eddie Jordan, the Xavier A. C. runner, coming fast on his heels and forcing him every inch of the way. The pair ran a nip and tuck contest until the end, but the slight advantage gained by Smith enabled him to finish the winner by a scant margin. The struggle between Ruggerio and Stack, both of the Pastime A. C., for third place, was thrilling, and neither was able to gain on the other, a dead heat being the result. The order of finish:

H. Smith, Pastime A. C., 17:59; E. Jordan, Xavier A. C., 18:09; F. Ruggerio, Pastime A. C., 18:34; J. J. Stack, Pastime A. C., 18:34; J. Costello, Hudson Guild, 19:19; J. Scully, Pastime A. C., 19:32; J. J. Cullen, Bear A. C., 19:34; C. Hamill, unattached, 19:38; P. Lally, Union Settlement A. C., 19:46; H. Parkinson, Hudson Guild, 19:54; T. Larkin, Pastime A. C., 19:59; E. Erickson, Pastime A. C., 20:09; W. Burke, Union Settlement A. C., 20:27; J. Brown, Xavier A. C., 20:31; H. Martin, West Harlem A. C., 20:36; F. Plank, Pastime A. C., 20:40; H. Frick, Pastime A. C., 20:41; L. Frisch, West Harlem A. C., 20:43; C. Morey, West Harlem A. C., 20:53; R. Turman, West Harlem A. C., 20:54; E. Held, Pastime A. C., 20:55; E. Heidelberg, Bradhurst F. C., 21:00; L. O'Byrne, unattached, 21:12; G. Jacobson, Pastime A. C., 21:21; F. Wedrell, unattached, 21:22; J. Gildea, Union Settlement A. C., 21:23; H. Kalning, Glencoe A. C., 21:32; E. McGuiness, Paulist A. C., 21:43; T. O'Connor, Pastime A. C., 21:48; W. Hartnett, unattached, 21:56; W. Collins, Union Settlement A. C., 22:14; E. Johansen, Bronx Church House, 22:24; H. Singer, West Harlem A. C., 22:46; R. Finken, West Harlem A. C., 22:58; E. Fierro, Xavier A. C., 23:01.

Wrestling Bouts To-night.

Wrestling enthusiasts will be supplied with plenty of sport to-night, handicap matches being carded for both New York and Brooklyn. At the Harlem Casino Romanoff will attempt to throw three men and Jess Pedersen will attempt a similar task at Prospect Hall, Brooklyn.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States.

North and South Carolina—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair in eastern, rain and cooler in western portions; light to moderate southerly winds

Georgia—Fair Monday. Tuesday local rains cooler in northern and western portions; light to moderatt southeast to south winds.

Florida—Local rains Monday and Tuesday; light to moderate variable winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Generally fair Monday, local rains and cooler at night or Tuesday; light southerly winds, becoming northwesterly and moderate by Tuesday.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Monday; cooler in northern portion. Tuesday fair; cooler in southern portion; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly Monday night.

Western Texas—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair, except showers in extreme western portion.

Utah—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair, warmer.

Oklahoma—Cooler and generally fair Monday. Tuesday fair.

Arkansas—Local rains and cooler Monday, much cooler at night. Tuesday fair.

Tennessee—Local rains and cooler Monday or Monday night in western, and Monday night or Tuesday in eastern portion; fair, cooler Tuesday in western portion.

Kentucky—Local rains Monday or Monday night. Tuesday colder and probably fair.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness Monday, rain at night and probably Tuesday; colder Tuesday, increasing east to south winds, becoming northwesterly Tuesday.

Indiana—Rain Monday or Monday night. Tuesday fair, much colder; increasing east to south winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Illinois—Rain Monday and Monday night; colder Monday night. Tuesday fair, much colder; increasing, shifting winds, becoming northwesterly.

Lower Michigan—Rain Monday or Monday night. Tuesday colder and unsettled, probably rain in eastern portion; increasing east to north winds.

Upper Michigan—Unsettled Monday, probably local rains. Tuesday generally fair and somewhat colder; moderate to brisk northerly winds.

Wisconsin—Rain Monday, with brisk northerly winds. Tuesday fair.

Minnesota—Local rains and cooler Monday, with brisk northeast to north winds. Tuesday fair.

Iowa and Missouri—Rain and colder Monday, much colder at night. Tuesday fair.

North Dakota—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

South Dakota—Fair Monday; cooler in eastern portion. Tuesday fair, slightly warmer.

Nebraska and Kansas—Fair in western, clearing and colder in eastern portions Monday. Tuesday fair; slightly warmer.

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CORNELL CAPTAIN HURT.

Battle Against Penn. State Puts Munk Out of Game for Two Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Instead of being disheartened by the defeat at the hands of Pennsylvania State yesterday supporters of the Cornell football team are confident that within the next three weeks a strong eleven will be placed on the field, they pointing out that in yesterday's game a good many of the best players were out because of injuries, and that the team has not yet reached anything like good football form. The coaches, however, were somewhat disgruntled at the poor work of some of the men, and a hard programme, as well as a series of shifts, is promised for this week. Changes in the line-up may be made.

The game cost Cornell the services of Capt. William Munk, left tackle, who was so badly used up that it is certain that he cannot play for two weeks, and may not be able to get into the line-up in a month. Munk was hurt in the first period, but pluckily persisted in playing until the third period, when he was removed from the game. He is one of the oldest and most experienced players in the Cornell line and his absence will be greatly missed.

Masterson Wins Morningside Run.

Frank Masterson, the young distance runner, yesterday won the weekly cross-country run of the Morningside Athletic Club. Masterson won from a strong field, beating Frank Bruce, the Italian runner, who recently won the Italian fifteen-mile championship of America. Al Raines, the five-mile champion, finished third, with J. Maier, the new Morningside recruit, who bids fair to become a champion soon, at his heels. Masterson came within 14 seconds of the record for the course. He is running the best races of his career this Fall. The runners finished in the following order:

Frank Masterson, unattached, 19:30; F. Bruce, Italian A. A. C., 20:00; Al Raines, unattached, 20:28; J. Maier, Morningside A. C., 20:30; C. Rossenico, Univa Sportera Italian, 20:31; R. Devlin, Irish-American A. C., 21:03; F. Miles, Morningside A. C., 21:04; J. O'Neill, New York A. C., 21:08; J. Boschi, Xavier A. A., 21:15; B. Flynn, Claremont A. A., 21:16; J. O'Mara, unattached, 21:33; W. Ambrosino, Xavier A. A., 22:15; J. Boschi, unattached, 22:21; J. Lombardi, unattached, 22:25; E. Dickerson, Yonkers A. A., 23:00; S. Malloy, Claremont A. A., 23:08; J. McGuigan, Morningside A. C., 23:17; J. Caponi, unattached, 23:19; A. Green, Claremont A. A., 23:20; B. McMahon, Paulist A. C., 23:30; J. Vallaqua, Seringhouse I. C. A., 23:32; A. Stern, Hillside A. A., 23:35; E. O'Neill, Pavonia A. C., 24:01; B. Saxon, unattached, 24:04; T. Castle, Carmelite A. C., 24:05.

Manning Wins Mile Run.

The Harlem Evening High School Athletic Association held its annual Fall meet at Macomb's Dam Park yesterday morning. The five events on the programme furnished excellent sport, and were closely contested throughout. The mile run, the feature of the games, was won by J. Manning, with F. O'Donnell second and J. Creed third. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by L. Livingston; W. Tandler, second; J. Dudley, third. Time—0:10 4-5.

440-Yard Dash.—Won by W. Tandler; L. Livingston, second; L. La Beet, third. Time—0:57.

One Mile Run.—Won by J. Manning; F. O'Donnell, second; J. Creed, third. Time—4:45.

Running High Jump.—Won by F. O'Donnell, 5 feet 2 inches; L. La Beet, 5 feet, second; J. Casey, 4 feet 11 inches, third.

12-Pound Shot Put.—Won by L. La Beet, 32 feet 10 inches; J. O'Neill, 30 feet 8½ inches, second; L. Kelly, 30 feet 1½ inches, third.

YALE FUMBLING MUST STOP.

Coach Field Determined to Eradicate Erratic Work of Elis.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 15.—Because of the wholesale fumbling in yesterday's game against Virginia the Yale coaches have decided to abandon secret football practice the greater part of this week and drill the players in the fundamentals of the game. Head Coach Field said to-night that the fumbling had reached an acute stage and must be stopped, even if drastic measures had to be used. The coaches do not feel that the large score of thirty-three points accumulated against the Virginia Polytechnic Institute yesterday indicates strength on Yale's part, but surprising weakness on the part of the visitors.

Although the first string players will not be worked more than three days this week, they will be driven hard on Tuesday and Wednesday to prepare them for a swift whirl with the Cadets at West Point on Saturday.

Philbin's injured shoulder is giving the coaches some anxiety. An examination just made discloses the fact that he is not likely to be played until the Princeton game, Nov. 18, although he is in the daily signal practice. Gallauer and Bomeisler will not be used until the Brown game, Nov. 4, the coaches wishing to take no chances on reopening their injuries. Baker and Read are out of the line-up for the season. There were no injuries in yesterday's game, despite the fast playing. The absence of Philbin will leave Spalding, Reilly, and Anderson the first string of backs until the Princeton game.

Avery and Bill Howe are improving remarkably well as ends, and Howard Jones, former head coach and end, will spend the week here perfecting their form. Walter Camp, Jr., has thoroughly recovered from his recent injury, and was in excellent form yesterday after relieving Howe. The coaches are scouting for some strong substitute backs. Freeman and Church are doing well, except for fumbling, but the general supply of substitutes for the back field is scant.

N. Y. U. May Play Sailors.

A treat is anticipated by local football enthusiasts, if the negotiations of Manager Henderson of the New York University football team for a game with the eleven representing the battleship Connecticut are completed. The game will probably be held some afternoon this week, while the flagship is at anchor in the Hudson. Last year the sailors, with their famous turret, port, and starboard formations, held the local team to one touchdown, and a hard contest is assured for the coming game.

Two veterans have returned to the 'Varsity squad, and the work of the team has improved considerably since the Muhlenberg game. This game was a splendid tryout for the men, and it enabled the coaches to pick out many defects in the team work. Ellife has returned to the squad, and will take his old position at left half back, which he held last year. Henneberger, who has been unable to put on a suit because of a badly cut hand, has also returned to the line-up, and prospects are now very bright.

The coaches are planning some very hard work for the men before the next scheduled game, which is with the Rhode Island State on Saturday. The latter team held Brown down to a single score, and is coming to New York confident that they will defeat the local eleven.

The chief problem at New York University now is to develop a punter of fair ability. There is no one on the squad at present who can hold his own with the punters which the opposing teams will bring here, and one must be developed. Capt. Brennan and Comfort are being given special attention in this line, while Moore is being coached on drop kicking.

Catholic Club Wins at Football.

The Young Men's Catholic Club defeated the football team of the Acorn A. A. at Hawthorne Field, in Brooklyn, yesterday, by the score of 17 to 0. The feature was the playing of Stallings, Corcoran, Coffey, and O'Connor for the Catholic Club.

Berner Wins Morris A. A. Walk.

William Berner of the home club won the Morris A. A. walk yesterday at Macomb's Dam Park, leading the scratch man, Al. Vollmecke, by a margin of 100 yards at the finish. The distance was three miles, and Berner received a handicap of two minutes and fifteen seconds because he was a novice. Vollmecke established a track record, traveling the distance in 23:48 3-5. Allen of the Glencoe A. C. finished third from the 2:15 mark. He finished ten seconds ahead of a clubmate, McSorley. Sixteen athletes started and finished the event, all being in good condition at the end.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Kreity, M. J., Geneva, N. Y., dry goods; The Elks Club.

Samuels, H. C., Providence, R. I., millinery; The Elks Club.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; E. L. Chamberlain, jewelry and leather goods; 214 Church Street.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Levy, upholstery goods; R. O. Oal, cloaks and suits; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; A. S. Winter, notions and leather goods; 55 White Street.

Hurdley-Pierce-Anderson Company, Cleveland, Ohio; A. Hurdley, millinery; Hotel Imperial.

Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; T. H. O'Haire, upholstery goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Guggenheimer, C. M., Lynchburg, Va.; E. H. Crutchfield, dress goods and silks; 40 West Twenty-second Street. Hotel Cadillac.

New York Cloak Company, Seattle, Wash.; A. Jewett, ladies' and misses' cloaks and suits; 9 West Nineteenth Street.

Newstetter & Co., Denver, Col.; Miss E. Keene, Cloaks, suits, and waists; M. D. Newstetter, ladies' ready-to-wear; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Shuman, A., & Co., Boston, Mass.; E. A. Shuman, furnishing goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Lowenstein, B., & Brothers, Memphis, Tenn.; A. C. Herzberg, women's, misses', and children's coats; 22 East Seventeenth Street.

Klein, Sol, Chicago, Ill.; Miss Goldberg, ready to wear; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburgh, Penn.; T. Kaufman, furnishing goods; A. C. Moffatt, hosiery leather goods, and umbrellas; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Stillman, John, Kalamazoo, Mich.; general merchandise; 239 Fourth Avenue.

"Fair, The," Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Touhey, ladies', misses', and children's cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; G. F. Williams, jewelry and silverware; C. W. Knoepful, sweaters, sporting goods, and auto sundries; 225 Fourth Avenue.

White, B., Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Mr. Katzenberg, ready to wear; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss M. Cohen, crepe, flannelette, and silk kimonos; H. R. Tyroler, coats and dresses; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Paris Fashion Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; G. B. Schoen, plush and velour coats; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Hinds, O. L., Company, Burlington, Vt.; O. L. Hinds, piece goods; The Breslin.

Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. C. Everett, books and stationery; 2 Walker Street; The Breslin.

Gable, W. F., & Co., Altoona, Penn.; W. F. Gable, dry goods; 2 Walker Street; The Breslin.

Kline, Epplhimer & Co., Reading, Penn.; D. Moneo, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.

Shillito, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Wickersham, linens; 346 Broadway.

Myers, John G., Company, Albany, N. Y.; W. A. Findlay, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. G. Burt, prints; G. H. Webster, flannels; 104 Worth Street.

Harris-Emery Company, Des Moines, Iowa; A. A. Dusty, dress goods and silks; 320 Church Street.

Beane, H. R., Atlanta, Ga.; tie silks; Herald Square Hotel.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; A. L. Shaw, furs; Miss K. Jones, waists; Miss A. L. Mansfield, muslin underwear and silk petticoats; 454 Broome Street.

Timothy Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; J. S. Timothy, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Clarke Brothers, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; A. E. Vetter, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.

Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburgh, Penn.; C. Sauer, cloaks and suits; 45 East Seventeenth Street.

Dimond, L., & Sons, Providence, R. I.; J. F. Goodwin, notions; 70 Franklin Street; The Hermitage.

Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; T. H. Galligan, laces; 55 White Street; The Hermitage.

Fraser, R., Utica, N. Y.; J. T. McDermott, waists, ribbons, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; Herald Square Hotel.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. J. Keveney, cotton dress goods and linings; 214 Church Street; Hoffman House.

Dowell & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. H. Eiser, millinery; Hotel Victoria.

Stewart Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. Hall, muslin underwear, corsets and infants' wear; 214 Church Street; Hotel Victoria.

Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. Wells, millinery; Hotel Grand.

Mabley & Carew Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; R. G. Carew, boys' clothing, ladies' furnishing goods; Hotel Wolcott.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; E. J. Wiggin, domestics; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Crowley Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; J. R. Costello, white goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hoffman House.

Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. P. Herzog, underwear, waists, infants' wear, and corsets; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.

Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; M. Feliner, trunks, bags, and leather goods; Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Latham.

Hillmans, Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Cullerton, gloves; 684 Broadway.

Emporium, St. Paul, Minn.; W. W. Stack, cloaks and suits; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street; Hotel Grand.

Trask, Prescott & Richardson Company, Erie, Penn.; W. W. Marks, linens, laces, ribbons, and handkerchiefs; 320 Church Street; Hotel Victoria.

Stix, Baer, & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Freund, domestics; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Rich, M., & Brothers Company, Atlanta, Ga.; C. F. Ursenback, notions and jewelry; 40 West Twenty-second Street; Hotel King Edward

Flaxman Dry Goods and Notion Company, Houston, Texas; T. Flaxman, notions and furnishing goods; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Rector.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; J. M. Goldenberg, cloaks and suits; Hotel Rector.

Wasson, H. P., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Miss M. T. Wersky, millinery; 69 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Rector.

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CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted). Stops at Albany in both directions. Excellent cuisine and service.
ROUND TRIP $2.50

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers leave Desbrosses St. up to and including Oct. 21st, 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
YALE-ARMY FOOTBALL GAME OCT. 21ST. STR. HENDRICK HUDSON RUNS SPECIAL.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
REDUCED RATES.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct...... 1.60
FALL RIVER, Via Boat and Rail... 1.85
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N.R., foot West Houston St. Berths free. ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE. 'phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE To ALBANY
Round Trip, $1.50. Good 30 Days. Strs. lv. ft. W. Houston St., 5:30 P.M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. daily; stop Columbia St., (Union Sta.,) Albany; south bound, stop ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. 9226 Spring.

BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast. Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 6 P. M. For full information apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Hotel Woodward
Broadway & 55th St.
Residential and Transient
Established reputation for catering only to people of refinement.
Easy access to theatre and shopping centre.
Woodward Housekeeping Annex
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
Privacy of a home and Convenience of a hotel.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY UP.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY UP.
AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH AND MEALS, $2.50 PER DAY UP.
Temperance Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

PHYSICAL CULTURE
RESTAURANTS
218 W. 42d St., 615 6th Av., 106 E. 23d St., 25 Bleecker St., 27 Beekman St., 220 Fulton St., 120 Pearl St., 2,078 7th Av., 37 W. 17th St. Bran.:—Boston, Phila., Pittsb'gh, Buff. & Chi. Try Nature's Diet To-day. Sir Henry Thompson said:—"More than half the disease embittering life is due to avoidable errors in diet." Take home a loaf of our famous Physical Culture Bread. Recommended by Physicians.

It Is Hard to Get Better Meals at Any Price Than at
THE DUNLEETH,
143 W. 47th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Avs.
40c. LUNCH - - DINNER 50c.
'Phone 7927—Bryant.

PACTEAU 250 W. 44th. French Table d'hote. Lch., 40c. Din., 50c. Wine.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
108 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

UNION SQUARE HOTEL
Served first table d'hote dinner in N. Y. (1875).
DINNER 75c. (WITH WINE) $1.00
Tel. 4890—Stuyvesant. A. F. SCHAEFER, Prop.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 35 St. East Din., w. w., 65c. MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Ala. Music.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. | TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
"KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE"
FASTEST GERMAN STEAMSHIP,
SAILS TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 10 A. M.
"GEORGE WASHINGTON"
LARGEST GERMAN STEAMSHIP,
SAILS THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 10 A. M.
TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
"S. S. BERLIN"
ONE OF THE FINEST OF OUR MEDITERRANEAN FLEET,
SAILS SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 11 A. M.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Tuesday Sailings 10 A. M. Later Sailings—LONDON, PARIS, BREMEN Thursday Sailings 10 A. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse..Oct. 24 | *Friedrich der Grosse....Oct. 26
Kaiser Wilhelm II.........Oct. 31 | Grosser Kurfuerst.........Nov. 2
*BREMEN DIRECT
SATURDAY SAILINGS, 11 A. M.
Mediterranean S. S. Prinzess Irene (omits Algiers) Nov. 8 S. S. Berlin, Dec. 9
BALTIMORE—BREMEN DIRECT WEDNESDAYS One Class (II Cabin) Passengers Around the World $618
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 Broadway, New York

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
AROUND THE WORLD CRUISE
S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.) SAILS OCT. 21, 10 A. M.
Will have accommodations for limited number of passengers to MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR and VILLEFRANCHE (Riviera.)
CRUISES DE LUXE
South America
THIRD ANNUAL CRUISE of the S. S. "BLUECHER" (12,500 tons). the largest cruising steamer sailing from one America to the other. Offers every luxury and comfort.
Leaving New York Jan. 20, 1912
Ports of call: Bridgetown, Pernambuco, Santos, Montevideo, Punta Arenas (through the Straits of Magellan), Valparaiso (across the Andes), Buenos Ayres, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Para, Port of Spain and St. Thomas. Optional side trips everywhere.
Duration of Cruise 80 DAYS COST $350 and up.
Also Cruises to the Orient, West Indies, Around the World, Italy and Egypt, etc.
REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
§PENNSYLVANIA.......Oct. 21, 9 A. M.
§PATRICIA...........Oct. 28, 10 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC....Nov. 4, 9 A. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN......Nov. 11, 10 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. §Second cabin only. Hamburg direct.
Direct Service—Philadelphia-Hamburg.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. CLEVELAND (World Cruise) Oct. 21, 10 A. M.
S. S. CINCINNATI........Nov. 1, Dec. 7
S. S. HAMBURG...............Nov. 15
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
TRIPLE SCREW 45,324 TONS 882½ FT. LONG OLYMPIC SAILS DEC. 9 noon DEC. 30 noon
French a La Carte Restaurant.
Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium, Verandah Cafe, Palm Court.
Baltic........Oct. 19, 12:00 Noon | Finland,....Oct. 21, 10:00 A. M.
St. Paul......Oct. 21, 9:30 A. M. | Minnewaska...Oct. 21 9:30 A. M.
American Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
ST. PAUL ....OCT. 21
PHILADELPHIA ....OCT. 28
ST. LOUIS ....NOV. 4
NEW YORK ....NOV. 11
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
MINNEWASKA........OCT. 21, 9:30 A. M.
MINNEAPOLIS.......OCT. 28, 10:30 A. M.
MINNETONKA.................NOV. 4
MINNEHAHA..................NOV. 18
Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
FINLAND ....OCT. 21
VADERLAND ....OCT. 28
ZEELAND ....NOV. 4
KROONLAND ....NOV. 11
White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
*ST. PAUL..........OCT. 21, 9:30 A. M.
MAJESTIC...........OCT. 28, NOON
OCEANIC ....NOV. 4
*NEW YORK...................NOV. 11
*American Line Steamer.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
BALTIC.............OCT. 19, NOON
CELTIC.............OCT. 26, NOON
ADRIATIC ....NOV. 2
CEDRIC ....NOV. 9
New York & Boston To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, and Naples.
ROMANIC............OCT. 21, 10 A. M.
CRETIC ....OCT. 31
ADRIATIC 24,540 Tons DEC. 2
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 3100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62 N. R. (WEST 23D ST.) N. Y.

Vacations in the Tropics
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
To The West Indies
Seventy-second successful year
Bermuda—Cuba
Jamaica—Panama
Fall and Winter trips to the most delightful spots in the universe, gorgeous in their tropical splendor. Every loyal American should see the big ditch before the water is turned in.
Regular sailings on the palatial steamers
TAGUS, Oct. 18, Oct. 28 (to Bermuda)
THAMES, Oct. 28 | TO THE
TRENT, Nov. 11 | WEST INDIES
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
PERU-CHILE EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA
16 Days New York to CALLAO.
23 Days New York to VALPARAISO.
Services to COLOMBIA and ECUADOR
SANDERSON & SON,
General Agents, 22 State St., N. Y.
OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple Screw Turbine Steamships.
Fishguard and Liverpool.
LUSITANIA { Oct. 18, 9 A. M.
Nov. 1, 9 A. M. { MAURETANIA
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
CAMPANIA
Oct. 25, 10 A. M.
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.
MADEIRA GIBRALTAR ALGIERS
VILLEFRANCHE GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
See Company's Schedule for Complete Itinerary.
Pannonia ....Oct. 26 | Caronia..........Nov. 18
Carpathia ....Nov. 9 | Ivernia..........Nov. 30
Sailing Hour Noon.
WINTER CRUISES
ITALY, RIVIERA, EGYPT

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY STEAMSHIP SERVICE
New Magnificent Passenger and Freight Steamers Sail Thursdays, 12 noon, Pier 16, East River, (foot Fulton St.)
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COLOMBIA,
CONNECTING FOR PACIFIC PORTS, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.
17 Battery Place. Telephone 1025 Rector. Additional weekly sailings from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans. 22

25 Days' Trip To Cuba
WEEKLY SAILINGS By Prinz Steamers (5,000 Tons) OF THE ATLAS SERVICE
Hayti Jamaica Panama Colombia Costa Rica $140 AND UP
—NEXT SAILING—
Prinz Joachim, Oct. 21, 2 P. M.
The PRINZ steamers offer all the comforts and conveniences of our well-known trans-Atlantic liners. They are especially adapted for this service. EXCELLENT CUISINE AND SERVICE.
Send for particulars.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York.

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MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East), ALGIERS (West), S.S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc., Wednesdays, 1 P. M. Thru bookings to Adriatic East Coast points, Orient and Far East (India, China, Japan).
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
La Bretagne.......Oct. 19 | *La Lorraine.....Nov. 9
*La Provence.......Oct. 26 | La Bretagne.....Nov. 16
*La Savoie.........Nov. 2 | *La Provence.....Nov. 23
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-Class Passengers Only.
*Niagara..Oct. 28 | ‡ROCHAMBEAU (New)..OCT. 28
‡Quadruple Screw Steamer.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 8, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Final ROUND THE WORLD Tour this season leaves Jan. 20, $2,150.
Frank C. Clark, Times Bldg., New York.

Go To Bermuda $10 Up Round Trip
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates.
Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails Oct. 21st, Nov. 1st, 11th, and 23d.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.
For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton,
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Cameronia..Oct. 21, 9 AM | Caledonia...Nov. 4, 3 PM
California...Oct. 28, noon | Columbia...Nov. 11, noon
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

AUTUMN RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—New York City.
IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY.
Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J. Josiah White & Sons Co.
Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

NEW YORK-ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.
Campanello...Oct. 26 | Volturno......Nov. 23
Uranium......Nov. 9 | Campanello....Dec. 7
Uranium S. S. Co., Ltd., 13 B'way, N. Y.

AUTUMN TOURS TO BERMUDA
TWIN-SCREW (14,000 TONS) S. S. OCEANA
Largest and Finest Steamer.
Round Trip, Berth and Meals. $15 up
Tours including Hotel and All Expenses.
BERMUDA-ATLANTIC LINE, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:11 | Sun sets..5:20 | Moon rises..A.M.

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:32	2:44	8:30	9:15
Governors Island	2:52	3:09	9:06	9:50
Hell Gate	4:42	4:53	10:46	11:30

Arrived—Sunday, Oct. 15.

SS Minnewaska, Southampton, Oct. 7.
SS Bretagne, Havre, Oct. 7.
SS Ardanmhor, Algiers, Sept. 25.
SS Bramley, St. Lucia, Oct. 8.
SS Prins Willem I., Gonaives, Oct. 10.
SS Falls of Orchy, St. Lucia, Oct. 8.
SS Uller, Washington, D. C., Oct. 13.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, Oct. 12.
SS Princess Anne, Norfolk, Oct. 14.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, Oct. 14.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, Oct. 13.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Marowijne, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lusitania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Tagus, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, La Guria	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Queen Mary, Montevideo	3:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Manzanillo, Guantanamo	———	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Queen Wilhelmina	London	Sept. 27
Diamant	Shields	Sept. 29
Vigilancia	Havana	Oct. 11
Finland	Antwerp	Oct. 7
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Oct. 7
Albingia	Inagua	Oct. 12
Camaguey	Tampico	Oct. 8
Tagus	Bermuda	Oct. 14
San Juan	San Juan	Oct. 11
Birma	Libau	Oct. 3
Creole	New Orleans	Oct. 11
El Oriente	Galveston	Oct. 10
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Oct. 13

DUE TO-MORROW.

K. Wilhelm der Grosse	Bremen	Oct. 10
United States	Christiansand	Oct. 7
Niagara	Havre	Oct. 7
Friedrich der Grosse	Bremen	Oct. 7
Citti di Messina	Almeria	Oct. 7
Manhattan	Antwerp	Oct. 3
Saratoga	Havana	Oct. 14
Coppename	Trinidad	Oct. 10
Brazos	Galveston	Oct. 11
Rio Grande	Brunswick	Oct. 14
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Oct. 14
Comal	Galveston	Oct. 10
El Siglo	New Orleans	Oct. 12

DUE WEDNESDAY.

St. Paul	Southampton	Oct. 11
Irishman	Liverpool	Oct. 7
Prinz August Wilhelm	Colon	Oct. 10
Paloma	Cardenas	Oct. 12
Oceania	Bermuda	Oct. 16
Panama	Cristobal	Oct. 12
El Rio	Galveston	Oct. 11

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Birma, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 580 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Patricia, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 1,246 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:05 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Thursday.

SS Finland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported 775 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3:55 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Niagara, incoming from Havre, was reported 700 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:55 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS United States, incoming from Copenhagen, was reported 750 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:58 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Friedrich der Grosse, incoming from Bremen, was reported 790 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

By United Wireless.

SS Momus, New Orleans, was 30 m. N. W. of Tortugas at 8 P. M., 15th.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz, was 217 m. W. of Havana, at noon, 15th.

SS Camaguey, Tampico, was 110 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 15th.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick, was 478 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 15th.

SS Philadelphia, Curacao, was 1,024 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 15th.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, was 98 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS J. M. Guffey, Port Arthur, was 430 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 A. M., 15th.

SS Creole, New Orleans, was 138 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

SS Vigilancia, Nassau, was 381 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 15th.

SS Tagus, Bermuda, was 180 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 15th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Lapland, at Dover, Oct. 15.
SS Majestic, at Southampton, Oct. 15.

Sailed.

SS Campania, from Queenstown, Oct. 15.
SS Cretic, from Naples, Oct. 14.
SS California, from Moville, Oct. 14.

Passed.

SS Minnetonka, New York for London, passed the Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Isthmian	Oct. 16 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Inaba Maru	Oct. 19 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru	Oct. 20 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Oct. 20 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands and specially addressed mail for New Zealand and Australia (via San Francisco)—Strathardle	Oct. 22 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Mexico Maru	Oct. 23 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Zealandia	Oct. 27 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Bellerophon	Oct. 27 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Oct. 30 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Nov. 1 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The Middle West disturbance will probably move slowly eastward, attended by rains Monday in the Upper Mississippi Valley and the upper lake region, and Monday or Monday night in the Ohio Valley and the lower lake region, followed by fair and considerably cooler weather Monday night and Tuesday. In the Atlantic and Gulf States generally fair weather Monday will be followed by local rains Monday night or Tuesday, and by falling temperature Tuesday night.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate, variable, though mostly east to southeast; South Atlantic and East Gulf Coasts, light to moderate south; West Gulf Coast, moderate south, shifting to northwest Monday night; on the lower lakes, variable, becoming east and southeast and increasing; upper lakes, increasing, east to north.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have light to moderate variable winds, with generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, slightly warmer Monday. Tuesday probably rain, variable winds, becoming east and southeast and moderate.

New Jersey—Fair Monday. Tuesday probably rain; light to moderate east to southeast winds.

Eastern New York—Fair Monday. Tuesday unsettled, probably local rains, moderate winds, mostly east to southeast.

New England—Generally fair Monday; rain Tuesday or Tuesday night; light to moderate winds, mostly east to southeast.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	62	54	4 P. M.	64	57
6 A. M.	60	54	6 P. M.	63	56
9 A. M.	60	57	9 P. M.	62	58
12 M.	65	60	12 M.	60	56

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 56.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 58; at 8 P. M. it was 56. Maximum temperature 62 degrees at 10:15 A. M.; minimum 53 degrees at 5:15 A. M. Humidity 66 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 78 per cent at 8 P. M.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers
Members of the New York, Chicago and Boston Stock Exchanges
Investment Securities
List of current offerings on application
Commission orders executed in all the principal markets
Deposits received and interest allowed on balances subject to draft at sight
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Boston London Chicago

Good Security Stability of Earnings 5 Per Cent. Income

THESE are some of the important features that make sound investment bonds particularly attractive to discriminating investors. When you invest in bonds secured upon properties of established value and demonstrated earning power, you are surrounding your money with every reasonable safeguard. You can obtain approximately 5 per cent. by investing in bonds of this character, and we shall be glad to submit offerings for your consideration.

Write for our Circular No. 839, "Investment Securities."
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Our
October Bond Circular
presents a variety of sound Municipal, Railroad and Public Utility Bonds.
Yielding About 4% to 5½%
We recommend such selections as are best adapted to serve your needs and conserve your principal and its earning power.
Send for October Bond Circular
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION | THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

A rising tendency was displayed in last week's stock market which showed greatest strength at the very close of the week to the accompaniment of a considerable expansion in transactions. Impetus was given to this forward movement by the settlement on Friday of the differences which had existed among the holders of American Tobacco securities in respect to the terms to be allowed to the holders of the company's 4 per cent. bonds in the pending reorganization. This agreement, Wall Street assumed, held the promise of a fairly speedy conclusion of the plan for the readjustment of the company in compliance with the decree of the Supreme Court, the view in stock market circles being that the outside opposition to the plan would not cause material delay in its completion now that the security holders themselves or the vast majority of them have given their approval to the proposed terms. A calm judgment of the situation would seem to require that the possibility of delay in carrying the plan through as a result of opposition which may arise to the plan outside of the circle of the security holders themselves be not lightly dismissed, but Wall Street has been hoping for a speedy adjustment of American Tobacco affairs, and the Stock Exchange found in the agreement among the security holders themselves the promise of an early conclusion of the company's reorganization. The interpretation put upon the American Tobacco situation did much to prompt short covering in the market, and this was, seemingly, an important factor in the week's closing advances in prices, although the action of the market suggested genuine improvement in market sentiment. The relation of the Sherman law to the corporations was drawn to the attention of the financial district last week in more ways than in the continued negotiations over the reorganization of the American Tobacco Company, but the several decrees which were filed during the week, notably the decree in the General Electric case, had been sufficiently foreshadowed to deprive them of any market significance at this time. The trade practices which that particular decree brings under the prohibition of the courts hardly fall within the category of those the prohibition of which would be regarded by business men as a whole as offering an real hindrance to business, and the same might be said of other recent decisions under the same law. This was an additional reason for the complacency with which the security markets last week learned of the filing of these decrees. This is a phase of the situation, moreover, which is rightly regarded as calculated to modify the apprehension which might attach to further proceedings under the same law as recently interpreted by the country's highest tribunal.

There were other matters which contributed to the better tone of the stock market last week, among them the indication which current events supply that general conditions are slowly righting themselves by the operation of those factors which gradually make for improvement after periods of uncertainty and business contraction. Just now much of the country's business is being done at reduced profits, but indications that lower prices for raw materials and manufactured products are stimulating consumption are supplied in several directions. Thus the Iron Age reported last week that the present cheapness of steel is producing business, as was already being shown in fact by the increase the past two months in the country's iron output. The cotton trade, too, is feeling the influence of the lower prices of the raw staple. While there is apparently no disposition on the part of American spinners to commit themselves to large purchases of cotton for future requirements even at the present level of prices, there was enough home and foreign buying to show that the present opportunity to purchase cotton at a price 5 cents a pound under the quotation at this time a year ago is not being ignored by the cotton markets of the world. At the close of the week cotton options in New York sold down to 9 cents, the lowest price in about three years. On the other hand, information was supplied last week that during the past month the unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation decreased by about 84,000 tons, while the copper trade reported an increase in the stocks of the metal on hand. This was in large measure due to a sharp falling off in the foreign demand for the metal, which more than offset a curtailment in the month's production. So far as last week's crop report is concerned it showed that taking all of the crops together there was some improvement in the indicated yields, although the promise of the principal cereal crops on Oct. 1 was not far different from that suggested by the September report. All crops combined were estimated by the Department of Agriculture to be 13.8 per cent. below the average on Oct. 1, as compared with September's showing of 15.2 per cent. below the average for that date. This is far below the expectations which were entertained early in the season, but not very far different from the estimates which were formed in mid-Summer, when the long period of dry weather forced an important revision of the earliest estimates.

The decline in the expected yield of the principal crops naturally reduced the demand which the crop-growing sections are making on the money market this Fall. Still another factor which is operating to reduce the requirements of the agricultural sections is the rapidity with which cotton has been coming to market. Both of these factors have increased the ability of this market to employ funds abroad, and last week's incidents made it plain that much American money is now being used in operations which are usualy carried on with foreign capital. In addition to the loans which our bankers have made direct to the European markets, there are indications that a large amount of commercial bills which usually are discounted in the foreign markets are being carried this Fall with American money. One effect of this is seen in the advance which has taken place in the sterling exchange rate, the upward tendency of which has been so marked that some bankers are firmly of the opinion that more gold will go out from this side. There is a difference of view, however, on this point, and this much at least is plain, that the very strong position which this market now holds with reference to the European money markets makes it certain that any gold exports from this side will reflect nothing more than the ability of this market to make large advances to the foreign borrowers and its willingness to do this, even to the extent of shipping gold. This has both its advantages and its disadvantages, for such ease in money as this market is now experiencing is witnessed at this season of the year only in times of business contraction. On this score, however, it must be remembered that the demands of trade on the money market are lessened at the moment not only by reason of a somewhat reduced volume of business, but also by the fact that the hand-to-mouth character of much of the trading tends to lessen the amount of money needed to carry on a given amount of trade. Commercial paper rates declined during the past week, reflecting the eagerness of purchasers of paper to invest their funds. The bond market continues to feel the influence of the same desire on the part of institutions to employ funds in other channels than the time money market where rates remain low. Some bankers well placed to form a judgment on the matter feel that we are on the eve of a very good bond market, while, on the other hand, there are no indications at the moment of any extensive corporation financing. Not until new undertakings which require much fresh capital are again being planned and executed will the hand-to-mouth character of present-day business be entirely done away with, but meanwhile the development of a broad demand for investment securities will lay the foundation for the successful flotation of new issues, and in due course for the increase in business of which the raising of new capital will be a forerunner. Under existing conditions and those which the country faces this coming year, this process cannot be expected to be carried on rapidly, but gradually the foundation is being laid for the betterment in business which the whole country desires.

CHEERFUL TONE IN LONDON.

Bank of England's Position Exceptionally Strong for This Time of Year.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Notwithstanding the heavy exports of gold to Egypt and Brazil, the Bank of England's position for this time of year is exceptionally strong, and the best authorities do not expect the increase in the official rate of discounts in the open market to remain firm.

As New York is evidently financing Berlin on a considerable scale any stringency in the latter quarter is regarded as unlikely, and even should the Austro-Hungarian Bank increase its rate of discount soon, as expected, it is not thought the German Reichsbank would have to follow suit.

The stock markets have been in a cheerful mood during the latter half of last week thanks to the dispersal of the Morocco clouds and dwindling fears that the Tripoli expedition will be the signal for Mussulman restiveness.

BERLIN PRICES STEADY.

Slight Improvement Shown in American and German Securities.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—Owing to the improvement in the political situation, also the satisfactory condition of the American and German iron markets, the Berlin Boerse manifested remarkable steadiness, during last week.

Nevertheless caution is being exercised in purchases, as an international crisis is still regarded here as within the range of possibility.

Closing prices showed all around improvement in most important transatlantic and German securities, from 1 to 2 per cent. as compared with a week ago.

MOROCCO BRACES BOURSE.

Agreement Causes Rise, But Pending Congo Issues Halt Business.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS. OCT. 15.—The agreement reached last week between France and Germany on Morocco went far toward giving a better tone to all departments, and a general rise ensued. Speculators, however, are still unwilling to operate, and business is likely to remain insignificant until questions of compensations over the Congo are settled.

Uneasiness about Rio Tontos was dispelled by the declaration of a dividend, which caused a rise and a firm tone at closing.

Settlement day, which is to-morrow, is not causing apprehension, as there is likely to be more money than is required for the comparatively small liquidation.

Want Steinway Tube Opened.

Led by some of the more influential men in Queens and Manhattan an appeal is to be made this week to the Public Service Commission in behalf of the opening of the Steinway Tunnel. The movement has been under way for several weeks. An effort is to be made to enlist the support of Mayor Gaynor, who has expressed himself as favorable to the opening of this tunnel.

STEEL PRICES LOWER AND MILLS CROWDED

Engineers Revive Building Plans to Take Advantage of Market Conditions.

TIN PLATE DEMAND LIGHT

No Forward Buying in Pig Iron Market—Large Output in Structural Shapes.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 15.—The anomaly of crowded mills on a falling market is seen in some lines of the steel industry. Record low prices, offered in a number of finished lines since the opening of the month, have brought out much new business that in the usual course of events would have been scheduled for early next year. It is an open secret that some of the steel car inquiries now pending have been brought out solely by the low prices offered on steel cars by the car plants. Building projects, which earlier in the year had been postponed until next Spring, are being revived on advice of engineers and architects, who are convinced that present low prices cannot be duplicated after the first of the year.

The improvement in prompt buying is not uniform in all lines of finished product, and therefore much crude steel capacity in the Pittsburgh district remains idle. But in structural material, light plates, and some lines of sheets there has been a revival that has taxed capacity in a number of cases. Structural shops, sheet mills, and in some instances merchant mills and pipe works, have made the largest outputs of the year in the first two weeks of October. Prices have reached phenomenally low figures. Open hearth billets are down to within $1 of the selling price of Bessemer pig iron at its top notch two years ago. Steel bars sold last week in this market at $1.10, Pittsburgh mill—which is within 5 cents of the lowest price on record. Plates at a $24 minimum compare with $30 a year and a half ago. Structural contracts are said to have been closed at as low as $36 for the fabricated steel, which is $8 to $10 drop from the high point of 1909. The market in pipe and sheets is demoralized.

Heavy contracting in structural and the largest sizes of steel pipe during the week increased the probabilities that the structural and pipe mills will be among the busiest individual lines in the industry at the opening of November. The 4,500-ton contract for the Leader Building, Cleveland, was let to the American Bridge Company; the 2,600-ton First National Bank Building, Pittsburgh, went to the Bethlehem Steel Works solely because Pittsburgh makers of structural shapes could not guarantee prompt deliveries, two of the largest structural concerns here being tied up with Panama Canal and New York dock contracts, involving large tonnages. The National Tube Company took 40,000 tons of pipe for Canadian shipment, and the Republic Iron and Steel Company landed the order for 14,000 tons for the Texas Company—about 150 miles of line. Two Pittsburgh pipe-line interests placed orders for upward of fifty miles of heavy pipe, which they had not been expected to buy until Spring, being attracted by the favorable terms shown in the other purchases.

While tin mills have been ready since last August to book orders through the first quarter at $3.60, as compared with the $3.70 price that prevailed before the August reduction, no business of any consequence has been booked for any portion of next year, and buyers have shown no disposition to take hold at $3.60. It is predicted that the mills will shortly offer some concessions to start business, probably 10 cents a box, putting tin plate at $3.50. Consumers are offering to contract through the first quarter of next year on that basis.

The pig iron market remained unsatisfactory during the week. Stocks of pig iron in Valleys territory have been cleaned up to a large extent, and shipments on fourth-quarter contracts have been fully up to the commitments of consumers, but the utter lack of forward buying continues. Producers are reluctant to open their books except at an advance on present prices, and consumers will not contract into first quarter on the basis of anything but present spot quotations. Bessemer iron at the new price established two weeks ago, $14.65 Valleys or $15.55 Pittsburgh, would be attractive for first-quarter business, but the market has been canvassed in vain by consumers for any Bessemer iron at these figures. There is some spot foundry iron selling at $13.50 Valleys, but nobody will quote this price for 1912. The extraordinary price of $12.50, Valley furnace, is said to have been quoted by two Valley interests on Western inquiries within the past week, but even this quotation failed to land the business, which went to Chicago furnaces. There is good inquiry for malleable, which may develop a definite market on that grade before another week passes. Quotations on malleable during the past fortnight have been largely nominal. The last definite price was $13.10, Valley furnace.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE GROWS.

First of a String of Ships Starts There with a Heavy Cargo.

The steamship Star of Australia of the United Tyser Line left Pier 10, Pierrepont Stores, Brooklyn, yesterday with a heavy cargo of American manufactures for Australian ports. Besides a large quantity of rails the cargo contained pianos, automobiles, and farming implements.

The departure of this vessel marks the beginning of unusual activity in shipments for Australian ports. It is estimated that within the next six weeks at least 80,000 tons of American manufactured products will leave on vessels from piers along the Brooklyn waterfront for Australia.

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Redeemable at the option of the Company upon any interest date at 105 and accrued interest.
STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, TRUSTEE

A letter from Mr. F. F. Fitzpatrick, Pres't of the Railway Steel-Spring Co., contains the following statements.

BONDS are a direct obligation of the Railway Steel-Spring Company and specifically secured by a first mortgage lien on the real estate and plant acquired from the Inter-Ocean Steel Company.

TOTAL BONDED DEBT of the Company, including this issue, is $7,308,000, while the Balance Sheet of December 31, 1910, shows Assets of over $35,000,000, exclusive of the Inter-Ocean Plant, since acquired.

SINKING FUND of $125,000 annually begins to redeem and cancel bonds of this issue in 1914.

NET LIQUID ASSETS of the Company on December 31, 1910, were about $4,500,000.

NET EARNINGS of the Company for the year ending December 31, 1910, were $1,950,000—over FIVE TIMES the total interest charges, including this present issue. This is exclusive of any earnings from the Inter-Ocean Plant, which, it is estimated, will add $500,000 to $600,000 to the Company's net annual earning capacity.

We offer the above bonds at 97 and accrued interest, and recommend them for investment.

Continental & Commercial Trust & Savings Bank,
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Village of Irvington, N. Y., 4.25%, yield [illegible]
City of Birmingham, Ala., 5%, yield 4¼
City of Fort Worth, Texas, 4%, yield 4¼
City of High Point, N. C., 5%, yield 4¼
City of Meridian, Miss., 4½%, yield 4½
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NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.
REDEMPTION OF JERSEY CITY WATER SUPPLY COMPANY 4 PER CENT. 25-YEAR BONDS, DATED MAY 1, 1899:

Pursuant to an agreement stamped upon the above-described bonds, under which the said bonds are subject to redemption at any time upon six months' notice given by the said Jersey City Water Supply Company, owners of said above described bonds are hereby notified to present their said bonds, with Coupon No. 26 and subsequent coupons attached, at FIRST NATIONAL BANK, 2 WALL STREET, NEW YORK CITY, on April 12th, 1912, for redemption at par and accrued interest.

No interest will be allowed after April 12th, 1912.

JERSEY CITY WATER SUPPLY COMPANY.
WHITNEY CONANT, Treasurer.
Paterson, N. J., October 10th, 1911.

CAPITAL IN CANADA.

Great Total of Known Investments of Foreign Money in Dominion.

A grand total of $2,416,732,871, representing investments of outside money in Canada, has been checked up after exhaustive investigation by Fred. W. Field, editor of the Monetary Times of Canada, who has just published a book entitled "Capital Investments in Canada," containing the material that was in a former series of articles on the subject, with the figures brought down to April, 1911. This does not represent all outside investments in Canada. George Paish, the London financial statistician, has estimated British capital investments in Canada alone at $1,860,000,000, and Mr. Field says this appears a safe estimate, although he has been able to find, since 1905, a total of only $890,805,626 of which he knows the details. Mr. Field has been able to check up in detail the items that aggregate into the following total of outside investments by financiers of other countries:

Great Britain	$890,805,626
United States	417,143,221
France	70,750,000
Belgian	11,675,000
Germany	30,725,000
Holland	11,000,000
Russia	1,500,000
Turkey	3,000,000
Foreign bank holdings	10,939,650
Total	$2,416,732,871

Mr. Field says that while British investments in Canada have taken the form of the purchase of municipal bonds, railroad securities, and of late traction and power concerns, Americans have been most keen in picking up bargains in the way of lumber and mining developments, including coal, iron, and precious metals, in real estate, and in establishing industrial concerns of their own or investing in Canadian industrials. He finds 20 companies and establishments that are branches of industrial concerns in the United States, with aggregate capital of $125,400,000.

Our predominance in the Canadian industrial field, he says, is a powerful factor in influencing trade between Canada and the United States and partly accounts for the fact that Canada has bought from Great Britain in the past five years only $396,229,624 worth of goods, against $991,852,479 bought from the United States. The Pacific Coast Canadians, too, trade extensively with the United States because of the mountain barrier to the east. The trade relationships of Canada, Mr. Field says, have been referred to feelingly in England, but the policy of the British bankers has been to ignore these considerations in loan negotiations. Mr. Field thinks, however, that the British individual investor may hold this against Canada to a certain extent. He sees a growing British interest in Canadian industrials which may tend to change the trade situation, but puts over against this the great influx of Yankee farmers into Canada, and the possibility of tariff changes.

Mr. Field says that from July 1, 1900, to March 31, 1911, 1,764,475 immigrants entered Canada. Of these 685,067 were British, mainly English and Welsh; 618,700 came from the United States, and 460,707 from the European continent. The cash and value of settlers' effects entering Canada from the United States is growing larger every year. During the fiscal year they brought with them $52,000,000 in this wealth. The 1909 transfer of wealth was estimated by an official at $70,000,000. From all over the world the wealth brought into Canada by settlers totaled $636,272,080 in five years.

Meetings Officially Announced.

Albany & Susquehanna	Oct. 17
American Locomotive Co	Oct. 17
American Malt Corp	Nov. 9
Am. Spirits Mfg. Co	Oct. 19
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	Oct. 26
Chesapeake & Ohio	Oct. 24
Chicago & Northwestern	Oct. 19
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	Nov. 1
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	Oct. 20
Cincinnati, Sandusky & Cleveland	Oct. 18
Cleve., Cin., Chicago & St. Louis	Oct. 25
Colorado Fuel & Iron Co	Oct. 16
Colorado & Southern	Nov. 16
Crucible Steel Co	Oct. 18
Denver & Rio Grande	Oct. 16
Denver & Rio Grande	Oct. 17
Detroit & Mackinac	Oct. 31
Distillers Securities Corp	Oct. 18
Federal Mining & Smelting Co	Oct. 16
Illinois Central R. R. Co	Oct. 18
International Paper Co	Oct. 25
Manhattan Railway Co	Nov. 8
Mergenthaler Linotype Co	Oct. 18
Republic Iron & Steel Co	Oct. 18
Rock Island Co	Oct. 16
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg	Dec. 1
Rutland R. R. Co	Oct. 17
South Porto Rico Sugar Co	Nov. 9
St. Joseph & Grand Island	Oct. 17
St. Louis & San Francisco	Nov. 13
Toledo, St. Louis & Western	Oct. 25
Western Maryland	Oct. 18

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED OCTOBER 14. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES 1,846,355 SHARES.

Range for Year 1910.		Range for Year 1911.				Closing Saturday, Oct. 14.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended Oct. 14.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Oct. 14, '11.
High	Low	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask					Date.	Per Cent		First	High	Low	Last		
15	7½	9⅝	May 31.	2	Oct. 7.	3	3⅛	+1	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000			..	2½	3¼	2	3	10	9,445
54¾	27	34	Feb. 3.	10⅜	Oct. 9.	11	11¾	−1¼	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	11½	12¾	10⅜	11¾	33½	2,565
90⅝	55⅛	71⅝	June 19.	44⅝	Sept. 25.	52⅛	52⅜	+3⅜	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Aug. 28, '11.	50c	Q	49	52½	49	52¼	70	31,300
49½	35	60½	May 18.	46	Jan. 3.	48	51	+1	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,215,600			..	48	48	48	48	..	200
47¼	24	58½	Oct. 14.	39¾	Jan. 12.	58	58⅛	+1¾	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000			..	56½	58½	55½	58	39	60,425
95½	89	101	Oct. 11.	92½	Jan. 9.	..	..	+3½	American Beet Sugar Co. pf	100	5,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	100	101	100	101	94	300
13⅝	6⅞	12½	May 9.	8⅞	Jan. 6.	10½	10¾	+¾	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300			..	9⅞	10⅜	9⅞	10⅜	9⅛	5,250
82¼	62	88¾	May 23.	77	Jan. 5.	86¼	86¾	+2½	American Can Co. pf	100	41,233,300	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	84	86¾	84	86½	70	5,700
72⅞	39½	58¼	July 19.	42⅝	Sept. 28.	49¾	50	+2½	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	½	Q	47⅝	49⅞	46⅞	49⅞	54½	3,300
120	109	120	May 23.	114	Oct. 10.	113	115	..	American Car & Foundry Co. pf	100	30,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	114	115	114	115	116	400
69¾	52⅛	62⅝	Feb. 28.	45⅛	Sept. 26.	50¾	51⅝	+1½	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11.	2½	SA	51	51¼	49⅝	51½	66⅝	4,100
301	237	245	Mar. 27.	201	Sept. 26.	205	212	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	3	Q	209	209	205	205	..	30
8¼	4	5	June 15.	3½	Sept. 22.	3¾	4	+⅛	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100			..	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝	..	450
47⅞	19	26⅝	June 14.	18	Sept. 25.	21	24	+3	American Hide & Leather Co. pf	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	22	22	22	22	23⅝	100
46⅞	25½	34	Feb. 14.	26¼	Oct. 4.	28	29	+1½	American Linseed Co. pf	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	28½	29	28½	28½	34¾	300
62½	29	43¼	May 22.	33⅞	Sept. 25.	35½	35⅝	+¾	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	34¾	35¾	34¾	35¾	41½	800
115	102½	110¾	Mar. 1.	104	Apr. 18.	104	106	−⅛	American Locomotive Co. pf	100	25,000,000	July 21, '11.	1¾	Q	105	105	104⅛	104⅛	105	500
48	28½	43⅝	July 22.	31¼	Mar. 8.	42	43	+⅛	American Malt Corp. pf	100	8,696,800	May 2, '11.	1	SA	41⅞	42¼	41½	42¼	34⅜	915
104	61⅝	83⅞	June 15.	56⅝	Sept. 25.	65⅞	66	+3	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	63⅝	66⅛	62¼	66	75	31,150
112¾	98¼	108½	June 15.	98⅝	Sept. 27.	102½	103	+¼	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	101¾	102	101¾	102	103⅝	300
90⅞	82	89¼	July 19.	82	Sept. 26.	85½	86	+3½	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	86	86	86	86	87⅞	100
66	38	52½	Feb. 9.	25	Sept. 25.	31¾	32½	−⅛	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¼	..	33	33¼	31	32⅝	45	1,340
127½	111½	122½	Feb. 27.	112¼	Sept. 25.	118	118½	+3½	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	116¼	118½	116¼	118½	119⅝	1,900
124	111½	119½	Feb. 14.	111	Jan. 5.	115½	116	..	American Sugar Refining Co. pf	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	116	116	116	116	115⅛	110
88	71	85½	Jan. 18.	79¾	Aug. 1.	74	88	..	American Telegraph & Cable Co.	100	14,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	78	78	78	78	..	25
143⅝	126¾	153⅛	June 8.	131¼	Aug. 30.	135¼	135¾	+1¾	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	275,998,700	Oct. 16, '11.	2	Q	133⅝	135¼	133⅝	135½	138¾	5,385
99¾	90½	102	May 18.	87	Aug. 24.	97⅞	98	+½	American Tobacco Co. pf	100	33,619,300	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	97⅝	98⅝	96½	97⅞	93¾	7,197
..	..	97¼	Sept. 29.	92½	Sept. 1.	96	97	..	American Tobacco Co. pf., tr. rcts.	..	45,089,800			..	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	..	100
39½	25⅛	36½	Mar. 21.	27	Sept. 14.	30	31	..	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000			..	31½	31½	31½	31½	32	100
..	..	34½	Feb. 7.	24½	Sept. 26.	26	28	+1¼	American Writing Paper pf	100	12,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	SA	25	26¼	25	26¼	..	200
54	33½	41⅛	June 13.	29	Sept. 25.	33¾	34	+2	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	108,312,500	July 19, '11.	50c	Q	32	34	32	34	42½	600
124⅛	90¾	116⅝	June 5.	99⅞	Sept. 27.	106⅜	106⅞	+2⅜	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	169,310,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1½	Q	104¾	106⅞	103¾	106⅞	105⅜	26,510
104¼	97	105½	June 12.	100⅜	Jan. 3.	103⅛	103½	+1	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '11.	2½	SA	103	103½	103	103½	101	1,270
137½	102½	132½	July 19.	117	Jan. 3.	127	127½	+4	Atlantic Coast Line	100	56,973,200	July 10, '11.	3	SA	124	128	124	127½	118	3,000
119⅛	100¼	109¾	July 14.	93½	Sept. 29.	97⅝	97¾	+1¼	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,304,800	Sept. 1, '11.	3	SA	95¾	97¾	95⅝	97¾	109⅝	7,600
94	87¼	91	Jan. 4.	85½	Aug. 30.	87½	88	+½	Baltimore & Ohio pf	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	2	SA	86½	88	86½	88	90½	650
3½	2	2⅛	Jan. 27.	1¼	Aug. 25.	1⅞	2	..	Batopilas Mining	20	8,931,980	Dec.31,'07.	12½c	..	2	2	2	2	2⅛	200
65	49	66⅝	July 31.	54	Sept. 25.	55½	56¼	−1	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	55½	56⅝	55½	56	59½	800
82⅝	68½	84⅝	July 30.	72	Sept. 13.	75½	75⅝	+1½	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	73¾	75½	73⅝	75¼	78⅛	9,200
164½	125	145½	June 8.	129	Sept. 15.	135¼	137	+2¼	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,998,500	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	134	135¼	134	135¼	138¾	200
33	28	31	Mar. 30.	28	Feb. 16.	28½	30	+⅜	Butterick Co.	100	14,647,200	Sept. 1, '11.	¾	Q	29¼	29¼	28¾	28¾	30	400
202⅝	176¾	247	July 21.	195⅝	Jan. 3.	229⅝	229⅞	+3⅞	**Canadian Pacific**	100	179,999,600	Oct. 1, '11.	2½	Q	226⅛	229⅞	225¾	229⅞	196¾	8,950
48⅞	25¼	33⅝	Feb. 2.	18¾	Sept. 25.	22	22¼	+1¼	Central Leather Co.	100	39,574,100			..	21	22¼	21	22¼	35⅞	2,074
109¼	99¼	105	Feb. 10.	91⅞	Sept. 25.	95	97½	+1¾	Central Leather Co. pf	100	33,264,100	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	94½	95	94½	95	105½	200
92	65	86¾	Feb. 8.	68⅝	Sept. 25.	74	74½	+2¼	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Sept. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	71⅝	74	71⅝	74	83½	7,050
36⅞	19	25¼	June 5.	17¼	Sept. 14.	18	19	+½	Chicago Great Western	100	45,076,800			..	18½	19	18½	19	25	300
158⅜	113¾	133½	Feb. 7.	105⅛	Oct. 4.	109¾	110	+2½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	107¼	110	106¾	109¾	127¼	24,500
182½	137¼	150½	June 12.	138¾	Sept. 1.	144½	145	+2½	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	142¼	144½	142¼	144½	149⅝	1,226
..	..	25¾	May 19.	16½	Sept. 25.	19½	19¾	+1¾	Chino Copper	5	3,500,000			..	17¾	19¾	17⅝	19¾	..	7,200
92¼	61	66	Jan. 18.	48⅛	Sept. 15.	61	63	+2	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Sept. 1, '10.	2	..	62	63¼	62	62	76	800
50	22½	36⅞	Feb. 6.	25	Sept. 23.	27	28⅛	..	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	27	27	26½	27	35¼	400
65¾	46	60	Jan. 18.	43	Sept. 23.	49	50	+3	Colorado & Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '10.	2	A	47¾	50	47¾	50	59⅞	950
160⅝	122½	148¼	June 6.	128¾	Sept. 25.	139⅛	139¼	+1	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,500	Sept. 15, '11.	1½	Q	138	139⅝	137¼	139⅝	136¼	3,900
23¼	11½	15¾	May 17.	10⅜	Sept. 25.	11¾	12	+¼	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500			..	11¼	11⅞	11¼	11⅞	17⅞	1,920
86⅝	70⅝	85	May 29.	73	Sept. 27.	75	76½	..	Corn Products Refining Co. pf	100	29,818,600	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	75½	76	75½	76	78½	200
185	149¼	174⅞	June 8.	159¼	Sept. 20.	162	163½	+1	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	Sept. 20, '11.	2¼	Q	160½	162	160½	162	169¾	300
620	490	560	June 5.	505	Sept. 25.	497½	560	+17½	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	50	30,277,000	July 20, '11.	2½	Q	520	520	520	520	550	100
52	23¼	35	Feb. 15.	21½	Sept. 14.	23⅝	24½	+1⅞	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000			..	22	23⅞	22	23⅞	34½	910
84	62⅝	74	Feb. 21.	44	Sept. 14.	48	49	+2½	Denver & Rio Grande pf	100	49,773,600	Jan. 15, '11.	2½	..	47	48½	46¾	48½	76¾	500
68	45	74	Feb. 7.	66½	Sept. 16.	73	75	+3⅛	Detroit United Railway	100	12,500,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	73⅛	73⅛	73⅛	73⅛	..	100
36¾	25¼	38¼	Mar. 1.	29	Sept. 26.	32	32¼	+⅞	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,784,600	July 31, '11.	½	Q	31¼	32⅛	31¼	32⅛	31¼	700
84⅝	19½	38⅜	July 1.	27½	Jan. 11.	31	31¼	+⅞	**Erie**	100	112,378,900			..	30¼	31¼	29⅝	31	31	12,700
52¾	35	61¼	July 1.	45⅛	Jan. 12.	50¼	50¾	+1¼	Erie 1st pf	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	48½	50½	48½	50¼	50¾	2,800
42	26¼	49¾	July 1.	35	Jan. 9.	41½	42	−¼	Erie 2d pf	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	41	41	41	41	40	200
88	37	66½	May 19.	47	Oct. 13.	48	60	−3	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf**	100	12,000,000	Sept. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	50	50	47	47	59½	328
107	101⅛	108	Apr. 5.	103⅝	Jan. 11.	104½	107½	..	**General Chemical Co. pf**	100	12,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	106	106	106	106	..	43
160⅞	134	168⅜	May 29.	142	Sept. 22.	150½	151½	+2¾	General Electric Co.	100	77,235,200	Oct. 14, '11.	2	Q	148¼	151¼	148	151¼	155	4,150
..	..	86⅝	Aug. 5.	75	Sept. 26.	75	77	+¾	General Motors pf	100	12,896,800	Oct. 2, '11.	3½	Q	76	76½	75	76½	..	1,783
9¼	7¾	7⅞	Jan. 3.	4⅝	Oct. 13.	4¼	4⅝	−⅝	Goldfield Consol. Mines	10	35,591,480	July 31, '11.	50c	Q	5⅛	5⅛	4⅝	4⅝	7¾	22,950
143⅞	118	140	June 8.	119	Sept. 25.	126⅞	127	+3⅛	Great Northern pf	100	209,981,100	Aug. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	124¼	127	123⅞	127	131¾	7,320
80½	45	63¾	Feb. 2.	43½	Sept. 22.	51½	52	+4	Gt. Northern cfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 1, '11.	50c	..	48	52	48	52	60	5,150
97½	88½	98	Oct. 11.	93½	July 22.	..	..	+2	**Havana Electric Ry**	100	7,500,000	Aug. 12, '11.	1½	Q	98	98	98	98	..	200
99	93½	102⅝	Oct. 9.	93¾	Jan. 12.	102	..	+1⅛	Havana Electric Ry. pf	100	5,000,000	Aug. 12, '11.	1½	Q	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	..	100
147	124	147	July 31.	132	Jan. 3.	139¼	139½	+2¾	**Illinois Central**	100	109,291,800	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	138	139	137⅞	139	135½	700
25½	14¼	20⅝	Feb. 10.	13⅛	Sept. 22.	15⅛	15¾	+⅝	Interborough-Met., vot. tr. cfs.	100	60,419,500			..	15	15¼	14⅞	15¼	22½	1,800
..	..	56⅝	July 19.	39¾	Sept. 25.	45½	46	+1¼	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	16,955,900			..	44	45¾	44	45¾	59⅛	1,600
62⅞	41½	55½	July 19.	39½	Sept. 14.	43½	44⅜	+⅞	Interborough-Met. pf., vot. tr. cfs.	100	28,784,100	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	..	185
125⅞	83⅛	129⅜	May 5.	99⅛	Sept. 20.	103½	104	+¼	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Oct. 14, '11.	1¼	Q	104	104⅛	103	104	110	2,950
129	117	128¼	May 4.	115	Sept. 22.	116⅛	..	−1	International Harvester pf	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	116	116	116	116	124	110
16	9	13⅜	Jan. 31.	9	Sept. 9.	10⅝	11	+1	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900			..	9¾	10⅝	9¾	10⅝	13⅜	1,100
61½	41½	56⅝	Jan. 16.	44⅝	May 15.	47½	47⅞	+¾	International Paper Co. pf	100	22,539,700	Oct. 16, '11.	½	Q	46	47⅞	45	47⅞	54¾	1,300
54⅝	36⅝	44	Feb. 8.	25⅛	Oct. 9.	27¼	27⅞	−¼	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	26	27¼	25⅛	27¼	44	4,200
90¾	78½	90½	June 12.	80	Oct. 9.	82	88	−¼	International Steam Pump Co. pf	100	11,350,000	Aug. 1, '11.	1½	Q	80½	81½	80	81½	84	900
30	15	22	Sept. 7.	15	May 12.	18	19	+⅜	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400			..	18¼	18¾	18¼	18¾	19¼	200
54¼	25	42	Sept. 7.	28	Apr. 24.	36	37	−¼	Iowa Central pf	100	5,673,700	May 1, '00.	1½	..	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	36	100
44¼	23	37⅜	June 13.	25¼	Sept. 25.	30	30¼	+1½	**Kansas City Southern**	100	30,000,000			..	28⅞	30⅛	28½	30	33¾	1,300
116½	93¾	114½	Jan. 20.	101½	Sept. 25.	104¼	104½	+1¾	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	9,500,000	Sept. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	103	104½	103	104½	105	2,520
186	173¼	181⅛	Feb. 3.	151	Sept. 14.	161⅛	161⅜	+3⅜	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,700	July 15, '11.	5	SA	158	161⅜	156½	161⅛	..	50,510
159¾	131½	156½	July 19.	136½	Sept. 14.	147	147½	+5⅛	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Aug. 10, '11.	3½	SA	142½	147½	142½	147½	147½	5,875
98	79	95	Feb. 2.	82	Sept. 15.	86	90	+½	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,580,400	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	84¼	85	84¼	85	97	300
78¾	71	77	Mar. 7.	72	Aug. 11.	72½	73½	..	Mackay Companies pf	100	50,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	Q	72½	72¾	72½	72¾	78¼	400
146	123	142½	July 19.	131¼	Sept. 22.	134	136	+2¼	Manhattan Elevated gtd	100	55,695,100	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	134½	134½	134½	134½	145	100
..	..	87	June 26.	70	Apr. 28.	75	77½	+¾	May Dept. Stores	100	15,000,000			..	75	75	75	75	..	100
7½	4¼	5⅞	Jan. 30.	3¼	Sept. 9.	3½	4½	−⅜	Mercantile Marine	100	40,921,800			..	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	5½	425
24⅝	12⅝	19¼	June 17.	14	Aug. 30.	14⅝	15	+¼	Mercantile Marine pf	100	51,731,000			..	14¼	14½	14¼	14½	18	300
..	..	22⅞	June 26.	16⅞	Sept. 28.	18½	19¼	+⅞	Miami Copper	5	3,321,460			..	17¾	18¾	17¼	18¾	..	3,100
53¾	23	42½	Sept. 6.	21½	Apr. 26.	33	34	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	33½	33¾	33½	33¾	32	300
80	40	68½	Sept. 6.	35	Mar. 13.	58	59	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	60	60	60	60	53	100
51⅛	27	38¼	June 14.	27	Sept. 26.	31½	31¾	+2⅞	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300			..	28¾	31¾	28¾	31⅝	36⅝	9,700
74⅝	57	69	June 10.	62¾	Sept. 25.	68	69½	+4	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf	100	13,000,000	May 10, '11.	2	SA	67	68	67	68	67½	650
73⅝	41	63	Feb. 15.	33¼	Sept. 13.	39⅜	39½	+1⅞	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	37¼	39½	37	39⅜	58	4,700
119½	100	141	Apr. 4.	117¼	Jan. 16.	126½	127	+2	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Oct. 14, '11.	1¾	Q	126	126½	126	126½	112¾	300
125	118¾	130	Feb. 4.	124	Jan. 20.	125	128¾	−1¾	National Biscuit Co. pf	100	24,804,500	Aug. 31, '11.	1¾	Q	127	127	127	127	122	100
28½	14	22	July 24.	14	Sept. 25.	15	19	..	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	½	..	15	15	15	15	17¼	100
96½	84	100¾	July 22.	85	Jan. 6.	91	95	+1	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	93	94	93	94	..	200
89⅝	46½	59	Feb. 2.	42½	Sept. 25.	47	48	+2	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Sept. 30, '11.	¾	Q	46¼	47½	46¼	47½	61⅜	600
37½	23½	38⅜	Feb. 15.	25⅞	Aug. 28.	33	33¼	+2⅜	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf	100	124,153,800			..	31¼	33	31¼	33	33⅛	1,600
22⅝	17½	21¼	June 14.	15⅛	Sept. 25.	15⅝	15⅞	−¼	Nevada Consol. Copper Co.	5	9,991,855	Sep.30,'11.	37½c	Q	15⅞	16¼	15½	15¾	21⅝	8,300
128	105⅛	115½	Feb. 3.	96⅞	Sept. 21.	105¾	106	+1⅜	New York Central	100	222,729,300	Oct. 16, '11.	1¼	Q	104½	105⅞	104	105⅞	116½	4,280
68⅞	55½	65	Jan. 19.	48	Sept. 14.	49	51	−1	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	3	A	48	48⅝	48	48	68	1,000
162	149	151⅛	Feb. 23.	126⅞	Sept. 14.	133¼	135	+¼	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	178,827,900	Sept. 30, '11.	2	Q	133	133¼	132⅞	133	155	1,325
50	38½	46⅞	July 22.	37⅞	Sept. 25.	38¾	39	+¾	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,500	Aug. 14, '11.	2	A	38	39	38	39	44	1,150
108⅝	88½	110¼	June 26.	99¾	Sept. 25.	105¾	105⅞	+2¾	Norfolk & Western	100	74,429,000	Sept. 18, '11.	1¼	Q	102¼	106	102¼	105½	99⅞	14,700
84	60⅛	76¾	May 18.	64	Jan. 10.	68¼	69	+⅞	North American	100	29,779,700	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	67½	68⅝	67¼	68¼	66⅛	600
145⅝	111½	137¾	June 8.	110¾	Sept. 25.	117⅜	118	+2¾	Northern Pacific	100	247,998,300	Aug. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	114	118	113⅝	117¾	120⅛	14,420
43¼	22⅞	31½	July 31.	23⅛	Apr. 24.	30⅞	31	+¾	**Pacific Mail**	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	30½	31	30	30⅞	31¾	1,800
46¼	30	54⅝	Jan. 31.	35	Sept. 22.	44	44½	+⅞	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000			..	43	45	42	43⅞	42½	5,525
138½	122½	130¼	Feb. 2.	118⅝	Sept. 25.	122⅛	122¼	+1	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	453,804,100	Aug. 31, '11.	1½	Q	121¼	122⅜	120⅞	122⅜	131⅝	10,688
116⅝	103	109	Jan. 19.	101½	Aug. 25.	108¼	108⅝	+3¼	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Aug. 25, '11.	1¾	Q	104¾	108¼	104¾	108¼	109	2,908
104⅝	89	100	Jan. 19.	90⅛	Sept. 26.	96	96¼	+3⅛	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	35,675,800	July 25, '11.	1¼	Q	94	96¼	94	96⅛	98	1,400
116	110	112	Feb. 17.	102	Sept. 25.	108	115½	..	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis pf	100	27,476,200	July 25, '11.	1¼	Q	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	..	20
27¾	13	33¼	June 5.	17¼	Jan. 3.	17¾	18	+1	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J.	100	31,818,500			..	17¾	18	17¾	18	20⅛	400
85	60¼	90⅞	July 26.	67¾	Jan. 4.	80	82	+2¼	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J., pf	100	27,071,800	July 25, '11.	1½	Q	80	80	79	80	70⅝	400
51⅞	25	37⅝	July 21.	25	Sept. 25.	28½	29	−¾	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	29	29	28¼	28¼	36¼	300
107½	90	102¾	June 16.	91	Sept. 21.	95	95½	−¼	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf	100	12,500,000	Aug. 23, '11.	1¾	Q	95	95	95	95	96¾	500
200	155	163	Jan. 30.	154	Sept. 23.	156½	158	+½	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	Aug. 15, '11.	2	Q	157	157	156	156	164	425
51⅞	28	39	June 14.	26½	Sept. 14.	28¼	29½	+¼	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	27½	28⅛	27⅛	28⅛	38	900
..	..	18½	May 18.	12	Sept. 25.	13¾	13⅞	+1	Ray Consol. Copper	10	11,991,750			..	12¾	14¼	12½	13⅞	..	11,900
172¼	130⅝	161⅞	June 3.	134	Sept. 25.	139⅜	139½	+1⅝	Reading	50	70,000,000	Aug. 1, '11.	3	SA	138⅛	139¾	135⅝	139½	151⅜	450,400
93½	85	92	July 15.	88	Mar. 1.	90¼	91	..	Reading 1st pf	50	28,000,000	Sept. 9, '11.	2	SA	91	91	91	91	86½	140
110½	87	101	May 2.	90½	Sept. 20.	92¾	96	−¼	Reading 2d pf	50	42,000,000	May 10, '11.	2	SA	92¾	92¾	92½	92¾	99	100
45⅛	27	35½	Feb. 6.	21¼	Sept. 25.	22½	23½	+⅜	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000			..	22½	22⅞	22½	22⅞	34½	300
104¼	82¾	99⅝	Feb. 1.	81⅝	Sept. 22.	85¼	86	+2½	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf	100	25,000,000	Oct. 1, '11.	‡2¾	Q	84⅛	85½	84⅛	85½	96⅞	700
57¼	22⅞	34⅝	June 14.	22¾	Sept. 22.	25⅜	25½	+2½	Rock Island Co.	100	90,874,200			..	23⅜	25½	23¼	25½	33¼	11,275
92½	54	68⅝	June 14.	44	Sept. 25.	48¼	48⅝	+2⅝	Rock Island Co. pf	100	49,937,600	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	44¾	48	44⅝	48	66	2,800
..	..	26⅞	Oct. 14.	25	Oct. 14.	26¾	27	..	**St. Louis & San Francisco**	100	29,000,000			..	25	26¾	25	26¾	..	300
73	58	69	July 19.	59	Sept. 19.	63½	64½	+6¾	St. Louis & San Francisco 1st pf	100	5,000,000	Aug. 1, '11.	1	Q	65	65	64	64¾	61	350
60	34½	49½	July 19.	37	Sept. 25.	43	43½	+3½	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	38	43	38	43	44¾	3,300
77½	51½	72	June 26.	59¾	Jan. 3.	69	70¼	+1¼	St. Louis Southwestern pf	100	19,893,700	July 15, '11.	2	SA	69	69½	69	69½	69	200
190	150	192	Feb. 6.	125½	Sept. 21.	139	140	+7⅞	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	30,000,000	Aug. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	133	138⅞	133	138⅞	170	500
86½	48¼	56¼	Feb. 6.	34	Sept. 25.	40	41	+3	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	37	40	37	40	56	700
138¼	103¼	126⅝	June 26.	104½	Sept. 25.	109⅞	110	+3¼	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,400	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	107	110	106⅝	109⅞	119⅛	19,400
33¾	18	33⅝	July 19.	24¾	Sept. 28.	29¼	29⅜	+2⅞	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000			..	26½	29¼	26¼	29¼	27⅞	24,050
75	43	75¼	July 20.	61¼	Jan. 11.	70⅛	70½	+5	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Apr. 24, '11.	1	SA	66	70	66	70	61¼	5,750
..	..	52¼	Oct. 11.	50	July 27.	51	52	+1	Standard Milling pf	100	6,900,000	Apr. 15, '11.	2	SA	52¼	52¼	51½	52	..	300
40⅝	19¾	44	June 13.	30¼	Sept. 26.	35¾	36	+1¾	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Jan.26,'11.	$1.50	..	33⅞	36¼	33⅞	35¾	37¾	7,100
144	134	136½	Feb. 1.	84	Aug. 31.	93	104	+2	Texas Co.	100	27,000,000	Sept. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	90¾	91	90¾	91	137⅞	420
36¾	22½	30¼	Feb. 21.	22¼	Sept. 22.	..	..	+½	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000			..	24⅛	25	24⅜	25	29¾	2,400
19½	5½	14½	June 9.	7¾	Aug. 25.	9¼	9½	+1⅜	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	9½	9¾	8½	9⅝	11	2,100
54⅜	19	24¾	Feb. 8.	17	Sept. 11.	18	19	+⅜	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000			..	18½	18⅞	18½	18⅞	28½	400
72¼	42¾	53⅞	Jan. 5.	38	Aug. 26.	41	42	+⅞	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf	100	10,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	41¾	41⅞	40⅞	41⅞	59⅞	1,600
117½	103	111	Feb. 2.	104	Sept. 15.	106½	106¾	..	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	112½	200
..	..	111	June 26.	63	Mar. 29.	90	94	+½	**Underwood Typewriter**	100	8,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1	Q	89¼	90½	89¼	90½	..	210
..	..	113⅞	July 28.	103	Mar. 31.	108	110	+1½	Underwood Typewriter pf	100	5,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	110	110	110	110	..	100
13¼	6	9	Feb. 9.	5⅛	Sept. 22.	5½	6½	..	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	16,000,000			..	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	8¼	700
73	52⅛	59½	Jan. 30.	52	Oct. 10.	53	58	+⅛	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf	100	11,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	52	53½	52	53⅛	..	330
204¾	152¼	192⅜	July 22.	153½	Sept. 25.	162¾	162⅞	+3⅞	Union Pacific	100	216,645,200	Oct. 2, '11.	2½	Q	159⅝	163	158⅛	162⅞	173½	250,400
103¾	88¼	96	July 24.	89	Sept. 13.	93¼	93½	+3¼	Union Pacific pf	100	99,569,300	Oct. 2, '11.	2	SA	90	93¼	90	93¼	93	3,100
122	96	108	June 20.	97½	Sept. 26.	99	100¼	+⅞	United Dry Goods	100	14,427,500	Aug. 1, '11.	2	Q	98½	98½	98½	98½	102½	100
113⅞	99¼	107½	July 7.	100¾	Sept. 25.	102	106	+¼	United Dry Goods pf	100	10,849,100	Sept. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	102	102½	102	102½	105	300
42¼	23¾	49	Feb. 20.	28½	Sept. 25.	32¼	35	+2	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000			..	30½	33	30½	33	31½	500
72⅞	47	76½	Mar. 22.	52	Sept. 25.	57	58	+1¼	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	55½	57	55½	57	60⅜	600
32	14⅛	19	Feb. 23.	11	Sept. 25.	12¼	13¼	+⅜	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	17½	130
84	49	61	Feb. 23.	40½	Sept. 25.	42	45	+2⅝	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F'dry Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	June 1, '11.	1¼	..	42⅝	45	42⅝	45	57¾	300
145	94	104	Feb. 1.	85	Sept. 25.	85	91	..	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	May 15, '11.	3	SA	88	88	88	88	..	20
84¼	64¾	79¾	May 29.	65⅛	Jan. 25.	67	70	+2½	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Aug. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	68½	68½	68½	68½	70½	100
11	4	4⅛	Jan. 13.	3	Oct. 10.	1	4	−⅞	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '03.	1	..	3	3	3	3	..	100
52½	27	47⅝	Mar. 1.	30½	Sept. 25.	45	45¼	+1½	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,066,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	43⅞	45⅝	43⅞	45⅝	38⅝	17,503
116½	99	115½	July 7.	104	Sept. 25.	109½	110	+1½	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf	100	39,824,400	July 31, '11.	2	Q	108¾	110	108¾	110	111	940
84	59½	79	Mar. 1.	66	Sept. 26.	76	76½	+⅝	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf	100	9,965,000	July 31, '11.	1½	Q	76	76	75½	76	74¼	690
91	61⅛	82⅛	Feb. 6.	51⅝	Sept. 25.	61⅛	61¼	+2⅜	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Sept. 29, '11.	1¼	Q	59⅛	61⅜	58¼	61⅛	76⅛	378,500
125⅝	110½	120⅞	Feb. 4.	103¾	Sept. 22.	109⅞	110	+1⅛	United States Steel Corporation pf	100	360,314,100	Aug. 30, '11.	1¾	Q	108⅜	109⅞	108⅝	109⅞	120	4,530
60¼	39⅝	52⅛	June 14.	38	Sept. 25.	41¾	42	+1¼	Utah Copper	10	15,693,400	Sept. 30, '11.	75c	Q	41	42	40½	42	51	8,200
66⅛	47	70⅝	Feb. 28.	43½	Sept. 25.	48½	48⅝	+¾	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 15, '11.	1½	SA	47½	48½	47½	48½	62	2,150
73	50	97	July 7.	52	Jan. 6.	..	..	−15	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600			..	60	60	60	60	59	100
27¾	12½	18⅝	Feb. 23.	10	Sept. 29.	12¾	12⅞	+1⅝	**Wabash**	100	53,200,200			..	11¾	12⅞	11¾	12⅞	18¾	2,225
61	28⅛	40⅝	Feb. 23.	19	Sept. 27.	26	27	+3⅝	Wabash pf	100	39,200,200			..	22½	26	22½	26	39¼	1,850
54⅜	40	66	July 8.	48⅞	Apr. 18.	57	57¼	+5⅞	Western Maryland	100	38,943,600			..	51⅜	57¼	51⅜	57⅝	48¾	4,625
77	67	88¼	July 24.	75	Jan. 14.	79	82½	+1	Western Maryland pf	100	10,000,000	July 20, '11.	1	Q	78	78	78	78	72¾	100
78¼	56	84½	May 24.	71⅝	Apr. 28.	79¼	79¾	+1½	Western Union Telegraph	100	19,727,900	Oct. 16, '11.	¾	Q	79	80	78	80	74	5,200
82½	49½	79	May 29.	58⅞	Sept. 25.	63⅝	64	+½	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,646,800	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	62	63	61¼	63	72¼	2,075
130	110	123	Jan. 5.	110½	Aug. 16.	111	115	+1	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf	50	3,998,700	Oct. 16, '11.	1¾	Q	115	115	115	115	124	200
64	44	72⅛	May 1.	48	Sept. 22.	53	53½	+2	**Wisconsin Central**	100	16,147,900			..	51	52	51	52	60	200

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended Oct. 14, $21,724,000

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	86¼	84¼	86¼	5
Albany & Sus. 3½s	90⅝	90	90⅝	11
Allis-Chalmers 5s	59⅜	53⅞	56⅛	160
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	8
Am. Hide & L. 6s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	15
Am. Smelt. Secur. 6s	102¼	101¾	102¼	18
Am. Ice 6s	72	72	72	1
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	90¼	90	90¼	14
Am. Tel. & Tel. con. 4s	107	106¼	107	24
Am. Tobacco 4s	92⅝	88	91⅝	5,357
Am. Tobacco 4s, t. r.	92⅝	87⅝	91¼	3,326
Am. Tobacco 4s, reg.	91	88⅞	91	45
Am. Tobacco 6s	114¼	112⅝	114	1,684
Am. Tobacco 6s, reg.	113	113	113	11
Am. Tobacco 6s, t. r.	114	112⅝	113⅝	481
Am. Writing Paper 5s	89⅝	89⅛	89⅝	10
Ann Arbor 4s	80	80	80	4
Armour 4½s	92¼	91⅜	92	30
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	99¼	98⅞	99¼	183½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	91½	91⅛	91½	13
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	106½	105⅛	106½	129
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	100⅝	98⅞	100⅝	543
A., T. & S. F. con. 5s	108⅛	107⅛	108	74
A., T. & S. F. deb. 4s, Series L	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	2
Atl. Coast Line 4s	96	95⅝	96	25
A. C. L., L. & N. 4s	93⅝	92½	93⅜	231
At. & Birm. 4s	85½	85¼	85½	2
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	99⅛	98⅞	98⅞	113½
B. & O., S. W. D. 3½s	90½	90	90	25
B. & O., P., L. E. & West Va. 4s	91	90¼	91	31
B. & O. prior lien 3½s	92¼	91⅛	92¼	49½
Bethlehem Steel 5s	92⅞	92	92⅞	19
Brooklyn R. T. 4s	84½	83⅝	84½	168
B'klyn Union El. 5s	100⅞	100⅛	100⅞	8
B'klyn Un. Gas 5s	106	106	106	5
Buffalo Gas 5s	60	60	60	5
Buf., N. Y. & E. 7s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	3
Bush Terminal 4s	92	92	92	1
Canada So. 1st 6s	102¼	101⅞	102	55
Central Leather 5s	96½	96	96¼	41
Cent. of Ga. Con. 5s	108	107½	108	15
C. of Ga., Chat. Div. 4s	88½	88½	88½	1
Cent. of N. J. gen. 5s	120⅝	120⅜	120⅝	7
Cen. of N. J. g. 5s, reg.	120	120	120	2
Central Pacific 1st 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96½	17
Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	101½	100⅝	101¼	27
Ches. & O. conv. 4½s	94	92⅝	94	135
Chicago & Alton 3½s	66	66	66	10
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	96⅝	96	96¼	59
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅝	95⅝	96⅛	454
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	96⅛	95⅝	96⅛	17
C., B. & Q., Ill. 3½s	87⅜	87⅛	87⅜	13
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	99½	99	99½	26
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101⅜	101	101	4
C., B. & Q., S. W. 4s	99½	99⅛	99⅛	1
C., B. & Q., Ia. Div. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	3
Chi. Gt. Western 4s	83½	83	83½	13
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	99⅝	98⅞	99⅝	28
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1934	92⅛	91⅝	92⅛	86
C., M. & St. P., Puget Sound 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	4
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s	106⅝	106	106	5
C. & N. W. gen. 4s	98	97⅝	98	74
C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	86	85⅞	86	16
C. & N. W. s. f. 6s	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	96¼	95⅞	96¼	9
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	73	71⅝	73	249
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	89⅞	89	89⅞	71
Chino Cop. 6s, sub receipts, full paid	102½	101	102	99
C. & W. I. gen. 6s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	2
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	4
Col., C. & T. 5s	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	1
Col. & So. 1st 4s	96⅛	96	96⅛	37
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	97⅞	97½	97⅝	47
Con. Tob. 4s	91¼	88⅞	91¼	25
Corn Prod. ref. 5s, 1931	97	97	97	1
Corn Prod. ref. 5s, 1934	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	27
Cuba-Am. Sugar 6s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	1
Del. & Hudson eq. 4½s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
Del. & Hudson conv. 4s	98⅜	97¾	98⅜	27
Del. & Hudson ref. 4s	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞	22
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	85	85	85¾	31
Den. & R. G. con. 4s	90½	90¼	90½	1
Det Edison 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	2
Dist. Sec. 5s	74½	71	74½	118
E., Va. & Ga. con. 5s	109¼	109¼	109¼	1
Erie consol. 7s	117⅝	117⅝	117⅝	2
Erie conv. 4s A	83	82¼	83	37
Erie conv. 4s B	75¼	74⅝	75	75
Erie 1st con. 4s	88	86⅞	88	47
Erie 1st con. 4s reg	83¼	83⅛	83½	2
Erie gen. 4s	77¼	76⅞	77¼	48
Evans. & I. H. con. 6s	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	1
Ft. Worth & D. C. 6s	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	1
Flint & P. M. 6s	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	1
General El. conv. 5s	149¼	146½	149¼	26
General Motors 6s	97¼	97	97¼	14
Gt. North. ref. 4¼s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Geo., Car. & N. 5s	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	2
Hocking Valley 4½s	101¼	101¼	101¼	3
Houston & T.C. gen. 4s	96	96	96	1
Hudson Co. Gas 5s	103	103	103	1
Ill. Central ref. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	49
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1952	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	1
Inter.-Met. 4½s	79¾	78⅞	79⅜	419
Inter. Rapid Trans. 5s	103	102½	103	36
Int. Paper 1st 6s	103	102⅝	102⅞	2
Int. Navigation 5s	79½	79½	79½	1
Int. Steam Pump 5s	101	101	101	2
Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	91½	91½	91½	5
Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	68⅜	65¼	66⅞	19
K. C., F. S. & M. 4s	78¾	78¾	78¾	5
Kansas City So. 3s	74	74	74	1
Kansas City So. 5s	99⅝	99	99⅝	58
Keokuk & D. M. 5s	101	101	101	2
King's Co. El. 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼	2
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	103	103	103	3
Laclede Gas ref. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
Lake Shore 3½s	88	88	88	10*
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93¼	92⅝	93¼	8
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	93¾	93	93	103
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	90½	90	90½	31
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	88	88	88	2
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	97¼	97	97	2
Lehigh V. of Penn. 4s	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	1
Louis. & N. unif. 4s	98⅞	98⅛	98⅞	65
Louis. & N. gen. 6s	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	7
L. & N., A. K. & C. 4s	92½	92¼	92½	21
Manhattan Con. 4s	96½	96¼	96½	7
Mercantile Marine 4½s	64½	63¾	64½	49
Met. St. Ry. gen. 5s	76½	75	76½	22
Met. S. R. 5s, t. r.	76½	75	76¼	39
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s	47½	47½	47½	7
Met. S. R. ref. 4s, t. r. sta.	47	47	47	4
Milwaukee Gas 4s	90	90	90	4
Mich. State Tel. 5s	100	100	109	9
Mil., L. S. & W. 1st 6s	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	1
Minn. & St. L. ref. 4s	71	71	71	2
Mo., K. & East. 5s	108½	108½	108½	10
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	97⅝	97⅛	97⅝	21
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	84⅝	84½	84½	16
Mo., K. & T. 4½s	87	85	87	65
Mo., K. & T. ref 4s	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	5
M., K. & T., St. L. div. 4s	78	78	78	1
Mo. Pacific conv. 5s	86	85½	86	26½
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	1
Morris & E. conv. 7s	109½	109½	109½	2
N. Y. Air Brake 6s	98	98	98	2
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	88	87½	88	43
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s	92⅞	92⅝	92⅞	8
N. Y. C., M. C. 3½s	77½	77	77½	3
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	79½	78½	79	57
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s, reg.	76½	76½	76½	1
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	102⅝	102	102⅝	82
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	88	87⅝	87⅝	8
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s, tax exempt	88	87⅝	87⅝	10
N. Y., N. H. & H. c. 6s	130	129⅝	129⅝	23
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	100¼	100	100¼	10
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	94½	94¼	94½	10
N. Y., O. & W. 4s, reg.	93¼	93¼	93¼	5
Norf. & West. con. 4s	98⅜	98¼	98⅜	29
Norf. & West. gen. 6s	122⅜	122⅜	122⅜	2
Norf. & W. conv. 4s	106¼	103⅞	105¾	399
Northern Pacific 3s	69⅝	69⅛	69⅝	24
Northern Pacific 4s	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝	280
Northern Pac. 4s, reg.	99	99	99	1
Oregon R. & N. 4s	95½	94	95½	4
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	93½	92⅞	93⅛	93
Oregon S. L. 5s	110	110	110	2
Oregon S. L. 6s	114¼	114¼	114¼	1
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	105	105	105	3
Pacific T. & T. 5s	98⅞	98	98⅞	56
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99½	99⅜	99½	18
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	96⅝	96⅜	96⅝	281½
Penn. 4s, 1948	102½	102⅛	102½	16
Peo. & East inc. 4s	42	42	42	3
P., C., C. & St. L. 4s, Series G	98	98	98	10
Public Service s. f. 5s	93⅝	92⅞	92⅞	37
Reading gen. 4s	98	97⅜	97⅞	151
Rdg., J. C. col. 4s, reg.	97½	97½	97½	5
Rway. Steel Springs 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1
Rio Gr. West 1st 4s	88	88	88	1
Rio Gr. W. col. 4s	83	83	83	1
Rome, W. & O. con. 5s	107	107	107	1
St. L., I. M. & S. 5s	107	106½	106½	11
St. L., I. M. & S. ref. 4s	81	81	81	1
St. L., I. M. & S. R. & G. div. 4s	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	2
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 6s	118	118	118	1
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	87	85⅝	87	43
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	79	77½	79	30
St. L. Southwest. 1st 4s	90½	90	90½	5
St. L. S. W. con 4s	79½	78¾	79	48
St. L. S. W. 2s inc. 4s	80	80	80	4
San An. & Ar. Pass. 4s	88	86⅞	87½	109
St. P., M. & M. Extension 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	4
Scioto V. & N. E. 4s	97½	97½	97½	1
S. A. L. gold 4s, sta.	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	10
S. A. L. adj. 5s	77½	77	77½	10
Southern Pac. col. 4s	92⅛	91½	92	10
Southern Pac. conv. 4s	97⅞	95½	97⅞	204
Southern Pac. ref. 4s	95	94⅝	95	111
S. P., San Fr. Ter. 4s	90½	90½	90½	7
Southern Ry. 1st 5s	107½	105¾	107½	147
Southern Ry. gen. 4s	79¾	77½	79¾	531
So. Ry., St. L. Div. 4s	88	88	88	1
So. Ry., M. & O. 4s	87	86	86	10
Standard Milling 5s	87½	87¼	87½	15
Texas Co. conv. 6s	98	97	97	47
Tenn. C. & I. gen. 5s	102½	102½	102½	2
T. C. & I., Tenn. 6s	104	104	104	1
Third Av. con. 4s, t. r., stamped	68⅜	65¼	68	562
Un. Elec., London, 4½s	96	96	96	2
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101¼	101	101	32
Union Pacific conv. 4s	102⅝	101⅝	102⅝	203
Union Pacific ref. 4s	97½	97	97	52
U. Rys. of S. F. 4s	66	66	66	1
U. S. Rubber 6s	103⅝	103¼	103¼	26
U. S. Leather 6s	102	102	102	1
U. S. Steel 5s	102⅝	101⅝	102¼	262
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	102	102	102	½
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼	1
Va. Southwest. con. 5s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	19
Wabash 1st 5s	106⅜	106⅛	106⅜	5
Wabash 2d 5s	95⅝	95	95⅝	16
Wabash ref. 4s	57	55	57	306
W. P. T. 1st 4s, Cen. certificates	42	41½	41½	105
W. P. T. 1st 4s, col. t. r	41	41	41	10
West Shore 4s	100	99⅝	100	24
West Shore 4s, reg	97⅝	97¼	97⅝	17½
Western Maryland 4s	88	86⅞	87⅝	66
Western Electric 5s	102	102	102	3
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	92	91⅛	91⅜	17
West. Un. col. tr. 5s	101½	101½	101½	10
West. Un. R. E. 4½s	96	95½	96	27
W. & L. E. con. 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	1
Wis. Central gen. 4s	92½	92⅛	92½	14
Wis. Cent., Sup. & Duluth Div. 4s	92	92	92	7

Total sales $21,192,000

United States Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Panama 3s	102½	102¼	102½	84
Panama 3s, reg	102½	102½	102½	6

Total sales $90,000

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s	97	97	97	4
Chinese Ry. 5s, full pd.	97½	97	97	35
Japanese 4½s	94¼	94	94¼	82
Japanese 4½s, D series	93¾	93	93¼	262
Japanese 4s	87¼	87⅛	87¼	1
U. S. of Mexico 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	½
Repub. of Cuba 5s	103	102⅞	102⅞	6

Total sales $175,000

State Securities.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
New York 4s, 1961	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝	103
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1960	104	104	104	2
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	1
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	59⅝	59	59½	11

Total sales $117,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
4s, 1956, reg	99¼	99¼	99¼	1
4s, 1957	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	1
4s, 1958	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	2
4s, 1959	100	99⅞	99⅞	100
4¼s, 1960	102⅝	102	102⅝	27
4½s, 1957	108½	108¼	108½	8
4½s, 1957, new	108½	108½	108½	10
4½s, 1917	102½	102½	102½	1

Total sales $150,000
Grand total $21,724,000

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	99 May 12	99 May 12	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	113⅝ Jan. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	....	....	105⅛ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961....M. S.	103⅜ Oct. 10	102⅝ Aug 10	103⅜ Oct. 14, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960....J. J	106¼ Jun. 2	103⅛ Aug 21	104 Oct. 14, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, Jan., 1961....J. J.	104 Sep. 28	103⅛ Aug 24	103¾ Oct. 11, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919.....A. O.	....	....	114⅝ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933.....J. J.	....	....	103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913........J. J.	98 Oct. 5	96 Jan 18	98 Oct. 5, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small	97¼ Oct. 6	97¼ Oct 6	97¼ Oct. 6, 1911
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	59½ Oct. 11, 1911
Virginia fund debt. 2-3s, 1991.J. J.	88 Aug. 30	86½ Mar 4	88 Sep. 16, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg.........Q. Jan.	101⅛ Feb. 15	101⅛ Feb 15	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon.........J. Jan.	101¾ Apr. 3	101 Feb 1	101 May 10, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg.......Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	113⅞ Aug 22	113⅞ Aug. 22, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon........Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	113¾ Aug 2	113⅞ Aug. 22, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102⅝ Apr. 17	100¾ Sep 25	100¾ Sep. 25, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg......Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	101⅛ Aug 30	101⅞ Sep. 8, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg.........Q. F.	100½ Jun. 6	100½ Jun 6	100½ Jun. 6, 1911
Panama 2s, 1938, reg......Q. Nov.	....	....	101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 3s, 1961..........Q. Mar.	103 Jun. 22	101⅞ Aug 5	102½ Oct. 14, 1911
Panama 3s. 1961, reg	102½ Oct. 10	102½ Oct 10	102½ Oct. 10, 1911
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil.Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108⅝ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s,1914-45.Q. F.	....	....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s	99 Jan. 18	96¾ Sep 18	97 Oct. 13, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s.........M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102½ Apr 4	102⅞ Oct. 13, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s	100 Feb. 2	97½ Sep 26	97½ Sep. 26, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97¾ July 20	96⅞ May 24	97¼ Sep. 9, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s.........Q. J.	97¾ Jan. 6	95½ Jun 26	96¾ Oct. 5, 1911
U.S.of M.4s, Ser. A,Dec.1.1953.J.D.	94½ Jan. 6	89½ Aug 23	89½ Aug. 24, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B	....	....	96⅝ May 2, 1910
Imp Chinese Gov. rects, full paid for Hukuang Ry. 5% sterling bonds and interest	99 July 31	97 Oct 14	97 Oct. 14, 1911
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F. A.	95¾ Jan. 3	93½ Mar 30	94⅛ Oct. 11, 1911
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2d ser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	93 Oct 7	93¼ Oct. 14, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925.F. A.	90 Jan. 5	86⅝ Sep 23	87¼ Oct. 10, 1911

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..*MN.	89 Aug. 10	88 Mar 6	88 Sep. 8, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 18	87½ Jan 18	87½ Jan. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955......M. N.	....	....	88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 3½s, 1959	89½ Jun. 6	89½ Jun 6	90½ Jun. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1936...M. N.*	99⅛ Oct. 4	97½ Mar 27	99⅛ Oct. 4, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1955...M. N.*	99¾ Sep. 19	98¼ Jan 21	99¾ Sep. 19, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1956...M. N.*	100¼ July 1	97⅞ Mar 2	99¼ Oct. 14, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957......*M. N.	100¼ Jun. 5	98¾ Jan 11	99⅞ Oct. 10, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957, reg	100¼ Jun. 21	99⅞ May 2	100¼ Jun. 24, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957......*M. N.	109⅛ May 12	106½ May 12	108½ Oct. 11, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg	108⅞ Jun. 6	108¼ Sep 22	108¼ Sep. 22, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957......M. N.*	109⅛ Jun. 13	106¾ Jun 7	108½ Oct. 11, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg	108⅛ Sep. 22	107½ Jan 5	108⅛ Sep. 22, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958......*M. N.	104¼ July 10	98¼ Jan 11	99⅞ Oct. 10, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg	99¼ Mar. 21	99¼ Mar 21	99¼ Mar. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959......*M. N.	100¼ July 13	98⅝ Jan 11	99⅞ Oct. 14, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg	99⅞ May 3	99 Feb 15	99¼ Jun. 1, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960......*M. S.	103 May 13	100⅝ Jan 11	102⅝ Oct. 14, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg	102½ Sep. 14	101⅛ Apr 4	102½ Sep. 14, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 3½s, 1914....M. N.	98¼ Sep. 7	98¼ Sep 7	98¼ Sep. 7, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	103 Jan. 5	102 Jan 25	102½ Oct. 11, 1911
Ass'm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917, reg.*M. N.	102⅝ Jun. 20	102⅝ Jun 20	102⅝ July 10, 1911
Assessm'nt b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	103 May 22	101⅞ Mar 29	102½ Aug. 28, 1911

WE HAVE FOR SALE
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Netting to the Purchaser
5½%
in the following amounts:
2500 3750 5000 25000
2300 5000 45000 5000
7000 7500 2500 5000
8250 1000 2500 5000
5000 3500 2500 3750
3500 3750 3500 3750
3500 3750 3200 3500
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO
Bridge Plaza-North, Borough of Queens, New York City.
Booklet "A" sent free upon request.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF
The Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company,
De Kalb and Franklin Avenues,
Brooklyn, N. Y., October 1st, 1911.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE CONEY ISLAND AND BROOKLYN RAILROAD COMPANY for the election of thirteen Directors and three Inspectors of Election to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company on Monday, October 16th, 1911. Polls open at 11 A. M. and close at 12 M.

DUNCAN B. CANNON, Secretary.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of other business will be held at the General Office of the Company in Central Station, Chicago, Illinois, on the 18th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon.

ALEXANDER G. HACKSTAFF, Secretary.
New York, October 5, 1911.

¶ A trust company with ample experience and facilities, upon whom you can rely to safeguard the funds entrusted to it may prove a valuable aid in shaping your affairs.

¶ This company is always glad to place at the disposal of its depositors the results of its special study and careful investigations.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

Wall Street corner Nassau
Member N. Y. Clearing House

Authorized to act as Executor under Wills, Administrator, Guardian.

Trustee for Individuals, Corporations and Municipalities. Fiscal Agent.

Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.

Receiver, Assignee or Committee.

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

The Washington Trust Co
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows Interest on Deposits.
Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
of the City of New York
49 Wall Street
Transacts banking and trust business

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N.Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits.....161,000,000

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—FIFTEENTH YEAR—
ASSETS........$3,141,593.64
LIABILITIES........847,274.67
CAPITAL & SURPLUS..2,294,318.97
WE OFFER
CONVERTIBLE BONDS
6.66%
GUARANTEED.
Call or Write for Circular E.
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK

$1,700,000
CITY OF ST. LOUIS, MO.
4% Water Bonds
DATED NOVEMBER 1ST, 1911.
DUE NOVEMBER 1ST, 1931.
Price and particulars on application.
A. G. EDWARDS & SONS
410 Olive Street, St. Louis. One Wall Street, New York.

EXECUTIVE, WIDE BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, WELL VERSED IN FINANCIAL AFFAIRS, WISHES CONNECTION WHERE ABILITY TO EXTEND OR CONSERVE INTERESTS IS DESIRED. RELIABLE, E 11 TIMES.

THE AUDUBON NATIONAL BANK, located at 3,501 Broadway, City of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
WILLIAM REIMERS, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Office of the
New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of New Orleans, La., on Wednesday, November 1st, 1911, at 12:00 o'clock noon.
H. W. WENHAM,
Secretary.
New Orleans, La., October 2nd, 1911.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

"B. LIBMAN."—Whereas, the partnership heretofore existing between SOLOMON LIBMAN, NATHAN LIBMAN, and JULIUS LIBMAN, under the firm name of "B. LIBMAN," doing business at 127 West Seventeenth Street, in the City of New York, has been dissolved by the death of Nathan Libman; and,

Whereas, the said partnership had transacted business in the State of New York, for more than three years, prior to such dissolution; and,

Whereas, the undersigned, Solomon Libman and Julius Libman, are the sole owners of all the property and assets of said late firm of B. Libman, including the right to use said co-partnership name;

Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, the said Solomon Libman and Julius Libman, the surviving co-partners of said firm of B. Libman, do hereby certify and declare, pursuant to Sections 20 and 21 of Chapter 39, of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, known as the Partnership Law, allowing the continued use of partnership names in certain cases, that we propose to carry on and continue the business of the said co-partnership, heretofore existing between said Solomon Libman, Nathan Libman, and Julius Libman, and intend to transact and deal under the said firm name of "B. Libman," at No. 127 West 17th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, where the principal place of said business is located. The true names and addresses of the persons interested in said firm and business, and intending to deal under the said firm name of B. Libman, and their respective places of residence are as follows:

Solomon Libman, residing at No. 51 East 92nd Street, City of New York.

Julius Libman, residing at No. 255 West 108th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, 9th October, A. D. 1911.
SOLOMON LIBMAN,
JULIUS LIBMAN.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
On this ninth day of October, A. D. 1911, before me personally came Solomon Libman and Julius Libman, to me known and known to me to be the persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.
[L. S.] MICH'L C. GROSS,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Oct. 14, 1911.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,302,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Am. Cities Co..	V	V	V	V	22	24
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	76	80
Am. Gas & El...	2,500,000	V	V	V	55	56
Do preferred	1,537,500	V	V	V	43½	44½
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,593,800	..	..	....	75	77
Do 6% cum.pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	July 1, 11	80	81½
Appalach Pow.	V	V	V	V	20	23
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	..	70
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	....	15	20
Do preferred	825,000	..	..	....	56	..
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,795,000	3	S	M. & N.	82	87
Aub'n & Syr. E. R.R.tax ex.5s	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99	..
Aug.-Aik. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35.	2,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	94
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	V	..	....	71	74
Do common..	2,250,000	V	..	....	20	23
Aug. R. & E. 5s, '40	967,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	101½
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Apr 10, 11	40	42
Do preferred.	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr 10, 11	84½	87
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	101
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46 (tax ex., N.Y.)	917,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Benton Har.-St. Jo. 1st 5s.....	810,000	2½	S	M. & N.	88	90
Bing'mt'n 5s,'31	V	V	V	V	90	100
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	91½	93
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	V	S	V	17	25
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & J.	50	60
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	V	125	140
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	99	99½
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103½
B., B. & W. E gen. 5s, 1933..	121,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	160	167
Buf. Cr't'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	V	103	104½
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	..
B. & Lac. Tr. 5s	V	V	V	V	87	92
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & L.E. Trac. 5s, '36	7,005,000	2½	S	M. & N.	67¼	..
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	..
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	128	130½
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	110	110½
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Charleston Con. R.,G.& E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	36	50
Do con 5s, '99.	1,734,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	96
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923	766,000	2½	S	M. & S.	103	105
Chattan'ga Rys 1st 5s, '56	1,857,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	97
Chi.-Terre H. & S. E. 1st 5s	3,100,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	98
Cit'z L,H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	..
Clev. El.R.5s,'13	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100½
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	100
Columbia Ry.G. & El. 1st s.f.5s	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	95
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97¾	..
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,782,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	100¾	102
Do unstamp..	1,709,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	100¾	..
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	15	25
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	100	120
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,900	2	Q	Feb., 1907	50	55
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Con. Gas,E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	85½	86
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 11	75	76
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	103	104
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s	6,388,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	97
Dallas Electric Corp. 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	92½	95
Detroit & Flint 5s, '21	1,400,000	V	V	....	90	93½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	100
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	101
D'th S. Ry.1st5s	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	101½
E. Liverpool L. & Tr. 5s, 1925.	V	V	V	V	..	68
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,621,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	..
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	295	300
Elmira W., L. & R. R. con. 5s.	2,166,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
El Paso El.5s,'32	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	99½
Emp. Dist.El.Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	50	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	79	81
Do 5s......	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	76½	78½
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	12½	N	V	200	230
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Do inc.6s,1915	1,600,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	100	104
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	85	90
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	84	85
Hamburg Ry.5s	V	V	V	V	..	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Hud Tunnels:						
Hud. & Man..	39,994,890	..	..	....	..	..
Do 4½s of '57..	64,379,000	2¼	S	F. & A.	73	77
Hud. Cos. pf..	5,242,151	..	..	....	..	50
Hyd. Power 6s.	V	3	S	J. & J.	101	101½
Int. Ry.of Buf.:						
Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	103½	104½
Do deb. 6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	103½	105
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	98
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B & N FD1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	103½	105
Int. Trac. 4s,'49 receipts flat...	18,335,000	2	S	J. & J.	69	70
Jer. Central Tr. 5s, '54	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85	92
J. C., H. & P.4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	74½	75¾
Joplin & Pit.Ry. 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	15	18
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	40	41½
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89	90
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	92½	94
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106	107
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	75	80
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	83	85
K.C. Met. St.Ry cn.ex.1st 5s,'13.	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	95
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Knoxv.R. & L.5s	1,932,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	97
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	105
Leavenw'th L., H. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	89	91
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33.	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104½	..
Lockp't L., H. & P. 5s, '38	V	V	V	V	91	95
L. R., H. S. & W. 4s, '39	V	V	V	V	84	85
Los A.G. & E.5s	2,920,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98½
Met.Elec.(Reading) 1st 5s. '39.	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94	96
Met. St. Ry....	52,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 07	4	8
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s, '33.	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	101
Min. St. Ry. 6s, '13	600,000	3	S	M. & N.	102½	..
Mobile El. 5s,'46	1,581,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	89
Nash. R.& El 5s	4,054,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102½
Do stock....	4,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	68½	69½
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	88	89
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	102½
Nat. L., H. & P. col. tr.5s,Ser.B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	100
Do Series C..	405,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97½	99
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	54	56
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	Q	Sep 1, 11	73	77
Do 1st 5s....	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	103
N. Y. State Rys	3,862,500	1¼	Q	....	..	81½
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
N. F. Pow.6s,'32	8,226,000	3	S	A. & O.	105¾	102
Niag., L. & O.P	2,000,000	V	V	V	90	94
NY & Westch'r Ltg G M4s.2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	83	85
Do 5s	V	V	V	V	..	103¼
Ninth Avenue..	800,000	2	Q	....	165	175
Northam't'n-E & W. Tr.5s,'50	550,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	96
Nor. El. Ry. Co	1,200,000	1½	S	J. & J.	22	24
Do 1st 5s	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & D.	73	77
N.Hud.Co Ry.5s	1,291,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Nor. Jersey Ry. 1st. 4s. 1948	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	76½	77½
No. Ohio Tr.5s, '19	2,700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99¾	100¼
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Okla. Ry. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,814,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
C. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,657,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	100
Ont. P. stock	V	V	V	V	50	55
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,049,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	96¾
Do deb. 6s,'21	3,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	94½	95½
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945	1,556,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89	92
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	99
Oreg. W. P. & Ry. 6s, '32	3,931,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	88,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	8,220,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98¾	99½
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes,'12	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100¼
Port. Gen. El.5s	7,175,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg.5s,'36	4,391,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101⅝	102
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	108⅝	110
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	20,000,000	2¾	S	May 1, 11	102½	103
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	100½
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102½	105
Do pf. stock	V	V	V	V	91	93
Roch.Ry.& L.5s	9,401,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100	100¾
Same bond, tax exempt, N. Y.	....			....	100¼	101
Rockld.L.& P.5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,702,000	2½	S	M. & S.	..	..
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99½
Sagn. Val.Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	..
St. Lou. Ry.4½s (B'y Cable)'20	1,948,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	97½	98
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96	98
San Diego Con. G. & E.	727,400	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 10	100	..
Do preferred	1,505,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	95	..
Do 1st 5s, '39	2,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	98
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s,'45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98½	99¼
Savan. E. 5s,'52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	72	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	103
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do pf. ($50).	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Seattle Elec. Co	6,427,200	3	S	Apr. 1, 11	108	110
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	100	..
Do 1st 5s, '30	V	V	V	V	103	105
Do con. 5s,'29	7,271,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	99
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	3,623,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	95	97
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	..
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	8	12
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	95
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	120	125
So.Cal.Ed's'n 5s	7,633,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
South'n Pow. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97½	99½
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L.F.L.5s,'26	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	96
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	82	84½
Syrac. Rap. T..	1,169,872	V	V	V	60	68
Do preferred	2,748,200	V	V	V	..	98½
Tampa El.1st5s	932,500	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
Tex. Trac.1st5s	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	96
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	V	190	275
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	28	29½
Do preferred	......	..	..	....	93	95
Do 5s, '23	8,107,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97¼	98¼
Twin City R. T. 5s, '28	V	V	V	V	104¼	105
Unit. Elec. N.J.	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	90	93
Do 4s, '49	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	77¼	78¼
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,375,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	92½	94½
U. Ry. & Elec. (Balt.)	15,000,000	V	V	V	19¾	20
Do 1st 4s	26,450,000	2	S	M. & S.	86¾	87
Do fdg. 5s	V	V	V	V	88½	89
Do inc. 4s	14,000,000	2	S	J. & D.	64¼	64½
UG & E of N J.5s	V	V	V	V	92	98
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	96	..
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	94	95¾
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	81	82¼
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1	..	June 1, 11	39½	40
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	June 1, 11	88½	89
Do con. 4s,'51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	84⅝	85
Wash.-Va. Ry..	2,000,000	..	..	....	43	41
Do preferred	1,000,000	2	V	V	65	70
West'n Power..	12,000,000	..	..	....	34½	35
Do 6% cum.pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	65	66

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Oct. 14, 1911.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$300,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	175	182
America	1,500,000	13	S	July 1, 11	592	597
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 11	250	255
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 11	135	..
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Aug 1, 11	380	..
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	S	July 1, 11	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	July 1, 11	135	140
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	145	155
Chase National.	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct. 2, 11	550	575
Chat.-Phen.Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	....	166	170
Chelsea Exch..	200,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	195	200
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Sep. 1, 11	435	450
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	150	160
City (National).	25,000,000	§5	S	May 1, 11	425	435
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	155	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	425	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	July 1, 11	300	..
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	195	197
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Aug 1, 11	313	313
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	July 1, 11	110	120
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	25	Q	Oct. 2, 11	4000	..
Fifth National..	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	300	..
First National..	10,000,000	7	Q	Oct. 2, 11	965	975
Fourth Nat....	5,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	204	208
Gal'tinNat.($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	330	335
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	290	305
Ger.-Am. ($75)..	750,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	140	145
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	July 1, 11	460	..
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	May 1, 11	530	560
Gotham Nat....	200,000	4	S	July 1, 11	150	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Aug 1, 11	240	250
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11	625	635
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	290	..
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 1, 11	570	572
Internat. B'k'g..	3,250,000	2	S	Oct 10, 07	..	90
Irv. Nat. Exch..	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	212	220
Jefferson	500,000	4	S	July 1, 11	145	155
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 11	560	575
Lincoln Nat...	1,000,000	2½	Q	Aug 1, 11	400	410
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	7	S	July 1, 11	335	345
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	245	252
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	May 10,11	260	265
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	150	155
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	July 1, 11	180	185
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	July 1, 11	160	165
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Aug 1, 11	370	390
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	198	203
Mount Morris..	250,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	250	260
Mutual	200,000	4	S	July 1, 11	275	290
Nat. Nassau...	500,000	4	S	May 1, 11	300	325
Nat. Reserve..	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	90	95
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Oct. 2, 11	210	230
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	July 1, 11	304	310
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	July 1, 11	850	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 11	168	171
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 11	270	280
Park National..	5,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11	358	362
People's ($25)..	200,000	2	S	July 1, 11	250	255
Plaza	100,000	10	S	July 1, 11	615	..
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	415	..
Second Nat....	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	385	405
Security	1,000,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	150	155
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	July 1, 11	250	275
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug. 1, 11	160	..
Union Ex. Nat..	1,000,000	4	S	July 1, 11	160	167
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	Q	Sep 30, 11	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 1, 11	600	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	July 1, 11	525	..

§—Also special dividend 40% paid July 10.
¶ Result of special inquiry of six leading bank-stock specialists the individual bid and asked quotations being 165-170, 165-173, 165-175, 165-172, 167-173, 170-175.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Oct. 14, 1911.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 11	350	365
Bankers' Trust.	5,000,000	6	Q	Oct. 2, 11	680	690
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	Aug 15,11	242	246
Broadway Tr..	700,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 11	142	150
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Oct. 2, 11	445	455
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Oct. 2, 11	1000	1015
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 11	125	130
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	290	305
Commercial	500,000	V	V	V	100	110
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30, 11	495	495
Farmers' Loan. & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	12½	Q	Aug 1, 11	1350	1380
Fidelity	1,000,000	3N	S	July 1, 11	215	225
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	July 1, 11	200	210
Franklin	R1,500,000	4	S	Jun 30, 10	275	285
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 1, 11	290	305
Guaranty	5,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30, 11	790	800
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	100	120
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Aug 1, 11	270	275
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	110
Hudson Trust..	500,000	3	S	July 1, 11	140	150
Kings County..	500,000	4	Q	Aug 1, 11	510	525
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	285	292
Lawyers Mtg...	4,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	250	252
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	235	240
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	115	122
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	325	335
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	July 1, 11	375	400
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	S	Sep 30, 11	450	452
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 11	105	107
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	125	130
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 11	155	165
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30, 11	585	590
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 10, 11	1000	1050
N.Y.Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	210	212
People's Trust.	1,000,000	1	M	July 1, 11	288	295
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 11	111	113
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30, 11	350	380
Title Guar.& T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Sep 30, 11	475	480
Title Insurance.	2,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	115	123
Tr. Co. of Am..	2,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	315	325
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Oct 10, 11	1230	1245
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 11	470	475
United States..	2,000,000	25	S	July 1, 11	1120	1140
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	360	380
Windsor§	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	193	195

§New stock. N—Paid on old capital of $750,000.
R—Action has been taken to reduce capital to $1,000,000.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Oct. 14, 1911.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$10,395,400	2½	Q	Aug 1, 11	303	305
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Aug 1, 11	106	107½
Auburn 1st 5s..	300,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	..
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938.	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	100
Borough Gas....	V	V	V	V	60	85
Buffalo Gas...	7,000,000	..	..	....	4	5
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	60½	61¼
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101½	102½
Cities Service..	4,889,825	½	M	Oct. 1, 11	69	71
Do preferred	8,779,650	½	M	Oct. 1, 11	77	78
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	1	M	Aug 1, 10	..	37½
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	74½	74¾
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	95
Dayton Gas 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	..
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	½	M	Aug 1, 10	220	..
Do gen. 5s..	5,691,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92½	94½
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
Houston G.5s,'20	825,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	..
Hud. Co. Gas..	10,000,000	4	S	June 1, 11	130	131
Do 1st 5s...	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	103	103¾
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	32	35
Do 1st 4s,1958	3,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	66	68
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	....	..	22
Do 1st5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	76	80
Ind. Wat. 5s, '26	2,431,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
J'ksonville5s,'37	1,148,000	1¼	Q	Sep, 1911	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	15	17
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99½	101
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	83	85
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	3	S	J. & J.	26	28
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926...	400,000	3	S	A. & O.	104	109
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,932,000	2	SA	M. & N.	..	90
Mich. Light pf..	2,144,000	1¼	Q	....	95	99
Minneapolis 5s.	5,490,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	100
Nashville Gas..	1,380,000	1	Q	V	80	85
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
New'k 1st 6s,'44	3,999,700	1¼	..	J,A,J,O	126	128½
Newark Con. G. con. 5s, '48	6,000,000	2½	..	J. & D.	103	104½
N. Y. & E. R. con. 5s, 1945..	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	103½	102
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st 5s, "T. E."	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98½	100
Ogden 5s, '45...	6,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	94½
Okla. G. & El..	1,118,900	2	Q	Jun 15, 11	110	..
Do 7% cum.pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	95	..
Do 5s, '29....	2,125,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96	98
Omaha 6s	300,000	3	S	V	100	..
Pacific G. & E.	19,272,000	V	V	V	69	69
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 15,11	88	88
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	J. & D.	98	101
Portl'd G.&C.5s	3,207,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944...	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	94
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944..	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97¾	98½
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	103	103½
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102½
Do deb. 5s,'39	550,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102½
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	125	130
Do 1st 5s....	11,717,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103	100½
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	95	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104	105½
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	..
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr.5s.g.,'54	5,452,500	2½	S	J. & D.	80	82
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	101
U. G. I. stock...	V	2	Q	Oct 14, 11	85¾	86
Washington G., ($20)	2,600,000	V	V	V	86¾	87¼
Do 5s, 1960..	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	110	110¼
West. N.Y.Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	8
Wilkesbarre G. & E. 1st 5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Oct. 14, 1911.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Bank Note Co. ($50)	4,495,000	1	Q	Aug 15,11	41	45
Do pf. ($50)	4,495,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	50½	52
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	‡2	M	Sep 20, 11	245	255
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	100	102
Am. Graphop'e.	1,500,000	..	..	....	5	..
Do preferred	1,500,000	..	..	....	14	25
Am. Malting 6s	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	101
Am. Screw....	3,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 30, 11	160	165
Am. Typefd....	4,000,000	1	Q	Oct 16, 11	48	52
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 16, 11	98	100
Do deb. 6s,'39	1,170,000	3	S	M. & N.	99¼	100
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	f20	f22½
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Ast. V'neer Mls. & Dock 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Atl. Port. Cem. 1st 6s, '25	4,400,000	3	S	M. & S.	100	105
Do stock....	....	..	..	....	70	80
Bab. & Wilcox.	15,000,000	1¾	Q	V	97	99½
Bald. Loco. pf..	V	V	V	V	..	103
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	85	100
Biograph Co....	2,000,000	1	M	Aug, 1911	100	120
Bliss, E.W., Co.	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	70	95
Do preferred	1,250,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	118	125
Bon Air C & I. gen. 5s of '34.	387,000	2½	S	J. & J.	73	80
Do 5s of '36.	780,000	2½	Q	J. & J.	45	55
Do preferred	2,000,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 11	7	10
Bord. C Milk...	21,250,000	4	S	Aug 15,11	120	121
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Sep 15, 11	105	107
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s...	2,600,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Sep 15, 11	133	135
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	45	50
Do 1st 6s....	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Do 5s of '19.	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	98½
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Mar 15,11	700	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jul 26, 11	46	46½
Con. Cot. Duck.	7,000,000	V	V	V	[illegible]	4
Do preferred	6,000,000	V	V	V	16	19
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	3	3¾
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	20	25
Do deb. 4s...	2,850,000	3	A	J. & J.	40	44
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	12½	13½
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31	2,292,500	2½	S	A. & O.	f34	f38
Crocker-Wh'ler.	1,700,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	93	94
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	104	105
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Cumb. T. & T..	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	..	150
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	90¼
Dodge Mf.Co.pf.	1,500,000	1¾	Q	July, 1911	97	100
Du Pont de N.P.	29,382,082	‡3	Q	Sep 15, 11	130	140
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	8	12
Do preferred	2,500,000	1	S	July 1, 11	40	50
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	..	..	....	70¼	70½
Hav. Tobacco..	30,000,000	..	..	....	3	4
Hav. Tob. pf..	5,000,000	..	..	....	5	10
Houston Oil cfs.	......	..	..	....	7⅝	8
Do preferred		..	..	....	71½	72½
Int. Nickel....	11,582,626	2½	S	Sep 1, 11	243	246
Do preferred	8,912,626	1½	Q	Aug 1, 11	99	100
Do 5s, '32....	8,475,000	2½	S	V	99	100
Internat. Salt..	18,231,390	1	Q	Dec 1, 06	2	2
Do 1st 5s....	3,999,900	2½	S	A. & O.	47½	52
Internat. Silver	685,362	..	..	....	65	70
Do preferred	6,028,587	‡2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	113	118
Do 1st 6s, '48.	3,399,000	3	S	J. & D.	111	112
Do deb. 6s,'33	1,867,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	102
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	V	V	V	66	67
Kan.C.HomeTel	3,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	110	112
Do 5s, '23....	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	91
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25....	1,199,500	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	87½	89
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,250,000	1½	Q	Aug 1, 11	97½	98
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	101
Kinloch Tel.(St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	103¾	104¾
Lake Sup. Corp.	V	V	V	V	21	23
Lan. Monotype.	6,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 11	90	90½
Mergenth. Lino.	12,797,200	‡3	Q	Sep 30, 11	233½	236
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	36	38½
N. Eng. T. & T. deb. 5s, '15	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101	102
Do deb 4s,'30	1,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	92½	95
Do deb. 5s,'19	500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102½	103½
O'Gara Coal 5s.	2,780,000	2½	S	M. & S.	72½	73½
Otis Elevator..	6,375,300	1½	S	Apr 15, 11	69	70
Do pf........	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	95½	97½
Paint Cr. coll.5s	2,903,000	2½	S	J. & J.	f50	f50
Poc. Con. Col. inc. 5s of '57..	3,187,300	2½	S	J. & J.	81	85½
Proc. & Gamble	12,000,000	3	Q	Aug 15,11	412	420
Do preferred.	2,250,000	2	Q	Jul 15, 11	187	200
Producers' Oil.	8,000,000	1.50	Q	Sep 30, 11	90	..
Do conv. 6s..	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	..	95
Rice-Stix Dry Goods pf.	2,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 11	111	113
Rogers-Brown..	5,000,000	..	..	....	95	98
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	195	199
Do 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Sep 30, 11	105½	107
St. Jos. Lead...	10,000,000	1½	Q	V	9	10
SafetyCar Heat & Lighting..	9,862,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	121	122
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16	5,251,000	3	S	J. & D.	100¼	101¼
Shredded Wht..	8,750,000	1	Q	July 1, 11	69½	70½
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	97	98
Singer Mfg....	60,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,11	250	254
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 10	38	43
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 10	109	115
Standard Oil...	100,000,000	$6	Q	Sep 15, 11	620	645
Do subs. stks	V	V	V	V	300	350
Do ex-subsid.	V	V	V	V	330	350
Stern Bros. pf..	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Sep. 1, 11	93	94
Street's West'n Stable Car 5s.	1,850,000	2½	S	J. & D.	9½	10½
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	..	..	....	57½	58½
Do preferred	13,500,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 11	102½	103
Temple Iron 4s	642,000	2	S	J. & J.	103	105
Texas Co. cv. 6s	12,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	99¼	100
Un. Typewriter.	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	37	42
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	Aug 1, 11	48	43
U. S. Motors..	8,000,000	..	..	....	29½	31
Do preferred	8,000,000	V	V	V	70	71
U. S. Play. Cd.	350,000	2½	Q	June 1, 11	148	..
U. S. Ptg. Co...	3,500,000	1⅝	Q	June 1, 11	89	91
U. S. Tel. Co.. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	2,156,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	88
U.S.Worsted pf.	2,340,600	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	85	90
West. Elec. 1st. 5s, '22	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	101¾	102¼
West. T. & T.	16,000,000	..	..	....	19	19⅝
Do preferred	16,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	95⅛
Do 5s, '32....	9,958,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97¾	98
Worth'n H.R. pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 1, 11	106	108

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Oct. 14, 1911.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety...	$2,500,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	250	265
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	Q	Oct. 1, 11	..	180
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	V	326	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	July, 1911	960	1000
Empire City....	400,000	5	S	Jul 20, 11	180	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	Jul 19, 11	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix.	2,500,000	5	S	July, 1911	296	300
Germ. All'ance.	400,000	7½	S	Jul 12, 11	290	300
Germ.-Amer....	1,500,000	15	S	Jul 12, 11	510	520
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	10	S	July 5, 11	290	300
Germania Life.	200,000	3½	S	July 1, 11	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1700	..
Globe &Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	Jul 31, 11	500	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	210	215
Home Fire.....	3,000,000	‡17½	S	J. & J.	680	690
Home Life.....	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡18	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 20, 11	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	145	150
National Surety	1,500,000	3	Q	Oct. 1, 11	220	225
Niagara ($50)..	1,000,000	10	S	July 6, 11	280	295
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Apr 10, 11	150	160
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	‡7	S	Jul 12, 11	175	..
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	Jan. 3, 11	400	450
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($20)	400,000	6	A	V	80	100
U. S. Casualty..	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 11	210	..
U. S. Life......	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sh'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	J. & J.	375	390

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company.

Cincinnati, Ohio, September 25, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that meetings of the Common stockholders and Preferred stockholders of this Company will be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday the 25th day of October, 1911, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and the transaction of any other business which may be brought before the meeting; and at 10:15 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and voting for or against the approval of the execution of an Agreement of Lease, dated February 15 1911, between the Saline Valley Railway Company and The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company for a period of 99 years from January 1, 1911; and also for the purpose of considering and voting for or against the approval of the execution of an Operating Agreement, dated November 1, 1910, between The Evansville, Mt. Carmel and Northern Railway Company (of Indiana) and The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company under which said company granted to this company the right to use its railroad, property and franchise for a period of 99 years.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY.

Office of the Secretary, 71 Broadway.
ANNUAL MEETING.
New York, September 21, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, for the election of Directors and for the purpose of considering all actions of the Directors and of the Executive Committee as set forth in the annual report of the Company and in the proceedings of said Directors and of said Committee as set forth in their minutes and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Richmond, Virginia, on Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1911, at eleven o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books will be closed at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, New York, on Monday, the second (2d) day of October, 1911, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth (25th) day of October, 1911, at ten o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY,
By JAS. STEUART MacKIE, Secretary.

SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS
—of—
DUGUNDJI TOBACCO CORPORATION.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Dugundji Tobacco Corporation, at a meeting duly called and held on September 29, 1911, notice is hereby given of a special meeting of the stockholders of said Company, to be held at the office of the Corporation, at No. 164 Madison Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 31st day of October, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of voting upon a resolution that said Corporation be forthwith dissolved.
LOUIS A. SARECKY, Secretary.
STANCHFIELD & LEVY, Attorneys,
11 Pine Street, New York City.

Cincinnati Northern Railroad Company.

Cincinnati, Ohio, September 25, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cincinnati Northern Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company in Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 25th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at three o'clock P. M., Wednesday, October 4th, 1911, and be reopened at ten o'clock A. M., Thursday, October 26th, 1911.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

WEST COAST CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the West Coast Construction Company, held on the 30th day of January, 1911, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved, was at said meeting duly adjourned until the 18th day of October, 1911, and that said adjourned meeting will accordingly be held on the 18th day of October, 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the corporation, No. 25 Broad Street, Manhattan, New York City, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved, and also for the purpose of considering and acting upon such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated New York, September 22d, 1911.
F. M. TOMPKINS, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

No. 25 Broad Street, New York, Sept. 19, 1911.

A quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable October 16, 1911, to stockholders of record at 12:00 o'clock, noon, September 30, 1911.

Checks for the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Office.
G. C. HAND, Secretary.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 26.
New York, Oct. 11, 1911.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Quarter (1¼%) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY has been declared, payable Nov. 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 19, 1911, on which date the transfer books will close, and reopen Wednesday, November 1, 1911.
H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

THE SILVERSMITHS COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent., payable on November 15th to stockholders of record at the close of business November 10th.
ROBERT C. HOTSON, Treasurer.
New York, October 11, 1911.

UNITED CIGAR MANUFACTURERS CO.,
New York, October 13th, 1911.

A dividend of One Per Cent. will be paid on the Common Stock of this Company on November 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record on October 26th, 1911, at 3 P. M.
MAURICE WERTHEIM, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

CONTRACT 75.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, October 31, 1911, for Contract 75, for the construction of the Bay Ridge conduit, a portion of the city pipe lines of Catskill Aqueduct, in the City Aqueduct Department and extending from the junction of Thirty-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue in the Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, in a generally southwesterly direction along Fifth Avenue, Sixty-fourth Street, Fourth Avenue, Sixty-seventh Street, and Second Avenue to Seventy-ninth Street, and through Seventy-ninth Street to the Shore Road. The work to be done includes the furnishing and laying of about 16,400 feet of 48-inch castiron pipe, 36 feet of 36-inch castiron pipe, valves, and other appurtenances, together with maintenance for one year.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of Ten Dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.

RISE IN WHEAT, BUT SLUMP IN COTTON

Week Saw Slow Growth in Principal Grain's Price, in Spite of Heavy Movement.

SOUTH DUMPING ITS COTTON

Rush to Sell Before Price Goes Lower, but Holding Movement May Take Shape if Price Goes Below Crop Cost.

A slow advance developed in the wheat market during the week, with prices on Saturday highest since mid-September. Fluctuations in values since the middle of last month have been limited, with a decline of about two to two and one-half cents and a slow recovery of about all of this loss. The advance in the market has been so slow that operators have been inclined to sell cautiously, but there has been very little speculative interest either way.

Stocks of wheat have continued to accumulate heavily. The gain in the visible supply in the United States a week ago was nearly 4,000,000 bushels. This, however, did not seem to bring any speculative pressure on the market except momentarily. Receipts of wheat this week at primary points fell off a little, but the movement is still heavy for the season, and another important increase in the visible supply is looked for. After the Government crop report of Monday, with its prediction of a total outturn of only 665,000,000 bushels, a crop 40,000,000 bushels under last year, the enormous receipts of wheat from the country have somewhat disconcerted believers in better prices. The piling up of the stocks has brought increasingly heavy charges, which have been just so much handicap for the bulls.

Weather conditions have been a little more favorable in the Northwest, but the quality of both the American and Canadian crops has suffered from the weather. Threshing in Manitoba has been materially delayed. The receipts, however, are heavy, and with any improvement in weather conditions will continue large. The latest estimate of the Canadian crop is 205,000,000 bushels, against 150,000,000 bushels last year. Much business is being done in export Manitoba wheat, some lots being taken every day, and there is a heavy volume of ocean freight room under engagement for November, December, and January loading. This is admitted to be largely speculative in anticipation of a heavy business in Manitoba wheat, and also in expectation of a fairly good movement of corn.

This expectation of the movement of Manitoba wheat is based on large surplus for export, about 100,000,000 bushels this year, and also on the belief that the supplies of wheat from Southeastern Europe will be small for the rest of the season. There is very little wheat remaining for export from the United States on the basis of the last Government report unless reserves are drawn upon. The Australian and Argentine shipments from the new crop will not be available in any volume until late January or February. The large supply which Europe received last year from Russia and the Danube is not likely to be repeated this year. The Danubian exports since July 1 have been 12,000,000 bushels less than last year, and all Russian wheat exports have been 39,000,000 bushels less. Last year's Russian exports totaled 224,000,000 bushels. An official Russian estimate just issued makes the wheat crop of European Russia 240,000,000 bushels less than last year. Last year the wheat crop of European Russia was 699,000,000 bushels, and the crop of Asiatic Russia 76,000,000 bushels. A shortage of 240,000,000 bushels in the European crop, together with a shortage of 48,000,000 bushels in the rye crop, would necessarily mean very greatly restricted exports this year. A report at the close of the week by the Department of Agriculture at Washington made the European wheat crop this year 1,717,000,000 bushels, against 1,748,000,000 bushels last year and 1,763,000,000 bushels two years ago. The figures in this report for Russia were based on the condition of the plants in bloom in the early part of June and did not include the revised Russian figures as published on Friday, which will naturally reduce materially the total European figures.

There have been predictions of a bumper crop in Australia, although recently the weather has been a little unfavorable, owing to drought. There have been cold weather reports from the Argentine, which, however, have not been serious enough to materially affect the Argentine market. The Indian reports are of favorable weather for seeding and the American weather conditions have been more favorable although seeding is delayed somewhat by too much moisture.

CORN.

The corn market was quiet and fairly steady last week, very little attention being paid to either bullish or bearish news. The weather has improved somewhat, but is still unfavorable, and there are continued complaints of damage to the quality of the new crop. The Government report on Monday made the corn crop 2,759,000,000 bushels, slightly more than the preceding month, but 366,000,000 bushels less than last year. The price of corn is about one-third higher than last year, so that this to a certain extent offsets for the producer the decreased size of the crop.

The foreign demand for corn was maintained in a small way during the week, and Europe was forced to take American corn without much regard to price, in view of the deficient supplies elsewhere.

OATS.

Trade in oats has been quiet, too, but prices have been firm. The Government report indicated a crop of about 31,000,000 bushels more than promised in the September report, but this increase was so small as to have practically no effect on the market. Prices are high for oats, prevailing quotations being about 50 per cent. higher than last year, and this, to a large extent, offsets the decrease in the crop. The Russian official report last week made a decrease of 150,000,000 bushels in the oats crop there, compared with last year. The Canadian official report indicates a crop in that country of 368,000,000 bushels, a record outturn, compared with 323,000,000 bushels last year.

PROVISIONS.

The fluctuations in hog products have been narrow and uninteresting. The trade has been watching closely the hog movement and the effect on the demand of the prevailing prices. Live hogs are about 25 per cent. in value under last year, while feedstuffs are from 20 to 50 per cent. higher than last year, making it expensive to feed hogs. As a result, the average weight of the live hogs coming to market has fallen off fully 20 per cent. compared with last year. This means the marketing of unfinished hogs. While this has increased the number of hogs actually sold, it means the drawing upon supplies at the expense of the future, and may have a material effect on the Winter movement of live stock. Packing returns are still in excess of last year, although the actual product on account of the lighter weight is probably less than last year.

COTTONSEED OIL.

A slow sagging of values was noticeable during last week, and the lower levels were generally attributed as being mainly due to the demoralized cotton market. The prolonged decline at the South apparently affected the confidence of seed and crude oil owners, but it was noticeable that crude values were fairly well maintained despite the decline in futures. As a result, the market at present is slightly below a hedging basis, and the action of prices during last week was thought to be indicative of a fair consuming inquiry, large enough in the aggregate to absorb the current production of oil.

This is partly confirmed by the maintenance of fair premiums for the nearby positions, but as was predicted, a gradual readjustment has occurred, with the spot option inclined to react toward the price of October. Deliveries so far this month have been unimportant, but it is believed that in the near future these will assume larger proportions. Buying for foreign account, despite the heavy purchasing from Europe during the earlier part of the season, shows some improvement at the low levels, but home consuming trade is still thought to be along very conservative lines.

Sentiment in oil circles continues bearish but there is comparatively little aggressiveness on this side, and the supply and demand situation is dominating price fluctuations at present. All authorities appear to agree that a record cotton crop, totaling about if not in excess of 14,000,000 bales, is practically assured, with a consequent record production of oil, but in some quarters the contention remains that the consumption this year will also be unprecedented, and that following a removal of supplies from first hands, this feature will assert itself.

COTTON.

On nearly every business day of the past week new low records were made in the cotton market, accompanied by enormous trading. It was certain that there was more or less bear pressure to cause the weakness, but the great aggregate of Southern sales, representing demoralization at the South, and in many instances belated liquidation and hedging, were the dominating and most potent factors. Prophecies made by bears were fully realized at the close of the week, when several of the active options reached the nine-cent level, and, despite a certain cautiousness still observable toward following the downward trend, sentiment was almost unanimously bearish, with general assertions that, aside from the technical situation and the protracted decline, there was little incentive toward buying aggressively at this stage. Intermittently, when spasmodic rallies occurred, due to profit taking, it was averred that several of the principal and successful operators had taken to the bull side, but this was not generally credited. In fact, the impression prevails in many quarters that among the bears at this time are interests who earlier in the season were arrayed on the long side of the market. Bulges were short lived and were taken advantage of to replace fresh short lines, and, notwithstanding the tremendous volume of short covering during the week, little resistance was exhibited by the market. This, when the buying from trade accounts is taken into consideration, emphasizes the prodigious selling movement from the South.

To describe the weakness as due entirely to this panicky state of affairs at Southern spot centres was the disposition in most quarters. Reports of farmers holding cotton with greater stubbornness were current at intervals, and advices that the raw material was being stored and insured were thought to suggest that a holding movement had begun in earnest. The volume of sales, however, and the weakness day after day in the official quotations on Southern spot markets made it certain that there was no concerted holding movement and that individual efforts were inconsequential. The nearness of cost of production to prices is still being debated and looked upon as a factor which will possibly effect further holding, but until crop optimism becomes more settled, and pending a greater volume of cotton passing from the producer to the consumer, there is a decided disinclination to purchase speculatively excepting in anticipation of a natural rebound following the prolonged and unusual decline.

The weather advices received during the week were not encouraging to holders of cotton, and it is noticeable that crop estimates are again favoring an outturn above the earlier prospects of approximately 14,000,000 bales. Some authorities conservatively express the opinion that these enlarged estimates are inspired to a great extent by the course of cotton prices, but it is undeniable that weather conditions have been seemingly ideal, and that cotton crop conditions have probably improved since the date of the last Government observations.

Moderate rains in the Eastern belt were complained of for a time, followed by precipitation in the Central and extreme Western States, while a short period of low but not injurious temperatures in the northwestern part of the belt also caused apprehension. But, withal, unbiased reports generally indicated that the prospects of the plant had been marred to only a minor degree. Complaints relative to the scarcity of cotton pickers continue to outnumber those of unfavorable climatic conditions, and the week was full of reports that cotton ginning was progressing at a rate unparalleled, which foreshadows another bearish ginning document to be issued on the 25th inst. by the Census Bureau accounting for operations to Oct. 17.

Trade reports do not differ essentially from recent ones, and generally indicate activity on a fairly satisfactory basis. A readjustment in the cost of the raw material as compared with the prices which were being received for manufactured goods was inevitable, and now that this disparity has been remedied to a large extent by a decline in cotton values the incentive for an increase in the operating spindles is quite apparent. Irregularity in the prices of print cloths and yarns naturally continues with the drastic decline in the raw material, but the recent pessimistic talk from the manufacturing centres seems transferred and exceeded by the dissatisfaction expressed at producing points. The effect of the lower prices on the milling trade is clearly demonstrated in the larger spinners' takings from week to week, while at the same time the encouraging trade conditions at Lancashire are reflected in the generous buying for foreign account, which is revealed by the presence of heavy cotton bills in the exchange market.

COMMODITY PRICES STABLE.

Bradstreet's Index Shows Minute Change from Figures of a Month Ago.

Bradstreet's index figure for commodity prices at wholesale, the total of pound prices for ninety-six articles named below, shows a drop of about one-tenth of 1 per cent. in average prices during September. Textiles and metals decreased in price. Breadstuffs, provisions, leathers, and drugs rose. The groups that make up the index number are set forth in the following:

	Oct. 1, 1910.	Sept. 1, 1911.	Oct. 1, 1911.
Breadstuffs	$0.0901	$0.1041	$0.1106
Live stock	.4025	.3860	.3825
Provisions	2.3067	2.1260	2.1685
Fruits	.2297	.2032	.2220
Hides and leather	1.1150	1.1475	1.1600
Textiles	2.5552	2.4944	2.4140
Metals	.6122	.6861	.6517
Coal and coke	.0063	.0061	.0061
Oils	.4515	.4091	.4195
Naval stores	.1226	.0917	.0891
Building materials	.0889	.0755	.0748
Chemicals and drugs	.5855	.6584	.6722
Miscellaneous	.3605	.4310	.4375
Total	$8.9267	$8.8191	$8.8065

The October price this year, compared with previous Octobers, shows that only in 1907 and 1910 were prices higher than now. Previous Octobers, with the high and low price occasions since 1902:

OCTOBER INDEXES FOR TEN YEARS.

1902	$7.9924	1907	$8.8506
1903	7.9983	1908	8.0139
1904	7.9213	1909	8.7478
1905	8.2298	1910	8.9267
1906	8.5580	1911	8.8065

TEN YEARS' HIGH AND LOW POINTS.

$8.1413	Dec., 1902	$7.7227	June, 1908
7.6318	July, 1904	9.2310	Jan., 1910
9.1293	Mar., 1907	8.4586	May, 1911

The price changes during September have been in the following articles:

INCREASES—Wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, flour, beeves, live; sheep, live; horses, beef, carcasses, milk, eggs, butter, cheese, coffee, sugar, tea, molasses, rice, beans, peas, lemons, currants, hides, union leather, jute, pig iron, Eastern; silver, lead, petroleum, refined; linseed oil, resin, carbolic acid, alcohol, opium, tobacco, and cottonseed.

DECREASES—Hogs, live; hogs, carcasses; pork, bacon, hams, lard, mackerel, potatoes, cranberries, cotton, standard sheetings, ginghams, cotton sheetings, pig iron, Bessemer; steel billets, tinplates, steel beams, copper, tin, quicksilver, cottonseed oil, turpentine, tar, lime, rubber, and hay.

UNCHANGED—Mutton, carcasses; bread, beef, family; codfish, salt, apples, peanuts, raisins, hemlock leather, oak leather, wool, Ohio and Pennsylvania; wool, Australian; hemp, silk, flax, print cloths, iron ore, pig iron, Southern; steel rails, anthracite coal, bituminous coal, Connellsville coke, Southern coke, petroleum, crude; castor oil, olive oil, brick, nails, glass, yellow pine, spruce timber, hemlock timber, alum, bicarbonate soda, borax, caustic soda, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, phosphate rock, quinine, hops, paper, and ground bone.

$10,000 DESIRED, WITH SERVICES, to market specialty of proven merit, controlled by N. Y. corporation and protected by patents; demand constantly growing; profits unusually large; fullest investigation accorded; principals; references. Address X 239 Times.

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The Franklin Society 4½%
Founded 1888. Twenty-fourth year. State Bank Department Supervision. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Oct. 31st earn from Nov. 1st. Start now or write for Booklet A. 38 Park Row, New York City.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufacturers, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

7,462. DRIED FRUITS AND CANNED GOODS.—A commercial agent of the Department of Commerce and Labor reports that a business house in Russia handling foodstuffs and canned goods, purchased through European agents, wishes to deal direct with American shippers, thus avoiding the commissions of the middlemen. The firm wants to purchase California dried prunes, raisins, apricots and apples, the latter in 50-pound boxes and the others in 25-pound boxes; also canned asparagus, canned lobster and clams.

7,463. PATENTED BOX OPENER.—A request has been received by an American Consular officer in South Africa for the name of the manufacturer or jobber of a case or box opener, patented and formerly sold as the "Herculever." Letters addressed to the former distributors of this article have been returned unopened, and the inquirer presumes the firm has gone out of existence, but he would like if possible to secure a supply of the article in question.

7,464. ROAD-BUILDING MACHINERY.—Supplementing his report, which appeared as Foreign Trade Opportunity 7,138, in Daily Consular and Trade Reports for Aug. 5, 1911, an American Consular officer has forwarded the names of two firms that are actively engaged in the work of road-building, which is a part of an extensive programme of public improvements in the country in question.

7,465. CHARCOAL-MAKING PLANT AND EQUIPMENT.—An American Consular officer in South Africa reports that a local firm of indenting merchants and manufacturers' agents has informed him that it has an inquiry for a complete charcoal-making plant, with all accessories for the capture of all the acids, byproducts, &c., and it wishes to enter into communication with the manufacturers of such a plant.

7,466. AGENCIES FOR AMERICAN GOODS.—A Russian business man informs one of the commercial agents of the Department of Commerce and Labor that he desires agencies for that country from American firms handling moving-picture films, portable houses, canned lobsters, clocks and watches, and some lines of machinery not represented in the city in which he is located.

7,467. AGENT FOR AMERICAN EXPORTERS TO WEST COAST OF AFRICA.—An American Consular officer in the United Kingdom reports that the London representative of a company that will engage in the exportation of mahogany, palm oil, rubber, cocoa, coffee, ivory, &c., is desirous of acting as agent for American exporters to Liberia and the West Coast of Africa generally.

7,468. PAPER TOWELS.—A report from an American Consular officer in Great Britain states that a local business house requests the names of firms in the United States which manufacture paper towels.

7,469. ENAMELED AND OTHER TIN CANS, ADVERTISING CALENDARS, AND MACHINERY.—A telegram from an American Consular officer in Canada states that a company has been incorporated in his district for $10,000 and wishes to hear from manufacturers in the United States of enameled and other tin cans, line of advertising calendars, and brass sign-making machinery. In order to get this season's calendar business it is necessary to make immediate connections.

7,471. CHEMICAL AND PHARAMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS.—An American Consular officer in Spain reports that a firm in the city in which he is located is anxious to represent American manufacturers of crude chemical and pharamaceutical products.

7,472. STREET-SWEEPING APPLIANCES.—A report from an American Consulate in Mexico states that a city in that Country has completed certain street-paving contracts, and should be a possible purchaser of street-sweeping appliances.

7,473. CASTOR BEANS AND PRODUCTS.—A resident of a Latin-American country informs an American Consulate that he desires to correspond with firms in the United States which need castor beans or their crude products.

7,474. PIPE FITTINGS, STEAM PUMPS, AND AIR COMPRESSORS.—An American Consular officer in Russia reports that a business man in his district desires to be put in communication with American manufacturers of the following articles: High-pressure pipe, black and galvanized, ¼ of an inch to 8 inches in diameter; pipe fittings, steam pumps, and air compressors.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 15,022.—JOHN J. SHEEHAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that John J. Sheehan, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 13th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, October 11th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JACOB GLICK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Glick, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 17th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Oct. 11th, 1911.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of GEORGE FIENCKE WALLPAPER AND PAINT COMPANY, a corporation, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt and to whom it may concern:

Please take notice that the Receiver herein will sell at the premises, No. 3,006 Third Avenue, Borough of Bronx, New York City, on October 16th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., by Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, the assets and effects of the above-named estate, consisting of paints, wallpapers, oils, varnishes, paint brushes, and such other property as is usually contained in a wallpaper and painters' supply store, together with the furniture and fixtures, and also horses and wagons.

The foregoing property may be inspected at the premises, No. 3,006 Third Avenue, and the warehouse at No. 655 Brook Avenue, Borough of Bronx, City of New York, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. on the 13th and 14th days of October, 1911.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for ten per cent. of such bid.

Dated New York, October 5th, 1911.

EDWARD S. THOMAS, Receiver, 60 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

SHAFFER, HOWELL & HINDS, Attorneys for Receiver, 207 Broadway, Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York—In the matter of PINCUS COHEN and EPHRAIM COHEN, trading as COHEN BROS., Bankrupts.

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. George C. Holt, one of the Judges of this court, Charles L. Brookheim, Receiver, will offer at private sale the assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of men's clothing, overcoats, woolens, trimmings, sewing machines, cutting machines, cutting table, safe, fixtures, &c., on the 20th day of October, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at the bankrupts' former place of business, No. 127 Canal Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. The above mentioned property may be inspected at 127 Canal Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on October 18th and 19th, 1911, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and all bids must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for ten (10%) per centum of such bid.

In the event that the Receiver shall reject all bids submitted to him, then the above-mentioned assets will be offered at public sale, by Charles Shongood, official United States Auctioneer, at the above premises on October 24th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM,
Receiver.

EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL LEDERMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Oct. 16, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 83 Manhattan St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of plumbing supplies, brass and copper goods, safe, office furniture, &c.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM,
Receiver.

HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN ABRAMS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Saturday, Oct. 21st, 1911, by order of the Court, at 11 A. M., at 124 Mamaroneck Ave., Mamaroneck, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of eggs, butter, cheese, fixtures, wagons, horses, &c.

CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH,
Receiver.

LOUIS LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LESLIE B. WILSON and DUNCAN M. FERGUSON, doing business under the copartnership name of L. B. WILSON & COMPANY, Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy. No. 15,482.—Omnibus proceeding.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks, bonds, securities, and other assets received, or which may be received, from the N. Y. Life Insurance & Trust Company.—No. 1.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by W. W. Fitzhugh, Jr.—No. 2.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by K. T. Stoddard.—No. 3.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by Robert Brittain.—No. 4.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by D. M. Stewart.—No. 5.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks and bonds by Richard T. Childs.—No. 6.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by John G. Saxton.—No. 7.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by Henry L. Brant.—No. 8.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by George H. Murphy, Jr.—No. 9.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by Albin G. Anderson.—No. 10.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks by Josef Novak.—No. 11.—In the matter of the determination of claims to stocks, bonds, securities, and other assets by such other persons as may file claims herein.—No. 12.

On reading and filing the annexed petition of Charles F. Bishop, verified September 16th, 1911, and on all the papers and proceedings had and taken herein, and

On motion of Harold C. Mitchell, attorney for the petitioner herein, it is

Ordered that all creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupts, and all persons, firms, or corporations claiming stocks, bonds, securities or any other assets, or the proceeds thereof, in the possession, custody, or control of the receiver herein, be and they hereby are directed to file their claims thereto, duly verified, in the office of the Clerk of this Court, on or before the 8th day of November, 1911; and it is further

Ordered that any and all creditors or other claimants to the said stocks, bonds, securities and other assets, or the proceeds thereof, who shall not file such claim to the said stocks, bonds, securities and other assets, or the proceeds thereof, asserting their right, title, or interest therein and thereto, on or before the said 8th day of November, 1911, be and they hereby are forever barred from making claim or asserting any right, title or interest, in or to the said stocks, bonds, securities, and other assets, now in the possession, custody, or control of the receiver herein, or the proceeds thereof, except as general creditors of the alleged bankrupts herein; and it is further

Ordered that the determination of all rights, titles, and interests, if any, in and to any and all of the said stocks, bonds, securities, and other assets, or the proceeds thereof, made as aforesaid, be and the same hereby is referred to William H. Willis, Esq., who is hereby appointed Special Master for that purpose, to hear and determine the rights of all such creditors and claimants, including the receiver in bankruptcy herein; and the said Master is directed in all respects to adjust, determine, and adjudicate the rights, title, interests, equities, claims, and liens therein and thereto and report to this Court his determination thereon; and it is further

Ordered that the service of this order, together with the petition upon which it is granted, be made by mailing copy thereof to the creditors and other persons, firms or corporations interested herein, including those who shall have filed notice of appearance herein, to the addresses appearing upon the books of the above-named alleged bankrupts, on or before the 21st day of October, 1911, and by publishing copy of this order in the New York "Times" once a week for two successive weeks, the last publication to be not later than October 23rd, 1911, which shall be and hereby is deemed to be due, proper, and sufficient service hereof.

Dated New York, October 10th, 1911.

LEONARD HAND,
United States District Judge.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 15,403.—HORWITZ BROTHERS, Alleged Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Horwitz Brothers, alleged bankrupts, have filed their petition for confirmation of composition, dated October 11th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 23rd, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupts thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, October 11th, 1911.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID COWLIN, Bankrupt.—No. 15,568.

To the creditors of David Cowlin of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said David Cowlin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated October 13th, 1911.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 14,722.—ISAAC BLANCK and LOUIS BLANCK, individually and doing business as BLANCK BROS., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac Blanck and Louis Blanck, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated September 27th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, October 11th, 1911.

AUCTION SALES.

SPECIAL PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE!
Without Limit or Reserve,
$50,000.00 STOCK
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
WEARING APPAREL,
Fancy Furs, Fur Garments.
DAVID W. BIOW & CO.
Sell TO-DAY, MONDAY, Oct. 16, 1911,
10:30 A. M., at their Salesroom,
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Large High-Class Stock, consisting of
10,000 LONG COATS For Ladies, Misses and Children.
In Caraculs, Plushes, Broadcloths, Thibets, Bearskins, Fancy Cheviots and Plaid Backs.
5,000 Ladies' Coat Suits and Dresses,
2,500 Taffeta Petticoats,
2,000 doz. Shirt Waists,
In Taffeta, Sateens, Flannels and Lingeries.
1,500 DOZEN
Ladies' All-Wool Coat Sweaters,
5,000 LADIES' SKIRTS
In Voile, Panama, Broadcloth, etc.
1,500 LADIES' FUR SETS
In Mink, Red Fox, Brown and Black Coney, Blue Wolf, Goat, Caracul, etc.
400 MEN'S AND LADIES'
FUR AND FUR-LINED COATS
In Caracul, Pony, Muskrat, Alaska Seal.
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BULLETIN
OF SALES FOR THIS WEEK.
To-day, Monday, Oct. 16, 10:30 A. M.,
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
CLOAKS AND SUITS
Fur Garments and Fur Sets.
To-morrow, Tuesday, Oct. 17, 10:30 A. M.,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Men's and Ladies' Furnishing Goods.
Wednesday, Oct. 18, 10:30 A. M.,
Men's, Youths' and Children's High-Class
CLOTHING
Thursday, Oct. 19, 10:30 A. M.,
Large Retail Stock of
Men's, Ladies' and Children's
FINE SHOES
Friday, Oct. 20, 10:30 A. M.,
DRY AND FANCY GOODS
Men's and Ladies' Furnishing Goods,
Ladies' and Children's Wearing Apparel.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a chattel mortgage made by SAMUEL LAWSON to PRUDENTIAL TRADERS COMPANY, filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York on December 19, 1909, and refiled on December 1, 1910, and for the non-performance of the conditions in said mortgage contained, the same has been foreclosed and the said Prudential Traders Company as such mortgagee has taken possession of the goods and chattels referred to in the inventory attached to said mortgage, viz.: All furniture, furnishings, and other personal property formerly belonging to said Samuel Lawson, contained in the two buildings known as hotels "Alabama" and "Van Rensselaer," Nos. 13-15 and 17-19 East 11th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, which said furniture, furnishings, and other personal property will be sold in one lot at public auction on the above premises to-day, (Monday,) October 16, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JEROME, RAND & KRESEL,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
37 Wall Street,
Borough of Manhattan,
New York City.

Geo. W. Keeler, Auctioneer,
Office 51 Liberty Street.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN NOTICE is hereby given:

Whereas, The undersigned, THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, is Trustee under a certain Trust Agreement, between the undersigned and the UNITED MISSOURI RIVER POWER COMPANY, dated July 1st, 1910, securing an issue of one million eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($1,850,000) face amount of the Six Per Cent. Gold Notes of said United Missouri River Power Company, dated July 1st, 1910, and maturing July 1st, 1911, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July, all of said notes being issued and now outstanding; and

Whereas, said United Missouri River Power Company heretofore assigned to and deposited with the undersigned as said Trustee, as collateral security for said notes, two million seven hundred and eighty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($2,781,500) face amount of the First and Refunding Gold Bonds of said United Missouri River Power Company, bearing date the 1st day of July, 1910, and maturing on the 1st day of July, 1940, and bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. (5%) per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July, in accordance with the coupons thereto attached, the interest from July 1st, 1910, upon said bonds remaining unpaid, being part of an authorized issue of twelve million five hundred thousand dollars ($12,500,000) of said bonds secured by a Mortgage or Deed of Trust of said Company to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated the 1st day of July, 1910; and

Whereas, Default has been made by said United Missouri River Power Company both in the payment of the principal and interest of said notes which matured on the 1st day of July, 1911, and such default has continued for more than sixty (60) days; and

Whereas, The undersigned has duly demanded the payment of the principal of all of said notes and of the interest accrued thereon from January 1st, 1911, and said Company has wholly failed and refused to pay said principal of said notes, or any of them, or the interest accrued thereon, or any part thereof; and

Whereas, In and by said Trust Agreement, in Section 2 of Article Fifth thereof, it is provided that in case default should be made in the payment of the principal or interest of said notes, and any such default in respect of interest should continue for sixty (60) days, the Trustee may, and upon the written request of the holders of a majority in amount of said notes then outstanding, accompanied by satisfactory indemnity, shall, sell at public sale in the City of New York, after advertising notice of the time and place of such sale not less than once a week for six consecutive weeks in one or more daily newspapers published in the City of New York, all bonds then held by the Trustee under said Trust Agreement, which shall then be in the possession of said Trustee thereunder, or be subject to the lien thereof, or such of the same as said Trustee shall deem necessary to pay the outstanding notes secured by said Trust Agreement and all arrears of interest thereon, and all expenses attending as well the execution of said trust as said sale, including reasonable compensation to the Trustee, and any other costs and charges that may necessarily be incurred in consequence of such sale; and

Whereas, The undersigned has been duly requested in writing by the holders of more than a majority in amount of said notes now outstanding to sell the said bonds at public sale in the manner and for the purposes provided for in said Trust Agreement.

Now, therefore, the undersigned, as Trustee under said Trust Agreement, hereby gives notice to all whom it may concern that the undersigned will sell at public sale, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, at the office of said Joseph P. Day, fifth floor, No. 31 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, at twelve o'clock noon, on the 8th day of November, 1911, all of the bonds held by the undersigned as Trustee under said Trust Agreement, to wit: Two million seven hundred and eighty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($2,781,500) face amount of the First and Refunding Gold Bonds of said United Missouri River Power Company, being a part of an authorized issue of twelve million five hundred thousand dollars ($12,500,000) of said bonds, secured by a Mortgage or Deed of Trust of said Company to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated the 1st day of July, 1910, and any additional amount of said bonds which may be deposited with the undersigned as Trustee under said Trust Agreement, and made subject to the terms thereof, or such of said bonds as the undersigned may deem necessary, together with the coupons for the interest thereon which matured on the 1st day of January, 1911, and all succeeding coupons thereto attached, and the right to collect and receive the interest upon said bonds from July 1st, 1910, together with all rights, privileges and benefits appertaining to said bonds, to pay the outstanding notes secured by said Trust Agreement and all arrears of interest thereon, amounting as hereinabove stated to the sum of one million eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($1,850,000,) with interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum from the first day of January, 1911, and all expenses attending as well the execution of said trust as the said sale, including reasonable compensation to the Trustee, and any other charges and costs that may be necessarily incurred in consequence of such sale. Said bonds will be sold in such lots or parcels as the holders of not less than a majority in face value of the notes issued under said Trust Agreement, and then outstanding, may request in writing, or in case no such request shall be made, then in such lots or parcels as the undersigned may deem most beneficial.

Dated New York, September 23, 1911.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By
F. J. HORNE, Vice President.
H. W. MORSE, Secretary.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

OSWEGO COUNTY SURROGATE'S COURT.—In the matter of the estate of Frances Bowen French, deceased. An intention to apply for letters of administration upon the above entitled estate having been shown to this court by the petition of Fred E. French for the issuance to him of such letters, now therefore, pursuant to an order of this court duly made, filed and entered on October eleventh, 1911, the consent of all the next of kin of said deceased having been duly made and filed, notice is hereby given, as provided by section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to all creditors having claims against the estate of Frances Bowen French, deceased, late of Mexico, Oswego County, N. Y., to present them to Hon. Clayton I. Miller, Surrogate of Oswego County, at his office in Oswego, N. Y., on or before November 20th, 1911.

Dated October 11th, 1911.

FRED E. FRENCH, Petitioner.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—A. LEOPOLD AUERBACH and JOSEPH S. AUERBACH, Plaintiffs, against JAMES DUNN, if living, and "MARY" DUNN, his wife, if any, the name "Mary" being fictitious, said defendant's real first name being unknown to the plaintiffs; and all devisees and heirs-at law of the said James Dunn, if he be deceased, and also all persons who by purchase or inheritance or otherwise have or claim to have an interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said James Dunn or his devisees or heirs at law, or through any of them which heirs, devisees and other persons, if any there be, and their names, are unknown to the plaintiffs; and all persons who are, or make any claim whatever as executors or administrators of any person who may be deceased and who if living, would have any interest in the premises described in the complaint herein derived through the said James Dunn, or his devisees or heirs at law, which persons, if any there be, and their names are unknown to the plaintiffs, Defendants.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, August 18th, 1911.

KANTROWITZ & ESBERG,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and P. O. Address, No. 320 Broadway,
Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To JAMES DUNN, if living, and "MARY" DUNN, his wife, if any, the name "Mary" being fictitious, said defendant's real first name being unknown to the plaintiffs; and all devisees and heirs at law of the said James Dunn, if he be deceased, and also all persons who by purchase or inheritance or otherwise have or claim to have an interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said James Dunn or his devisees or heirs at law, or through any of them which heirs, devisees and other persons, if any there be, and their names, are unknown to the plaintiffs; and all persons who are, or make any claim whatever as executors or administrators of any person who may be deceased and who if living, would have any interest in the premises described in the complaint herein derived through the said James Dunn, or his devisees or heirs at law, which persons, if any there be, and their names are unknown to the plaintiffs.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of HON. FRANCIS K. PENDLETON, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 13th day of October, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

KANTROWITZ & ESBERG,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys,
Office and P. O. Address, No. 320 Broadway,
Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW York.—FRANCES FISH, plaintiff, against HENRY F. WHALEN and ABRAHAM ISEAR, defendants.—Summons. To the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within six days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated, May 18th, 1909. WAYNE M. MUSGRAVE, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office address, St. Paul Building, 220 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Henry F. Whalen: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. John V. McAvoy, Justice of the City Court of the City of New York, dated the 15th day of September, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City Court of the City of New York, at New York, on September 21st, 1911. WAYNE M. MUSGRAVE, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and Post Office address, 220 Broadway, New York City.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—MARY A. PETTIT, plaintiff, against MARY A. MEAGHER and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 27th day of July, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

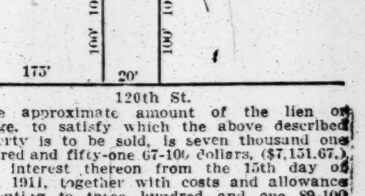
Beginning at a point on the northerly line of One Hundred and Twentieth Street, distant one hundred and seventy-five (175) feet easterly from the easterly line of Third Avenue; running thence northerly, and parallel with Third Avenue, one hundred (100) feet and ten (10) inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line and parallel with One Hundred and Twentieth Street, twenty (20) feet; thence southerly, and parallel with said Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and ten (10) inches to the northerly line of One Hundred and Twentieth Street; thence westerly, along said northerly line of One Hundred and Twentieth Street, twenty (20) feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less. It being intended to describe the property known as Number 215 East 120th Street, New York City.

Dated New York, September 14th, 1911.

JAMES OLIVER, Referee.

PETER B. HANSON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 55 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 215 East 120th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is seven thousand one hundred and fifty-one 67-100 dollars, ($7,151.67,) with interest thereon from the 15th day of July, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and one 89-100 dollars, ($301.89,) with interest from July 27th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $243.66 and interest.

Dated New York, September 14th, 1911.

JAMES OLIVER, Referee.

The above sale is hereby adjourned to October 16th, 1911, at the same time and place.

Dated October 9th, 1911.

BERT COHEN, Referee.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—HARRIET A. ANDERSON, Plaintiff, vs. JOSEPH KLEIN, Mary Klein, Louis Lowinson, Crown Holding Company and Henrietta Seckel, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 14th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

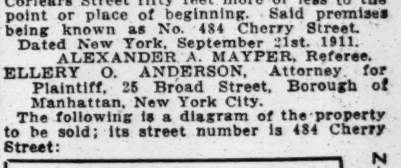
Beginning at the point of intersection of the northerly side of Cherry Street and the westerly side of Corlears Street; running thence westerly along said northerly side of Cherry Street twenty-one feet more or less thence northerly and parallel with Corlears Street fifty feet more or less; thence easterly and parallel with the northerly side of Cherry Street twenty-one feet more or less; to the westerly side of Corlears Street; and thence southerly along said westerly side of Corlears Street fifty feet more or less to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known as No. 484 Cherry Street.

Dated New York, September 21st, 1911.

ALEXANDER A. MAYPER, Referee.

ELLERY O. ANDERSON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 484 Cherry Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Twelve Thousand Eight Hundred Ninety-three and 75-100 dollars ($12,893.75,) with interest thereon from the 7th day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $327.46, with interest from September 14th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $339.08 and interest.

Dated New York, September 21st, 1911.

ALEXANDER A. MAYPER, Referee.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Our charge for Title Insurance is fixed and moderate, and the protection given to Real Estate is absolute.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
20 Nassau St. 3 East 35th St.

West Side.

To Lease or for Sale.—Three lots on south side of 37th St., 75x100, 100 feet east of 11th Av. L. K. Prince, 555 West 33d St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ATTENTION!

Realize 33 per cent. on an investment of $7,000. Five-story and basement apartment, exceptionally well built by an investor, not a speculator. New, very attractive building; convent to Subway. Principal, 44 Times.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful House Near Water

Long Island Sound; only 32 minutes from Penn. Sta., with water-front privileges to elegant and select bathing beach and yacht club; only 3 minutes from shore and same distance to station; dock for your yacht or motor boat; electricity, gas, cement sidewalks, and sewers, all in and paid for; (no assessments); very select and refined neighborhood and environment; $350 down, $30 or more monthly. R. A., Box 200 Times Downtown.

A HOME BARGAIN.

Price $6,200, value $6,700, at Queens, L. I. A perfect gem, new semi-bungalow, 28 minutes from Broadway, 3 minutes from express station; 100 trains daily; select neighborhood; restricted property; every modern convenience; this house planned and finished like a $10,000 home; write for description; small amount cash and easy terms if desired.
OWNER, ROOM 506, 200 B'WAY, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSE SACRIFICE $5,950

Will dispose of my beautiful new house, built by day's work and cost me $7,500, including all improvements, gas, electricity, parquet floors, running water, beamed ceilings, large wardrobes, and many other special features; located on large plot of ground and attractive avenue, private residential park, 24 minutes to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line, three minutes' walk from depot; sell on very easy terms, small deposit, or will rent with privilege of purchasing and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone.
T. I. McNEECE,
'Phone 4070 Beekman. 150 Nassau St., City.

White Plains.

BEAUTIFUL HOME SITES

High elevation, plenty of sun, dry air. At White Plains. One plot and corner 163x218, $9,000. One block trolley. Another plot 78x109, $2,200, four blocks trolley. All ¾ mile depot, 44 minutes 42d St.
J. R. SWIFT, 524 5th St., Brooklyn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

COMMUTER'S FARM

50 acres; one mile to depot. New eight-room house; modern bath; furnace heat; windmill. Good barn and outbuildings; tenant house. 150 fruit trees. Easy terms.
ELSTON M. FRENCH, 141 B'way, N. Y. City.

$500 cash will purchase a beautiful six-room bungalow on large plot covered with fine shade trees, five minutes' walk from Fanwood (N. J.) depot; balance on monthly payments, or will build from your own plans on easy terms; free railroad tickets to see property. Send for particulars, H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

CHICKEN FARMS.—$10 per month buys one of our Farm Plots, size 100x400, at Fanwood, N. J.; near railroad station and trolley; free railroad tickets to visit property. Write for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 B'way.

$100 cash buys plot, 100x100 feet, in best located parts of Cranford, N. J., near Rahway River; balance on easy terms; free transportation. Austin B. Burchell, 1,171 St. John's Pl., Brooklyn. 'Phone 2344 Bedford.

About two acre small farm, fruit orchard, good spring, 3 room house; small amount down, balance monthly; fine commuting service; 52 trains daily. Address Owner, 82 Times Downtown.

Oradell, Fairmount, Hackensack.—Attractive new houses; improvements; $5,200 to $8,500; $500 cash, balance as rent. J. N. FALKINBURG, 1,133 Broadway, 26th St., New York.

Englewood, N. J.—Nine-room house; all improvements; garage, garden; lot 75x150; $35 month. Inquire W. H. Howland, 146 East 17th St., New York City.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

SPEED AND WORKMANSHIP
LIBMAN CONTRACTING CO.
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
107 WEST 46th ST. PHONE 4612 BRYANT

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Management of Real Estate

Responsible, experienced Real Estate man will take charge of all kinds of real estate; will remedy defects and increase income. References and security. Address B. W., 263 West 125th.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Exchange for lots, 6 three-story flats, with stores, on prominent avenue, including two corners; all rented; equity $50,000 above small bank mortgage. 50 Cathedral Parkway, Apartment 2.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Money to loan on first and second mortgages in any amount on Manhattan property. Several funds for second mortgages. Reasonable terms. ISAAC COHEN, 280 Broadway, New York City. 'Phone 1835 Worth.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A $48,000 STOCK FARM FOR $20,000.
E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

SURROGATE CITATION.

BROWNING, ELEANORA M.—THE PEOPLE of the State of New York, By the Grace of God Free and Independent.—To LOUISE M. BROWNING, Florence J. Browning, Eliza Gertrude Hall, Mary Low Baltz, Dudley G. Browning, Jessie Madeline Smith, Anna Prentice Waterbury, Ella B. Dana, Dora Browning, Edward C. Browning, Oren F. Browning, William S. Browning, twelve of the heirs and next of kin of Eleanora M. Browning, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Mary E. Low of Morristown, New Jersey, has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing, dated the Twenty-fifth day of May, 1903, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of said Elenora M. Browning, late of the County of New York, deceased, Therefore, you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 22nd day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited, as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to apear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the [L. S.] said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 26th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MANUFACTURER.
SACRIFICE SALE ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL.

Can you beat an overhead charge of 12c. per square foot per year? This property now offered for sale has been operated at this cost 68 to 76 3d St., near Gowanus Canal; now occupied by the Pilgrim Steam Laundry; 3-story and cellar factory building; lot running through to 4th St. on a plot fronting 126 ft. on 3d St. by 190 ft. in depth; 2 boilers, engine and tanks; building steam heated and well lighted; approximately 20,000 square feet and 7,500 square feet of yard space. Might lease with privilege to purchase. Apply to owners on premises, or
J. D. H. BERGEN & SON,
314 Court St., bet. Degraw & Sackett.

For the Homeseeker

An ideal home in the park section of Brooklyn; 30 minutes from N. Y. City Hall; 5-cent fare; $100 DOWN, BALANCE SAME AS RENT; a perfect house; finely finished; handsomely decorated; pleasant surroundings; on a beautiful boulevard; built of brick and stone; 7 rooms, tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim, water, sewer, gas, electricity, large piazza; on the line of the new subway, one block from express station; certain of rapid increases in valuation. Send for particulars and inspect the property at once. OPPORTUNITY, Box X 262 Times Downtown.

JUST A FEW LEFT

of row of 16 beautiful limestone-front two-family houses situated 15th St., between 9th and 10th Avs., containing every known improvement and convenience. Can be bought for SMALL CASH PAYMENT; BALANCE EASY. Call, see them, be convinced that they are positively the finest houses on the
Prospect Park Slope.
Open for inspection daily and Sunday.
Prospect Park West Realty Co.,
on premises, or 557 Fifth St., Brooklyn.
'Phone South 3082.

YOUR TENANT WILL HELP YOU PAY

for your home and your investment if you buy one of our new 2-family houses in 11th Av., Brooklyn, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Sts. $750 cash, $50 monthly.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 Remsen St., B'klyn.

YOU CAN OWN YOUR OWN HOME

by giving us your rent money; $200 down; balance same as rent; a one-family brick house, hardwood finish, parquet floors, tiled bath, handsomely decorated; wide porch, fine lawn; streets sewered, and shade trees; on "L" and new subway lines; 5-cent fare to City Hall; payments cover taxes, interest, water, etc. Builder, X 261 Times Downtown.

877 Park Place, near New York Av.; tony section; modern swell front residence, parquet floors, electric light; would consider small property or lots on account. Brokers note. Ruppert Elliot, 44 Court St.

High-class stone, two-family, park view, new; Subway; terms. 7,510 7th Av., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

We now offer plots for
HOMES OF DISTINCTION
with beautiful private Beaches,
at not too great cost,
on the charming little Peninsula,
"WAMPAGE SHORES"
Sands Point, L. I.
R. R. Station, Port Washington,
35 minutes to New York.
Write for map and particulars.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 Fifth Avenue, Cor. 45th St.

REAL ESTATE.

Filling low lands any place in the vicinity of New York with clean ashes or cellar dirt; any amount delivered at tidewater at reasonable rates. C 283 Times Downtown.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Beautiful, inexpensive, accessible farms; all sizes; orchards; acreages; $6,000 laundry for $3,000; honest description; illustrated catalogue. Dibble Farm Agency, Ansonia, Conn.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HICKS, EDITH BURCHELL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDITH BURCHELL HICKS, late of Summit, New Jersey, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stitt & Phillips, No. 113 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of October next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of April, 1911. HENRY J. BURCHELL, Jr., Executor. STITT & PHILLIPS, Attys. for Ex'r, No. 113 Fulton St., Manhattan, New York City.

DOUGHERTY, WILLIAM H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. DOUGHERTY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of De Witt, Lockman & De Witt, No. 88 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 9th day of February next.—Dated New York, July 24th, 1911. JULIA K. DOUGHERTY, EDWARD J. DOUGHERTY, ANDREW DOUGHERTY, Executors. DE WITT, LOCKMAN & DE WITT, Attorneys for Executors, No. 88 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

FALK, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALBERT FALK, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, No. 37 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April next.
Dated New York, the 30th day of September, 1911. EMMA C. FALK, Administratrix.
GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMYER & MARSHALL, Attorneys for Administratrix, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

RAYNOLDS, ADELAIDE A.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ADELAIDE A. RAYNOLDS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stitt & Phillips, Number 113 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April, 1912.—Dated New York, the 20th day of September, 1911. EDWARD H. RAYNOLDS, Executor. STITT & PHILLIPS, Attorneys for Executor, No. 113 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SPERB, WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the Country of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM SPERB, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Charles R. Bauerdorf, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November, 1911.
Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.
CHARLES F. BAUERDORF,
CHARLES ROHE,
Executors.
CHARLES R. BAUERDORF, Attorney for Executors, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BERNHEIMER, SIMON E.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SIMON E. BERNHEIMER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers in support thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Benjamin G. Paskus, No. 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of March next.
Dated New York, August 18th, 1911.
MAX E. BERNHEIMER,
ABRAHAM STEINAM,
WILLIAM R. ROSE,
Executors.
BENJAMIN G. PASKUS, Attorney for Executors, 128 Broadway, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Newport, R. I., Sept. 30, 1911.—A public hearing will be held at this office, No. 284 Thames Street, at 11:30 A. M. Oct. 18, 1911, upon the advisability and necessity of constructing a channel across Monomoy Shoals at the eastern entrance of Nantucket Sound, Mass., by the removal of the northerly end of Stone Horse Shoal, and of such portions of Bearse's Shoal and Pollock Rip Shoal as may be necessary, at which all interested parties are invited to present their views.
FREDERIC V. ABBOT, Col., Engrs.;
JOHN MILLIS, Col., Engrs.; } Board.
EDWARD BURR, Lt. Col., Engrs.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

AT THE LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

(The reasons, two, why the rent quoted below is the)

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

are, (1) that the St. John's Park Realty Co. purchased the entire block, 200x200 ft., bounded by Greenwich, Washington, Morton and Barrow Sts., (opposite the U. S. Appraisers' Stores) at a price which was next door to a criminal offense. (2) The contract price for the eight-story buildings covering this block, obtained at the right time last Winter when New York's best builders were falling over each other to secure work, especially of a generous size, was also akin to an infraction of the laws of the land But—

"It's an ill wind blows nobody good."

The Washington St. half of the block, 200x100, we leased from the plans to the mail order firm of Bellas Hess & Co., who have migrated from Broadway and Prince St., by which move they save $45,000 per annum in rent. If it wasn't slang we would say that is "some saving." At any rate, there is a moral attached to it. On the Greenwich St. front we built two buildings, the northerly corner of which, (Barrow St.,) 101x100, we have just leased. We now offer the remaining corner, 100x95 ft., northwest corner Greenwich and Morton Sts., at the

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

The building is eight stories and high, dry basement; 100x95 ft., containing about 82,000 square feet; splendidly planned and built; excellent light; fireproof "az iz" fireproof; equipped with the fire-preventing, insurance-saving, business-protecting automatic sprinkler system; floors have the unusual carrying capacity of 200 and 300 pounds per square foot; three large Otis electric elevators of 4,000 pounds capacity each. Outside shipping platform 200 feet long; commodious interior and exterior stairways; underwriter doors and windows; steam heat, gas, electric light and power; ideal in every way. Convenient to all North River piers and ferries; the 9th Ave. "L" and Hudson Tunnel Stations at Christopher St.; 8th Ave., 9th Ave., Houston St. and 8th St. surface lines. Firms not needing all the 82,000 square feet in this building can readily sublet one or more floors, as did the General Electric Company, for whom we built and to whom we leased a similar building diagonally opposite. Tenants are numerous for these floors separately, but we will lease the building only as a whole. We will consider the assumption of unexpired leases elsewhere of prospective tenants. The rent of the building is $18,000 net per annum, and it is the

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

The building is open for inspection at any time. All inquiries gladly answered by JAMES H. CRUIKSHANK, 50 Pine St., telephone 2271 John, or WILLIAM D. KILPATRICK, at the building, telephone 3409 Spring.

Store, Basement and Floors
In New 12-Story Fireproof Bldg.,
71 & 73 MURRAY ST.
Near West B'way. Most attractive floors ever offered in lower section of city. Lot 50x100. Ready for immediate occupancy. No interior columns; light on three sides, automatic sprinkler, two passenger and one freight elevator. Low insurance. Full commission to brokers.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.
41 PARK ROW. Tel. 5900 Cort.
Elevator Running. Agent on Premises.

42 & 44 West 39 St.
Large Studio
with North Skylight,
Also a Few Offices, $240 up.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Ave., near 43d St.

FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED
SUITE OF 4 OFFICES,
720 SQUARE FEET,
5-7 EAST 42D ST.,
Near Grand Central Subway Station.
Uninterrupted North Light.
Immediate possession; rent reasonable.
TOEL BRETT & CO. on premises.

GROUND FLOOR STABLE
AT 212 WEST 26TH ST.
Fourteen stalls, suitable for firm having wagons or private truckman. Apply 218 West 26th St.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

Loft, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90; steam power, heat, and elevator service; one block from Canal St. Subway station. Inquire Hellinger, 309 Broadway, 'phone 4945 Worth, or engineer.

Lofts to let in one of the most conveniently located garages in the city; suitable for repair shop. Apply Times Square Auto Co., 1,710 Broadway.

Exceptionally large, cheerful offices, modern fireproof building, from $15 month upward. 109 Broad St.

126th St., 151 East.—Loft, 25x100; light all sides; elevator, heat, power; rent low.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HESSE, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY HESSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Geo. H. Hyde, No. 41 Park Row, in the City of New York, on or before the 26th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 15th day of June, 1911. HENRY HESSE, JR., LOUIS STOIBER, Executors. GEO. H. HYDE, Attorney for Executors, 41 Park Row, Manhattan.

KROWER, ALFRED.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALFRED KROWER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Felix H. Levy, at No. 37 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of February next.—Dated New York, August 11, 1911. HARRY Z. OPPENHEIMER, LOUIS KROWER, LEONARD KROWER, Executors. FELIX H. LEVY, Attorney for Executors, 37 Liberty Street, New York City.

POORE, CHARLES T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Charles T. Poore, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Howe, Smith & Howe, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of March next. Dated New York, the 15th day of August, 1911. GERRIT SMITH, HELEN T. POORE, Executors. HOWE, SMITH & HOWE, Attorneys for Executors, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Building To Order
On plot 60x100, just West of 5th Avenue, between 42d and 46th Streets.
Owner will build and lease to responsible tenant a twelve-story building, and complete same within ten months if necessary.
Full particulars from
JESSE T. MEEKER,
1,170 Broadway, Cor. 28th Street.

148 EAST 57TH ST.
HALF OF LARGE, LIGHT, AIRY LOFT, FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING OR OFFICES.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

High Class Dwellings
PRIVATE HOUSES TO RENT
on West 73d, 74th, and 85th Streets, in exclusive neighborhoods. Convenient to elevated and Subway stations.
Rents Ranging from
$1,700 to $6,000 Per Year
CLARK ESTATES
Singer Building, 149 Broadway
Telephone, 7430—Cortlandt.
Janitor at 67 W. 73d St.

$1,000 YEARLY
Private dwelling, 128 West 103d; 8-story; one block "L" and Subway; newly decorated. Apply to Dr. Foote, 126 West 103d.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

KERR, THOMAS B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Thomas B. Kerr late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wilmer, Canfield & Stone, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of February next.
Dated New York, the 3rd day of August, 1911.
FREDERICK M. KERR, Administrator.
WILMER, CANFIELD & STONE, Attorneys for Administrator, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WOODMAN, GEORGE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George H. Woodman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan, her attorneys, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 16th day of February next.
Dated New York, the 7th day of August, 1911.
ELIZABETH LE B. WOODMAN,
Administratrix.
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SHARP.—To all creditors of the estate of Charles T. Sharp, late of Port Jervis, N. Y., deceased:
Whereas the next of kin of Charles T. Sharp, late of the City of Port Jervis, in the County of Orange, deceased, intend to apply for letters of administration on his estate and desire to have the penalty of the bond required limited pursuant to the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
You are hereby notified to present your claims to me at my office, in the Village of Goshen, in the County of Orange, on or before December 1st, 1911.
Dated October 11th, 1911.
JOHN B. SWEZEY,
Surrogate of Orange County.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review gives full details of Wall Street business and the chief financial news of the world. Full and accurate quotation tables, range of prices for ten years, and railroad earnings at a glance. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Handsome binder to hold The Review sent for One Dollar.—Adv.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

NEW APARTMENTS JUST FINISHED
OREGON
54th St. & 7th Ave.
12 STORY FIREPROOF HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
Only a few choice apartments left
5 & 6 Rooms, $1,200-$1,600 per annum
OPEN EVENINGS.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES
or Gibbs & Kirby, Agents, 103d St. and Broadway.

The Wendolyn
S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive
A new twelve-story building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. Only two of the 10 and one of the 11 room apartments left.
J. AXELROD, Owner, on the Premises
or SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 West 72d Street.

SONOMA
Broadway and 55th St.
Only One 5-Room Apartment Left
Decorated to suit. The manager aims to please even the most critical. Your comfort —our desire—makes this house one of the most desirable to live in in New York.
Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Supt. on premises. Tel. Col. 4921.

We Pay $4,500. Will Take $3,500
THE CLARENDON,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, CORNER 86TH ST.
Ninth corner Flat, 11 rooms, 4 baths; will decorate to suit. Apply own broker, or HUBERTH & GABEL, 147 4th Av.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS OF
3 ROOMS & BATH TO LEASE,
ALSO DUPLEX STUDIOS,
GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS
222 WEST 59TH ST.
Ideal for bachelor or couple, furnished or unfurnished, from $1,200 up. JAMES BALL, Mgr.

PARK VIEW
Fifth Avenue, cor. 101st St.
Five steam heated flats, completely renovated. Six and seven large rooms and bath; hot water, open plumbing; rents $32.50 to $50. DUFF & CONGER, Madison Av., 86th St.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE JEFFERSON,
324-328 West 51st St.
Attractive apartment of four large, light rooms; elevator, telephone, all modern improvements. Apply to Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st St.
Attractive apartments of four large, light rooms; elevator, telephone, all modern improvements. Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.
Apartments of 8 & 10 rooms, 2 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

146th St. & St. Nicholas Av.
NORTHWEST CORNER.
On 100-foot street; corner; quiet, well settled, residential quarter; all light rooms; every modern improvement; continuous elevator service; elevated station (2 blocks), express Subway station (145th St.), crosstown line (one block.) Four, five, six, nine rooms and 2 baths.
RENTS REDUCED
Attentive service. An investment, not a builder's speculation, subject to re-sale. An inspection is invited.
Superintendent on premises.
723-727 ST. NICHOLAS AVENUE

Oxford Hall
454-456 Riverside Drive.
(116-119 STREETS.)
FRONT APARTMENTS.
5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500
REAR.
4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

The "HILLCREST"
430 WEST 116TH STREET
One Block from Broadway Subway Station.
8 & 9 Large, Sunny Outside Rooms, 2-3 Baths, Elevator, Etc. $1,500 / $2,000
Living Rooms ....18x23 ft.
Dining Rooms ....14x19 ft.
Bedrooms (So'th'n Exposure), 13x16 ft.
Spacious Foyers, Wide Halls, Ample Closets
OPEN FOR INSPECTION UNTIL 10 P. M.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

Morningside Park Apartments.
All conveniences. Modern Elevator Building.
RESTAURANT OPTIONAL.
1 FOUR-ROOM APT., $40
1 SIX-ROOM APT., $60
Morningside Park East, COR. 118th ST.
116th St. "L" Express Station.

GEORGETTE COURT
315 West 113th Street
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
$35—front and rear five rooms & bath—$45
Short walk from 6th and 9th Av. "L" express, Subway express, and Central and Morningside Parks. Continuous elevator and telephone service.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

West Side.

33 WEST 67th STREET
Duplex Studio, Housekeeping. Inquire on premises.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

"Chiselhurst,"
455-459 Fort Washington Av., near 181st St.
Subway station at 181st St.
Attractive Suites of
4 and 6 Rooms
in modern elevator apartment.
Open rear assured,
affording fine light.
Apply to Resident Manager, on premises, or
GEO. R. READ & CO.,
3 East 35th St. (11,998) 20 Nassau St.

306-308 WEST 112TH ST.
between 8th and Manhattan Avs.,
Four, five, and six-room Apartment, with elevator, telephone and hall-boy service, near Morningside Park. Rents from
Thirty to Forty-five Dollars.
Inquire on premises.

THE MICHIGAN
517 WEST 113TH ST.
HIGH-CLASS BUILDING.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
3-ROOM APARTMENT, $540.
5-ROOM APARTMENT, $780.
INQUIRE IN OFFICE,
507 WEST 113TH ST.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

East Side.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Av.
THE MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing; steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.
VERY LOW RENTS
FOR CHOICE LOCATION
$1,600 to $1,700
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location
in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments,
3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished
or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
Seven rooms, one and two baths.$1,200 to $1,700
Two and three rooms and bath....$420 to $600
All night elevator, hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING ! ! So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maids' rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900.
2 Studio Suites Excellent North Light.
VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St.; beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

AT 13 EAST 36TH ST. NEAR 5TH AV.
BACHELOR APT'S 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
Electric light and service included. Telephones.

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 EAST 24TH ST.
Apartments of 9 rooms; ample closets, &c.

REDUCED RENTS. APARTMENTS,
two or three rooms and bath, $50 up; rent includes chamber service.
177 Madison Av., at 34th St.

1229 MADISON AVENUE,
Near 89th St.—7 rooms and bath; hall boy; modern improvements; $600 yearly.

Every Room an Outside Room.
Six rooms and bath with every improvement. 130 East 31st. St.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street
Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $55.

BROOKLYN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses
Separate entrances to each apartment. Seven large, all light rooms, with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated.
• All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that rental.
20 minutes from Park Row, Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
WALTER L. JOHNSON,
386 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn.

BRONX.

MORRIS AV. 1921 SOUTH OF TREMONT AV
JUST COMPLETED.
3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms.
Electric light, telephone,
parquet floors, &c.
Refined, quiet neighborhood.

2,650 MARION AV., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

193d Street and Marion Avenue.
THE WILLOW APARTMENTS.
Just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

ONE FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, Furnished or Unfurnished. A la carte restaurant in building.
SCHUYLER ARMS
307 West 98th St. Phone 3964 River.

Kitchenette,
large parlor, bedroom, and bath; well furnished; all improvements. 28 West 31st, between Broadway and 5th Av.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

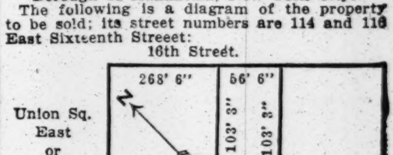
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—SETH SPRAGUE TERRY, plaintiff, against SECOND MANHATTAN OFFICE BUILDING COMPANY et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 16th day of September, 1911, I the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Sixteenth Street, distant two hundred and sixty-eight feet six inches southeasterly from the southeasterly corner of Fourth Avenue, commonly called Union Square East, and Sixteenth Street; running thence southwesterly, parallel with Fourth Avenue and part of the distance through the centre of a party wall one hundred and three feet three inches; thence southeasterly, parallel with Sixteenth Street, fifty-six feet six inches; thence northeasterly, again parallel with Fourth Avenue, one hundred and three feet three inches to Sixteenth Street; thence northwesterly along Sixteenth Street, fifty-six feet six inches to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known by the street numbers One hundred and fourteen and One hundred and sixteeen East Sixteenth Street.

Dated New York, September 29, 1911.
LEIGH K. LYDECKER, Referee.
THEODORE N. RIPSOM, Attorney for Plaintiff, P. O. & Office Address, 66 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are 114 and 116 East Sixteenth Streeet:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is Thirty-nine thousand seven hundred eighty-five dollars and sixty-three cents, ($39,785.63,) with interest thereon from the 14th day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to Four hundred twenty-four dollars and nineteen cents, ($424.19,) with interest from September 16, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Four thousand six hundred fifty dollars and sixty-nine cents ($4,650.69) and interest.

The said premises will be sold subject to a first mortgage of Two hundred sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($262,500) upon which there is now due the sum of Two hundred sixty-three thousand four hundred twenty-six dollars, ($263,426,) with interest on Two hundred sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars, ($262,500,) at six per cent. from March 1, 1911, together with accrued interest to said date amounting to Seven thousand one hundred eighty-two dollars and ninety-six cents, ($7,182.96;) subject also to a second mortgage of Five thousad dollars ($5,000) with interest thereon from September 1, 1910 at six per cent.; subject also to leases of the present occupants; also subject to rights, if any, under a conditional bill of sale filed by A. B. See Electric Elevator Company in the New York County Register's Office November 15, 1910.

Dated New York, September 29, 1911.
LEIGH K. LYDECKER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—HENRY SAY, Plaintiff, against NATHAN KOHN, SARAH KOHN, his wife, and NATHANIA ANSPACHER, Defendants.

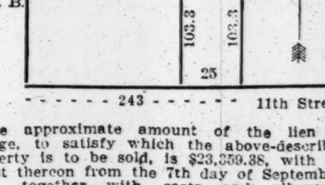
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 13th day of September, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, being known as lot No. 107 on a map of 240 lots situate at Burnt Mill Point in the Eleventh Ward in the City of New York, filed February 2d, 1836, in the Register's Office, New York County, as Map 365, by Frederick de Peyster, Master in Chancery, and bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of Eleventh Street, distant two hundred and forty-three feet easterly from the intersection of the northerly side of Eleventh Street with the easterly side of Avenue B; running thence northerly along the westerly side of Lot, Number 106, on said map one hundred and three feet three inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along the centre line of the block, twenty-five feet to the easterly side of lot No. 108 on said map; thence southerly along the easterly side of said lot Number 108 one hundred and three feet and three inches to the northerly side of Eleventh Street; thence easterly along the northerly side of Eleventh Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known as Number 615 East 11th Street.

Dated, New York, September 21st, 1911.
ROBERT H. KOEHLER, Referee.
P. CHAUNCEY ANDERSON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street Number is 615 East 11th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $23,359.38, with interest thereon from the 7th day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $335.80, with interest from September 13th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $916.77, and interest.

Dated, New York, September 21st, 1911.
ROBERT H. KOEHLER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ANTON WILLIAM, Plaintiff, against P. IMPERATO REALTY COMPANY et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 5th day of October, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of October, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

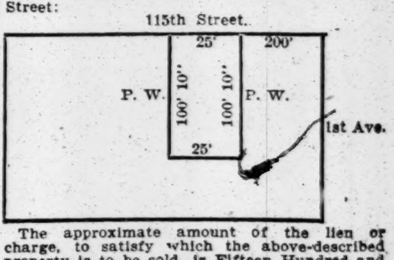
"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon, situate, lying and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.:

"Beginning at a point on the southwesterly line of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, distant two hundred (200) feet northwesterly from the northwesterly line of First Avenue; running thence southwesterly, parallel with First Avenue, part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and ten (10) inches to the centre line of the block; thence northwesterly along said centre line, and parallel with One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northeasterly and parallel with First Avenue, part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and ten (10) inches to the southwesterly line of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street; and thence southeasterly along the southwesterly line of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.

"Said premises being now known as and by the street number Three Hundred and Thirty-six East One Hundred and Fifteenth Street."

Dated New York, October 6th, 1911.
WILLIAM H. HAMILTON, Referee.
ADOLPH & HENRY BLOCH, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 99 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 336 East 115th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Fifteen Hundred and Thirty-six ($1,536) Dollars, with interest thereon from the 25th day of September, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to Two Hundred and Forty-six and Ninety-two One Hundredths ($246.92) Dollars, with interest from October 6th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the Referee, is Nine Hundred ($900) Dollars and interest.

The premises will also be sold subject to a first mortgage to secure payment of the sum of $14,000 and interest thereon at the rate of five per cent. per annum.

Dated New York, October 6th, 1911.
WILLIAM H. HAMILTON, Referee.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, open face, Swiss movement, monogram "K. F. B." on back; last Friday afternoon, Oct. 13, 9th Av. "L" or 53d St. and 8th Av. to 57th St. and 7th Av. Reward if return to Mrs. P. S. Brown, 400 Franklin Place, Plainfield, N. J.

LOST.—Ladies' gold watch, double case, monogram "L. B.," ribbon fob, silver medal, lost Saturday afternoon, Oct. 7, Broadway and 77th to Amsterdam Av. car to Macy's; liberal reward. Return to Smith, 2,190 Broadway.

LOST.—Oct. 13, a lady's gold watch, blue enamel, small diamonds, between 114th St. and Hotel Chelsea, via Broadway, Amsterdam, and 9th Av. "L." Reward if returned Hotel Chelsea office.

LOST—In Subway or trolley, between Yonkers and 125th St., Lenox, gold brooch, 1½ inches long by ½ inch wide; diamond hung in centre of ring; reward. G 201 Times Downtown.

LOST—On Tuesday last, between Patten Line pier and East 73d St., hat box containing 3 hats, child's cap, pins, and boa. Reward for return to 110 East 73d St., New York City.

LOST.—Left on Lackawanna train arriving at Hoboken 9 o'clock Saturday morning, a package unmade table napkins. Return to Orvis, 60 Broadway, New York City; reward.

LOST.—$1,000 reward; no questions asked; diamonds, rings and pin in Hotel Knickerbocker. Apply Cashier, Hotel Knickerbocker, or W. W. Jennings, Towanda, Penn.

LOST.—Thursday afternoon, Oct. 12, on East 54th St., near 5th Av., or near East 39th St. and 5th Av., a platinum and diamond brooch. Reward for return to 51 West 75th St.

LOST—Oct. 13, a lady's gold watch, blue enamel, both sides with small diamonds, on west side, between 118th St. and 66th St.; suitable reward. Hotel Chelsea.

LOST—A baby's diamond ring, Tiffany setting, between 7 A. M. and 1 P. M., Wednesday; liberal reward. Charles Zenker, 188 West 4th St., or 664 East 160th St.

LOST—Near 54th and Broadway or 110th and Columbus, lady's initialed gold hunting case watch; reward. 100 Cathedral Parkway, Room 507.

LOST—Between my home and Maria's and Knickerbocker Theatre, a gold topaz pendant; liberal reward. Mary Lansing, 128 West 18th St.

LOST—A raccoon fur neck piece, Tuesday night, in taxicab coming from Empire Theatre to 98th St.; reward. Gordon, 254 West 98th St.

LOST.—Somewhere between 157th St. and Van Cortlandt Park, a pink cameo brooch; suitable reward. J. H. Connell, 611 West 156th St.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, chain bracelet with pearls; reward. Pennsylvania Station Ticket Superintendent.

LOST—Wallet with citizen and other papers; reward. George Eckhardt, 342 6th Av., Hunke's Cafe.

$50 REWARD

for diamond wishbone brooch, lost Friday evening between Louis Martin's, 42d St., Hotel Seville, and West 79th St., to Black, Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Black and white fox terrier, collar mark, 49 West 38th. Return 158 East 37th; reward.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Oct. 14.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply at the office of the Property Clerk, 240 Centre St.: Quantity of gentlemen's neckwear, quantity of dress frames, handbag, derby hat, ice pick, small amount of cash, quantity of soap, quantity of copper wire, auto chain, wallet containing papers, match safe, bunch of keys.

FOUND, Oct. 13—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Letters, package, shoes, underwear, books, two bags.

FOUND, Oct. 13—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City: Package, cane, umbrella, hat pin.

FOUND, Oct 13—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Aply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Centrla Station: Railroad ticket, two packages, music roll, overcoat, rain check, eyeglasses.

FOUND, Oct. 13—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two umbrellas, cane, book, two packages.

FOUND, Oct. 13—LACKAWANA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Two umbrellas, coat, package, book.

FOUND, Oct. 13—PENSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Two packages, hand bag, lady's umbrella, overcoat, lunch box.

FOUND, Oct. 13—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Book, two packages, umbrella, rain coat, hat, suit case, pin.

FOUND, Oct. 13—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Book, package, cap. Long Island Division: Book, two packages, umbrella, pair gloves, two small packages.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AN OPPORTUNITY

is offered to several women of intelligence and refinement to become connected with one of the largest suburban dvelopment companies in New York. The sales department offers excellent oportunity. Application received by mail only.

C. C. FRISBIE,
Room 1,108, 347 Fifth Av.

ART NEEDLEWORK STORE

requires experienced saleslady; one capable to instruct in embroidery or knitting and crocheting preferred. Apply, stating age and particulars about previous occupations, E 140 Times.

A REFINED LADY may establish profitable independent business by introducing our corsets; no salary, but liberal commissions. Carlonso, 1 West 34th.

CHAMBERMAID.—Experienced in handling fine wares; verbal references required; liberal wages; 45 minutes from city. 'Phone to 73 Mamaroneck.

CHORUS PEOPLE, experienced; 50 girls, 40 men; must dance. Butler, first floor 1,425 Broadway; Monday, 10 A. M.

COOK.—Woman to make bread, cake, and dessert in ladies' college. Call, 607 West 116th St.

ENGLISH or German nurse wanted for two small children; some sewing; sleep in or home. Call Apartment 71, 622 West 113th St.

HOUSEWORKER.—In family of three; light work. Apply Monday, 354 West 42d.

LADY'S MAID.—35; French; experienced, including manicuring; verbal references required; liberal wages; 45 minutes from New York. 'Phone to 73 Mamaroneck.

LADIES IMMEDIATELY, for new, artistic home work; experience unnecessary; good pay. Call 10-3, Apartment 1, 215 West 80th St.

LADY wishes houseworker; small apartment; must make hot breads. Call 37 Madison Av., Tuesday, between 10 and 1 o'clock.

MILLINERY.—First-class designer and copyist. Apply Ogilvie, 28 East 46th St.

NURSE.—Competent nurse girl to take care of six-month-old infant and assist in light housework at Woodmere, L. I. Send reference to Box 232, Woodmere, L. I.

SEAMSTRESS AND PARLOR MAID.—St. Luke's Hospital, 113th St. and Amsterdam Av.

TEACHERS who can devote some of their spare time to outside educational work. Apply Houghton Mifflin Company, 16 East 40th St., New York City.

WANTED.—COMPETENT GENERAL HOUSEworker; sleep in; family of two; small apartment. Call Sunday or Monday between 3 and 5 P. M., 165 West 82d St.

WANT experienced white girl for general housework in apartment; two in family; city references; good home. Scammell, 102 West 93d.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOY wanted, about 17 years of age, to card and mark stock in office of manufacturing concern; must be good penman; answer in own handwriting. Address P. O. Box 2,127, New York City.

CHEMIST.—Wanted by large corporation, man to take charge of manufacturing of plate, typographical, and lithographic inks. Answer, giving reference and experience, to P. O. Box 57, 44 West 44th St., New York City.

COLLECTORS. — Experienced installment road collectors, who can handle delinquent accounts; salary $3-$4 daily and mileage. Apply Monday after 1, Room 35, 31 East 27th St.

DRAUGHTSMEN.—Thoroughly familiar with machine shop practice on small interchangeable parts of electrical appartus; position only for first-class men capable of earning the top market price; no others need apply. Write, stating age, nationality, experience, and salary expected, Thorough, 240 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, for position in accountants' office; must be capable and experienced; good salary and permanent position for a man who can qualify; state age and experience. C 304 Times Downtown.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR SEVERAL EDUCATED, INTELLIGENT MEN TO BECOME CONNECTED WITH ONE OF THE LARGEST SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES IN NEW YORK; THE SALES DEPARTMENT OFFERS EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO THOSE WHO WORK ENERGETICALLY AND INTELLIGENTLY.
C. C. FRISBIE,
ROOM 1,108, 347 5TH AV.

ATTRACTIVE subscription sale to business men only; liberal cooperation and instruction furnished; good appearance and address, and ability to discuss business intelligently with business men essential to success. Call or write Manager, Room 710, 302 Broadway, New York.

BOY, 16 to 17; $5 to start. Knickerbocker Electric Light Co., 8 East 13th St.

EDUCATED man or woman, financially independent, with good social connections, wanted editorial department; experience unnecessary. Address American Society, 434 Fifth Ave.

EMBROIDERIES.—Experienced stock clerk by importer of embroideries; state experience. H. K., Box 128 Times Downtown.

First-class Western Salesmen with large following, an opening for lines, cloaks, suits, dresses; commission basis. E. 145 Times.

GOOD position open to capable man to handle mechanical device; some technical knowledge and good appearance necessary; age not over 30 years. Write, stating experience and salary, E 129 Times.

HOUSE SALESMAN who is fully familiar in the men's knit underwear line. Apply by letter, stating experience, Robert Reis & Co., 560 Broadway.

MANAGER wanted for large and well established jobbing and dealing business in the entire line of motor and auto accessories; good salary and excellent opportunity for right party; applicant must be of good habits, thoroughly experienced, and well recommended; no others need apply. E 121 Times.

MEN over 25 with some selling ability; those with insurance experience preferred; steady paying positions. Call or address Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway, New York City.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, about 20, stenographer and to assist on books; good penman absolutely necessary; salary $12 to start. Answer, in own handwriting, giving age, experience, references, and religion, box E 60 Times.

OFFICE BOY, builder's office; state age and salary. "Builder," Box 104, 617 6th Av.

Real man wanted to create position for himself; initiative, energy, stick-to-itiveness essential; financial real estate training useful; requires confidence in himself, nerve; should not be "broke"; to such offer on commission, then one-third interest in firm. Leads furnished. Architect, E 117 Times.

SALESMEN CALLING ON THE BAKER, CONFECTIONER AND GROCER WILL FIND AN EXCEPTIONAL LINE OF FLAVORING EXTRACTS BY WRITING OR CALLING AT THIS ADDRESS, E. D. F., 560 WEST 171ST ST., N. Y.

SALESMAN.—A few good men who can show first-class sales record; chance to break into the automobile game; successful piano salesman, well adapted to the work. Please reply stating experience. E 52 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Experienced oil and grease salesman wanted for well established territory in vicinity; none but thoroughly experienced men need apply; applicant must be well recommended. E 122 Times.

SALESMAN to sell Waltham watches on installment; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN.—First-class hosiery salesman to visit the New York State retail trade with celebrated advertised line; experience and references required. E. 131 Times.

SALESMAN for Eastern and Middle States; must be of unquestioned character, good education, able to make small investment. Salary, E 142 Times.

SALESMAN for Benco sidewalk advertiser. Broadway Electrical Novelty Co., 421 Broadway, near Canal St.

SALESMAN.—An attractive specialty proposition for active, ambitious young man. Eastern Specialty Co., 63 Barclay St.

SALESMAN wanted for side line kimonos, fancy gowns. Hayim & Setty, 109 Washington St.

SUGAR REFINER CAPABLE OF HANDLING LARGE REFINERY TURNING OUT ALL GRADES; ONLY A HIGH-GRADE MAN WANTED; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED TO REFINERY, D 116 TIMES.

VARNISH SALESMAN to handle our extensive line among the trade; must have executive ability. Michael McNamara Varnish Works, 254 Pearl St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED.—Tinsmiths, sheet metal workers on automobile bodies, hoods, fenders, dashers, tanks, &c.; good wages; steady employment. Apply by letter, giving account of past experience and references. Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Company, Employment Department, Tarrytown, N. Y.

WANTED.—Payroll clerk with cost-accounting experience in printer's office or on newspaper work; reply stating age, experience and salary expected. E 101 Times.

WANTED—For wholesale glove house, stock boy, 16 to 18 years old. Apply to V. Perrin & Cie., 222-224 4th Av.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY
Employment Agency,
507 Fifth Ave. Tel. 6892 Bryant.

Opens houses, installs cleaners, supplies competent servants, governesses, and housekeepers. References personally investigated.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A GENTLEMAN wishes to place his laundress, disengaged Oct. 18. Call at 16 West 50th St., Monday, between 11 and 3.

A VISITING SECRETARY will open and close houses, engage and install servants; shop guide or other commissions; moderate charges; credentials. E 24 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, 17; recent graduate; willing to work hard and start low. P. S., 1,677 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience, in present position 2 years, now employed, desires change; A1 references. F. G., Times.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER, with eight years' experience, would like position of trust with reliable concern, or as private secretary; best of references from present employer. E 126 Times.

COMPANION, &c.—Capable trained nurse desires position as traveling companion; will superintend housekeeping; country, city. X 91 Times.

Competent Protestant houseworker; good cook; laundress; small family; sleep in or out; reference. Care grocer, N. M., 417 West 36th.

CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY.—Young woman with seven years' experience seeks position with physician, or in executive department of sanitarium or hospital; knowledge of stenography and typewriting and good medical vocabulary; can revise medical papers, and has good recommendations for loyalty, common sense, and adaptability. E 86 Times.

DRESSMAKING. — First-class dressmaking, $2.50 daily; reference. Address S., 263 West 125th St.

DRESSMAKER desires work, home and out; street, evening gowns; remodels. Ryan, 25 West 45th.

EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS wants high-class family washing, home or out; shirts, collars, curtains, blankets; fine lingerie equal to new; private house. Telephone 4560 Lenox. 184 East 79th.

EXPERIENCED typist wants copying to do at home; reasonable. C 299 Times Downtown.

HIGH-CLASS PRIVATE DRESSMAKER wishes patronage of one or two ladies willing to pay fair prices for exceptional work. Opportunity, E 123 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Experienced; bachelor or small hotel; good references. Thomas, 447 West 22d St.

INSTITUTION WORK.—Experienced woman charge of children; assistant. Write M. R., 104 East 14th St.

IS THERE A LADY with a place in her home for a well-educated homeless young woman of a good family with an income too small to supply all her needs? No remuneration expected; references. Address X 98 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

LADY familiar with Europe, galleries, shops, &c., speaking four languages, seeks engagement as chaperon to one or two ladies, young girl, or family; references. E 75 Times.

LADY wishes to place superior French nursery governess in her employ eight years; wages, $40. 45 West 89th St.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER by a young lady of exceptional ability; preferably in household of motherless children, where help is kept; clever, educated, refined, resourceful; highest character. Address "Satisfactory References," 852 Columbus Av., (advertising office.)

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to keep house for young gentlemen in an apartment; no laundry work; personal references given. Apply by telephone, Murray Hill—370.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Woman of refinement desires position; good sewer. Miss M., 541 West 149th.

NEAT, COMPETENT COOK; general worker; city, country; colored. Instant Relief Agency, 'phone 7288 Morning.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to place her nurse, young French girl; return to town Tues., Oct., 17. Mrs. F. P. Keppel, 415 East 117th St.

SHAMPOO, scalp treatment, face massage, and manicuring given in lady's home by young Norwegian lady; doctor's reference; moderate. E 77 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, assistant bookkeeper.—Good penman; quick at figures; few months' experience; accurate; no agency; anxious; $6. C 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; competent, punctual, educated, businesslike; best references; $15. C 296 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; does expert work; highest references; $16. C 292 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Nine years' experience; A1 references. M. W., 164 8th Av., New York. Phone Chelsea—2546.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, educated; handles correspondence; references; $15. Times, 510 West 176th.

WANTED.—By a young girl graduate of a high-school, position as governess. Capable of teaching and taking care of children; knowledge of music. Apply Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St.

WINDOW and HOUSE CLEANER.—Hour, day. Acmem, 148 West 53d St. 'Phone 7987—Columbus.

YOUNG GIRL desires position as chambermaid; good reference. Call Monday present employer's, 38 West 39th St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER. — Intelligent young woman for adult home; after Oct. 18; suburbs. E 143 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, as nurse to growing children in private family; willing and obliging; no cards. 54 East 88th St.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up; makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books written up and kept up; $10 a month; satisfactory references guaranteed. Accountant, Phone 864 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, permanently employed, desires change; corporation or firm; highest references. C 264 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, best of references, reliable, mature age, wants suitable position. C 297 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, general office work; expert cost figuring; German and English correspondence; knowledge of typewriting; best references. E 128 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER.—Young man, six years' experience; take charge complete set; understands all office details. E 92 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, wishes position; can furnish best reference. Kawalick, 100 Johnson Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPING.—Experienced man, mature years, wants suitable position; reasonable. Box 4, 92 5th Av.

BOY, (19,) is desirous of connecting himself with electrical engineer. Address L 125 West 93d St.

BUTLER.—Swedish, first class, age 31; long experience; 6 years in last place; excellent city references; wages $65-$70; city or country. C. G. Warstrom, 1,678 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

BUTLER.—Competent Japanese butler, thoroughly experienced every respect; neat, sober and obliging; has best reference; city or country. Bumi, 1,798 Lexington Av.

BUTLER—Colored man; willing and obliging. Davis, care of A. H. Wilson, 68 West 99th St.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; competent driver; does repairs; can furnish references. Chas. Seufert, 409 East 85th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position first of November, city or country; personal reference. Carlson, Pound Rocks, Stamford, Conn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced chauffeur desires steady position rather than high wages. Freund, 146 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

CATERER.—Japanese, long experience, to take charge of preparing meals and teas in club or factory, &c.; reasonable arrangement; personal references. K. Baisey, 184 High St., Brooklyn.

COOK, &c.—Japanese, young, conscientious, competent as cook, butler, valet, desires position where he can get time to study; also able take entire charge of gentleman's place; three years last position. K. H., 798 Lexington Av.

ENGINEER.—Experienced mechanical engineer desires engagement for part time. X 265 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, with thorough business education, as bookkeeper or assistant; references. C. 310 Times Downtown.

FARM.—Am refined, educated, well bred, (39;) tall, very good looking; highest references; want to work on farm with nice people. Please address Country, 3,525 Broadway, New York.

GARDENER.—German, single, 37, wants position as head gardener on gentleman's place; good references from noted estates. C 293 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN, 28 years of age, at present in entire charge of establishment employing 150 men, would like to secure position in South America or Hawaii or other undeveloped country; present salary $2,500 per annum; wide range of experience in business, also in plantation management; highest references exchanged; possibly be willing to invest $1,500 or $2,000 in high-class, legitimate proposition. Address X 81 Times.

GIVE ME an interview before making new arrangements; young man, 27, wants to change from law to business. C 285 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS—Have factory experience in fabrics; am now salesman; 24 years old; college education. What can you offer? E 112 Times.

NEWSPAPER MEN, two college graduates, metropolitan experience, would edit and manage out-of-town daily. C 273 Times Downtown.

PAINTER.—Work for owners, agents, better class, day or contract. Ford, 124 Washington Place.

PARQUET, hardwood floors cleaned, refinished, polished equal to new, by expert; references; reasonable; city or country. Mehrtens, 353 West 44th St.

POSITION wanted as manager-janitor of high-class apartment dwelling; experienced mechanic; references. J. J. O'Connell, 395 Dean St., Brooklyn.

POULTRYMAN.—By practical poultryman, American, single, 26; clean record. Address Poultryman, 263 West 125th St.

SALESMAN—Young man, 21, position as salesman or collector; reference. L. Greenhut, 790 Amsterdam Av.

SECRETARIAL, copying, typewriting wanted by young man; reference. Address E 97 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK and packer, experienced in printing line. John Mast, 64 Bank St.

STENOGRAPHER.—5 years' experience; now student, study law ultimately; would like same position with attorney several hours evenings. Hustler, E 137 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, correspondent, 5 years' experience, now student, seeks position, any time after 6 P. M.; need money defray expenses. E 138 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, timekeeper, secretary, experienced in handling mail order letters, desires permanent position, any location. Willing, Y 5 Times.

TECHNICAL graduate in civil engineering of prominent Eastern university desires position; some experience, but is willing to start at bottom; location immaterial. C 301 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

UNIVERSITY graduate, 25, recognized literary ability, English, German, seeks connection with author of publisher. Address T., 1,418 5th Av.

USEFUL SECOND MAN, young Frenchman; no English; references; write only. Gouliguot, 51 East 55th.

WANTED.—To represent accounts in drug, toilet goods, and similar lines in Chicago and surrounding territory; am thoroughly experienced and familiar with trade. Address F. E., Room 510, 35 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) college graduate, writes French, German, Spanish, desires position; two years' business experience; exceptional references. F. G., 263 West 125th St.

YOUNG AMERICAN, 20, NEAT AND PREPOSSESSING, HAS COLLEGE EDUCATION AND PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE. WILLING, E 83 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, with good business experience, knowledge of bookkeeping, and executive ability, desires permanent position with first-class business concern; moderate salary; will leave city; A1 references. D 117 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

At Mrs. Malmberg's Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly 352 4th Av.; reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—Tel. 8875 Madison—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT parlor maids, ladys' maids, chambermaids, laundresses, cooks, useful men, and married couples. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP, all trades, supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538—Riverside.

COOKS.—Several good Swedish cooks; neat, competent, reliable; good references; $30 to $40. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Tel. 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

7TH AV, 2,053, (123d St.)—Sunny rooms; steam; substantial board; well kept; homelike house; references.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large room; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

36TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large, small sunny rooms; modern conveniences; house strictly first class; references.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Large double room for two; excellent board; $7 each.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Small room; select.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large rooms; table guests; first-class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; table guests; references.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Attractive single, double; hot water; telephone; cuisine unsurpassed; table guests.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small rooms; private baths; electric light; superior table.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Large and single rooms; newly decorated; private baths; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

69TH ST., 63 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, steam-heated rooms; electric lights; dressing rooms; private baths; reasonable; references. Phone 7459—Columbus.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Rooms, en suite or separately; board optional; refined home.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms, suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; sunny; private bath; refined surroundings; table board; reference.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private baths; French chef cooking; table guests accommodated.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 269 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double rooms; private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table board; telephone.

76TH, 126 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; home atmosphere; 'phone; reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST., 243, WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; parlor dining room; reference.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive medium rooms; southern exposure; excellent table; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 121 WEST.—Parlor floor, three rooms, bath; handsomely furnished; newly decorated; suitable physician.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Second floor front, southern exposure; adjoining bath; parlor dining room; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny rooms; excellent home table; apartment; elevator service; convenient to Subway and "L"; references. V. & R.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large double room, most delightful neighborhood; Southern cooking; table guests.

81ST, 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class rooms and board; table guests.

82D ST., 50, 52 WEST.—Large room, bath; double room, bath adjoining; 'phone Schuyler 8397.

84TH, 41 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant warm, sunny rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

92D ST., 54 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; also small; excellent table. Telephone 9939—Riverside; references.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Large and small front rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; near Park, L station; table guests; telephone 2950—Riverside.

93D, 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, adjoining bath; table guests; telephone; "L," Subway.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent cooking; table guests; parlor dining; telephone 5254—River.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; refined home; boarding house eliminated; table guests.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Large room, running water, $18 for two; other rooms; parlor dining room; references exchanged; table guests.

104TH ST., 81 WEST.—Elegant room, bath, steam; excellent table; refined surroundings; table guests accommodated.

113TH ST., 611 WEST.—Private family, near Drive; excellent board; two rooms for couple or singly; price, $30; Apartment 61. Tel. 7144 Morningside.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; excellent table board. 'Phone Morningside—8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

120TH—477 MANHATTAN AV.—Hall rooms, with board, $6; large front also; German cooking.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week, 70c. a line 7 consecutive times

West Side.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; excellent table; home cooking; reference; telephone.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

128TH ST., 246 WEST.—Large, airy room in elevator apartment; high-class board with private family; telephone. Rothchild.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large, small room to rent, with board; references required.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike appommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH, 412 WEST.—Large, small rooms; refined house; superior table; references exchanged; table guests.

149TH, 544 WEST, (BROADWAY-RIVERSIDE.) "THE AUDUBON."—LARGE ROOMS, $12 TO $20; SMALLER ROOMS, $8; ACCOMMODATIONS A1.

149TH ST., 558 WEST.—Private house; homelike accommodaion; beautiful room; Hungarian cooking; table guests.

A HOME with American people who aim to please in handsome private house, opposite Park, near Subway; large and small rooms; private baths; references exchanged. 41 W. 124th.

ALLIANCE HOUSE.
258-260 West 44th St.

Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

LENOX AV., 251.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms, with board, $7-$14; quiet, refined house; superior table; homelike; also three-window alcove room, second floor, front.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (northwest corner Washington Square.)—Large, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat; excellent table; homelike surroundings; reasonable rates.

WEST END AV., 828, (100th.)—Attractive rooms; private, modern house; home cooking; table guests.

WEST END AV., 762, 897-98.—Large and small rooms; homelike; 'phone; table guests.

East Side.

11TH ST., 26 EAST.—Handsome furnished room, running water; newly decorated; superior table; adjoining 5th Av.

15TH ST., 210 EAST.—Large and small rooms, private bath, telephone; table guests accommodated; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; reference; telephone.

28TH ST., 44 EAST, (At Subway.)—Family hotel; rooms and board, $15 per week; inspection invited.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Two large rooms, with board; one with private bath; references.

63D, 23 EAST, also 694-696 Madison Av.—Fine rooms, second floor; Autumn transients accommodated; single rooms; excellent table; parlor dining.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath, or separate; elevator; steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 53, Gramercy District.—Nicholas Fish Mansion; attractive to those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfasts served in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Large, handsomely furnished parlor floor; suitable dentist or physician; excellent table.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 436.—Couple wishing refined home can have large third floor alcove room; large closets; reference.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9TH.)—Refined surroundings; nice, medium-sized and small rooms; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms for men; every comfort; electric light; references.

12TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable rooms; select neighborhood; heat, running water, telephone; board if desired.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished room; hot, cold water; adjoining bath; other rooms.

12TH ST., 112 WEST.—Small room for gentleman; private house; reference.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor floor or part; running water; ample closets; telephone.

22D, 431 WEST.—Steam heated rooms, single or en suite; clean, quiet; breakfast optional; private.

22D ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful large front room; every convenience; southern exposure.

23D ST., 316 WEST.—Clean, comfortable; hot, cold running water; porcelain baths; steam; telephone; references.

24TH ST., 442 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, heated, bath; private family; gentlemen; $2.50 weekly; references.

31ST ST., 368 WEST.—Quiet house, small, large, and connecting rooms; reasonable; bath; hot water.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—One large room, with all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

38TH ST., 51 WEST, (5th, 6th Av.)—Rooms, $3 up; bachelor suites; piano; doctor's office.

45TH ST., 56 WEST.—Bachelor quarters; two locations; 45th and 51st Sts.; artistically furnished; private baths; private bells; electricity; telephone; surroundings unequaled elsewhere; $10 up.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, small attractive, comfortable rooms; private baths; running water; reference; gentlemen.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let; private bath; all conveniences; for gentlemen.

48TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large rooms, with or without private bath; neighborhood very central.

52D ST., 234 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences. Phone 6504 Col.

58TH ST., 15 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electric lights; steam heat; board optional.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually desirable room, near bath; attractively furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

64TH ST., 134 WEST.—Attractive house, large rooms, suitable for two; $5, $6; improvements.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—In beautifully furnished, private house; sunny room, adjoining bath; for gentleman seeking quiet, exclusive home; electricity; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath, steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Doctor's office; laboratory extension; electricity; also large room, with board; gentlemen preferred; references required.

71ST ST., 106 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, gentlemen only; private family; convenient to Subway, elevated road, all surface cars; board optional.

71ST, 73 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished large, sunny rooms, private bath; breakfast; $5-$10 weekly.

71ST ST., 119 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, running water, reception room, telephone; Subway handy. Hart.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Large front rooms, suite, private bath; $4.50 up; gentlemen. Columbus, 2,317.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; private house.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Pleasant room in private house; all modern conveniences; near Subway, "L," express; gentlemen only; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Well-furnished double room, sunny private bath; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

73D, 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; baths; southern exposure; Subway and "L."

73D ST., 177 WEST.—Two desirable rooms; southern exposure; private family; breakfast if desired; references.

73D ST., 173 WEST.—Attractive rooms; also office doctor; light business.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Medium-sized room; also hall room; reasonable; telephone; references.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; electric light; also hall room; reference.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large second-story front room; every convenience; electric lights, telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautiful back parlor for doctor; reception room; also bedroom; private house.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny front rooms, also back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; also small room; conveniences, references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large second-story room and bath; southern exposure; well furnished private house.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms; bath adjoining; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

78TH, 168 WEST.—Lovely room, all improvements, private family; homelike; Subway; board optional.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

79TH ST., 101 EAST.—Having steam-heated, sunny, corner apartment, would let one or two rooms to refined business person; reference. Second bell.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; large, handsome room; quiet, refined home; convenient Subway; elevated; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Private house; large room with bath; newly furnished; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; private house; conveniences; reasonable; reference.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Desirable large room, newly decorated; southern exposure; well-heated private house.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Large, front room; adjoining bath; $8; board optional; convenient car lines.

82D ST., 107 WEST.—Parlor and alcove sunny, attractively furnished; quiet; business woman; references. Rollin.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private house; square, third floor; two windows; shower; telephone; gentlemen. Campbell.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Newly furnished throughout; large and small; private bath; conveniences; all cars.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Hall room; southern exposure; gentlemen.

84TH, 128 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive parlor, adjoining bedroom; suitable two, three gentlemen, married couple; also single rooms; running water. Croft.

84TH, 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water select house; private family; board optional. Petersen.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Fine large rooms; all conveniences; Subway, "L"; superior table board near.

88TH ST., 103 WEST.—Private family will let sunny, well-appointed parlor, alcove; independent entrance; steam, bath, telephone, Subway, elevated; references. Grossman.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—South room, alcove, running water, newly furnished; minute "L." Telephone 1900 Riverside.

94TH, 78 WEST.—Large, small rooms, nicely furnished, well kept; convenient "L"; telephone. Higham.

96TH, 111 WEST.—Large, comfortable bedroom; bath; conveniences; $2.50; subway, "L." Hodgins.

96TH, 111 WEST.—Large bedroom; all conveniences; subway, "L"; $2.50. Bannigan.

97TH, 47 WEST.—Private family, two adults, offers three, four high-class rooms, gentlemen or business couples, who appreciate artistic, quiet, well-kept home; will rent singly; telephone.

97TH, WEST OF BROADWAY.—Select two-room suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience. Telephone 6,780 Riverside, Apartment 1 B.

97TH ST., 130 WEST.—Parlor floor; private house; exclusive; two rooms, with bath; telephone 1509 River.

98TH ST., 247 WEST.—Desirable medium-sized room; telephone; breakfast optional.

100TH ST., 233 WEST.—Private residence, attractive single rooms; electricity; lavatories, adjoining bath. 1067-J-River.

101ST ST., 309 WEST.—Exceptional three four-room suite; one two gentlemen; telephone; piano; private; $8-$10; reference imperative. Stubbs. Apply janitress.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

102D, 211, Corner Broadway.—Attractive large sunny room; steam; closets; $6; private family. Fradkin.

103D ST., 216, (corner Broadway.)—Large outside room; handsomely furnished; all conveniences; private family. Hale.

103D ST., 216, (Corner Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished spacious outside room; suitable one, two; moderate. Borsodi.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, attractive, front room, $8; closets; elevator; board optional; references. White.

112TH ST., 511 WEST (near Broadway.)—Sunny, electricity, elevator; business woman preferred. 3,583 Morningside Av. Mrs. Clark.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Attractive single, double rooms; thoroughly clean; elevator; 'phone; 110th Subway. Wells.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Room for one lady; 8th floor; south view; radiator; electric light; two in faimly; private home service. Clarke.

117TH ST., 435 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; single room; southern exposure.

417 WEST 118TH ST.

Newly furnished rooms; elevator; references. Font.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Large front room; also small; reasonable; elevator; restaurant; near subway. Apartment 24.

120TH ST., 417 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—Two exceptional, light, outside rooms; singly, connecting; elevator; references.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; modern; telephone; en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms, private baths, showers; elevator apartment; kitchen privileges. Carter.

122D 509 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, in private apartment; elevator, telephone; meals optional. Howell.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, with dressing room; bath adjoining; select house.

600 WEST 127TH ST.

Sunny front room. Morningside 2429. Apt. 8.

136TH, 224 WEST.—Two attractive rooms; ample closets; telephone; private family; restricted neighborhood; references.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Two-room suite, private bath; facing river; large room; twin beds; adjoining shower bath; meal accommodation. Pierson.

137TH ST., 249 WEST. Well-furnished large rooms; every convenience; attractive neighborhood; German guests appreciated.

BACHELOR, opportunity suite; extra bedroom; board optional; references exchanged; gentlemen only. E 94 TIMES.

BROADWAY, Near 124th St.—Front parlor and bedroom or single room; steam heat; quiet, refined, first-class apartment. E 106 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 325.—Two bright, well-furnished rooms, singly or en suite; running water; bath; gentlemen; one block from 93d St. elevated. 'Phone Riverside 2602. Ferguson.

CLAREMONT AV., 175, (near Riverside.)—Select room; private family; business man, woman; $5. Cotton.

IN modern elevator apartment.—Large outside room; southern exposure; exceptionally well furnished; private family; references; moderate. Apartment 35, 220 West 107th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near Grant's Tomb and Subway.—Two connecting outside rooms, lavatory between, fully furnished; sunny eastern exposure; $12; exceptional opportunity for light and air. 'Phone Morningside 4403.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 80, (corner of 80th St.)—One large, one smaller, room; gentlemen; reasonable; 79th St. Subway.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms, without board; steam heat; all conveniences.

26TH ST., 109 EAST.—Young men's rooms; large, every convenience, at reasonable prices.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 weekly and up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; private house; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; southern exposure; suitable gentlemen; all conveniences; telephone.

35TH ST., 15 EAST.

Attractive rooms, large, small; all conveniences.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

69TH, 202 EAST.—Sunny room; all comforts; private house; $3.50; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d St.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

MADISON AV., 2,034, (Corner 129th St.)—Attractive homelike rooms; all conveniences; refined surroundings; reasonable prices.

MADISON AV., 348, (Near 44th St.)—Attractive rooms; private baths; gentlemen; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

AT MONTAGUE TERRACE, 8, Heights.—Handsome rooms with private baths; instantaneous hot water; gentlemen; Wall St. ferry.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

TWO LADIES, unemployed, want one large or two small, sunny outside rooms; elevator apartment or private house; very moderate; highest references. Particulars, X 97 Times.

TWO BEDROOMS, sitting, kitchenette, bath, below 96th St., near Subway. E 74 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

TWO FRONT ROOMS and bath; reasonable; 34th St., near Madison Av., references. E 87 Times.

58TH ST., 226 WEST.—Suites 2 and 3 rooms, hot and cold water; private baths.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—Bachelor apartment of four rooms and bath; good location, within ten minutes' walk of Times Square. Address Bachelor, E 27 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

CENTRAL PARK WEST,
NEAR 82D ST.

Eight large rooms, bath; steam heat, &c.; rental $780 per year. Apply THE MAZE REALTY COMPANY, 148 East 49th St.

507 West 140th St.—Five and six rooms; rents $30 to $40; up-to-date house in a refined neighborhood; liberal concessions. Apply Janitor or Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., Broadway and 156th St.

1 WEST 89TH ST.,

facing Park.—Apartment, eight rooms, all improvements; rent reasonable; immediate possession. Apply on premises, or Edward B. Bruch, 289 4th Av.

92d St., 73 West.—Eight extra large, light rooms, single apartment; third floor; private block; $70. Kempe & Cohen, 2,291 Broadway.

Single flat, six cheerful rooms, bath; every improvement; choicest, convenient location. 286 West 70th.

Eight-room modern apartment, 955 Flatbush Av., Bronx, $40 up; block north Subway station.

At 50th St.—882 6th Av., six rooms, range, laundry, tubs; to private family only; rent $35.

456 West 44th St.—Six large, light rooms; improvements; heating. Dr. Sinnott.

East Side.

STUDIO and bachelor apartment; bath, steam, electricity; furnished or unfurnished; adjacent to National Arts Club. Inquire, 103 East 19th St.

Artistic studio apartment, opposite the St. Regis Hotel, with large bay window, 2 baths; suitable for artist or physician. Miss Jean, 11 East 55th St.

Lexington Av., corner 48th.—Six elegant rooms; elevator, steam, hot water, parquet floors; telephone.

65th, 214 East.—Five light rooms, bath, hot water supply; four-family house. $24.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted.—Apartment, living room, with open grate, dining room, kitchen, four bedrooms, two family baths, maid's room, with bath. X 93 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Bachelor apartment, handsomely furnished; bath; 'phone; breakfast optional; price moderate. 50 West 37th St.

CHARMING, front apartment; up to date; beautifully furnished; $125. Wales, 200 Cathedral Parkway.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

95TH, 46 AND 48 WEST.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Cafe and family liquor store for sale, one of best corners in city, west side; will sacrifice on account of sickness. Two places clearing net profit of $800 monthly; large stock, long lease. E 144 Times Downtown.

Lady desires lady partner with $500, experience unnecessary, to participate in profits of remunerative business; particulars upon interview; references. E 43 Times.

Corporations Organized; total cost, $35; work guaranteed; consultation free. Counsellor, Room 1,714, Tribune Building.

Active man with $10,000 for well-established wholesale thread business. W. B., 317 Times Downtown.

A.—Investment of $500 with services will net $25 weekly and large interest in stable manufacturing business to bright young man who is looking for a future; bank references and orders from railroads; automobile trade on hand; money can be secured through bills receivable. Genuine, 290 Times, Downtown.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Multigraph typewritten letters delivered promptly; samples submitted; addressing; filling in; classy signatures; work must be best produced—satisfactory to you. Telephone 1332—Cortlandt. William Gray, 93 Nassau.

Mercantile collections everywhere; no collection, no charge. National Collection Co., 198 Broadway.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Bric-a-Brac.—Giving up housekeeping; valuable china, crown derby, &c., furniture; sacrifice. Wales, 200 Cathedral Parkway. Tel. 9621 Riverside.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Emerson Angelus player piano; like new; cost $750; sell for $350. 318 West 42d St.

Personal

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

Will Edward O'Connor, who, in March, 1911, was an orderly in Bellevue Hospital, communicate with P. J. King, 52 Wall St., at once. It will be to his advantage.

TRIAL OF CUMMINS BEGINS TO-MORROW

Carnegie Trust Official to Answer Only One of Three Indictments for Larceny.

BALDWIN NOT HIS COUNSEL

Prosecutor Will Only Press the Charge of Stealing $140,000, Loaned by the 19th Ward Bank, April 23, 1910.

The trial of William J. Cummins, Chairman of the Executive Committee and controlling factor in the defunct Carnegie Trust Company, will begin to-morrow morning in the Supreme Court before Justice Davis. The District Attorney's Office will be represented by Frank Moss and John Kirkland Clark, and Max Steuer will appear for Mr. Cummins.

Cummins was indicted on March 21 of this year on three charges of grand larceny based on note transactions involving $335,000. It was charged that he borrowed this money from the old Van Norden Trust Company and the Nineteenth Ward Bank in the Spring of 1910, ostensibly for the Carnegie Trust Company, and converted it to his personal use. The prosecution will rest its case on only one of the charges, the matter of $140,000, alleged to have been paid on April 23, 1910, by the Nineteenth Ward Bank.

This amount, according to the memorandum explaining the accusations which was made public after the arraignment of Cummins, was paid in four checks, each of which, it was alleged, was immediately indorsed over to the personal account of William J. Cummins.

When the District Attorney asked last Monday that a day be set for the Cummins trial, it was learned that he was represented by Max D. Steuer, although it was Stephen C. Baldwin who apeared for him at the time of his arraignment. It was Mr. Baldwin who delivered to Mr. Whitman the letter which Gov. Dix had intrusted to Prof. Charles A. Collin and which informed the District Attorney that he would do well to confer with Attorney General Carmody before taking action in the Carnegie Trust case.

At that time Mr. Baldwin was "Steve" to Mr. Whitman's "Charlie," and Mr. Baldwin was quoted at the time as having said to his friend:

"Well, Charlie, you have made a good fight, but I guess this will cork you up for a while."

The Dix letter was one of several unusual features which enlivened the aftermath of the arrest of Joseph G. Robin, who is yet to be sentenced on his plea of guilty, following his flight and the subsequent effort to prove himself insane. Before the investigation subsided into the routine calendar of the criminal courts Joseph B. Reichman, ex-President of the Carnegie Trust Company, and former City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde were also indicted.

Hyde is yet to be tried, but Reichman was convicted in June of making a false report to the State Banking Department on the condition of the Carnegie Trust, and on the last day of that month Supreme Court Justice Davis sentenced him to four and a half months in the penitentiary. Reichman announced in the Sheriff's office on the day of his sentence that he would absolutely refuse to testify at the trials of Cummins and Hyde. He is now out on bail, pending his appeal to the Appellate Division. His appeal was made possible by a certificate of reasonable doubt granted by Justice Page, who accompanied it with an opinion that may have bearing on the Cummins case.

"It appears," said Justice Page, "that after Reichman was indicted, he was subpoenaed to appear before the Grand Jury as a witness in the people against Hyde, and interrogated as to one of the transactions that had entered into the charge upon which he had been indicted. Reichman declined to answer any of the questions other than the formal ones, on the ground that the answers might tend to incriminate him. He was thereupon taken before a Justice of the court. The questions were read; Reichman claimed the same privilege, but he was directed to answer. He thereupon returned to the Grand Jury room and answered the questions.

"The District Attorney does not justify—as indeed it is hard to see how he could—this startling innovation in criminal practice. If the practice adopted in this case is to be sanctioned, the District Attorney practically secures the right to an examination of the defendant before trial, without even the protection afforded by the presence of counsel, of any one indicted for a crime for which, or some element of which, a criminal charge could be made against a third person."

But Cummins was forced to answer the Grand Jury's questions also, and he, too, declined until told by Justice Davis that he would be guilty of contempt of court in persisting.

Hyde did his best to get a trial during the Summer months, but the Cummins trial will be first. Hyde was indicted for "bribery committed by him in the capacity of a public officer," to quote the words of an affidavit made by the District Attorney. Despite Mr. Whitman's opposition, Justice McCall transferred the case from the Supreme Court to General Sessions, and Hyde's counsel, James W. Osborne, was pressing it for trial when Mr. Whitman appeared with an order from Justice Ingraham of the Appellate Division staying proceedings pending his appeal from Justice McCall's decision.

SENATOR BRIGGS REPLIES.

Not Sending Out Speakers for County Fights Because There's No Demand.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 15.—United States Senator Frank O. Briggs, referring to a report sent out from Newark last night that as Chairman of the Republican State Committee he had made practically no arrangements for campaign speeches fearing that some of his opponents in the Republican Party would make themselves popular to the detriment of himself in seeking re-election to the United States Senate, said to-day:

"It has not been customary for the State Committee to meddle in the affairs of the various counties, especially when there are no State issues involved.

"This year there are no State officers to be elected, the issues are purely local, and the various County Committees are capable of managing their own affairs. I think it wise not to interfere with such a situation.

"Regarding speakers, there has been a demand but from two counties, and I am arranging for them now and for the men asked for. The State Committee stands ready to do everything in its power when called upon by the various organizations.

"It is impossible for the Chairman of the State Committee to create a demand for any particular speaker which would equal his expectations."

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

NOBLE FRENCHMAN A SUICIDE

Was Ill and Despondent—Dropped a Title When He Came Here.

Eugene de Montigny, 40 years old, said to be a member of a noble French family, committed suicide last night in his flat in the Sheridan Apartments at 7 Manhattan Avenue by shooting himself in the temple. Mme. de Montigny attributes her husband's suicide to despondency caused by ill health and severe headaches from which she says he had been a sufferer for some time.

Accompanied by his wife, de Montigny dined last night at the Hotel Belmont. They returned to their apartments shortly after 10 o'clock. Mme. de Montigny does not speak English fluently, and she told the story of her husband's act through a neighbor. After they returned to the house, she said, her husband went to take a bath.

She asked him a question and as she did so she heard a pistol shot. She went into the bedroom and found him lying across the bed with the revolver in his hand. Dr. G. A. Blakeslee found him dead.

De Montigny was employed as manager for C. L. Alaverne & Co., decorators, at 712 Fifth Avenue. He had been in this country about twenty years. Mme. Montigny said that he discarded a title when he made his home in America. She is prostrated, as she had not been in the best of health for some time. She returned two weeks ago from France, where she had visited her only son, Eugene, who is being educated there.

IT'S WAFFLE DAY.

If You Don't Know Why Just Go to the Woman's Exchange.

This is Waffle Day. It is not a National holiday, but it is about as important at the Woman's Exchange at Forty-third Street and Madison Avenue. It is the first day in the Fall that waffles are served. The exchange was founded by Mrs. William Choate many years ago, the first woman's exchange in the world, where poor women could bring their handiwork, both in cooking and sewing, to sell.

They have been serving waffles at the exchange for the last twenty-five years, baked by the same cook on the same old waffle irons. To-day the waffles will be made with a new, old-time recipe, a family recipe of Mrs. Russell Sage, who is Vice President of the exchange. The exchange waffles have always been good, but this year they are expected to be better than than ever.

The exchange has special patrons for its waffles. One woman living at an uptown hotel, comes every year as regularly as the waffles. She comes early but waits late for luncheon to get up an appetite. Then she has a course luncheon—waffles for every course.

MRS. PANKHURST SPEAKS.

Progress of Suffrage Her Subject Before the Woman's Political Union.

Mrs. Pankhurst, the English suffragette, was guest of honor at a reception yesterday afternoon in the headquarters of the Woman's Political Union, 46 East Twenty-ninth Street. After being introduced by Mrs. John Winters Brannan, Mrs. Pankhurst spoke on the progress of the suffrage movement in this country and abroad.

Mrs. Pankhurst will give her first lecture in this country to-morrow night at 8:30 o'clock in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Woman's Political Union, before which she first appeared on her tour of this country two years ago. On Thursday Mrs. Pankhurst will start for Cleveland. Yesterday afternoon she accompanied Dr. Brennan of whose wife she has been a guest since her arrival here, on an inspection of Bellevue Hospital.

THREATENED RENO DIVORCEE

Man Who Demanded Money of Mrs. Buckley Sent to Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 15.—Six months in the county jail and a fine of $100 was the sentence meted out to Joe Fritz yesterday in the District Court. Fritz pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with attempting to extort money by threats. The sentence as pronounced by Judge Orr was the minimum one for the offense, and followed a recommendation for leniency by District Attorney Woodburn.

The crime for which Fritz was indicted was an attempt to blackmail Mrs. Anna Buckley of New York, who recently obtained a divorce. Fritz visited Mrs. Buckley in her apartments and informed her that she was under arrest and to prepare to leave for California, where she was to face trial for some alleged misdeed. Mrs. Buckley was terrified, and inquired as to the nature of the crime supposed to have been committed. Fritz informed her that she would find out in due time. He also requested that she have sufficient funds on hand when he called again that evening to pay for her liberty, as he would have to divide with two others. Fritz visited Mrs. Buckley several times, and cautioned her not to leave her apartments.

After his last visit Mrs. Buckley, with the aid of friends, left her apartments by a rear door after nightfall and entering a waiting automobile was driven to Carson, where she visited with friends. Chief of Police Hillouse was notified of the actions of Fritz, and visited Mrs. Buckley's apartments one evening and listened to a conversation between Fritz and Mrs. Buckley's maid, in which Fritz offered the maid a sum of money to tell of the whereabouts of her mistress. Fritz's arrest followed.

WOMAN BEATS OFF A NEGRO.

Had Hurled Her Against a Stove—Posse Threatens Lynching.

Special to The New York Times.

FORREST CITY, Ark., Oct. 15.—In a desperate fight with a negro, Mrs. Thomas Cox, wife of a wealthy land owner, sustained severe bruises and burns about the shoulders to-day when the negro forced her against a red-hot stove. She broke away and ran to a near-by farmhouse and spread the alarm. To-night a large posse is searching for the negro, Nathan Lacy, and he will be lynched if caught.

Late to-night it was reported that the negro had been located in the Hamilton neighborhood, about eight and a half miles northeast of here, and a posse of deputies left for that section in automobiles, followed by Mrs. B. Trapp in another car, driving Mr. and Mrs. Cox, who carried shotguns.

The negro entered the Cox home this afternoon when Mrs. Cox was alone with a small child. He caught her and choked her, but with an almost superhuman effort she threw him off, and, her child at her heels, ran into the yard, screaming lustily for help. Her cries were heard by a negro teamster, at the sight of whom Lacy made his escape.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
12:10—310 W. 38th St.; C. Main..........None
12:20—1,775 Broadway; Arcade Printing Co.. $100
12:50—266 W. 47th St.; Daniel Grinnon....$10
1:15—78 Essex St.; David Frederick.......$20
2:15—357 E. 71st St.; Abbott & Abbino..None
2:20—534 Pearl St.; Aullworborg & Co.Trifling
4:35—155 Duane St.; Duane Restaurant..$500
8:55—50 E. 25th St.; Le Bouttillier Bros..$4,000
9:20—218 Avenue A; Jacob Leeberman.Trifling
10:35—Nelson Av. and 168th St.; Unknown.. None
11:40—111 Avenue B; Morris Herschorn.Trifling
P. M.
12:35—511 W. 18th St.; Fitzgerald & Co.Trifling
12:35—1,920 2d Av.; Charles Goldstein.....$20
2:20—251 Division St.; Unknown..........None
3:35—475 10th Av.; Henry Minnick....Trifling
4:10—334 E. 53d St.; Weil & Meyer...Trifling
4:35—685 Water St.; Isaac Levine.....Trifling
4:45—82 Monroe St.; N. Lisnewitz....Trifling
5:00—110 Norfolk St.; Samuel Ginkowitzky.. Trifling
5:20—155 Ridge St.; Samuel Ornstein..Trifling
5:45—417 Central Park West; Unknown..None
6:00—384 E. 137th St.; Kroll & Co......Trifling
7:55—9½ Essex St.; Rachel Rosenberg.....$25
8:00—130th St. and Old Bway.; T. Stokes..$10
8:50—1,384 Avenue A; Bohemian and American Co-Operative Co.................$25
8:55—203 W. 144th St.; Stork & Stetz.Trifling
10:05—81st St. and Bway.; A. Van Buren & Co. ....Trifling

TRADE PULLING DOWN FAMOUS LANDMARKS

Many Noted Old City Residences Disappearing to Make Way for Office Buildings.

MASONIC TEMPLE GONE

The Stately Van Beuren Mansion Now Experiencing the Fate of the Lenox, Schermerhorn, and Field Homes.

Coming so soon after the demolition of the Lenox, Schermerhorn and Cyrus Field homes, three of New York's most interesting landmarks of old-time residential days, the news that the stately Van Beuren mansion in Fourteenth Street is in danger of a similar fate has served to call marked attention to the large number of buildings, more or less historic, which have given way to the demands of trade or other improvements within the past few months.

Fortunately for the lovers of old New York, the Van Beuren house is not to be torn down immediately. It has ceased, however, to be a residence, after having been the home of various members of the Van Beuren family for over seventy years. The widening of Fourteenth Street makes it necessary to cut off the ornamental high stoop and many of the fine garden trees have also gone, so the well-known house will hereafter present a less impressive appearance. How long the vacant house will remain intact is problematical. The business expansion, as seen in the rapid building of towering lofts, will doubtless claim the site for commercial needs in a few years.

The old Lenox mansion on Fifth Avenue at the northeast corner of Twelfth Street, just two blocks below the Van Beuren house, was as old as the latter and of more historical interest, for it was there that James Lenox, in 1845, began his book collecting which ultimately led to the foundation of the Lenox Library. It was one of the largest houses on the avenue, having a frontage of half a block, and was correspondingly deep.

Last Spring it was purchased by a building operator, and before Summer the last vestige of the brownstone residence, in which Mr. Lenox died in 1880, disappeared.

A twenty-story loft is now going up on the corner, and when it is ready for occupancy in the Spring it will carry the congested section of Fifth Avenue two blocks below the present limit.

Like the Van Beuren house in Fourteenth Street, the old Schermerhorn mansion in Twenty-third Street, hemmed in by large stores, presented an odd contrast for years. It was built about forty years ago, and was a splendid specimen of a fashionable residence. For the last three or four years it was not occupied by the Schermerhorn family. A few months ago it succumbed to the demands of trade, and on the site now stands a seven-story loft.

The big, square brownstone house in Gramercy Park once the home of Cyrus W. Field, while he was at the height of his triumph in having laid the Atlantic cable, connecting Europe with America, experienced a similar fate early in the year. Instead of a business structure, however, a twelve-story apartment house now overlooks the park and the row of old-fashioned homes on the north side, reminders of the days when the park was an exclusive centre of private residences.

More recently the Field house was the home of the banker, Henry W. Poor, and his magnificent library, one of the finest private collections in the city until sold at auction two years ago, was gathered together there. Mr. Poor fitted up the house sumptuously, and it was one of the most richly furnished private residences in the city when torn down.

Bloomingdale Relic Goes.

Among other private houses which have recently passed away are the D. O. Mills house, at 634 Fifth Avenue, opposite the cathedral, torn down for a business building; the old Schieffelin home, near the corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, torn down for the same purpose; the last remaining Gothic house of the famous House of Mansions, which about half a century ago adorned the east side of Fifth Avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second Streets, and the old Ward house, with its massive Colonial columns, on the north corner of Riverside Drive and 114th Street, one of the few remaining homes in that locality of the Bloomingdale days. A twelve-story apartment house is being erected on the site.

The Fifth Avenue Gothic mansions created as much stir in their day as did the Colonnade row on Lafayette Place, opposite the old Astor Library, when put up by Seth Geer back in the '30s. There were originally eleven of these Gothic houses. They were designed on the French style by Alexander J. Davis, a famous architect of his time, and built by George Higgins. Over thirty years ago three or four of the northerly houses on the Forty-second Street corner were occupied by the Rutgers Female Institute, a celebrated school for young women. It was one of these houses, that at 495 Fifth Avenue, just below the Forty-second Street corner, which was torn down to make way for a seven-story office building, which also replaced the old home of the Columbia Bank, one of the earliest buildings designed by McKim, Mead & White.

Fifth Avenue has also lost another interesting landmark, the upper half of the Windsor Arcade. This is a comparatively modern building, having been erected about ten years ago, soon after the destruction by fire of the Windsor Hotel on St. Patrick's Day, 1899. The new building for the Sloane carpet firm is now going up on the Forty-seventh Street corner formerly occupied by the arcade. The remaining Forty-sixth Street portion looks decidedly out of place with its rich ornamentation, beside the huge eight-story building which overtops it.

Forty-second Street furnished one of these passing landmarks in the demolition of the West Presbyterian Church, where the late Dr. Thomas Hastings, and after him Dr. Paxton, preached to large congregations. Business again has stepped in, and where the old church stood there is now only a deep hole in the ground, where the foundations are to be laid for a sixteen-story office structure.

Another old church to the east, which was famous in civil war days, has met a similar fate within the past few weeks. This was the Kip's Bay Methodist Church, in Thirty-seventh Street, between Second and Third Avenues.

On the lower east side another old church is about to be torn down at the nod of business. It is in Houston Street, between Forsyth and Eldridge Streets. The church was built about 1843 for a German congregation, when the locality was the centre of a large Teutonic population. Its pastor for many years was the Rev. John C. Guldin, who was familiarly known as the "Apostle to the Germans." A little over a year ago the church was sold, and it has been occupied temporarily by a vaudeville and moving picture show.

The massive granite Masonic Temple on the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street has likewise just passed away for more important business needs. It was one of the strongest and best built structures in the city, and took a longer time to tear down than the house wreckers usually spend upon a whole block of buildings.

The ancient Seventh Regiment Armory on the site of the earlier Tompkins Market, the lower part of which was still used for market purposes, was torn down early in the year to make way for a new building for Cooper Institute. The armory was a long three-story structure, opposite Cooper Institute, on Third Avenue, between Sixth and Seventh Streets. It was built in 1860 for the Seventh Regiment Armory, and later was used by the Sixty-ninth Regiment.

To the long list of famous buildings which have lately passed into history will soon be added Madison Square Garden, the great amusement headquarters of the city for a quarter of a century. It will be torn down for a series of mammoth loft structures early in February.

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WE GET MORE TERRITORY.

But It's Only a Small Pacific Island, with Sea Bird Inhabitants.

Commander William Adger Moffett, U. S. N., has annexed some new territory to the United States, but few outside of the Navy Department know anything about it.

Our latest real estate holding is a small island about 110 miles off Point Loma, California, and Commander Moffett, when he hoisted the Stars and Stripes and took possession of the island in the name of the United States, did not rename it, but stated that it would continue to be known as Bishop Rock, as it is called on the navigation charts of the Pacific Ocean.

It is stated that Commander Moffett took the island quietly and with the simplest of ceremonies. The Commander, who is Inspector of the Third Lighthouse District, was making one of his regular inspections, and seized upon the opportunity as a good one to annex a new island to his country.

The island is very small, and its only inhabitants are sea birds. It is visited occasionally by sea lions and seals.

HILL READY FOR RATE WAR.

Aroused Over Ban Against Burlington—His Gulf-to-Pacific Line.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 15.—By the building of two short links of railroad James J. Hill has about realized his dream of a through route from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific Coast. The new route will be from Galveston to Denver, via the Colorado & Southern, a Hill line; then from Denver through Cheyenne, Orien Junction, and Shoshone, and on through Billings and Butte, Mont., to the coast.

Work was started some time ago on two short connecting links, then stopped, and now is being resumed. Mr. Hill, when asked as to the truth of the report that he would have a through line from Galveston via Denver to the coast as soon as these two connecting links were built, answered that he had a through line now. He would say nothing more, and did not explain whether he meant that the new line was practically completed or referred to the more roundabout way over the Burlington from Denver via Alliance, Neb., to Billings.

It is said that the fighting qualities of J. J. Hill are aroused by the action of the lines west of Utah in refusing through car service to the Burlington.

Some railroad men expect the biggest railroad war ever seen in the West. They say that the three lines west of Utah points—the Gould Western Pacific, the Harriman Southern Pacific, and the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake line—concluded that in a short time the Burlington would cease feeding their roads with tourists at Utah points, and would take them over its new line to the Pacific Coast, and that therefore it would be best to get as big a percentage of the through car business as possible now.

NEW RENO DIVORCE RULE.

Judge Dismisses Suit of Women Accompanied by Intended Second Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 15.—"When it comes to the knowledge of the court that the plaintiff in a divorce action has an affinity, the court will refuse to act in the case," emphatically declared Judge John Orr in open session of the District Court yesterday, and thereupon he immediately ordered the case of Landers against Landers dismissed without prejudice.

The fact that Mrs. Landers arrived in Reno from Canada with a man whom she intended to marry as soon as she received a divorce came to the attention of the Judge, and his declaration and order were the result.

There wis a great stir in the colony over this latest phase of the local divorce situation, as its scope is far reaching. It is estimated upon good calculation that of the number of applicants for divorce coming from out of the State, conspicuously those from the Atlantic and Middle States, fully 60 per cent. are accompanied by persons they expect to wed if successful in the divorce court. The increasing number of marriages within a few hours following the granting of decrees has become obnoxious to the courts, yet seemingly they were helpless, the contention being that courts have no jurisdiction over future acts of the parties to the suit.

WALSH OUTLINES PLANS.

Released Banker Will Try and Straighten His Tangled Enterprises.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—John R. Walsh, former banker and head of a score of railroad and quarry enterprises in this vicinity, who was paroled on Saturday from the Fort Leavenworth Federal Prison, says, in outlining his plans for the future:

"I do not contemplate any sensational financial fight. I do not apprehend my entry to the business world again will be a matter of apprehension or anxiety to those now engaged in business. I have quit fighting.

"All I want to do now is to have a little rest at home, get a new line on the tangled threads of the business enterprises I am interested in since the adjustment of the Clearing House note, and put those enterprises in what shape I can.

"Certainly I shall not make any attempt, as has been reported, to become the 'coal king of the West.'"

The former banker arrived in Cihcago from Kansas City to-day and went directly home, where he was welcomed by his wife and the families of his children.

SMALLPOX IS DISCREDITABLE

30,352 Cases Last Year Pronounced a Reflection on Popular Wisdom.

The number of cases of smallpox in the United States last year is considered discreditable to the wisdom of the people among whom they occurred by the Journal of the American Medical Association, in view of the fact that the disease is wholly preventable. The editor writes:

"The number of cases of smallpox in the United States reported to the United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service for the year 1910 was 30,352, with 415 deaths. Complete reports were furnished by twenty-seven States, only partial reports being received from the others on account of their having no vital statistics laws. The total number of cases occurring therefore was no doubt considerably more than the figures quoted.

"The light death rate, however, indicates that the infection was mild, as it has been throughout the past ten or twelve years of its prevalence in the United States; and yet in some instances, for reasons not apparent, the disease assumed considerable virulence and the death rate ran up to 50 per cent. of the cases, as in the instance of thirty-eight cases reported from a certain district in Michigan during the months of October, November, and December, 1910.

"This merely emphasizes what is well known—that the disease may at any time assume a virulent form and in non-vaccinated communities work great havoc. Though the number of deaths (415) is small, it is too large to represent the sacrifice in one year to a wholly preventable disease. In this day of general preventive medical measures, the occurrence of over 30,000 cases of smallpox, with the attendant deaths, is discreditable to the wisdom of the people among whom they occur.

"Failure to insist on the enforcement of a protective measure that has proved its effectiveness for almost a hundred years invites the reflection that even in as progressive a country as ours compulsory general vaccination may yet have to be adopted, as it has been in Germany, Japan, Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines.

"Protective vaccination against some other infectious diseases, as typhoid, cholera, and plague, seems to be demonstrating its value, but has not yet reached the point of such absolute proof by repeated trial and voluminous statistics as in the case of smallpox. Failure to benefit by the application of this proved procedure probably tends to postpone the employment of other preventive or protective measures.

"Smallpox, the first of the infectious diseases in which successful preventive inoculations have been applied, should long ago have disappeared from the face of the earth, or at least from civilized communities.

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MME. ALDA, EFREM ZIMBALIST, HAROLD BAUER, LEO SCHULTZ, ERNEST HUTCHESON.
Write Loudon Charlton, Carnegie Hall, for Prospectus.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
LYCEUM B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15. —MISS— BILLIE BURKE "BEST ROLE MISS BURKE EVER HAD."—Acton Davies. THE RUNAWAY In the best of all Billie Burke's Comedies.
EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.
HUDSON 44 St., near B'way. Ev. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. —LAST TWO WEEKS— FRANK McINTYRE IN SNOBS
THE HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15. ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER
Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Matinee Saturday at 2:15. "SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale. DONALD BRIAN IN THE BEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDIES THE SIREN Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Alan Mudie.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "DESERVED "ENDURING "POPULAR Success" —WORLD —TIMES —SUN The great big, human and humorous play, PASSERS-BY With the GREAT ACTING CAST.
GARRICK 35th St. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "MR. BEBAN EARNED HONOR FOR HIMSELF AND HIS PLAY."—Sun. GEORGE BEBAN in "THE SIGN OF THE ROSE."
ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Mat. Wed. 50c.-$1.50. EDGAR SELWYN in his Great Play of the Orient. THE ARAB
New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15 Mat. Wed. 50c. to $1.50. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe, THE PINK LADY
GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15—FIRST TIME. COHAN & HARRIS present WINCHELL SMITH'S NEW PLAY THE ONLY SON with WALLACE EDDINGER
LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Eves. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. POPULAR PRICE MAT. WED. 50c. to $1.50. LAST 2 WEEKS JULIAN ELTINGE in THE FASCINATING WIDOW
NEW YORK THEATRE, B'way, 45th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. BEGINNING THURS. NIGHT, Seats Now, KITTY GORDON in VICTOR HERBERT'S New Opera Comique, THE ENCHANTRESS Music by VICTOR HERBERT. Book by FRED DE GRESAC and HARRY B. SMITH.
Joe Weber's B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Wed. 50c. to $1.50. Last 4 Times. EDMUND BREESE in A MAN OF HONOR. Thurs. Night, "MRS. AVERY." Seats Now.
Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.—FIRST TIME. MARGUERITA SYLVA in the romantic comic opera GYPSY LOVE By Franz Lehar, author of "The Merry Widow."
CARNEGIE HALL. Boston Symphony Orchestra MAX FIEDLER Conductor. Five Thursday Evenings, Nov. 9, Dec. 7, Jan. 11, Feb. 22, March 21. Five Saturday Matinees. Nov. 11, Dec. 9, Jan. 13, Feb. 24, March 23. A limited number of subscription tickets now on sale at Box Office, Carnegie Hall.
CARNEGIE HALL. Monday Night, Oct. 23, First New York Appearance of Season IMPERIAL RUSSIAN COURT Balalaika Orchestra And RUSSIAN OPERATIC QUARTETTE. Prices $2 to 50c. Seat Sale Now.
The SALE OF SEATS for The FIRST 4 WEEKS of The Garden of Allah (First Performance Saturday Afternoon, October 21st, at 2:15) Begins at the box offices of the CENTURY THEATRE (formerly New Theatre), 62d St. and Cent. Park West, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 9 o'clock. NOT MORE THAN 4 SEATS SOLD TO ANY ONE PERSON. Prices 50c. to $2.50.
WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI "Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.
BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) at 8:15, DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM Seats Now Selling for 8 Weeks Only.
REPUBLIC 42 St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20. "THE FIRST REAL SUCCESS OF THE SEASON."—Alan Dale. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN by William C. de Mille.
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ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. BIG OLD-TIME FAVORITES' FESTIVAL, 10 ALL STAR ACTS.
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MUSIC HALL. 8:15 P. M., 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts. AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, W. of Broadway 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c. Continuous Vaudeville. WORLD SERIES REPORTED BY INNINGS.
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ELECTRICAL EXPOSITION "MOST WONDERFUL SHOW IN TOWN." New Grand Central Palace, Lex. Ave., 46-47 St. October 11-21, 10 A. M. to 11 P. M. Adm. 50c.
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ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. MAT. DAILY. 25c. Ruth St. Denis in a series of classic dances, Jack Lorimer, 3 oths.

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WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Tel. 411 Col's. Evgs. at 8. Mat. To-morrow at 2, 50c. to $1.50. GABY DESLYS REVUE OF REVUES
LYRIC 42nd, W. of B'way. TO-NIGHT at 8:15. FRITZI SCHEFF In Victor Herbert's New Comic Opera, The Duchess
DALY'S B'way and 30th. —Beginning— TO-NIGHT AT 8:15. THE GREAT FRENCH ARTISTE, MME. SIMONE (PLAYING IN ENGLISH.) First Play, THE THIEF Prices, 50c. to $2.50.
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. To-night at 8:15. CYRIL SCOTT in A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way Evs. 8:15. $1.50. Mat. To-morrow 2:15. BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS 1st Thurs. Mat. This Week, Best Seats $1.50.
39th ST. Theatre, 39th, near Broadway. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. HENRY KOLKER in "THE GREAT NAME."
CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:10. New Viennese Operetta, THE KISS WALTZ
BROADWAY Thea., 41st & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15 LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. MARGARET ANGLIN in a New Comedy, GREEN STOCKINGS.
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Tel. 2628 Bryant. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20. BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
MANHATTAN Opera House. 34th & 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. HOLBROOK BLINN in THE BOSS
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. MARIE DRESSLER in TILLIE'S NIGHTMARE
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:20 Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:20 —OPENING POSTPONED UNTIL— TO-MORROW (TUES.) NIGHT AT 8:20 MARGUERITA SYLVA in GYPSY LOVE To-night's Tickets good to-morrow.
HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Matinee Daily. THE HONEYMOON GIRLS
HAMMERSTEIN'S. 42 St. Ev. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Mabel Hite, Billy Reeves. "A Night in an English Music Hall," 15 others.
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COLUMBIA B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Mat. To-day 15,25,50c Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c to $1. Smoking. "Baseball Returns Read from Stage." The Cracker Jacks
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. U. S. Presidents' Masks. New Group—Raid on the Opium Joint. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour.
MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Eves. 8:15. THE GINGER GIRLS, with Ed Lee Wrothe.
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GEO. M. Cohan Theatre, B'way & 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. ALL MUSICAL COMEDY RECORDS BROKEN | ALL COHAN RECORDS BROKEN GEO. M. COHAN and His Own Company in THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE.
GRAND Opera House. 8th Av., 23d St. 25c-$1. Mat. Wed. RALPH HERZ "DR. DE LUXE."
Kinemacolor THEATRE. Ev. Eve., inc. Sun., 8:30. Mats. Wed., Fri., Sat., 2:30. 40th St., n'r B'way (Mendelssohn Hall). Popular Prices. Complete Coronation IN COLORS.

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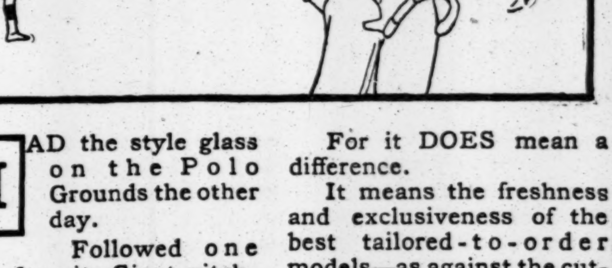

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